THORPE WONDERFUL ATHLETE TWO UNUSUAL

His Record In Pentathion and Decath-Ion Stamps Him as Greatest.

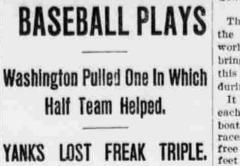
'You, sir, are the most wonderful athlete in the world," were the words with which King Gustave of Sweden expressed himself to James Thorpe when the American Indian stepped forward to receive his trophies at Stockholm as winner of the pentathion and decathion, the two all around competitions. The two handsome trophies, one the gift of the king of Sweden and the other the gift of the czar of Russia, were well deserved, and truly the words of King Gustave were fitting and in no sense exaggerated.

Thorpe earned the highest honors of the Olympic games, and this is said with full consideration for the remarkable performances of Ralph Craig, who won both sprints; of Ted Meredith, who established a world's record of 1 minute 51.9 seconds for 800 meters and also set a new mark for the half mile, which he ran out; of Hannes Kohlemainen, the wonderful runner from



Photos by American Press Association. THREE VIEWS OF JIM THOEPE.

Finland, who won the 5,000 and 10,000 meter runs and carried off the individual honors in the cross country race; of A. N. S. Jackson of England, who defeated John Paul Jones, Abel Kiviat and other stars in the classic 1,500 meter run, and even of K. K. McAr-South Africa, a to vie tory in the Marathon run. To win a decathlon an athlete must inve speed for the dashes and a combination of speed and stamina for the 1,500 meter run; he must have the strength necessary to scale the discus and to put the shot; he must have the skill, ability and power to jump both high and far, and he must have a combination of speed and suppleness to skim the hurdles. Jim Thorpe, a direct descendant of those people who roamed the woods and fields when this country was a boundless forest, has all these qualities and added to them the necessary heart and courage. It is hardly possible to use words of praise that are broad enough to commend his performance in scoring 8,412 out of a possible 10,000 points. It was a brilliant showing, in competition with the best of all other nations, and Americans far and wide have reason to be proud of the real native son. It may be recalled that Thorpe is a natural athlete, who shines on the football gridiron and the lacrosse field in the same way he does on the track.



New York Americans Had Play Within Their Grasp, but Pill Handlers Seemed to Lose Their Think Tanks, and It Did Not Go Through.

Two frenk baseball plays which occurred within a week at the Chicago American league ball park are doubly interesting.

The Washington team, which is composed of youngsters, pulled a double play on the White Sox in the last game of their June series in Chicago, in which more than half the fielders were involved, although not all of those drawn into it actually handled the ball. The Sox had Rath on third, Lord on first and one out. Callahan hit to Johnson, who headed Rath off at the plate, and that runner ducked back to give Lord and Calinhan time to advance an extra base before he was retired. Johnson chased Rath back toward third, then tossed the ball to Foster, who ran Rath toward the plate. Now it was the play for Johnson or McBride to take third base as soon as Foster left it. Instead the pitcher ran to the plate, where Ainsmith was, and Mc-Bride remained near second.

Foster could not catch Rath, so passed the ball to Ainsmith, and the catcher started running Rath back to third. Failing to overtake the runner, Ainsmith made a throw toward third, but nobody was there, and Bath landed in safety. Shanks had run in from left field close behind third and got the ball quickly. Lord had advanced close to third and could not gain safety at that base after Rath returned to it, so started back to second, with Shanks in Johnson or Jeannette Could Toy With pursuit. Shanks chased Lord and threw to Morgan at second, whereupon Lord doubled on his tracks, and Shanks was given the ball again. This time he tagged Lord. While they were doing that Rath started home, and Shanks threw to Ainsmith in time to double up Rath at home. There were five players involved in addition to McBride, who was in the line between third and secand, looking for a chance to get into the play.

kees lost a possible triple play after a worse tangle. The Sox had Collins on third, Fournier on second and Bodie on first, with nobody out. Weaver hit to Thompson, and he tossed the ball to Sweeney, forcing Collins out. Sweeney threw to first to double up Weaver, but hit the runner in the back. Seeing that. Bodie, who had gone to second, started on the run for third, but Gardner, who was backing up first base, grabbed the ball as it bounded off Weaver and kept Fournier from going home from third. Then the Yankees had two men trapped on third base, with a chance to get one of them surety and perhaps both.

Gardner tossed the ball to Stump, cutting off Bodie's retreat to second base, and the shortstop and third baseman, Hartzell, started to run down Bodie. Under cover of that play Fournier tried to sneak home, but a throw to Sweeney headed him off. The Frenchman then gave the Yankees a chase, so that Bodie and Weaver, who had returned to second and first in safety, could move up a base apiece. But the Tankses left third base uncovered entirely, and Fournier got back there allve. Bodie slipped past the nearest guardian of second base and got there safely, but Weaver was on top of the keystone, and when Buck tried to retreat he found Daniels had come in from right field to take charge of that base. The ball was thrown to Daniels, who apparently lost his head and subsequently lost the play. He started chasing Weaver toward second, but it takes a fast man to overtake Weaver. While this sprinting race was on Fournier broke for the plate again, and Bodie sneaked to third. Too late his teammates awoke Daniels, and he gave up chasing Weaver to make a belated throw to the plate, which was easily beaten by Fournier.

THE CITIZEN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1012.

BIG MOTORBOAT CARNIVAL

Contests For Wrigley Trophy Will Be Held In Chicago Aug. 10 to 17. The William Wrigley, Jr., trophy for

the power boat championship of the world represents over \$22,000 and will bring together many speed boats of this and foreign countries in Chicago during the week of Aug. 16 to 17.

It is a perpetual trophy, to be won each year by the club whose motorboat makes the best three out of five races in competition open to the world, free for all speed boats under forty feet in length.

It is a reproduction in silver of a "Flying Mercury" presenting to Nep-tune a hydroplane motor speed boat. Neptune, with his trident, dolphins and water surroundings, is in bronze. The round pedestal is of green marble. The figure of Mercury and the model speed boat contain a thousand ounces of sterling silver. The trophy stands five feet five inches high. The base is fortyseven inches in diameter. Mr. Wrigley will provide annually a replica of this trophy, which becomes the personal property of the winner of each year's

DURBORROW GREAT SWIMMER.

races.

Philadelphia Bank Clerk Recently Swam Forty Miles.

Charles P. Durborrow, the Philadelphia bank clerk who hopes to swim the English channel next year, recently swam across Delaware bay from Cape May to Cape Henlopen, a distance of forty miles. It was his best feat since he began long distance work

During the last three years he swam about 1,500 miles in the Delaware river. He is an amateur swimmer, six feet one and one-half inches in height and weighs 202 pounds stripped. He is thirty years old and lives at River, N. J. He has only been swimming seriously four years. He was born of English parents at Bryn Mawr, Pa., and during his boyhood did no more No. 1.

WELLS LACKS ENDURANCE.

swimming than the average youth.

English Heavyweight Champion,

That Bombardler Wells, the English heavyweight champion, who recently returned to his native country, would be the ideal opponent to pit against Jack Johnson if he only possessed even the average amount of endurance was shown by his remarkable exhibition of science in the bout with Tom Kennedy in New York a short time ago. But as the case stands Wells would not have the slightest chance, Five days later the New York Yan- and any talk of matching the pair is akin to aiding and abetting a murder.



PROPOSED AMENDMENTS THE CONSTITUTION SUBMIT-TED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS special acts may be passed: COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR AP- "Nor shall any iaw be PROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYL-such powers, and privileges VANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY OR-DER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PUR-SUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One

A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitu-tion of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the enate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-vania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof; That section four of article nine,

which reads as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, ex-cept to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in reve-nue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at anyone time, one million of dollars." be amended so as to read as

follows: Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of rev-enue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war. to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars; Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the high-

A true copy of Joint Resolution

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitu tion of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating

Senate and House of Representatives pairing of school houses and the rais-of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl- ing of money for such purposes: Section 1. Be it resolved by the in accordance with the provisions of to be recited in the special enacteighteenth article thereof. ment:

"Section 7. The General Assembly

"Regulating the affairs of coun-

places:

criminal cases: "Authorizing the laying out, open-

ing, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or allevs:

incorporating ferry or bridge com-panies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

TO law by the partial repeal of a general a different day, two-thirds of all the MIT- law; but laws repealing local or members of each House consenting

"Nor shall any law be passed in of such powers, and privileges shall have been provided for by genprivileges eral law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for,"-so as to read as follows:

Section 7. The General Assembly numbered year. shall not pass any local or special A true copy of law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of lines: Regulating the affairs of countles,

cities, townships, wards, poroughs, or school districts: Changing the names of persons or

places: Changing the venue in civil or

criminal cases: Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, tsreets or alleys:

Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge com-panies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, public grounds not of the State Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children:

Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines: Incorporating cities, towns or vil-

lages, by changing their charters: For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting: Granting divorces:

Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts:

Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

Changing the law of descent or uccession:

Regulating the practice or juris-Regulating the practice of juris-iction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, com-missioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other trib-unals, or providing or changing methods for the selfaction of debts methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables Regulating the management of

public schools, the building or re-

Fixing the rate of interest: Affecting the estates of minors of persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest,

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads are for Exempting property from the Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing; but the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor, and make provision for the protec tion, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State, or by any county, city, borough, town, town-ship, school district, village, or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or sub-contractor performing work, labor or services for the State, or for any county, city, borough, town, township, school district, village or other civil division thereof:

Creating corporations, or amend-

ing, renewing or extending the charters thereof: Granting to any corporation, asso-ciation or individual any special or privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or tive properties, and shall impose no individual the right to lay down a municipal liability. Where municirailroad track: Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed: Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers in operation for a period of one and privileges shall have been pro- year; and said municipalities and vided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elec-tions shall be held in an odd-numbered year Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of rfice may end in an odd-numbere year, shall continue to hold their of fices until the first Monday of Janu ary in the next succeeding even-

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT MCAFEE. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to

taxation. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylva nia in General Assembly met, Tha the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of th Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, i accordance with the provisions c the eighteenth article thereof:-

Section 2. Amend section one (article nine of the Constitution (Pennsylvania, which reads as fo 'All taxes shall be uniform, upo

the same class of subjects, within t territorial limits of the authori levying the tax, and shall be levi collected under general and law but the General Assembly may, general laws, exempt from taxat! public property used for public p poses, actual places of religio poses, actual places of religion worship, places of burial not u or held for private or corpor profit, and institutions of purely p lic charity," so as to read as lows

All taxes shall be uniform the same class of subjects, within territorial limits of the autho levying the tax, and shall be le collected under general 1 and and the subjects of taxation ma classified for the purpose of it graded or progressive taxes; bu General Assembly may, by ge laws, exempt from taxation property used for public pur actual places of religious wo places of burial not used or he private or corporate profit, at stitutions of purely public ch A true copy of Joint Res No. 4.

ROBERT MCAFE Secretary of the Commonwe

Number Five A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to t stitution of Pennsylvania. Be it resolved by the Ser

House of Representatives Commonwealth of Pennsylv General Assembly met, That lowing is proposed as an an to the Constitution of Pennin accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:---

Article IX. Section 15. No obligations which have been heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued, by any county or municipality, other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of waterworks, subways, underground rail-ways or street railways, or the ap-purtenances thereof, shall be con-sidered as a debt of a municipality within the meaning of section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania or of this amendment, if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years, either before or after the acquisition thereof, or, where the same is con-structed by the county or municipality, after the completion thereof, shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking-fund charges during said period upon said obliga-tions, or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respecpalities of counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sink-ing-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Con-stitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum, and not exceeding ten per centum, of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein, if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5. ROBERT MCAFEE. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

ways of the Commonwealth. ROBERT MCAFEE,

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

labor. ania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

lows:-

shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens:

ties, cities, townships, wards, bor-oughs, or school districts: 'Changing the names of persons or

"Changing the venue in civil or

'Relating to ferries or bridges, or

GANDIL NOT COSTLY.

Washington's Crack First Backer Has Proved He is Worth \$10,000.

A ball player who can make good for a major league club is cheap at any price. It sounds like an outlay of a small fortune to pay \$10,000 for a player, and yet the price amounts to nothing if the player makes good.

Chick Gandil, for whom Washington paid a small fortune, has proved himself a cheap man for the very good reason that he has proved himself to be one of the best first basemen in the American league. Of course buying players from minor leagues is a gamble, for they do not all make good, but when a club is fortunate enough to pick up a star fi is repaid for years of experimenting and the spending of much money.

After watching Goodil play in fast company for a couple of months one really wonders that he was allowed to stay in a minor league so long. He is a player who has yet to show a weak-There appears to be nothing that he cannot do, and do it well.

CAMERON NOW WRESTLER.

Scotland's Giant Athlete Intends to Go After Mat Honors

A. A. Oumeron, the giant athlete of Scotland, is about to take up wrestling. Cameron until now afmed at excellence in field sports. Having gained all there was to win in that field and being now the holder of fifteen world's pecords, he thinks he might add the wrestling title to his insurels. He is thirty-four years of age.

He is not new at the mat game. He has toured Russia in a wrestling troupe with George Lurich and Aberg and gave the undefeated Padoubny the matrin of his life when the two met in the final of Hengler's London tournsment. Cameron is a man of almost amazing strength.

White Sox's Two Young Stars.

Weaven, the youngster who covers short for the Chicago Americans, is an exceptionally fast man. Comiskey got a good one when he landed him. The same may be said about Rath, the second beseman. Both players are sterfielders, covering lots of ground. ling and they bat well.

BOMBABDIER WELLS, ENGLISH HEAVY-WEIGHT CHAMPION.

The same can be said of a match with Jeannette or, for that matter, with any rugged man capable of withstanding a beating for a few rounds.

It is regrettable that Wells is so incking in endurance. There is no doubt that he is skillful enough to pierce the guard of Johnson, and while his strength lasted he would hit hard enough to trouble the black champion. But Wells is good for only one short spasm. Just why this is so is hard to understand. In build he resembles the lean horse that is supposed to be best id a long race, but in action no fat man could blow up more quickfy. This being so, talk of matching him with Jeannette or Johnson should be drop-

The Harvester May Lose Crown Many horsemen think that The Harvester will not be the holder of the stallion crown when he returns to America from his foreign trip. Colorado E. (2:04%) is picked by many of the light hamness followers to win the honor.

ped.

Fortune Spent at the Olympics. I2 is estimated that from' \$2,000,000 to \$2,500,000 was spent by the twentyseven nations that took part in the Olympic games at Stockholm.

town

"Vacating roads, plats, streets or alleys:

"Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State:

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children: "Locating or changing county-

seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines: 'Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters:

"For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

"Granting divorces: "Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts: "Creating offices, or prescribing

the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts: "Changing the law of descent or

succession "Regulating the practice or juris-

diction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing meth-ods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real

estate: "Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen. justices of the peace, magistrates or

constables: Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repair-ing of school houses and the raising money for such purposes:

'Fixing the rate of interest: "Affecting the estates of minors or

persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

'Remitting fines, penalties and

tion: "Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing.

'Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof:

'Granting to any corporation, asto any corporation, association or inroad track.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT MCAFEE. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A CONCORRENT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to section three of article eight of the Con-

stitution of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Comnonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article

thereof:-Section 2. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows: "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the

courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members

of each House consenting thereto: forfeitures, or refunding moneys leg-ally paid into the treasury: "Exempting property from taxa-year," so as to read:

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the sev-

eral judicial districts, and for county, sociation or individual any special city, ward, borough, and township or exclusive privilege or immunity, or officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal elec dividual the right to lay down a rall-road track. tion day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of Novem-

