

THE CITIZEN

Semi-Weekly Founded 1908; Weekly Founded 1844.

Published Wednesdays and Fridays by the Citizen Publishing Company.

Entered as second-class matter, at the postoffice, Honesdale, Pa.

E. B. HARDENBERGH PRESIDENT
H. C. VAN ALSTYNE and **E. B. CALLAWAY** MANAGING EDITORS

DIRECTORS:
H. DORFLINGER, **M. E. ALLEN,** **H. WILSON,** **E. B. HARDENBERGH** **W. W. WOOD**

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1912.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM H. TAFT.
Vice-President,
JAMES S. SHERMAN.
State Treasurer,
ROBERT K. YOUNG.
Auditor General,
A. W. POWELL.
Congressmen-at-Large,
FRED E. LEWIS,
JOHN M. MORIN,
ARTHUR R. RUPLEY,
ANDERSON H. WALTERS.
District Congressman,
W. D. B. AINEY.
Representative,
H. C. JACKSON.

ONE REASON ENOUGH.

John D. Long, former Secretary of the Navy, has compiled eight reasons why he will not vote for Roosevelt. This recalls to mind the story of that monarch who, on a visit to a certain city, was met by a committee with a carefully prepared paper, which it was proposed to read to the king, giving nineteen reasons why he had not received a royal salute. "What is the first reason?" asked the monarch. "We had no powder," replied the committee. "That's enough," said the king. One reason is sufficient for not voting for The Colonel. He supplies it himself. It is because he is simply "ME."

GOOD-ROADS JONES AND THE BULL MOOSE PARTY.

It appears that Representative E. E. Jones, Susquehanna county, who is a candidate for re-election, is in trouble with the Bull Moose party of that county. This party recently held a convention at Montrose, and while endorsing all other Republican county and district candidates, refused to endorse Mr. Jones. The reason appears to be that in his reply to State Chairman Wasson's circular letter asking for the status of candidates, Mr. Jones replied that he was a Progressive but was not yet convinced of the wisdom of the theory of the recall of judges and of judicial decisions, nor did he think it wise to commit himself to proposed legislation without knowing its specific character. Hence his unacceptability to the Bull Moose party of Susquehanna county.

Is there not current an old saying about cutting off the nose to spite the face? No one doubts Mr. Jones' ability as a legislator. It has been abundantly proven. His personal character and integrity have never been questioned. He is one of the first citizens of Susquehanna county as every one concedes. That county has not had a more acceptable representative in the legislature in many years. His reputation as a wise legislator is state-wide. His Good-roads bill brought him the support and approval of every county dweller in the state. His record and standing are such that the Democratic party in his own county has endorsed him for re-election. It remained for the Bull Moose organization to find that he was not a fit candidate for them to support. Because he does not concede the wisdom of a certain theory propounded by the Bull Moose leader, but which in all human probability will never have the remotest application to, or effect upon his county, and because he does not tie his hands and stifle his judgment in advance concerning proposed legislation, the Bull Moose party of Susquehanna county will have none of him. Was ever political wisdom so sparingly exerted? In the mean time Good-Roads Jones has no occasion for anxiety. With the support of both the Republican and Democratic parties, and with a personal popularity rarely equalled by any politician, he need not fear anything that the Bull Moose party can do to him in November.

THE USE OF THE VETO.

In the use that he has made of the veto power during the recent session of Congress, President Taft has done the country a service that will be more and more appreciated as time goes on. He has done nothing of a spectacular character, but he has act-

ed with a courage and conscience entirely worthy of one in his exalted position and appreciating its grave responsibilities.

Even the political enemies of President Taft give him credit for sincerity and integrity in all his acts. He has completely justified that estimate. He is never the partisan at the expense of his patriotism. His vetoes of the Democratic tariff measures were not partisan acts, though the tariff bills were. Democrats and Republican deserters had passed those bills, not to accomplish any definite economic result, but to create a political situation. They did not constitute fit legislation to apply to the business of this country. They were crude and destructive, and it is fortunate for the whole country—and to none of its people more than to its industrial workers—that there was a strong hand in the White House to prevent them from becoming laws.

The Democratic party, if it would sincerely recognize conditions, would find itself with plenty of reason to be thankful that these ill-considered measures did not get upon the statute books. Had the Democratic steel and wool and cotton bills become laws the country would have experienced such a shock and setback that the Democratic campaign must have been thrown into utterly hopeless confusion. The country would have had more than a menace of the destructive policy of the Democrats; it would have had a realization of it, and to a considerable extent before the coming election. Whenever the Democratic party has had a chance to inflict its tariff policy upon the country it has forfeited any confidence it had previously obtained, and suffered defeat. The same result would attend the enactment of the measures President Taft has vetoed.

But the President was not considering politics; he was considering the interests of the country. It was not alone the interests of the manufacturer, who is entitled to a fair return for his investments and risks, but it is that greater constituency, the millions of wage-earners which must be taken into account. More than all others they are dependent upon the American system of protection which the Republican party has so successfully maintained. Democratic theory amounts to nothing when placed beside experience with Democratic practice; with Democratic tariff legislation which in the last administration of that party closed the industrial establishments of the country and sent thousands of persons to the soup houses.

The Democrats in the Congress just adjourned have given a renewed demonstration of their unwillingness to handle this great economic question; they cannot be trusted with tariff revision. No party can be whose policy is so obviously to destroy the manufacturing industries of the nation, and deprive wage-earners of living opportunities.—Philadelphia Press.

THE STANDARD OIL CONTRIBUTIONS.

Something of a tempest in a teapot has been stirred up over the counter-charges made by Senator Penrose and Col. Roosevelt, and the testimony of John D. Archbold, concerning Standard Oil contributions to the Republican campaign chest in 1904.

Some years ago William R. Hearst published in his magazine what purported to be a letter from John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company to Senator Penrose, in which it was mentioned that a certificate of deposit for \$25,000 was enclosed in accordance with a previous understanding. Recently this letter was resurrected by Senator William Flinn's Pittsburg Leader, and an effort made to show that Senator Penrose received the money as a personal bribe for his official action. It was quite natural that Senator Penrose should resent this imputation against his personal integrity and should explain to the senate that the money was received by him as a contribution from the Standard Oil

Company to the Republican campaign fund of 1904, and that as chairman of the Pennsylvania state committee Mr. Penrose expended the money to aid the cause of Mr. Roosevelt who was at that time a candidate for the presidency, and that Mr. Roosevelt was aware of the contribution, and aware that it had been used for this purpose at the time he directed his campaign manager Mr. Cortelyou, in a letter which was widely published, to accept no money from the Standard Oil Company. Senator Penrose's statement appears to be confirmed by Mr. Archbold, and by incontrovertible facts and circumstances, while Col. Roosevelt vigorously denies that he had any knowledge of this contribution, or of the other contribution of \$100,000 made in 1904 to Mr. Bliss, the treasurer of the Republican National Committee, by the Standard Oil Company, or of the further request of Mr. Bliss to the same corporation for an additional contribution. In the mean time, while Senator Penrose is cleared of any suspicion of having pocketed the \$25,000, the Progressive organs and candidates are raising a vociferous cry that the Republican party in the past has been corrupted by corporation bribes.

It seems to us that the whole matter has received much more attention than it deserves. It is ancient history at the best, and the principal characters in the transaction are dead and cannot speak for themselves. It was bound to act as it has acted as a boomerang to the Progressive leaders who injected it into the present campaign.

It has been no secret that in the past the corporations of the country, both large and small, have contributed freely to the national campaign funds of both the Republican and Democratic parties. As the interests of a corporation were likely to be affected favorably or unfavorably by the policies advocated by either party, its contributions for party success were made accordingly. Individuals contributed for exactly the same reason. There was no moral turpitude involved in either case. But in these later days when big corporations are so largely under the supervision and control of the national government, and therefore subject, to some extent, to the dictation of the party in power, it is undoubtedly the better plan to receive no campaign contributions from them lest it should be made to appear, whether rightly or wrongly, that the money was intended to purchase immunity from punishment of prosecution for violation of the laws.

However, there is no charge that any political party has received money from a big corporation during the present campaign, and the voters of the country should not permit their attention to be so diverted to the threshing out of old charges that they lose sight of the real and living issues with which they are confronted. The important question is not: who has contributed to Republican or Democratic party success in the past? but it is: which party through its policies and leaders is most likely to give just protection to the interests of all the people, and keep the wheels of real progress and true prosperity in motion? It is to this question that the people are to respond at the polls.

WASHINGTON PARTY INDORSES W. D. B. AINEY.

The action of the Washington party of the 14th district at Tunkhannock in endorsing the nomination of Congressman Ainey is to be highly commended. It evidences a proper conception in keeping the office of Congressman in this district out of the factional contest over the presidency.

There is a sense in which the office of Congressman is of more importance to the people than that of president. In any event it stands in the closest relation to them of any federal office.

Congressman Ainey was renominated at the primaries upon his open record of efficient service; was the unanimous choice of the Republican party. Those who are now members of the Washington party at that primary election voted for him; thus assuring him and the public of their commendation of his excellent service as their representative at Washington.—Bradford Republican.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Emely Hine.

Mrs. Emely Hine was born in Salem, Wayne county, Pa., Aug. 22, 1839. Died at Orson, Pa., Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 3:15 a. m., aged 73 years, 6 days. She was united in marriage to D. J. Hine of Orson, Pa., Oct. 6, 1859. She leaves two mourn her death her husband, one sister, Mrs. Albert Truesdell of Cora, Pa., and two daughters, Mrs. Jack Hine and Mrs. Nellie Kadz, both of Scranton; also four grandchildren, Eugene Hine, Mrs. Ferris, Mrs. Kenney and Winford Hine. Beside these she leaves a host of friends. In her early childhood she united with the Master's cause under the direction of the Presbyterian church. She labored and worshiped in this church until her marriage to Mr. Hine when she united with the Methodist church of Orson. She was an active member of this church at the time of her death. She was happiest when permitted to attend the appointed means of grace and

this she did in the home and the more public worship. How beautifully she carried the Christ into her daily life needs only the testimony of all who knew her. She was an ardent believer in God's word. Her Bible was not an occasionally but a frequently, yes, a daily used book. She read, she meditated, she believed. Her deepest concerns were found in the comforts of others. Her own happiness came only as she was able to make others happy. No traveler toward the eternal shore can be said to possess all the virtues and graces, but such as our sister possessed bore the marks of genuineness and were of real value. They were such as crown womanhood at its best. A faithful wife, a loving mother, a true friend, a devoted Christian. For some years her health was frail during which time she was ministered to by a faithful husband, her daughters and friends. She gave every assurance of cheerful readiness for that glorious change which awaits all who rest and trust in Him.

"Did He not to his followers say, 'I am the Life, the Light, and the Way?'"

Yes, and still from the heavens He saith, "The gate of life is the gate of death."

The funeral was from the home on Sunday, Sept. 1, at 2 p. m., Rev. E. V. Young, of Orson, officiating.

WEST PRESTON.

(Special to The Citizen.)

Mrs. William Dodge and children attended the Lee family reunion at Uniondale Saturday last.

Delia Wall and son Layton, attended the Carpenter reunion at Thompson Wednesday of last week. Mrs. Carl Young, of Lestershire, returned home with them. Oscar Keeney and family, who have been spending a few weeks in their cottage at Wrighter's Lake, returned to their home in Binghamton last week.

Rev. Myer's preached in the school house Tuesday evening of last week.

Miss Ethyle Wrighter, who has been spending a two weeks' vacation in this place, returned to her home in Jersey City Monday.

Frank Dopp and lady friend of Endicott, N. Y., spent Labor day with friends in this place.

Moses Burchell and wife were callers at G. W. Ogden's Monday of this week.

Harry Neal, who has accepted a position with Dr. MacNamara, left for Thompson Monday. Harry will drive the doctor's new car.

One of Mr. Gallagher's family captured a large black bass measuring 17 inches and weighed 3 3/4 pounds, while fishing in Wrighter's Lake recently.

Mrs. Frank Neal and daughter of Binghamton, recently spent a few days with parents here.

Mrs. Zarre is ill at this writing. Carl Wall and family recently spent Sunday with their mother, Mrs. Delia Wall.

Horace Lee has moved his family from Nettle Hill to Mr. Stanton's place here.

John Simpson and wife have moved in the house vacated by H. Lee. F. J. Osgood, of Forest City, was in town Friday last and put a telephone in for Horace Lee.

EQUINUNK.

(Special to The Citizen.)

Equinunk, Sept. 4. J. K. Hornbeck and daughter, Gertrude, and J. W. Farley took in the celebration at Honesdale last week.

Ruth Ludwig entertained thirteen of the boys and girls Friday in honor of her thirteenth birthday.

We are glad to see Isaac Lord on our streets again after a week's illness.

The Equinunk ball nine crossed bats with the Lakewood nine at Lakewood Friday. The score was 3 to 0 in favor of Lakewood.

WORDS FOR THE SPELLING CONTEST OF THE WAYNE COUNTY SCHOOLS.

LESSON 45

allege beggar
caliber Dresden
exact forger
gaiters Hessians
irksome Jefferson
Kearsarge lymphatic
Manhattan macadamize
negroes Napoleon
New Orleans Niagara
Nevada orchid
oyster observance
outrageous ordinance
poplar

LESSON 46.

prophet panic
patent Philadelphia
pilgrim politics
Quaker quail
quarry
question referendum
Roosevelt Revere
Schenectady riot
Schley Schley
science scientific
tenure university
Vanderbilt Wayne
Yosemite

MAKE PIMPLES GO

Remarkable How Zemo Clears the Face of Pimples and All Other Blemishes.

With the finger tips apply a little Zemo to the skin, then see the pimples and blackheads vanish. Zemo is a liquid, not a smear, leaves no trace, just simply sinks in and does the work. You will be astonished to find how quickly eczema, rash, dandruff, itch, liver spots, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases are cured. Zemo is put up by the E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at \$1 for the large bottles, but you can get a liberal size trial bottle for only 25 cents. And this trial bottle is guaranteed. You surely will find Zemo a wonder. Get a bottle now from A. M. Leine, Honesdale, Pa.

Fred Watson, traveling salesman for O. F. Woodward of LeRoy, N. Y., returned to his New Jersey territory after spending the past month with his parents here.

Mr. Gillow, teacher of the Buckingham school, began work Sept. 3. The appearance of the Manchester school building is being greatly improved inside and out by painter Joseph and Ralph Warfield are the artists. School will open Sept. 9.

Edmund Budd and wife, former residents of our village, but now of Mount Vernon, N. Y., were guests of John Barrett and wife recently.

Harry White and wife of New York, are spending their vacation with his grandparents, Abraham Knapp and wife.

Remember the dates of the coming fair.

Indigestion Goes

Sourness, Heaviness, Belching and Stomach Distress Quickly Fade Away.

Magical MI-O-NA is what you need for any disturbed condition of the stomach.

MI-O-NA stomach tablets will drive all the poisonous gases from your stomach and make your stomach strong enough to digest any food.

For any ailment caused by weak stomach such as sick headache, dizziness, nervousness, lack of efficiency, that tired all in feeling, sleeplessness, bad dreams or bad stomach the morning after too much smoking and drinking—for all these ailments nothing on earth can surpass MI-O-NA. Large box for 50 cents at G. W. Peil, the druggist, and druggists everywhere.

Every Woman Who Has Shared Our Monday Specials

will want to be here but we want more and more women to know about and enjoy the splendid money-saving advantages of these Monday sales. The way to really know is to come, then you can see and judge fairly the good values

Monday, Sept. 9, 1912. Grocery Department

Best granulated sugar, 25-pound bag \$1.45
Pure White Rose Lard, 10-pound pail \$1.40
Pure White Rose Lard, 5-pound pail 73c
Pure White Rose Lard, 3-pound pail 45c
White Rose Coffee, 35c value 32c
Campbell's Soups, all varieties 9c
All ten cent packages out flakes 8c pkg
Crosco Crackers, the housekeeper's favorite 2 pkg. for 15c

Other Departments

Main Floor

Extra width plain and fancy dress goods, \$1.00 and \$1.25 value 89c yd
Irish poplin, sun and soap proof, 25c value 22c yd
Galatea cloth in all shades, 16c value 14c yd
Best American prints, standard 7c value 6c yd
Yard-wide unbleached muslin, best 9c value 8c yd
Best quality seersucker, elegant assortment, 12 1/2c value 10 1/2c yd
Heavy linen toweling, already shrunk, 15c and 16c value 12 1/2c
Gent's blue cambric shirts, elegant 39c value 43c ea
Extra fine cotton socks, none better for 15c 11c pr
Richardson's pillow and center piece with 6 skeins silk 23c
Yard-wide best quality silkoline, 12 1/2c value 10 yd
Niagara Cotton Batting, unroll in one sheet, 25c value 17c ea
Bureau scarfs, squares and center pieces, 59c and 60c value 42c ea
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, embroidered and plain hemstitched, 10c value 8c ea

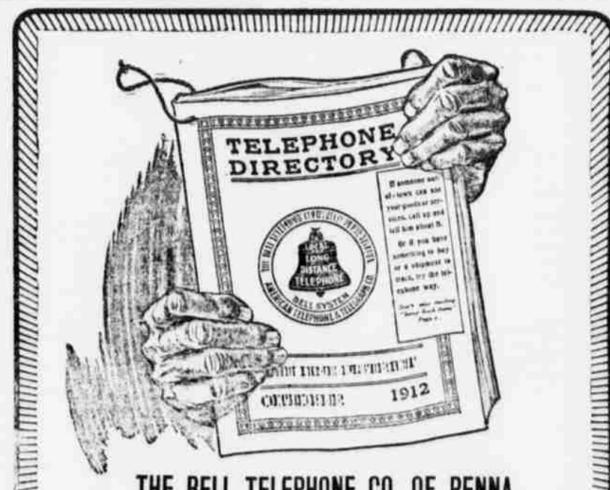
Second Floor Specials

Broken lot of Lawn Wash Dresses at Record Breaking Prices.
\$3.00 low neck wash dresses \$1.50 ea
\$5.98 Ladies' Colored and White Dresses \$2.98 ea
\$3.00 Ladies' White Corduroy Shirts \$1.98 ea
\$1.25 Low Neck Lawn Waists 79c ea
\$1.00 Ladies' Skirts slightly soiled 59c ea

KATZ BROS.

Incorporated

NOTICE: Monday Sales are sold for Cash only.



THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF PENNA.
W. D. DELLMORE, Agent, Honesdale, Pa.
SEPTEMBER 15, 1912.

is the date the Bell Directory goes to press. Be sure your name is in the next issue.

Telephone the Business Office for telephone service or advertising space rates.

MAKE YOUR WIFE HAPPY

A DOCKASH RANGE WILL DO THE TRICK

No lady can be happy with a poor stove. Buy a Dockash and end your stove troubles.

Dockash ranges are much different from ordinary stoves. The grate turns completely over and the fire is first on one side then on the other, consequently grates do not warp and make trouble.

Dockash stoves burn up quickly in the morning. A hot fire in five minutes every time. Dockash dampers are so arranged that when fire is shut off you consume no fuel but when you want heat you can obtain it very quickly.

Dockash ovens are heated from five sides and bake evenly with little fire. If you haven't used a Dockash you don't know how a good stove can be.

They cost no more than common stoves. Come in and talk it over.

MURRAY CO.

Everything for the Farm. Honesdale, Pa.