

SIRFS AND SONS.

Senator Root has become a New York flat dweller—at \$25,000 a year. The Duke of Sutherland is a skilled motive engineer and could earn a living at the work did he so desire. James Monroe was the first president to wear his own hair exclusively, he having in his time gone out of fashion.

Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire was first a printer and a physician before he took up the work of being elected to the house of senate. Senator La Follette has been a district attorney twice, a representative in congress three times, governor of Wisconsin three times and has been elected to the United States senate twice.

The Writers.

John Uri Lloyd is a pharmacist, a humorist and a novelist. Harry Snowden Stabler, who recently resigned as paying teller of the National Bank of Commerce of Baltimore, devotes his time to literary work, had been with the financial institution since he was nineteen years of age. Gilbert Watson, the author, is a Scotchman, born in Ayrshire. He has been widely, with many experiences, serving as cowboy in New Mexico, shooting bears in the Rockies and others in India. Golf is now his passion instead of hunting.

Animal Oddities.

A single pair of rabbits can multiply four years to 1,250,000. Parrots sometimes hold on to life until they are eighty years old. A proportion to its size a bee is thirty times as strong as a horse. Most spiders have eight eyes, though few species possess six only. The guinea pig holds the odd record of being full grown when only six weeks old. With both the alligator and the crocodile the tail is the most formidable weapon. One stroke may break the legs of a man.

Current Comment.

Wouldn't it be irony, though, if Jack Johnson quit the fight game just as we white hope developed sufficient to whip him?—Atlanta Journal. Meanwhile it would not be a bad idea to begin to think about early Christmas shopping. The early buyer gets the Christmas bargain.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer. A Chicago architect says that the pilot at Washington will not last longer than 500 years. Even at that he shall insist on calling it a permanent structure.—Detroit Free Press.

Short Stories.

Labor is growing dear in Turkey owing to emigration. Statistics show that fully one-third of the marriages among the poorer classes of Japan end in divorce. Although automobile and cycle tires use vast quantities of rubber, greater quantities are used in the boot and shoe industry. The number of passengers transferred from the immigration station on Ellis Island, in New York harbor, to the mainland averages now about 500,000 each year.

Tales of Cities.

Melbourne, Australia, has a population of nearly 600,000. Juarez, Mexico, is the only city in the world that has its parks cared for by women. Men do the work, but they are under the direction of a board of eight women managers. Thorshaven, the capital city of the Faroe Islands, is said to be absolutely treeless. The claim is made that for some reason, perhaps soil conditions, trees absolutely refuse to grow there.

Trust Thrusts.

Dissolving the trusts is much like cutting up the mythical snake, each piece of which became a new serpent.—Baltimore Sun. Penitent trusts crowding toward Uncle Sam's mourners' bench will find only form a line and keep to the aisle and not jostle or jump over the heads.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

College and School.

Europe has 495,451 schools, 1,119,413 teachers and 45,400,000 pupils. Oxford university has three colleges for women; Cambridge has two. Harvard is the oldest college in the United States. It was founded in 1633. New York has two universities, seven colleges for men, two colleges for women, and one college for men and women, in all twelve institutions of higher education, these having 1,506 instructors, and a registration of 11,772 students.

BY THE SHERIFF OF WAYNE COUNTY, A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, by the Election Laws of this Commonwealth, it is made the duty of the High Sheriff of each county to give notice by proclamation of the time and places in such county of holding the general election, in the manner provided by law; Now, therefore, I, M. LEE BRAMAN, High Sheriff of the County of Wayne, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, giving notice to the electors and election officers of the several election districts in said county that a general election will be held in said county on

TUESDAY, NOV. 7, 1911, at the places in the several election districts appointed by law, at which time and places the said electors are by law required to elect the officers hereinafter enumerated—that is to say:

OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED. One person to be Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Judicial district of this Commonwealth. One person to be District Attorney of the County of Wayne. One person to be Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts of the County of Wayne. One person to be Sheriff of the County of Wayne. One person to be Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds of the County of Wayne. One person to be Treasurer of the County of Wayne. One person to be Inspector of Mines in the 8th District. Two persons to be Commissioners of the County of Wayne. Two persons to be Auditors of the County of Wayne. One person to be Coroner of the County of Wayne.

AND WHEREAS by writ of election issued by the Governor of this Commonwealth, I have been commanded that I cause an election to be held in said county on the seventh day of November, 1911, to choose a person to represent the 14th congressional district of this Commonwealth in the Congress of the United States for the remainder of the term expiring March 4, 1913, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of George W. Kipp, congressman from said district, I therefore give notice that at the said time and places the said electors are to vote for

One person to be Representative of the 14th Congressional district of this Commonwealth in the Congress of the United States.

CANDIDATES TO BE VOTED FOR. And I, the said Sheriff, do further give notice that the following list of all the nominations made, as provided by law, to be voted for as aforesaid, has been duly certified to me, viz:

- REPUBLICAN. Representative in Congress WM. D. B. AINEY. Judge of the Courts of Common Pleas ALONZO T. SEARLE, Sheriff THOMAS Y. BOYD, District Attorney MYRON E. SIMONS, Prothonotary and Clerk of Courts WALLACE J. BARNES, Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds W. B. LESHNER, County Treasurer WALTER W. WOOD, Mine Inspector BENJAMIN MAXEY, County Commissioners JOHN MALE, EARL ROCKWELL, County Auditors, WILLIAM O. AVERY, LEROY GILPIN, Coroner, P. B. PETERSON, M. D. DEMOCRATIC. Representative in Congress OSCAR H. ROCKWELL, Judge of the Courts of Common Pleas FRANK C. KIMBLE, Sheriff FRANK C. KIMBLE, District Attorney MYRON E. SIMONS, Prothonotary and Clerk of Courts LEOPOLD FUERTH, Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds FRED SAUNDERS, County Treasurer, ALEXIS P. VOIGT, County Commissioners CHARLES HERMAN, NEVILLE HOLTGATE, County Auditors, EDWIN R. BODIE, JOHN P. FLYNN, Coroner, P. B. PETERSON, M. D. PROHIBITION. Judge of the Courts of Common Pleas ALONZO T. SEARLE, Sheriff GEORGE W. HOWELL, District Attorney MYRON E. SIMONS, Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds IRA W. HINE, County Treasurer ISAAC J. RUTLEDGE, County Commissioners S. K. DILLS, A. S. MARKS, County Auditors PERCY L. CURTIS, J. L. MONINGTON, Coroner ISAAC LOBB, KEYSTONE Judge of the Courts of Common Pleas WILLIAM H. DIMMICK, County Treasurer ALEXIS P. VOIGT.

PLACES OF ELECTION. And I, the said Sheriff, do also hereby make known and give notice that the places at which the electors of the several boroughs, townships and districts within the county of Wayne are to vote at said elections are as follows, to wit:

- The Electors of the township of Berlin residing in Election District No. 1, to meet at the school house at Beech Lake in said district. The Electors of the township of Berlin, residing in Election District No. 2, to meet at Grange Hall in said district. The Electors of the township of Bethany to meet at the Public School house, in said borough. The Electors of the township of Buckingham, in Election District No. 1, to meet at the Starlight School House, in said township. The Electors of the township of Buckingham, residing in Election District No. 2, to meet at the store of John A. Carey, in said township. The Electors of the township of Buckingham, residing in Election District No. 3, in the house of Jos. Layton, Equinunk. The Electors of the township of Canaan to meet at the school house at Waynesville, in said township. The Electors of the township of Cherry Ridge to meet at school house No. 2, at Clark's Corners, in said township. The Electors of the township of Clinton, residing in Election District No. 1, to meet at the Aldenville school building. The Electors of the township of Clinton, residing in Election District No. 2, to meet in store building of George Styles. The Electors of the township of Damascus, residing in Election District No. 1, to meet at Petrick's Hall, Tyler Hill, in said township. The Electors of the township of Damascus, residing in District No. 2, to meet at the house of Volney Skinner, in said township. The Electors of the township of Damascus, residing in Election District No. 3, at Grange Hall, Gallies, in said township. The Electors of the township of Damascus, residing in Election District No. 4, to meet at Gunnip's hall in said district. The Electors of the township of Damascus residing in Election District No. 5, to meet at Boyd's Hall in said district. The Electors of the township of Dreher to meet at the Graded School building in said township. The Electors of the township of Dyberry to meet at the house of Edgar W. Ross in said township. The Electors of the borough of Hawley to meet at Murray's Hall in said borough. The Electors of the borough of Honesdale to meet at the Court House, in said borough. The Electors of the township of Lake to meet at the High School building at Lake Ariel in said township. The Electors of the township of Lebanon to meet at the Rileyville school house in said township. The Electors of the township of Lehigh to meet at Gouldsboro Hall, Gouldsboro, in said township. The Electors of the township of Manchester, residing in Election District No. 1, to meet at the Free Methodist Hall, Equinunk, in said district. The Electors of the township of Manchester, residing in Election District No. 2, to meet at Kellam's Hall, in Little Equinunk, in said district. The Electors of the township of Mt. Pleasant, to meet at Odd Fellows' Hall in said township. The Electors of the township of Oregon to meet at the Tannery school house, in said township. The Electors of the township of Palmyra, to meet at the house of Daniel Cahill, in said township. The Electors of the township of Paupack to meet at Glossinger's Hall, in said township. The Electors of the township of Preston, residing in Election District No. 1, to meet at the house of J. L. Sherwood, in said district. The Electors of the township of Preston, residing in Election District No. 2, to meet at Grange Hall at Hines Corners, in said district. The Electors of the borough of Prompton to meet at the public school house, in said borough. The Electors of the township of Salem to meet at a room in the Odd Fellows' Hall building, in the village of Hamlin, in said township. The Electors of the township of Scott, District No. 1, to meet at the Red Men's Hall, in the village of Sherman, in said township. The Electors of the township of Scott, District No. 2, to meet at the public school house, in Scott Centre, in said township. The Electors of the township of South Canaan, to meet at the Red school house, in said township. The Electors of the township of Starbuck to meet at the Town Hall, in said borough. The Electors of the township of Sterling to meet at the Odd Fellows' Hall, in said township. The Electors of the township of Texas, in Election District No. 1, to meet at the school house in said district. The Electors of the township of Texas, in Election District No. 2, to meet in the building of the Alert Hook and Ladder Company, in said district. The Electors of the township of Texas, in Election District No. 3, to meet at the Florence Theatre, in the village of White Mills, in said district. The Electors of the township of Texas, residing in Election District No. 4, at Chemical Fire Company's Hall, in said district. The Electors of the borough of Waymart to meet at the Town hall, South street, in said borough. LAWS RELATING TO ELECTIONS. And I, the said Sheriff, do further make known and give notice of the following provisions of law relating to said elections: OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS. Constitution of Pennsylvania—Article VIII. Section 1.—Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections: First—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. Third—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. Fourth—If twenty-two years of age, or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county

tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid, at least one month before the election. Section 13.—For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service either civil or military, of this State, or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State, or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student in any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at the public expense nor while confined in a public prison. OF ELECTION OFFICERS. Constitution of Pennsylvania—Art. VIII. Section 14.—District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. Section 15.—No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office, appointment or employment under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or county or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public and persons in military service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled by any election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices below the grade of city or county offices as shall be designated by general law.

ACT OF JUNE 26, 1885, SECTION 10. Every person excepting justices of the peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States of America, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or of common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of the commonwealth, and no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer. ACT 2 JULY, 1839. Section 16. * * * If any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, and qualified voters of the township, ward or district, for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy. ACT 30 JANUARY, 1874. Section 9.—All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act, shall before entering upon their duties be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or an alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. PRIVILEGES OF ELECTORS AND OFFICERS. Constitution of Pennsylvania—ARTICLE VII. Section 5.—Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections and in going to and returning therefrom. Section 14.—Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. OF THE CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS. Act 30 January, 1874. Section 5.—At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m. Section 8.—At the opening of the polls at all elections, it shall be the duty of the judges of elections for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of the voters, and to make the entries therein required by law and it shall be the duty of the other said inspector to receive and number the ballots presented at said election. OF THE ELECTION RETURNS. Act 30 January, 1874. Section 13.—As soon as the polls shall close the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all the said officers and by overseers if any, or if not so certified the overseers and officers refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote as soon as counted, shall be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citi-

zens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officer, and the same votes are counted, and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and sealed in the presence of the officers, and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally papers and oath of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, city or village upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock past meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election deliver said return, together with return sheet to the prothonotary of the county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and the hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. Given under my hand at Honesdale this 29th day of October, 1911, and in the 136th year of the Independence of the United States. M. LEE BRAMAN, Sheriff.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION. Number One. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following: Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law. In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in one several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption. A true copy of Resolution No. 1. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth. Number Two. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the

Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof: Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight. Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows: "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows: "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

H. F. Weaver Architect and Builder Plans & Estimates Furnished Residence, 1302 East St. DIGNITY and CONFIDENCE It is wonderful what an amount of dignity and confidence one gets from the fact that he has a growing bank account. The possession of money you have earned and saved yourself makes you independent mentally as well as in regard to material things. Become a regular depositor in a good, strong, growing institution like the Honesdale Dime Bank We will help you with three per cent. interest. Each new depositor is presented with a useful, as well as ornamental household bank. We make a specialty of loaning money to Wayne county people. Business accounts solicited. Call and see us or you can do your banking with us by mail. Write and we will tell you how. JOS. A. FISCH, Cashier. E. C. MUMFORD, President.

D. & H. CO. TIME TABLE---HONESDALE BRANCH. Table with columns for A.M., P.M., Stations (Albany, Binghamton, Philadelphia, etc.), and times.