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might ensue."

nelf."

von rich."

control,

job."

secause our mutual friend, Mr. Stuart,

lives in your home, and she feared to

lose his friendship in the conflict which

The doctor was silent a moment and

"Bivens, you're a liar!" he cried in a

"I beg your pardon. I forgot my-

"I assure you," the little financier

continued smoothly, "that my inten-

tions were friendly and generous. My

only desire was to help you and make

Again the doctor's eyes blazed with

wrath, and he completely lost his self

"Dash you! Have I asked for your

help or patronage? Its offer is an in-

sult. I want you to remember, sir,

that I picked you up out of the streets

of New York ill, hungry, out of work,

friendless, and gave you your first

Bivens, breathing heavily, turned, his

"I'll make you live to regret this in-

With a contemptuous grunt the doc-

When Stuart heard the door close

and Bivens' step die away on the pave-

ment below he came down to see the

doctor, haunted by a strange vision.

From every shadow he saw Nan's face

looking into his. He was not supersti-

tious. This impression he knew was

simply a picture burned into his tired

brain by days and nights of intense

longing. It was the ghost of Nan's

face-old, white, pulseless, terrible in

He paused in the lower hall and

watched for a moment a scene between

father and daughter through the open

Harriet had just bounded into the

room and stood beside the doctor's

chair with an arm around his neck and

the other hand gently smoothing his

soft gray hair. She was crooning over

his tired figure with the quaintest little

"You look so worn out, papa, dear.

"Something very foolish, I'm afraid,

"Because I didn't believe it was

"Then I shouldn't want it. I'd rather

The big hands drew the golden head

"My husband will love me, won't

he? I shall not mind if I'm poor," she

went on laughing as Stuart entered

"See, boy, how's she's growing, this

"Well, my boy," said the doctor

when she had left, "I've just done a

thing which I know was inevitable,

but now that's it's done I'm afraid I

may have made a tragic mistake. Tell

me if it's so. There may be time to

"Bivens has threatened to ruin your

"On the other hand he has just offer-

"To sell at any price, but it's not too

late to change my mind. I can call

him back now and apologize for my

rudeness. Tell me, should I do tt?

Your eyes are young, boy; your soul is

fresh from God's beart. I'm just a lit-

"There are several reasons why you

"Grant all their claims," he began

-this is a free country, isn't it?"

HAS 78,800 STOCKHOLDERS.

impatiently, "for the trust-its econo-

my, its efficiency, its power, its suc-

(Continued in Friday's Issue.)

Philadelphia.—The May disburse-ment of the Pennsylvania railroad

dividend will be paid to 3,308 more

shareholders than was the February disbursement, though the amount of

stock and consequently the amount of the disbursement on the 977,-

\$453,877,590, is the same as for the

previous disbursement. Official fig-ures show that there are 78,000

stockholders who will share the dividend of \$6,808,169 to be distributed

May 31. Of the shareholders 37,902

couldn't have a more sympathetic

tle lonely and afraid tonight.

listener tonight, doctor-go on."

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

"Theoretically,"

things for me-sit down a moment."

ed to buy it at my own price."

"And you refused?"

little baby of minel" the doctor ex-

claimed, wheeling her about for Stu-art's inspection. "Run now, girtie, and

go to bed. I want to talk to Jim."

closer still and pressed a kiss on the

baby-I've just refused a fortune that

might have been yours some day."

What have you been doing?"

"Why did you refuse it?"

face black with hate, and slowly said:

terview, Woodman."

tor closed the door.

its beauty, but dead,

door of the library.

mother touches.

be poor."

retract."

business?"

glared angrily at his visitor.

"I am your guest, doctor"-

sudden burst of rage.

"Tm not clear yet how it is to be done," was the passionate answer. "but as sure as God lives we are going to do something. At present we are putting wreckers in charge of organization and famine producers in charge of production. It can't last. I believe in this republic. For the moment the people are asleep. But time is slowly shaping the issue that will move the last laggard. We are beginning dimly



"The trust is here to stay."

to see that there is something more precious in our life than the mere tonnage of national wealth-the spirit of freedom and initiative in our people! Shall they become merely the hired men of a few moneyed kings? Or shall the avenues of industry and individual enterprise remain open to their children? The people will answer these questions!"

Bivens gave a cynical little chuckle. "Then I'm sure we'll get the wrong answer, doctor," was the response.

"They will get it right by and by The nation is young. You say you be lieve in God. Well, see to it-a thousand years are but a day to him! Among the shadows of eternity he is laughing at your follies. Nature in her long, slow, patient process is always on young forehead. the side of justice."

Bivens rose with a movement of impatience.

"I'm sorry you can't see your way to listen to any proposition from me, doctor. I'm a practical man. I wish to incorporate your business into the general organization of the American Chemical company on terms that will satisfy you"-

"Such terms can't be made, Bivens," the doctor said impetuously. "Your purpose is to squeeze money out of the people-the last dollar the trade will bear. That is your motto. I simply refuse. To you the city is merely a big flock of sheep to be sheared, while to me its myriad sounds are the music of a divine oratorio, throbbing with tears and winged with laughter. I call the people my neighbors-these hurrying throngs who pass me daily. Because they are my neighbors they are my friends. Their rights are sacred. I will not rob, maim or kill them, and I will defend them against those who would."

Bivens merely shrugged his shoul ders and answered in measured, care

"Then I suppose I'll have to fight you whether I wish it or not?"

"Yes, and you knew that before you came here tonight. You have heard that I am beginning a suit for damages against your company". Bivens laughed in spite of himself.

bit his lips and looked at the doctor. I assure you I had heard nothing of

such a suit, and now that I have it does not even interest me."

"Then may I ask the real reason for this urgent call?"

"You may," was the cheerful response. "And I will answer frankly. I am engaged to be married to Miss Nan Primrose. The wedding is to oc cur in a few weeks. In some way she has learned of a possible conflict between your interests and mine and asked me to settle them."

"And, may I ask, why? I don't even

know Miss Primrose." "A woman's whim peghaps. Possibly

are women and 10,735 are foreigners. The treasurer of the company has mailed to shareholders warrants entitling them to subscribe to the

### FOREST CITY.

(Clipped from The News.) Miss L. Kennedy, of Honesdale, is assisting in the care of Mrs. John Clark, of Lake Idlewild. Mrs. Chas. Baker and mother, Mrs. Abbie Craft, of Waymart, were recent guests at the home of Mrs. Julia Walker, who is now in her 92nd year, being the oldest resident of Herrick. She re-tains her faculties remarkably well and is able to do much of her household work .- Uniondale correspond-

### Other News Bits.

F. A. Tiffany, of Poyntelle, and Monroe Westgate, of Lakewood, were detained in town several hours Sunday by the breaking down of their auto. Tiffany was showing Westgate how to run the machine and he

E. A. Wright, of Pleasant Mount, was a Forest City visitor Tuesday. Mr. Wright has been justice of the peace in his town for more twenty years, succeeding his father, who held the office for many years. Mr. Wright, Sr., was a newspaper writer of note.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Dimmick, of White Mills; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pickering, of Peckville; Mr. and Mrs. Harding and Miss Crist, of Scranton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Yewens, Saturday evening and Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Yewens invited in a number of friends to spend Saturday evening with them.

## SUFFRAGETTES USE BOMBS.

One Sent to Judge Who Sentenced Militants-Three on Train,

London, May M. - The suffragette bomb campaign has reached its height. The militant women who are fighting for the vote planted a can of powder in Westminster abbey, placed three bombs in a commuters' train near London and sent another bomb through the mail to Magistrate Curtis Bennett, who has presided at most of the recent trials of suffragettes in the Bow street police court and sentenced many of the militants to jail.

Fortunately none of the bombs exploded, so no one was hurt and no property was destroyed.

The Westminster abbey bomb consisted of a canister of powder with a fuse attached. The fuse was not lighted when it was found, however, and some of the police were inclined to think that the thing was a hoax.

This bomb, as well as all the others discovered, was labeled "Votes for Women" and wrapped in suffragette pamphlets and other militant litera-

The lives of many men and women would have been in danger if the bombs on the commuters' train had exploded. The train runs from Kingstonon-Thames to London on the London and Southwestern railway. The bombs were almost exactly like the one found the abbey-canisters of powder with fuses attached. A guard discovered them when the train reached the Waterloo station in London.

Two days ago the suffragettes threatened to wreck a train on the Midland railway, and that line has been closely guarded ever since.

# TROPICAL FERTILITY.

Food Supply of Future Not Likely to Come From Torrid Zone.

There is a widespread belief that the tropical lands are extraordinarily fertile, and it is often assumed as a matter of course that the bulk of the food of the future will be raised not far from the equator. Obviously the rank luxuriance of tropical vegetation in well watered regions is responsible for this belief. Of late years several geographers and agriculturists have thrown doubt upon these conclusions and declared that despite the appearance of phenomenal fertility the tropics are not likely ever to rival the temperate zone as the principal growing ground for man's most important domesticated vegetables

In a recent discussion of this ques tion the Scottish Geographical Journal quotes at some length, and apparently with approval of his conclusions, from Professor Karl Sapper's articles in the Geographische Zeitschrift. Professor Sapper, who pretends to considerable practical experience of tropical agriculture-in Central America, the Antilles, Java, Ceylon and India-says that for the planter there are but two regions of interest, the tropical "rain forest" and the more open lands, including the savannas. It is the luxuriance of vegetation in the former that has created the belief in the exhaustless fertility of the tropics. For the agriculturist this very luxuriance is a serious evil. It renders clearing the land almost prohibitively expensive, causes rapid encroachment of neighboring forest growth upon the cleared ground, produces crops of weeds beyoud anything ever experienced in temperate regions for rankness and persistence, and the continuous moisture that alone makes possible the rain forest is a serious, sometimes a fatal, obstacle for the barvester. Added to these difficulties are the presence of innumerable insects and mammals that prey upon the crops. Furthermore, climatic conditions are distinctly unfavorable to health.

# CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

**4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-4-1-1-1-1-1-1** 

PLEASE LEARN TO-Locate the fire alarm box nearest your home.

Send in an alarm from any box in case of fire.

Ask any officer or member of the fire department, who will instruct you. Stay near the box when pullfire to direct firemen

Speak distinctly when calling the department by phone. Give the location of fire, not "Come up to my house quick!" Use a fire extinguisher. Own

one if possible.

Have two six quart pails. If needed, they are handy.

Look for exits in theaters, hells and public buildings.

Keep on the sidewalk when apparatus is going to a fire. Give the right of way to the fire department when it is responding to alarms, Look on printed fire alarm

cards for instructions and sig-Judge which is best in case of

fire, a telephone call or box alarm.

Realize that the fire department is ready at all times to re-spond to fires within thirty seconds after any alarm is sent in; that delay in sending in an alarm is responsible for nearly every large fire that occurs in every city; that with snow on the ground and a two mile run up the hill the department must be notified quickly to be of any service. The most efficient service is rendered if the depart-ment arrives within three minutes after the fire breaks out. Finally, help the fire prevention movement by assisting the fire department in preventing fire, and should a fire occur send in an alarm quickly.

## THE PROBLEM OF RURAL AND SUBURBAN HOUSING.

Differs From Tenement Reform-Number of Families No Criterion.

It is very unfortunate that in the public mind housing reform has been identified with tenement house reform. There is a housing problem wherever there are houses, whether they are occupied by one family or more, says Elmer S. Forbes of the Massachusetts Civic league. It should be clearly understood that for the most part the tenement house problem does not enter into the question.

Outside of New England and certain metropolitan districts, so far as my own observation goes, the tenement house in country and suburban districts is practically a negligible quan-

More or less bad housing is to be found in the country all over the United States, but in some respects it is not so bad nor does it have the same causes as in the cities. The dwellings in question may be fairly well built or be miserable shacks or anything between the two. Dirt usually reigns supreme within doors; they may be crowded to the limit; water is apt to be scarce and sanitary conditions to be unspeakably vile.

# PLANT SMALL TREES.

Cutting and Trimming Injure and Deform Them, Says Expert,

John Davey of Kent, O., known all over the United States as a high aunature alone govern their form and growth.

Mr. Davey advised the planting of small trees instead of the larger varieties that eventually interfere with overhead wires and have to be either trimmed to an unsightly appearance or entirely cut down.

## Get In Line.

The town beautiful movement if properly pushed will be a great benefit to an entire community. It is not only helpful in its tendency to enhance the value of property, but it contributes to the improvement of the public health while adding much to the pleasure of those who appreciate a well kept town. Are you taking part in the town beautiful movement? People with public spirit and civic pride cannot afford to neglect this. Join the campaign and help to make your town more attractive and more beautiful.

#### <del>\*</del> PLAYGROUND PLEAS.

The plays of natural, lively children are the infancy of art. Children live in the world of imagination and feeling. They invest the most insignificant object with any form they please and see in it whatever they wish to see.—Ochlenschlaeger.

The playground proves to be econonmy to the olty in that it lessens orime among ohli-dren.—Judge Ben B. Lindsey.

If we attempt to solve the problem of proverty we must provide industrial schools and public playgrounds.—Miss Ella J.

Mason, Secretary of Child Labor Commission, Auburn, Me. In these playgrounds and in their work lies the beginning of their work lies the beginning of social redemption of the people in large cities. They furnish the spectacle of a city saving itself, of the people of a great city finding nature and God by finding their neighbors and themselves.—Bernard A. Eckhart, Former President West Park Commission, Chicago.

Our topic for May is "Relation of Intemperance to our Social Evils.' Intemperance is the excessive use of alcohol, tobacco and other things. In Second Peter, first chapter, 5, 6 and 7 verses we are exhorted to add to faith virtue and to virtue knowledge, to knowledge temper-ance; and to temperance patience, to patience godliness, to godliness brotherly kindness and to brotherly

kindness charity. This if obeyed tends to help to destroy our social evils, for we are promised if we do these things we shall never fail. Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stephens says of our work: Work on the foundation Is hidden and slow,

But the firmer you make it

The higher you go." Reach for the boys and girls in the formative period of their lives and give them moral backbone to the alluring degenerating tions of life. We shall reap temptations of life. We shall reap as we sow. Sow the seeds of temperance, truth and white ribbon ac-tivities, cultivate wisely and loving-ly this implanted truth, and a gen-eration hence these girls and boys grown to womanhood and manhood will demand protected homes and righteous laws.

Again we are told that "the duration of the liquor traffic depends on the energy Christians put into the work against it." The fact that Secretary of State Bryan served an unfermented grape juice banquet to British Ambassador Bryce is some-thing to be overjoyed at. We believe grape juice gayety and such an example ought to bring results.
"May we with the light of knowledge and of truth dispel the dark-

ness of ignorance and of prejudice, and so hasten the glad day when every home shall be protected and when prohibition shall triumph in all the nation." There is a slack-twisted sophistry spun down the line of years which runs—"Let rum plane and it will be your eleme." alone and it will let you alone." will it? There never was a baser, sadder lie than this. It lets no one alone. Our whole nation is impoverished, peeled made sorrowful by the trouble it makes. A barten-der in giving a fact sermon of his experience says: "I had one customer who was a puzzle to me. He was a whiskey drinker—a hard one, Recently he began to call for port wine. The change made me curious. He came in one day cold sob-er, 'Jim,' he said, 'I'm dead broke. I want a drink. I may never pay you for it, but can I have it?' I looked at him in surprise. He was clean, well dressed, close-shaven and sober. Sure, what'll it be? I inquired. Port wine. If he had asked for whiskey, brandy, anything else, I would not have given it a thought. But I could not conceive of anyone begging for a five per cent. alcoholic drink which was sweet. He took the glass of wine, sipped a little from it, took a small vial of ether from his pocket, floated the ether on the wine, and gulped it down. In a few minutes he was maudlin, pitifully drunk. He re-covered in a short time and went for a walk and went for a walk, returning inside of an hour to beg for another glass of port. The fumes of the ether had cleared away and he was sober. I asked him why he took that stuff. The confession he made amazed me, in spite of my long association with drunkards loved to get drunk and drank with the set purpose of becoming drunk. He loved whiskey, but the firm that employed him gave him his choice between quitting whiskey or their employe. He quit whiskey, Six days a week he did not drink. On his day off he wanted to get drunk as quickly as possible, and, as he said, 'enjoy himself,' so he had evolved the ether drink. He died about two months later, and the coroner kindly said heart dis-

ease. thority on tree culture, says that many more trees are deformed or killed by cutting and trimming than by letting beg and promise anything for drink. I have seen them give their jewelry and rings to the waiters to get a drink. I am not offering any reform or solution. I was asked to southwesterly direction along the state conditions and facts. The easterly side of the Cole Flat lot and state conditions and facts. The only solution I can think of is to stop making whiskey. I am only a bartender, but I would like to see the day when I did not have to sell

To Remove Paint.

Women who are hovering around household furniture with pots of paint during these housecleaning days will be glad of the information that coamon salt, combined with brown soap and hot water, will remove the paint from their fingers after their task of touching up scratched corners is finished. Enamel paint if not got off immediately, leaves on the hands a heavy deposit that from white turns a pale gray blue and will resist even turpentine and ammonia. The salt should be used before the paint dries and should not be stinted.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the accountants herein named have settled their respective accounts in the office of the Register of Wills of Wayne County, Pa., and that the same will be presented at the Orphans' Court of said county for confirmation, at the Court House in Honesdale, on the third Monday of June next—viz: First and final account of J. C

Burcher, administrator of the estate of Thomas L. Burcher, Damascus. First and final account of Frank

of Helen J. Bedell, Dyberry. First and final account of Jane Loercher, administratrix of the estate of John Loercher, Honesdale. First and final account of Homer

Greene, administrator of the estate of Charles H. Mills, Lake. First and final account of Charles J. Stevens, administrator of William F. Stevens, Sterling.

First and final account of John W. Hazleton, administrator of the estate of Angeline H. Masters, Sterling.

First and final account of Helen K. Robacker now intermarried with O. W. Megargel, administratrix of the estate of Mary Robacker, Sterling. W. B. LESHER, Recorder.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE—By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to multiple sale at the and will expose to public sale, at the

Court House in Honesdale, on THURSDAY, MAY 29, AT 2 P. M. All the defendant's right, title, and interest in the following described

property-viz: All those three certain lots or parcels of land situate in the township of Damascus, county of Wayne and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

The first, beginning in the north land conveyed to Z. & Wilcox at a heap of stones south-west corner of lands conveyed to Z. & P. Wilcox; thence south seventyseven degrees west eighty-four and seven-tenth rods to a corner; thence north one hundred six and one-half rods to a stones corner; thence east eighty-two and one-half rods to a corner; and thence south eighty-seven and one-half rods to the place of beginning. Containing fifty acres being the same more or less. Being the same land which Samuel H. Skinner by deed dated May 7, 1904, and recorded in Wayne County in D. B., No. 92, page 464, granted and conveyed to John G. Skinner.

The second—Beginning at a heap of stones the south-western corner of land conveyed by F. Stewardson and L. Smith to E. B. Keesler; thence by lands formerly of Nathan Mitchell north eighty degrees west thence by lands formerly of Z. & P. Wilcox south seventy-seven degrees west seventy-three degrees seventy-three and one-half rods to a stones corner; thence by land form-erly of John Torrey north eightyseven and one-half rods seven and one-half rods to stone corner; thence east one hundred and three and one-tenth rods to stones corner in the western line of land formerly of E. B. Keesler; thence along said line south seventy-six and six-tenth rods to the place of beginning. Containing fifty acres be the same more or less.

The Third-Beginning at a stake and stones at the south-east corner of Jesse O. Mosier's lot, thence east thirty-eight and one-tenth rods to a stake and stones; thence north one hundred and five rods to a stake and stones on a level spot of ground about two rods west of a ledge of rocks; thence west thirty-eight and one-tenth rods to a stake and stones and thence south one hundred and five rods to the place of beginning. Containing twenty-five acres of land be the same more or less. The second and third piece above described being same land which Delia Haynes by deed dated July 3, 1906, and recorded in Wayne County in Deed Book No. 96, page 210, granted and conveyed to John G. Skinner. On said premises is a house and

two barns. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John G. Skinner, at the suit of Daniel L. Brown. No. 31, June Term, 1911. Judgment, \$1,125. Attorneys, Kimble & Han-

TAKE NOTICE,-All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff

HERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me di-rected and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale on

FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 2 P. M.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property-viz:

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, situate in the Town-

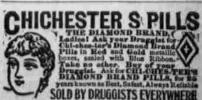
northeasterly corner of land belong-ing to E. K. Barnes, and commonly called the Cole Flat, on the bank of the Delaware River; thence in a the H. Lerons lot, let the distance be more or less, to a corner in the line of land formerly belonging to Robert Halsey, and now belonging to Erastus Lord estate; thence in a somewhat southeasterly direction along the said Erastus Lord estate to a corner of the C. G. Armstrong lot, let the distance be more or less; thence in a somewhat northeasterly direction along the line of lands belonging to C. G. Armstrong and Ken-ney Brothers to the Delaware River, let the distance be more or thence up the Delaware River to the place of beginning.

CONTAINING one hundred forty (one hundred forty) acres, more or less, and commonly called the Gore lot. Being the same property con-veyed by William M. Kellam et ux. Coe F. Young et ux. to Gould, by deed dated the 9th day of February, 1904, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in and for Wayne county in deed book No. 92, page 128, and being the same land that George Gould and wife by their deed dated the 18th day of July, 1910, recorded in Wayne county deed book No. 101, page 191, granted and conveyed to Gould Lumber Company.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of The Gould Lumber Company at the suit of First National Bank of Hancock, N. Y. ment, \$3,000. No. 23 Jan. 1912. Attorney McCarty.

TAKE NOTICE-All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff.



-Bring your difficult job work to this office. We can do it.