

TRY I. W. W. LEADERS

Crowds Gather In Street, Two Jurors Obtained.

RENEW RIOTING IN LAWRENCE.

Twenty-four Hour "Demonstration" Strike a Failure—Thirty Arrests Made—Victims of Violence Old Men, Women, Boys and Young Girls.

Salem, Mass., Oct. 1.—When the Essex county superior criminal court adjourned late yesterday but two jurors had been selected to hear the evidence in the cases of Joseph Caruso as principal and Joseph Ettore and Arturo Giovannitti as accessories before the fact to the murder of Anna Lopez at Lawrence during a strike riot on Jan. 29 last.

The scenes in this city incident to the opening of the trial have never been equaled in this section before. Ettore and Giovannitti are leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, and Caruso was a mill worker at Lawrence, and the excitement over the trial was felt all over the city.

Around the courthouse was a large force of police. In the court premises were seventeen deputy sheriffs and seventeen constables.

Judge Joseph F. Quinn is presiding at the trial.

No visitors were admitted into the courthouse. All the seats for lawyers and newspaper men were by assignment, and only those who held cards signed by Sheriff Johnson could get by the guards at the entrances.

Inside the counsel rail were Fred H. Moore of Los Angeles, Cal.; W. Scott Peters of Haverhill, Mass.; John P. S. Mahoney of Lawrence and George E. Roewer, Jr., of Boston, representing Ettore and Giovannitti; James H. Sisk of Lynn, attorney for Caruso, and District Attorney Harry C. Atwill, who is conducting the government's case.

Rioting in Lawrence.

Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 1.—There was wild rioting in the streets of Lawrence when some 2,500 textile operatives, most of them Italians, attempted to prevent thousands of other workers from entering or leaving the mill gates. The twenty-four hour "demonstration" strike was a failure in that not more than 8,000 of the 28,000 people who earn their living in the great woolen and cotton establishments here responded to the call of the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World to remain away from their places as a protest against the trial of Ettore, Giovannitti and Caruso, which began at Salem.

The attacks upon those who wanted to work, had worked during the forenoon or put in a full day were on each occasion on full progress for at least ten minutes before the police put in an appearance. The strikers assailed the non-strikers with every epithet, assaulted them viciously and appeared to devote their attention chiefly to knocking down the old men, the women and boys and girls. Then when the local police, assisted by twenty-four members of the state police force, appeared on the scene clubs were used with great vigor, revolvers were drawn in some instances by the officers, and the rioters dispersed. About thirty arrests were made for rioting.

WILSON-DIX LETTERS.

Presidential Candidate Doesn't Recall Praising New York Governor.

Sea Girt, N. J., Oct. 1.—Governor Wilson returned to Sea Girt from Atlantic City by automobile, and, having had more luck on the journey than did the reporters who followed him, he was in excellent humor.

When some one read to him the statement of Chairman Barnes of the New York state Republican committee characterizing him as a boss of the same stripe as Roosevelt and Murphy he laughed heartily and dismissed the subject without further comment.

But when there was shown to him the statement of Governor Dix in which the impression was set forth that the presidential candidate's personal letters to the New York executive express a different attitude toward the candidacy of Mr. Dix than has been indicated in the press the governor was not so jovial. He intimated that the statement of Governor Dix surprised him and told the reporters he had no recollection of having written any letters to Mr. Dix in which he had expressed any opinion as to what he thought of the administration of the New York governor.

Lord Roberts Eighty Years Old. London, Oct. 1.—In honor of the eightieth anniversary of his birth Lord Roberts ("Bobs") received hundreds of congratulatory messages. In reply he gave out an interview urging universal military service in England.

Weather Probabilities. Fair today and tomorrow; light westerly winds.

MAJOR CARSON DEAD

Noted Newspaper Man to Be Buried at Arlington.

HE WAS IN HIS 75TH YEAR.

Was Reputed to Have Speaking Acquaintance With Every Diplomat Who Had Been in Washington During His Long Career.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1.—Major John M. Carson, one of the most widely known newspaper men in the country and for several years chief of the bureau of manufactures at Washington, died in the Jewish hospital in this city. He was in his seventy-fifth year. He had been suffering from a complication of diseases, which became acute about ten days ago, while he was visiting in this city.

At the bedside when the end came were Mrs. Carson and their daughter, Mrs. MacDonald, with her husband, Dr. T. L. MacDonald of Washington. Major Carson's only son, Colonel John M. Carson, is in the army in the Philippines.

Major Carson's body was taken to the MacDonald home in Washington. At his own request he will be buried in Arlington National cemetery.

For many years until his appointment in 1905 as chief of the bureau of manufactures Major Carson was head of the Washington bureau of the Philadelphia Public Ledger and more recently of the New York Times. He was dean of the newspaper corps in Washington, chairman of the standing committee of Washington correspondents and president of the Gridiron club. He succeeded J. Hampton Moore as chief of the bureau of manufactures. In 1910 he was made confidential agent of the bureau.

Major Carson was reputed to have a speaking acquaintance with every diplomat who had been in Washington during his long career.

John M. Carson was born in this city June 18, 1838, and was educated in the public schools. He learned the printing trade and was a compositor on Philadelphia newspapers, later becoming a reporter. When the civil war began he entered the army in 1861 and served three years with the Army of the Potomac. He was mustered out with the rank of captain.

He returned to this city and re-engaged in the newspaper business with the Morning Post until that paper passed out of existence. He went to Washington in 1873 and, after serving as night editor of the National Republican, became correspondent for the Ledger. He was clerk of the ways and means committee of the Forty-seventh and Fifty-first congresses. He held this position when the McKinley tariff bill was drafted and was credited with being one of the principal framers of that measure. Major Carson was seriously ill in 1909, but recovered his health.

MINE SCALES ARE BAD.

Weights in Many Collieries Found to Be Not Up to Standard. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 1.—Scales used at the collieries of several companies are not up to the standard, according to discoveries made by John F. McGrearty and Edward Keating, county sealers of weights and measures. They have learned that at several collieries where miners are paid by weight and where coal is sold the consumer at the breakers the scales are so far below the standard that short weights result. Just how long the short weight system has been practiced is not known. Sealers of weights and measures have been on duty in this county only about six months, and this is the first time that weighing of coal has come under the jurisdiction of county officials.

T. R. ELECTORS TO STAY.

Full Ticket in Pennsylvania. Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 1.—Twenty Roosevelt electors on the Republican ticket adopted resolutions to the effect that none of them shall resign from the Republican ticket until Oct. 9 and that they shall then do so as individuals, each governing himself as to conditions justifying such action. The resolution declared that Roosevelt and Johnson were the legitimate choice of the Republicans of Pennsylvania and that it was the sense of the electors that none should resign until assured of the existence of a ticket containing a full set of Roosevelt electors.

21 HURT IN FERRY CRASH.

Camden Boat Bumps Into Slip in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Oct. 1.—Twenty-one persons were injured, most of them only slightly, when the Pennsylvania railroad ferryboat Beverly, coming from Camden, crashed into her slip at the foot of Market street. Two women who were among those thrown from their feet were more badly injured than the nineteen others treated by the company physicians at the ferry house.

Neither the ferryboat nor the slip was badly damaged. An investigation is being made to determine what caused the accident. It is believed to have been due to a misunderstanding of signals.

CRYSTAL SPRING STOCK FARM

(Continued From Page One.)

The head of the Holstein-Friesian herd is Segis Johanna Walker, a son of King Walker, who is the first bull to have a dam and granddam who each produced 30 pounds of butter in seven days. The dam of Segis's Johanna Walker is Segis Brabant Johanna, a daughter of the great King Segis, who now has 68 advanced reglater daughters. There are 28 pure bred Holstein females at the Crystal Spring farm. Among the helpers are two granddaughters of De Kol Irene La Polka, the world's champion cow of 1910. She produced 841 8-10 pounds of milk in seven days, yielding 33.76 pounds of butter. Another Holstein calf by



DE KOL PIETERJE BUTTERCUP.

Winana Mink De Kol, a two-year-old heifer, having an official record of 14.26 pounds butter fat in seven days giving 65 3/4 pounds of milk per above. Lelith Pauline De Kols Count has 55 R. O. A. daughters, sixteen of which produced over 20 pounds of butter fat in 7 days. Two of the number produced over 30 pounds, one being Lelith Altoana De Kol, the world's champion at two and three years of age. Four sisters of his cow are now owned at Crystal Spring farm. There are also four daughters of Beets Ormsby. Among her cows are De Kol Pieterje Buttercup, milking 77.3 pounds daily. Marie Clothilde Dewitt with 69.5 pounds daily at 4 years of age. Mollie Beets De Kol 74 pounds daily, this cow having an official record of 12 pounds of butter in seven days, eight months after calving.

The Holstein-Friesian cows are fed according to the number of pounds of milk each cow produces. For every three pounds of milk Mr. Walker, who is the experienced herdsman, feeds one pound of grain. The cows are fed twice daily the following ration: Bran, alfalfa flakes, gluten, cornmeal, oil meal, cotton seed and ground oats. The Jersey is given one pound to every four pounds of production.

It is not the desire to breed pure bred cattle only, irrespective of performance but to select the families and individual animals to be large and persistent producers. The demand for bull calves has exceeded the supply. Evidently many farmers realize that it does not pay to raise scrub cattle. Cows that do not produce enough milk to pay even the feed bill yearly say nothing of a profit for the labor involved.

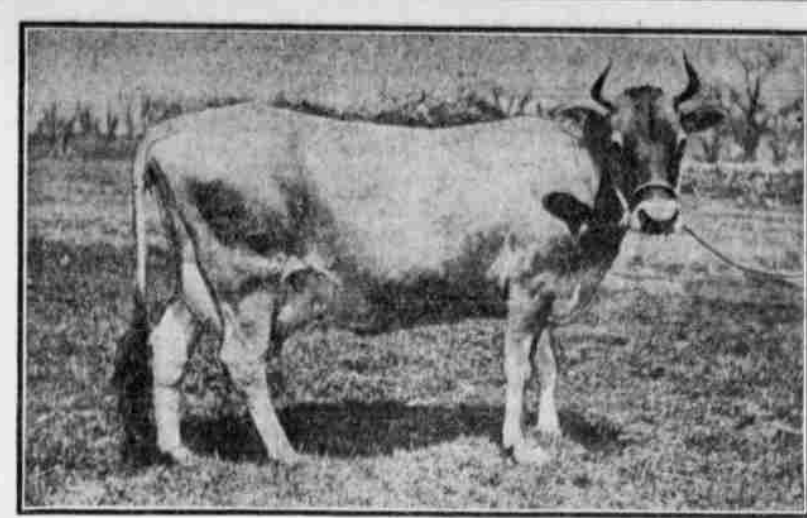


IRENE'S LORETTA KING.

Irene's Loretta King is head of the Jersey herd. He was sired by Irene King Pogis, who is a son of Jacoba's Irene and he is out of Loretta King Zora B, who makes 7,900 pounds of milk and 502 pounds of butter in a year as a two-year-old. Loretta King Zora B is a daughter of Loretta D, who was the championship dairy cow of all breeds at the St. Louis exposition. Having the cross of two champion cows and being out of a two-year-old heifer with a 500-pound yearly butter record this produces a combination of breeding that cannot be surpassed upon.

Option Gravity is the prize cow of the Jersey herd on Crystal Spring Stock farm. Last March she maintained a daily average of 54.3 pounds of milk per day, or 1,682 pounds during that month. The average milking per day during April was 52.1 pounds. In March she produced 59.8 pounds in one day, which was just 10 pounds of milk less than the champion long distance cow. Option Gravity made 401.3 pounds in seven days, with an average test of 4.85 per cent. of butter fat, or within one pound of Double Time and Jacoba Irene, two of the best Jersey cows in the United States.

Table with 3 columns: Milk Produced, 1 Day, 7 Days. Rows include Jacoba Irene (68.8, 467.5) and Option Gravity (59.8, 401.3).



OPTION GRAVITY.

Origin of Holstein Breed.

The words Holstein and Holstein-Friesian designate the same breed. At first there were two breed associations, one called the Holstein association, the other the Dutch-Friesian association, but for all practical purposes these associations represented the same breed.

Friesland is a province in the northern part of Holland and these northern Hollanders have kept cattle from the earliest history. Holstein is a province in northern Germany, not far from Friesland. Cattle coming from the province of Friesland were called Dutch-Friesians and were entered in the association by this name. Cattle coming from Holstein were called Holsteins. The cattle originated from the same source. In the year 1855 the two associations united and cattle coming from these two sections are now called Holstein-Friesian. The correct name for the black and whites is Holstein-Friesian, but they are sometimes improperly called Holsteins.

Holstein-Friesian cows have always been noted for large milk production, even those among them that are considered only moderate milkers far surpassing the greatest milkers of other dairy breeds. Public attention was first notably centered on this strong characteristic of the breed over twenty years ago, by the performance of the imported cow Aaggie, she producing in one year the then almost incredible amount of 18,004 pounds of milk. A little later the imported cow Clothilde produced 26,021 pounds of milk in one year, which was soon exceeded by another cow, Pieterje 2d, that carried the production up to 3,318.5 pounds of milk in one year.

While these tests were not supervised by State Agricultural Colleges, as is now the custom, they were so openly made and visiting investigators so warmly welcomed, that few doubts of their authenticity were expressed; in fact, general credence was given to the results claimed as far as milk was concerned. But there was a general tendency, by those unfamiliar with or unfriendly to the breed, to claim that it was impossible for cow to produce such an amount of good milk, and that the so-called milk was largely milk serum, containing little in the line of total solids, and as there was no Babcock test in those days, there was no easy way to refute such baseless assertions.

A few years later, the Michigan Agricultural College chemically tested the milk of its Holstein-Friesian cow, Belle Sarcastic, finding that the year's production of 23,189.6 pounds of milk contained 721.68 pounds of butterfat; and when, a few years ago, the Wisconsin Agricultural College supervised the semi-official test of Colantha 4th's Johanna, it found she had produced 27,432.5 pounds of milk, containing, gauged by the Babcock test, 998.26 pounds of butterfat. Many large producing Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers have lately been tested under the supervision of State Agricultural Colleges,



IRENE'S LORETTA KING.

and only a reckless person would now impugn the value of Holstein-Friesian milk.

SOUTH STERLING.

South Sterling, Oct. 1. Rain, rain, this seems to be the program about every day.

Most of the people of South Sterling have visited the Third Field Artillery near Tobyhanna. The P. O. S. of A. Band received an invitation from the captain of Battery D to spend Sunday, Sept. 22, with them. At 12 o'clock the bugle was blown for dinner. The boys were ordered to get their mess plates and line up and were served in soldier style, the ground for their table and their feet for their chair and enjoyed it very much. After dinner they played the remaining part of the afternoon.

J. F. Marthens of Pittsburgh, was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Barnes last week. I. M. Barnes and daughter, Mrs. Robert Wheeler, visited his sister, Mrs. Sarah Scoville of Luzerne, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Robacker spent a few days in Stroudsburg and Mt. Pocono with their friends. Russell Frey is on the sick list; also Lawrence Barnes, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Barnes is sick with typhoid fever.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of process issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Wayne county, and State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale, on FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1912, 2 P. M.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property—viz:

All those three certain parcels or tracts of land situated in the township of Berlin, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania. The First, beginning at a stone corner in south-east line of Pigeon Roost tract; thence by land in the warrantee name of John Andrews, south twenty-two and one-half degrees east eighty-one and three-fourths rods to a white pine corner; thence by land formerly owned by Buckley Boardlee south sixty-seven and one-half degrees west ninety-four and three-fourths rods to stake corner; thence south four degrees west eight and one-tenths rods to middle of Honesdale and Mast Hope Plank road; thence along the same westward thirty four rods; thence by other lands formerly owned by Peter Mauer, north twenty-two and one-half degrees west ninety-one and three-fourths rods to stones corner; thence by the Pigeon Roost tract north sixty-seven and one-half degrees east one hundred thirty-seven and three-tenths rods to place of beginning. Containing seventy-six acres and seventy-six perches, more or less.

The Second—Beginning at a stone corner in the eastern line of lot of Joseph Loeven, purchased of Buckley Boardlee at a point where Peter Loeven's division intersects the same, thence south twenty-two and one-half degrees east seventy-two and one-half rods to stones corner in the north line of George Hugh's lot; thence south sixty-seven and one-half degrees west one hundred eighty and two-tenths rods to stones corner in eastern line of Jonathan Seely lot; thence north twenty-two and one-half degrees west seventy-two and one-half rods to stones corner; thence north sixty-seven and one-half degrees east one hundred eighty and two-tenths rods to place of beginning. Containing forty-nine acres, more or less.

The Third—Beginning in the middle of the Mast Hope road on eastern line of land formerly of Jos. Loeven, thence south along line of Andrew Houth twenty-two and one-half degrees east fifty-seven and three-fourths rods to stones corner; thence south sixty-seven and one-half degrees west fourteen feet to corner; thence north twenty-two and one-half degrees west fifty-seven and three-fourths rods to middle of said road and thence easterly along the middle of road to the place of beginning.

The last of the above described lots being a tract fourteen feet wide and fifty-seven and three-fourths rods long, intended for a lane or road way.

Upon the first of the above described lots is a two-story frame dwelling house, barn and other out buildings. A considerable portion of the land is improved.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles S. Ahrens at the suit of Elsie A. Boock. No. 237 June Term, 1912. Judgment, \$1140 Simons, Attorney.

TAKE NOTICE—All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged. FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff. Honesdale, Pa., Sept. 27, 1912.

—If you want fine job printing just give The Citizen a trial order. We can do GOOD work.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS. THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Metallic Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF WAYNE COUNTY.

Homer Lovelass v. Daisy M. Lovelass

To DAISY M. LOVELASS: You are hereby required to appear in the said Court on the fourth Monday in October next, to answer the complaint exhibited to the judge of said court by H. Lovelass your husband in the cause above stated, or in default thereof a decree of divorce as prayed for in said complaint may be made against you in your absence. FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff. Searle & Salmon, Attorneys. Honesdale, Pa., Sept. 26, 1912. 78w4.

Ladies of Honesdale and Vicinity

The Crane Marks Co., of Scranton, Pa., are offering special inducements to the ladies of Honesdale and vicinity for their patronage this Fall. No better assortment of Tailor Suits, Separate Coats, Furs and Fur Coats, Children's and Junior Wears, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Petticoats, Etc., can be found in Northeastern Pennsylvania. We specialize on the above wearables and for style, quality, price and assortment, don't take our word for it—Call and See for Yourself. Free Car Fare.

CONDITIONS OF FREE CARFARE!

All purchases of \$25.00, free car fare both ways, a saving of \$1.75. All purchases of \$15.00, free car fare one way, a saving of 90 cents. Goods purchased that require alterations will be shipped to you express prepaid. We would like your trade—and we feel sure you would like to trade with us.

Make This Store Your Home While In Scranton

The Crane Marks Co. 424 LACKAWANNA AVE. Scranton, Pa.

Carpenters WANTED. APPLY F. A. HAVENS & CO. ON SITE Honesdale, Pa.

TRY A CENT-A-WORD