

Atlantic. In the main portion of the ship, fitted up with every convenience, very luxury, were millionaires and multimillionaires, some of whom had been prominent in the London social eason, and not a few brought with them jewels, a fortune in themselves. that had blazed in many a ballroom in England's capital. There was one man board occupying a suit of apartments the price of which for a four days' trip would give a workingman a comortable home for a lifetime. These people, seemingly regardless of being uspended between the heavens above and the bottom of an ocean several niles beneath them, wore their fine clothes at dinner, and in the evening te choice viands, drank the best wines, istened to music, flirted, even danced, while the hours glided happily away o the swish of the waves against the eviathan's side.

How different the underworld, which on shipboard is as far beneath the uper world as on land! In the steerage were many a family packed in their arrow quarters, eating the homeliest are, and many, though accustomed to the ordinary wine of their country, were drinking only water, and that out of tin cups.

Among these steerage passengers was ne Adolph Stahr, a Swede, a young nan twenty-five years old, and his Amelia, six years his junior. pride. They had left their native country, their simple peasant life, to seek a nome in the new world. Adolph was a mason by trade, and Amelia had work. ed in a factory in her native land, besoming expert at weaving. They had heard that in America the price of abor had, by the united effort of the aborers, been raised to what seemed to them a very high figure. Accusomed as they had been to living on a olttance, they believed that receiving hese wages they could save money enough within a few years to build them a home in which they might live comfortably for the rest of their days. And so, putting together all the money they had with something that their parents gave them, they set out on their long journey for what was to them a land of promise. Taking ship for England, they there re-embarked for America.

Half their journey across the Atlantic had been accomplished when one afternoon a fog settled down over the waters. Fogs on the sea are dreaded by mariners, and although the dressing in fine clothes, the feasting, the wine drinking, the music, went on among the passengers in the main part of the ship, many heard the constant, deep toned toot-toot of the fog whistle warning vessels that might be near. But at last all aboard the great ship except those whose duty it was to sail her were in their berths.

Suddenly there was a crash forward. sleepers were awakened, all

abor she could do, those intrusted with the work of assisting the women and children who had lost husband and father, secured her a place in mills where she could ply her trade, and she became self supporting. Some time after her arrival in America a little girl was born to her, and although there was a melancholy in not having ber husband with her at the time she welcomed the child as a memento of her husband and as a solace in her loneliness

Amelia for awhile had a lingering hope that Adolph might be picked up and brought to land by some passing ressel but as month after month passed and she heard nothing from him,

the hope gradually died away. She was well skilled in her work and received every attention and encouragement, as did all survivors of that terrible shipwreck,

And so time passed. The widow worked hard and saved that she might educate her child. Amelia was still young and comely, with the fair hair and complexion of the people of the north and a pair of melancholy blue eyes. Suitors came, but she listened to none of them. From childhood she had been Adolph Stahr's sweetheart, and there was little prospect of her ever giving herself to any other man. Six years passed. Little Lena Stahr, who was now old enough to be amused by pageants, when a Labor day came round besought her mother to take her

to see the procession. So Mrs. Stahr, putting on the child's best clothes, took her into the city and found a vacant stoop where they would be sufficiently elevated to see the

marching men. There they waited, The child was wild with that excitement children of her age display at some unusual occurrence, especially a parade. When necks were craned in the direction the trades unions were expected she would shout, "Here they come!" and when disappointed would begin to look forward for the next forecast of the approach. In this way an hour passed when a distant roll of drums was heard, followed by faint strains of martial music. Then Lena danced and clapped her hands and laughed with anticipation.

At last came the band, headed by the drum major, whose tossing of his staff was a delight to all onlooking children. Then the grand marshal, surrounded by his aids, passed by, followed by one union after another. When the masons passed suddenly a man darted from the ranks, pushed his way through the crowd that lined the sidewalk and, leaping over several small boys and disarranging the big hats of a number of women, clasped Amelia in his arms. The man was Adolph Stahr, her hus-

band. Amelia saw him and knew him before he reached her. Almost before his arms were about her she lost consciousness. Her first act after coming to herself was to point to Lena. Adolph understood, and, taking the child in his arms, the three were united in one embrace.

Stahr, after parting with his wife on the sinking vessel, began to think of himself. First he picked up a life preserver and put it about him. He was cool and took forethought for a possible saving of his life. He secured a bottle of water and some meat and bread. These, with a small flask of liquor he had brought with him on his journey, he stowed away as best he could on his person, then, returning to the deck, gathered what loose material he could to make a raft.

The latter stood him in good stead,

widow. As soon as it was known what OFFERS TAFT "\$500" FOR \$250

Doesn't Buy Because Option Is But He on Confederate Note.

An option on a \$500 bill at \$250 was offered to President Taft recently. The offer was made by a citizen of Russia, who wrote to the president tendering a \$500 Confederate note.

In a lengthy letter written in French the Russian stated that the note had been in the possession of his family for half a century or more, and since none of the banks there was willing to take it up he would give the president the opportunity of buying it at half price.

The president did not see fit to invest in the note and turned the letter over to the secretary of the treasury.

ASKS SEEDLESS TOMATO SEED

Representative Hughes Gets a Unique **Request From a Constituent.**

Representative Hughes of Georgia is a farmer who not only operates a farm, but has lived on it for forty That he is a real farmer is years. proved by his having served for four years as president of the Georgia State Agricultural society.

Mr. Hughes found in his mail recently a request from a constituent that puzled him. It was evidently written by a wife who went to the general store and told the clerk she wanted to look at some of the invisible veils. This is the letter:

Dear Dud-Sam Yopp, over in Flatwood district, hez been tellin' me uv a new seedless tomato the guyment is issuin'. I write to ask you to send me some of the seed so I can grow them.

Dr. B. T. Galloway at the bureau of plant industry said the seedless tomato had not been perfected vet.



in your family you of course call a reliable physician. Don't stop at that; have his prescriptions put up at a reliable pharmacy, even if it is a little farther from your home than some other store.

You can find no more reliable store than ours. It would be impossible for more care to be taken in the selection of drugs, etc., or in the compounding. Prescrip in the compounding. Prescrip tions brought here, either night or day, will be promptly and accurately compounded by a competent registered pharmacist and the prices will be most reasonable.

> O. T. CHAMBERS, PHARMACIST,

Opp. D. & H. Station. HONESDALE, PA.

MARTIN CAUFIELD Designer and Manufacturer of ARTISTIC

Excepting and reserving from the second described lot however about three and 45-100 acres lying on the east side of the Hales Eddy Road aforesaid, heretofore sold and con-veyed to the said Joshua Myrick. All of which land being the same land conveyed by Edward E. Buck et al. to Jennie S. Buck by deed dated March 10, 1903, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 99,

page 459. Part of said land being improved. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jennie S. Buck at the sult of I. L. Buck. No. 29 January Term 1909. Judgment, \$387. Mum-

ford Attorney. ALSO.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property-viz: By virtue of the annexed writ of

execution I have this day levied upon and taken in execution all that cer-tain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Oregon, county of Wayne and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, bounded

and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the line of lands formerly belonging to Pres-ton and Collins, and running thence by the said line north twenty-five and one-fourth degrees east ninety-four and three-fourths rods to the line of

alnd now or formerly of Wilcox; ++ thence by the same north seventyeight degrees east fifty perches to the line of lands now or late of J. ++ Shields; thence by the same south ++ twelve degrees east fifty-five perches to the line of lands now or late of

Daniel Wickham; thence by the same south fifty degrees west ninety-eight perches; thence north sixty-five de-

grees west twenty-five and one-half perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty-three acres and one hundred and fifty perches, be the same more or less. Upon the same is a frame house, barn and chicken house and other buildings. Apple and other fruit trees and nearly all improved land. Seized and taken in execution as

the property of Henry Jardin at the suit of F. W. Kreitner, use. No. 161 June Term, 1912. Judgment \$500. Lee, Attorney ALSO

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property-viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of and situate in the township of Man-chester, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and de-scribed as follows, viz: Beginning at the southeast corner of a lot of land sold to Jesse Hathaway; thence south seventy-three and one-half degrees west one hundred and forty and sixth-tenths rods to stones corner; thence south sixteen and one-half degrees east one hundred and nine-++ teen rods to a stones corner; thence north seventy-three and one-half degrees east one hundred and forty and six-tenths rods to a stones corner; thence south sixteen and onedegrees east one hundred and nineteen rods to stones corner; thence north seventy-three and onehalf degrees east one hundred and ++ forty and six-tenths rods to stones ++ corner; thence north sixteen and ++ one-half degrees west one hundred ++ and nineteen rods to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred and sixty-seven acres and 29 and 7-32 perches of land, be the same more or less.

Excepting and reserving out of the above five and one-half acres which N. B. Hathaway et ux. by deed dated January 11, 1860, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 29, page 537, granted and conveyed to

said James Brown tract; thence north two and one-half degrees east along said line to the place of be-ginning; containing seventy-five acres and twenty-five perches be the same more or less. Clarence D. Coon by deed dated the 11th day of March, 1895, and re-corded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 77, page 231, etc., granted and conveyed to Marie P. Kesler. Also being the same land which Charles Cummings and wife granted and conveyed on the 20th day of February, 1905, to Austin E. Lord, said deed being recorded in Wayne county in Deed Book No. 93, page 300, also being the same land which Austin E. Lord et ux. granted and conveyed to Albert A. Bartholf by deed dated the 20th day of February, A. D., 1911, and recorded in Wayne county Deed Book No. 102, page 29, on 21st day of February, 1911.

Upon said premises is a two story frame house, one barn, 32x44, and one barn, 28x34, and other out-buildings, one good orchard and good springs. Seized and taken in execution as

the property of Albert A. Bartholf at the suit of Austin E. Lord. No. 78, January Term, 1911. Judgment, \$4,000. P. H. Hoff, Attorney.

TAKE NOTICE-All bids and costs must be paid on day of sale or deeds will not be acknowledged.

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FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff. Honesdale, Aug. 23, 1912.

STOCKHOLDERS' NOTICE. At a meeting of the directors of

the Honesdale Dime Bank, held on July 25, 1912, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That we recommend the stockholders of the Honesdale Dime Bank to increase the capital stock of the said bank from \$75,000 to \$100,000."

In accordance with the above resolution a meeting of the stockholders is called to convene at the bank on Thursday, the 10th day of October, 1912, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, to take action on the ap-proval or disapproval of the proposed increase.

Note: In the event of the stockholders approving the increase ar recommended, the Board of Directors will fix the price for which the said stock shall be sold at \$200 per share

BENJ, F. HAINES.

Secretary. Honesdale, Pa., Aug. 5, 1912. 63w9.

-Remember the dates of the coming fair.

MENNER & CO. **Keystone Stores**

People who demand a maximum of beauty! and value will find here at very low prices a rare opportunity

To Secure Real Bargains In

Ladies' Wash Ratine and Linen Suits One Piece Dresses In White, Figured Lawns, Pique and Linen.

Kimonas, House Dresses, Wrappers, Stylish and Cool for Hot Days.

Dust and Traveling Coats of Silk, Fine Wool and Linen.

Children's Summer Dresses for Dress, Traveling and play wear. Very cheap in price and stylish in cut.

some thrown out of their berths. There was a mad rush to the deck, many going up in their nightclothes, where they found confusion and saw the lights of a ship drifting away from them. Fading into the fog they soon passed out of sight. The captain stood on the bridge coolly giving his orders. but few of them were obeyed. Above the babel was the wild cry for help from the wireless machine. From the first the crew realized that the liner had been hard hit, and the worst was feared. Those who were sent to examine the damage came running back to report that the foremost bulkhead was rapidly filling and that others astern of it were in danger of giving way

An hour later when it was known that the ship was sinking the boats were lowered and the women and children put into them. The men of millions for the first time in their lives ame to a position where the wife and child of an emigrant were permitted to step into a lifeboat while they them. selves must remain to go down with the ship.

One parting among those who were to go and those who were to remain t is the province of this story to mendon. Amelia Stahr clung to her husband and refused to leave him. Taking her in his arms, he carried her to one of the boats, put her in and before she could get out the boat was lowered and pulled away from the ship. The gray of the morning revealed the leviathan a few miles distant, half sunken, resting on the water like a dying sea monster. Slowly she settled, watched by those in the boats, nearly

all of whom knew that some loved one was soon to go down to death with her. Then raising her huge stern she plunged downward, and the place where she had been was but a part of the boundless ocean.

Safety came for those in the boats in the appearance of a steamer that not been for that parade that Mrs. had heard the wireless cry for succor. The boats were relieved of their burden, and those who had left the sunken ship were carried into an American port.

Amelia Stahr on reaching the land with her fellow sufferers received every attention. But for this the case would have been hard indeed. Nevertheless, it did not relieve the desolation of coming to a new land a bride

for, embarking upon it, he managed to paddle himself far enough away from the ship not to be drawn down with her when she sank. He was among a very few who did so, and soon after the ship went down he became separated from that few.

He saw the steamer that came and took up those in the boats, but he had meanwhile drifted away from them too far to be seen or heard, but he rejoiced at the knowledge that those in the boats, especially his young wife, were saved. He drifted slowly on till there was nothing in sight except the sky and the ocean. The sea was comparatively calm and his bread and meat he kept dry till it had been consumed. This, with his bottle of water, kept him allve for three days-days of horror, but not bereft of hope. Ships passed, but they were too far away to be attracted. At last he kept what remained of his strength by an occasional draft from his flask.

He was passing into semiunconsciousness when he was aroused by a shout and saw a small boat pulled toward him. He was taken on board a sailing ship bound on a trading tour around the world and found no means for leaving her and making America for a long while. When he did succeed in this his Amelia had been lost track of by those who had known of her landing.

Stahr did not return to the ranks. He found something more interesting than parading-a wife, and a daughter whom he had never seen, of whose existence he had had no knowledge. Between the two, the wife leaning on his arm, the daughter lovingly holding the hand of her newly found father, they went to the mother's home to lay plans for their future.

Since that fortunate meeting, that blessed reunion, the Stahr family take an unusual interest in Labor day, for it is their main anniversary. Had it Stahr and her daughter were looking at, their paths might never have joined. Stahr called their meeting a coincidence, but Mrs. Stahr, who is a devout Christian, looks upon it as a dispensation of a merciful providence. They have prospered, the husband and father having made money as a contractor, but he never fails to join in the parade on Labor day like an orfinary workman.



State of Pennsylvania, and to me di-rected and delivered, I have levied on and will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Honesdale, on FRIDAY, SEPT. 27, 1912, 2 P. M.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in the following described property-viz: -

All those two certain pieces or lots 🗯 of land situate in the township of Scott, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania and separately bounded 🗯 and described as follows, to wit:

The first plece or lot beginning at a hemiock stump formerly corner of Joshua Myrick land; thence south seventy-seven degrees and thirty minutes east along northerly line of land formerly of Myrick Buck and land of Hiram Buck, two chains and sixty-six links to a dry birch tree and a pile of stones for a corner; thence north fifty-three degrees west one chain and forty links to a corner; 1 thence north eighty-one degrees west forty-one links to a corner; thence north forty-one degrees west one chain and eighty links to the place of beginning; containing one-fourth of an acre of land.

The second piece or lot beginning at a stake and stones corner by the side of the Hales Eddy road, being a corner of land owned in 1864 by David Spoor; thence north thirty-five degrees west forty-six perches to a small sugar maple; thence north eighty-seven and one-half degrees west one hundred and forty-nine perches to a hemlock tree in the west line of the James Brown tract; thence along said line two and one-half degrees west sixty-eight perches to a beech tree; thence east ninety perches to a hemiock tree; thence north seventy-seven degrees east to a



OFFICERS:

DIRECTORS:

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Henry Z. Russell, President. Andrew Thompson, Vice-President. Lewis A. Howell, Cashier. Albert C. Lindsay, Asst. Cashler.

Henry Z. Russell, Homer Greene, Horace T. Menner, James C. Birdsall, Louis J. Dorflinger, E. B. Hardenbergh, Andrew Thompson, Philip R. Murray.

Open Saturday evenings from 7:30 to 8:30,

***************************** stake and stones on the east line of | X X X X