

URGES A STRIKE.

Anthracite Miners Cheer McEneny's Advice.

CONTRACTS END NEXT MARCH.

Increase in Wages in Proportion to Higher Cost of Living and Recognition of Union Demanded to Avert Industrial War.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 18.—Mine workers of the anthracite region were advised to strike for higher wages and other concessions when the existing agreement expires next March by President Benjamin McEneny at the annual convention of the Wyoming-Lackawanna district workers here.

Cheered by the delegates, McEneny declared that it is unfair to expect the mine workers' organization to be any longer held responsible for peace in the anthracite region unless it is dealt with as a party to future contracts and is conceded the authority it should have to enforce the observance of contracts that are made.

The mine workers of the district number some 80,000, but the official report showed an average monthly membership of the union in the district during the year of less than 5,800.

SUICIDE TO CHEAT MOB.

Crippled Tramp Shoots Woman and Daughter When Refused Food.

Washington, Pa., July 18.—Failing to get food when he applied to Mrs. Mary Potco of Monongahela, an unknown cripple, hobbling along with a crutch and a wooden leg, suddenly pulled a revolver and, without warning, fired two bullets, striking Mrs. Potco and her daughter Grace, who had run to the door at the first sound of trouble.

Mrs. Potco's scream as she fell brought neighbors to her aid and soon a crowd of men and boys had collected and started after the tramp. As he saw the crowd coming the man ran to the river bank, jumped into a small boat and, at the point of his revolver, commanded the boatman to cast off.

With cries of "Lynch him!" the first of the mob sprang into the water after the fugitive. The tramp threw away his revolver and crutch and sprang from the boat, swam out a short distance and, throwing up his hands, sank.

The body was recovered in a few minutes, but life was extinct. Although the wounds of both Mrs. Potco and her daughter are of a painful nature, both will recover.

BEGIN EXPLOSION PROBE.

Inquest to Learn Cause of Mine Horror Starts Tomorrow.

Dubois, Pa., July 18.—An inquest over the bodies of the twenty-one victims of the explosion in the shaft of the Cascade Coal and Coke company at Sykesville will be held tomorrow by Coroner Sayers. The bodies were not mutilated or burned, and it is evident that they died as the result of after-damp.

G. A. Burrell, the chemist with the bureau of mines car from Pittsburgh took a quantity of blood from the body of each victim and will analyze it for the purpose of determining the number killed by the explosion and the number meeting death by after-damp. Immediately after the removal of the bodies the members of the rescue car went into the mine for the purpose of making an inspection. None of the party would express an opinion regarding the cause of the explosion, but the theory generally accepted on the part of the state inspectors is that the first group of miners found had drilled into a pocket of gas.

READY FOR PARTY MEETING.

Both Factions of the Democrats Open Headquarters at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 18.—Two headquarters of Democratic state committees are open here, and both sides are claiming authority as representatives of the Democracy of Pennsylvania.

James I. Blaklee, who is in charge of the headquarters of the reorganizers, says that the number of bona fide representatives in the state committee meeting to be called to order by George W. Guthrie will be the full eighty-three and that Guthrie will have close to sixty votes, if not more, for re-election. Only the clerks of the old state committee are here, but Arthur G. De Walt and P. Gray Meek, secretary, are expected. Whether the name of James Gay Gordon will be put forward in the meeting of the De Walt faction for national committee man will be determined tomorrow.

EX-SENATOR TERRELL.

His Retirement Places Two Offices at Disposal of Hoke Smith.



Atlanta, Ga., July 18.—Following the refusal of ex-Governor Joseph M. Terrell to serve longer as United States senator and the announced determination of Governor Hoke Smith not to qualify as senator until the regular session of congress in December, resolutions are to be introduced in the legislature today asking Governor Smith to resign at once and go to Washington and qualify as senator, to which position he was chosen last week, defeating Terrell, who was filling the seat of the late Senator Clay.

The resolutions will provoke a bitter debate and Governor Smith will be severely criticised by his enemies and also by some others who voted for him for senator and think he ought to resign as governor and go to Washington and qualify as senator. It is generally believed, however, the resolutions will be defeated if they come to a vote.

WILSON IN WILEY CASE.

Secretary Said to Resent Chemist's Usurpation of Power.

Washington, July 18.—The statement was made at the department of agriculture that Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, had not yet filed with Secretary Wilson his reply to the charges made against him. While it is known that President Taft is anxious to dispose of the case as soon as possible, it is said that he has not directed that Secretary Wilson file his recommendation within any particular time. It is believed, however, that President Taft may pass on the case this week.

Secretary Wilson has dismissed Floyd W. Robinson, an inspector of drugs, for "the good of the service." Robinson is said to have been active with W. Wiley in the benzoinate of soda campaign.

The dismissal of Robinson is taken here as another indication of Secretary Wilson's intention to assert his authority in the department against those who have been riding over him. The chief complaint made against Dr. Wiley's conduct of his office is that he has run his bureau over the heads of his superiors.

Detroit, Mich., July 18.—Dr. Robinson is not in the city and probably will not be for several days. His friends say, however, that he will put up a fight before submitting to his removal.

SENDS PREACHER TO PRISON.

William T. Bidwell Attributes Downfall to Drink.

New York, July 18.—William T. Bidwell, for twelve years a preacher and postmaster at Hardenburg, Ulster county, was arraigned before Judge Archibald in the United States circuit court on the charge of embezzling \$373 of the postoffice funds. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment on Blackwell's island.

Bidwell is a civil war veteran and a jack of all trades. He has been a drummer and a paper hanger, a painter and a preacher. He attributes his downfall to drink.

SEA BIRD AT GIBRALTAR.

Yawl and Three Occupants Cross Atlantic in Thirty-seven Days.

Providence, R. I., July 18.—The twenty-five foot yawl Sea Bird, which sailed from this port June 10, has arrived at Gibraltar. The three yachtsmen, Thomas Fleming Day, Fred B. Thurber and T. E. Goodwin, report having had a pleasant voyage thus far. William H. Thurber of this city received a cable announcing the arrival. It is thirty-seven days since the departure of the little craft.

Gates Shows Improvement. Paris, July 18.—Charles G. Gates says that his father, John W. Gates, who is seriously ill here, shows much improvement and that the family has begun to hop for his ultimate recovery.

CHECK EPIDEMIC.

No New Cases of Cholera at New York Port.

SIX DEATHS FROM DISEASE

Health Officers Anticipate Little Trouble Unless Italian Steamer Due Tomorrow Brings More Cases. Duty Calls Office Probe Unfair.

New York, July 18.—No new cases of cholera have developed either at Swinburne island or among the 263 passengers and the 91 members of the crew of the steamship Perugia, which arrived from Italian ports on Saturday and detained at quarantine.

During Sunday night, however, Francesco Frandi, a fifteen-year-old boy, who was removed to Swinburne island from the steamship Moltke with three other cases in which cholera was suspected, died. This made a total of six fatal cases from the Moltke. The other cases in which cholera was suspected show no alarming symptoms, according to Health Officer Doty, and Dr. Doty and his assistants feel reasonably certain that there will be no further trouble until more ships arrive from Mediterranean ports. None are due until tomorrow.

The Perugia was disinfected under the direction of Dr. Doty and the Italian royal commissioner and was allowed to proceed to her pier.

Dr. Doty will probably appear at the investigation of his office now being conducted by Commissioner Bulger, whose statements concerning the administration of affairs at quarantine after listening to the testimony of a number of immigrants and employees, Dr. Doty says, are unfair and calculated to disturb confidence and discipline at a time when both are badly needed.

FEDERAL AID IN EPIDEMIC.

Surgeon Coffer Ordered to Assist Dr. Doty at New York.

Washington, July 18.—The public health and marine hospital service is to keep an expert consulting physician at the port of New York during the present cholera trouble. This doesn't imply a national quarantine. Three times before the public health service has sent a federal official to New York in time of a threatened epidemic of cholera or the plague. Surgeon Coffer of the public health and marine hospital service, who has already been in New York recently to confer with Dr. A. H. Doty, health officer of that port, will probably be returned to New York to remain there while the cholera scare persists.

The chief danger to this country lies in the spreading of the disease through bacilli carriers, persons carrying cholera vibrios intestinally and yet show no signs of the disease.

Taft's Paper Prints It.

President's Brother Not Worried by Garfield Boom.

Cincinnati, July 18.—Charles P. Taft's newspaper prints the Washington story of an alleged program to boom James R. Garfield as Ohio's Republican candidate for the presidency in the following dispatch from Washington:

"James Rudolph Garfield of Cleveland has decided to become the favorite son of Ohio, according to a lengthy article appearing in the Washington Evening Times, which he refuses to affirm or deny. It is declared that Senator La Follette and several kindred spirits have decided on Garfield as the man who will undertake the task of securing a part of the delegation from Ohio to the Republican national convention. He is expected to oppose Senator Burton and secure a small number of the delegates. The story is not accorded much credence in political circles."

COMMON SENSE REFORM.

Memphis Mayor Fighting Gambling. Favors Toilers' Sunday Amusements.

Memphis, Tenn., July 18.—Starting a crusade which was termed "Common Sense Reform," the city administration, headed by the so-called "boy mayor," Edwin Crump, raided several locations where gambling was supposed to be flourishing. "Gambling must cease," said Mayor Crump. "The workingman must not be blamed though for demanding his innocent amusement on Sunday, and I believe decently conducted amusements, especially in the open, are good for the soul and just what everybody who can't attend in week time needs."

HERE'S A LAWFUL TRUST.

Texas Town Gives Cripple Monopoly on Peanut Business.

Bonham, Tex., July 18.—The city council has passed an ordinance providing that no one may sell peanuts on the streets of Bonham until he has suffered the amputation of both legs. The purpose of the ordinance is to permit an aged negro who has lost both legs to "freeze out" all able-bodied competitors in the peanut selling line.

Weather Probabilities. Fair; not much change in temperature today and probably tomorrow; light variable winds, mostly westerly.

SENATOR GALLINGER.

Sorrow and Old Age Force His Retirement From the Senate.



Photo by American Press Association.

Concord, N. H., July 18.—Senator Jacob H. Gallinger may never return to Washington again. It is said that he will not participate in the deliberations of the present congress.

The reason given is that the deaths in his family have made him undecided as to the future. One after another his wife and three of their four children have died. He is in his seventy-fifth year and is practically alone, his surviving daughter living at Brookline, Mass. Senator Gallinger's second son, Dr. Ralph E. Gallinger, recently was killed in an automobile accident.

ANSWER THESE, SAYS BRYAN.

Thirteen Questions Are Asked of Democratic Presidential Candidates.

Omaha, Neb., July 18.—Every aspirant for the presidency is going on record on all the great questions of the day if W. J. Bryan can force him to do so. Bryan has propounded thirteen questions which he wants all candidates for the Democratic nomination to answer. These are the questions: "Do you favor a tariff for revenue only?"

"Do you favor free raw material and the placing of a revenue duty on only manufactured goods?"

"Do you believe that in the revision of the tariff the element of protection should be given consideration?"

"Do you believe the three branches of the government are co-ordinate and that each should keep within its constitutional sphere?"

"Do you approve of the recent Standard Oil decision wherein the supreme court 'legislated' the word 'unreasonable' into the Sherman antitrust law?"

"Do you favor the repeal of the criminal clause of the antitrust law or believe congress should make it clear that all restraint of trade is unreasonable?"

"Do you favor popular election of senators?"

"Do you favor the income tax?"

"Do you believe it is the duty of American people to promise independence to the Philippine Islands immediately and give it to them in the same way it was given to the Cubans?"

"Do you believe in publicity of campaign contributions?"

"Are you willing that the source of every dollar of the campaign fund be made public?"

"Do you favor support of state governments in all their rights?"

"Do you indorse the labor planks of 1908, strict regulation of railroads or the Aldrich currency plan?"

AFFLICTED SEEK A CURE.

Novena of St. Ann Expected to Attract Thousands.

New York, July 18.—The novena of St. Ann has begun at the Church of St. John the Baptist, in East Eighty-sixth street. The weather is such that few people afflicted by illness or disease have sought the favor of the relic of St. Ann, a portion of the small bones of her wrist.

It is expected that the church will be crowded next Sunday evening by those who hope to win the favor of the saint. The relic may be applied any day during the novena, but the greatest outpouring comes always in the closing days of the period.

Market Reports.

BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 6,156 cases; creamery, specials, per lb., 25c; extras, 25c; thirds to firsts, 18c-22c; state dairy, common to prime, 18c-20c; process, seconds to specials, 17c-21c; factory, current make, 16c-19c; packing stock, 15c-18c. CHEESE—Steady; receipts, 1,264 boxes. EGGS—Strong on high grades; low grades demoralized; receipts, 13,578 cases; fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 22c-24c; extra firsts, 18c-19c; firsts, 15c-17c; seconds, 12c-14c; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, henney, whites, 22c-24c; gathered, whites, 21c-22c; henney, browns, 22c-24c; gathered, browns and mixed, 19c-21c. POTATOES—New steady; Jersey, per bag, No. 1, \$2.25-2.50; southern, No. 1, per bbl., \$3.50-4.00; second, \$1.50-2.00. HAY AND STRAW—Steady; prices unchanged.

WANT PUBLICITY.

Senate Passes Bill to Publish Election Expenses.

Senator Reed of Missouri Offers an Amendment to Limit Candidates Expenses to Ten Cents a Vote. Measure Goes to Conference.

Washington, July 18.—The senate amended and passed the bill providing for publicity of contributions to and expenses in political campaigns. The bill in its present form provides for publicity not only before and after elections, but in the case of primary as well as general elections. It applies both to candidates for the United States senate and nominees for the house of representatives.

The bill has been passed by the house and will now go to conference. The present publicity law provides only for a statement of expenditures after elections and does not apply to candidates for the senate.

Senator Lodge was responsible for bringing the bill up. The senate was proceeding with the calendar in the course of the usual business when the publicity bill was reached. Senator Burton asked that the bill go over, pointing out that Senator Dillingham, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, was absent, but Senator Lodge insisted on action and finally made a motion to proceed to the consideration of the bill, which prevailed.

The consideration of the measure occupied more than six hours. Senator Sutherland of Utah took charge of the bill in the absence of Chairman Dillingham and led the fight for it. The only roll call vote was on the amendments made by the senate in the bill as it came from the house. These amendments were adopted by the decisive vote of 50 to 7. The vote was as follows: Yeas—Republicans: Borah, Bourne, Bradley, Brandegee, Bristow, Brown, Burnham, Burton, Clapp, Clark (Wyo.), Crawford, Cullom, Cummins, Dillingham, Dixon, Gambia, Heyburn, La Follette, Lippitt, Lodge, McLean, Nelson, Oliver, Page, Perkins, Root, Smith (Mich.), Smoot, Sutherland, Townsend, Warren, Wetmore and Works—33. Democrats: Chamberlain, Chilton, Foster, Gore, Hitchcock, Johnson, Kern, Martin, Martine, Myers, Owen, Pomerene, Reed, Shively, Simmons, Swanson and Thornton—17. Total, 50.

Nays—Bacon, Bailey, Bankhead, Bryan, Johnston, Overman and Taylor—7.

The house bill was materially amended by the senate. One of the amendments adopted extends the law to cover the full publicity contributions and expenses at primary elections as well as general elections and for publicity before and after elections. This amendment was drawn up by a subcommittee composed of Senators Kern and Kenyon after a very full discussion in the full committee on privileges and elections.

An amendment offered by Senator Reed of Missouri, which was accepted by Senator Sutherland, in charge of the bill, aroused much interest. It seeks to put a limitation on the amount of money that any candidate for senator or representative may expend and in other ways broadens the scope of the bill. The Reed amendment enacts that the total amount of money expended by any candidate to influence an election shall not exceed 10 cents for each voter and that he shall not be permitted to expend a sum in excess of what is lawfully allowed by the legislature of the state in which he is a candidate, that a candidate for United States senator shall not contribute any money in aid of the election of a member of the legislature of his own state and that in no event shall a candidate for the United States senate expend more than \$10,000 or a candidate for the house more than \$5,000 to influence his election.

State Engineers. State Highway Commissioner E. M. Bigelow has announced the following appointments as assistant engineers in the state highway department: George H. Biles, E. D. Jarrett, A. S. Clay and J. G. Anderson, of Philadelphia; D. T. Gephart, Lancaster; H. W. Claybaugh, Fayette; Warren F. Cressman, Bucks; C. S. Lemon, Blair; Stuart W. Jackson, Crawford; O. K. Haylor, Washington. The additional five appointments as assistant engineers will be made later. It is likely that a number of other appointments, including the second deputy, will be named within a few days.

THE NEW LONG MODELS IN late style corsets can be bought at Menner & Co's store in leading makes. 47col4.

Financial Report of the Honesdale School District

to July 1, 1911.

Table with columns for GENERAL FUND, CR, and SINKING FUND. Rows include items like Balance June 25, 1910, Collectors, Tuition, and various expenses.