

EACH WANTS HONOR

Both Girls In Stokes Shooting Say They Did It.

BULLET HOLE IN HAT HE WORE

On Their Failure to Raise \$25,000 Ball Each Both Young Women Are Remanded to Tombs to Await Condition of Millionaire Victim.

New York, June 13.—A new development in the shooting of W. E. D. Stokes, owner of the Ansonia hotel, last Wednesday by the two young women, Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad, now under arrest, just given out by the police, is to the effect that they have Stokes' soft plush Alpine hat in their possession and that there is a bullet hole in the left rim.

The hat, which was found in the women's apartment after the shooting and immediately secreted by the police, is of the so called swag sort, the rim being turned up on one side and down on the other. It was through the turned down rim that the bullets passed.

The police say that the revolvers were purchased by the girls on the afternoon of May 31. That morning, they say, Miss Conrad called upon Stokes and secured a letter of introduction to the editor of the Evening Mail.

Magistrate Freschi demanded a new affidavit when the women were arraigned in the west side police court. Policeman Tully, who arrested them, put in the affidavit that Stokes had told him immediately after the shooting and the statements by the two girls, Lillian Graham having admitted, "Oh, yes, I shot him," and Ethel Conrad's contradiction, "Oh, Lillian, you didn't shoot him; I shot him."

In ordering this superseding complaint the magistrate asked if the charge couldn't be changed from attempted murder to felonious assault.

"Oh, no, your honor," Lawyer McManus, for Stokes, objected. "It was plainly an effort to kill. These two women fired point blank at Mr. Stokes, and it was only his activity in grasping the pistols that prevented his being killed. As it is, there is a bullet hole in the jacket worn by Mr. Stokes just at the point of the stomach. These women were armed with guns and intended murder."

The two defendants were quite chipper, despite their imprisonment since Wednesday night. They were unable to raise \$25,000 ball apiece and were sent back to the Tombs.

CONFESSES TO WIFE MURDER

Maine Farmer Tells Details of Crime He Was Accused Of.

Farmington, Me., June 13.—Marshall Taylor of Fremam, who was arrested Monday following the discovery of the body of his murdered wife buried in a shallow grave behind the house, has confessed that he committed the crime. Taylor gave the details to the county authorities after he had broken down under their close questioning. He said that he killed his wife on the night of May 12 and buried the body almost immediately in a trench he dug almost on the spot where she fell. Taylor said that he had frequently quarreled with his wife and determined to rid himself of her.

BOND FOR YOUNG FIGHTER.

Frank Burke Is Released After Telling of Opponent's Death.

New York, June 13.—Frank Burke, the sixteen-year-old boy who killed his playmate, James W. Smith, in a fist fight Sunday over a game of "cat," was arraigned on a charge of homicide before Coroner Feinberg and was released under \$1,000 bail.

He carried himself so manfully that the coroner decided to release him under bond and allowed him to sit in the office instead of being locked up while a bondsman was procured and the bond written. The boy's mother was with him and took him home after his release.

HITS AT EXPRESS COMPANIES

Senator Kenyon's Bill Will Permit New Postal Ruling.

Washington, June 13.—Senator Kenyon has introduced in the senate a bill to amend the law relating to the carriage of mails so as to restore to the government its monopoly of carriage of packets and all mailable matter up to four pounds. The government would have this monopoly under the law as it now exists if in the past the postoffice department had not construed the word "packet" to mean only a packet of letters.

Senator Kenyon's bill would give to the government the unquestioned monopoly over this business and would prevent the express companies from carrying any mailable matter up to four pounds in weight.

BAR CORONATION FLIGHTS.

English Home Office Warns Aviators Not to Try Counter Attractions.

London, June 13.—The home office has issued a notice warning aviators against attempting to make spectacular flights over the city during the coronation.

The notice warns aviators that the penalty for such flights, if tried, shall be a fine of \$1,000 or six months in prison, or both, if the attempt at flying is made on June 22 or 23, which are the two big days of the approaching coronation.

DIRECT VOTE WINS

Senate Adopts Resolution For Elections by People.

SOUTHERNERS OPPOSED IT.

Proposition to Amend United States Constitution to Allow Voters to Elect Senators Now Goes to States For Ratification.



Photo by Clineinst.

Washington, June 13.—So carefully guarded were the operations of the American Sugar Refining company up to less than two years ago, E. F. Atkins, vice president and acting head of the corporation, told the special "sugar trust" investigating committee of the house in answer to a question by Representative Madison that stockholders were accorded no information as to how the company was being conducted.

The conditions grew so onerous, the witness said, that the New England stockholders combined and obtained control. When they did so in 1910 they discovered to their astonishment that H. O. Havemeyer, the presiding genius of the organization, had maintained his supremacy with only 2,000 shares of stock.

The holdings of Mr. Havemeyer at the time of his death, Mr. Atkins said, were valued at about \$200,000 of a total of \$90,000,000 in the American Sugar Refining company. "This was a surprising discovery," he declared. "It had been generally supposed that Mr. Havemeyer owned the greater part of the stock."

DANCING MASTERS MEET.

At Asbury Park They Are Exploiting New Society Steps.

Asbury Park, N. J., June 13.—Dancing masters and dance hall critics in Asbury Park divide attention of the public, and the two are running counter attractions, the dancing masters at the Brunswick casino and the critics in the local newspapers. Thus far the dance excitement has been confined to the critics, but the dancing masters have opened up a six days' session, during which they will demonstrate that dancing is a fine art, while the critics, if there are any left, will be driven to cover and put on the defensive.

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CHILDREN RECITE.

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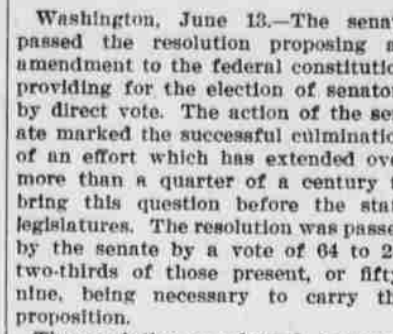


Photo by Clineinst.

Washington, June 13.—The senate passed the resolution proposing an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of senators by direct vote. The action of the senate marked the successful culmination of an effort which has extended over more than a quarter of a century to bring this question before the state legislatures. The resolution was passed by the senate by a vote of 64 to 24, two-thirds of those present, or fifty-nine, being necessary to carry the proposition.

The resolution as adopted, however, carried with it the so called Bristow amendment, which will necessitate its return to the house of representatives, which had already passed it. If the house acts favorably upon the resolution in its amended form, which seems likely, it will go to the states for ratification as an amendment to the United States constitution.

The Bristow amendment retains to the federal government power over the manner, time and place of holding elections for United States senators. The southerners opposed the amendment on the ground that it would give the federal government power to interfere with the so called "grandfather clauses" of the constitutions of the southern states. The vote on the Bristow amendment was the 44-44 and Vice President Sherman cast the vote which tacked the amendment to the resolution. Upon the vice president may eventually rest the responsibility for the failure of the resolution, for southern senators declared that it would never be accepted in its present form by the legislatures of southern states.

These are the senators who voted against the resolution on the final passage: Bacon, Bankhead, Brandegee, Burnham, Crane, Dillingham, Fletcher, Foster, Gallinger, Heyburn, Johnston, Lippitt, Lodge, Lorimer, Oliver, Page, Penrose, Percy, Richardson, Root, Smoot, Torrell, Williams and Wetmore.

LORIMER SUBPOENAS OUT.

Chicago Witnesses Wanted in New Investigation.

Washington, June 13.—Subpoenas for some prominent men to testify here in the new Lorimer investigation have been issued and a special officer is in Chicago to serve them.

It is understood that among the men to be called are Lee O'Neil Browne, Democratic leader in the Illinois house; Edward Hines, president of the Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago, and Edward Tilden, whose name was connected with an alleged \$100,000 Lorimer fund.

Also Clarence S. Funk, an officer of the International Harvester company, whose disclosure of an attempt to get his corporation subscribe to the alleged fund was a feature of the investigation by the Illinois senate.

The Lorimer committee has not fixed a day for hearings to begin.

PLANS ITS REORGANIZATION.

American Tobacco Company Attorneys Confer With Wickersham.

Washington, June 13.—Delancey Nicolai and W. W. Fuller, attorneys for the American Tobacco company, have laid before Attorney General Wickersham plans for a tentative reorganization of the company as affected by the United States supreme court decision.

Neither the lawyers nor the attorney general would discuss their conference, but there is considerable significance in the fact that if the government approves the plan the tobacco people will be fortified to that extent in laying it before the circuit court of appeals, which has the reorganization of the tobacco company under its charge.

FREE ON MURDER CHARGE.

Scheib, However, Is Held by Employer For Joy Riding.

New York, June 13.—Harry A. Scheib, the chauffeur who had been held since May 29 for the death of his wife, Lillian O'Grady Scheib, whose body was found in the bathroom of their flat at 511 East Seventy-eighth street, was discharged from custody by Magistrate Corrigan.

He was again arrested upon the charge of taking the automobile of his employer without permission, which constitutes grand larceny.

Forest Fire Near Deadwood.

Deadwood, S. D., June 13.—A serious forest fire is burning twenty miles south of here, and the forestry department has sent a special train with fifty fire fighters to the scene.

Selling Rothschild Jewels.

Paris, June 13.—The first day of the sale of the collection of ivories and jewelry of Baron Carl Mayer de Rothschild brought a total of \$1,120,155 francs, or \$242,031.

IN PERJURY PLOT

Made Evidence to Win \$25,000 Damage Suit.

AN ACCOMPLICE CONFESSES.

Trial of Philadelphia Painter to Motor Company Ends in Conviction. Sentence Deferred to Await Motion For New Trial on Charge.

Philadelphia, June 13.—As a result of his attempt to obtain damages from the Bergdoll Motor company by the introduction of fraudulent testimony at the trial of the case before Judge Martin in common pleas court last month, David H. C. Warren, a painter, was convicted before Judge Davis in quarter sessions court of subornation of perjury. Sentence was deferred until the motion which was made for a new trial be disposed of.

The discovery of the attempt to suborn the Bergdoll company brought the damage suit to a sudden close. Judge Martin throwing Warren's case out of court. Warren said he had received injuries by being struck by a Bergdoll taxicab at Broad and Arch streets on Feb. 9, 1909. He sued for \$25,000 damages.

Warren's undoing was brought about by the confession of Harry Bradley, a former employee of his, made to Arno P. Morwitz, counsel for the Bergdoll company. Bradley told the attorney that he was in a scheme to extort damages from the Bergdoll company and that his part in the conspiracy was to obtain as many witnesses as would for a money consideration testify that they were eye witnesses to the accident to Warren.

Morwitz employed John A. Stephan, a private detective, who by a prearranged plan met Warren in Logan square and apparently fell in with the scheme. Stephan was taken to the office of a lawyer who was counsel for Warren in the damage suit. Warren offered Stephan \$50 to give perjured testimony.

After his arrest Warren went to the home of Mr. Morwitz and offered "to lay bare the entire plot and tell who was back of it" if the attorney would intercede to secure him his liberty. This Mr. Morwitz refused to do.

STORM KILLS THREE.

At Allentown, Pa., Lightning Also Did Much Damage.

Allentown, Pa., June 13.—Three men were killed and damage was inflicted amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars in a cloudburst that hit Allentown last night.

"Chain lightning" that blinded the onlookers was accompanied by terrifying thunder. A gale that rose to seventy miles an hour blew down trees by the hundreds in every part of the city. The trees tore down electric lights and trolley wires.

At Tenth and Union streets lightning struck a tree which fell on a house in which Mrs. Carrie Allender conducted a hotel. One side of the house was built of corrugated iron. A high tension wire carrying 13,000 volts fell against the iron side of the house. Two men in the house, Hannibal Dotterer and Irvin Cackebach, were electrocuted and Mrs. Alexander shocked into insensibility. John Wagner, a friend of the men killed, rushed into the house in a heroic effort to rescue them. As he touched Dotterer's body he was shocked unconscious and he died as he was being carried into a house across the street.

BREAKING BALDWIN STRIKE.

About 2,000 of 10,000 Men Return to Work.

Philadelphia, June 13.—The attempt of the management of the Baldwin Locomotive works, where a strike began last week, to resume work in all departments met with only partial success. It is estimated that only about 2,000 men out of 10,000 reported for work. The departments closed are the boiler, flange, paint and flue shops. The machine shop is working almost normal.

HUNTINGDON BANK CLOSES.

Private Institution in Central Part of State Suspends.

Huntingdon, Pa., June 13.—The Huntingdon bank, a private concern owned by the estate of its late cashier, C. H. Glazier, has closed its doors.

Since the death of Mr. Glazier the depositors have been steadily withdrawing their accounts, and this, in addition to the fact that the bank's funds are largely invested in the bonds of the Incomplete Raystown Water and Power company, was responsible for the bank's suspension.

Heavy Wind in Philadelphia.

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THINNEST MAN MARRIES.

There occurred a marriage in Chicago last Thursday in which it is claimed the thinnest man in the world took to himself a wife. The man, whose name is Arthur Atherton, aged 24 years, height five feet, only weighed 38 pounds. His bride, Blanche Buckley, aged 19 years, weighs 136 pounds.

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TO TAX POOL ROOMS.

Poolrooms must now pay an annual tax to the State. Under the new law an applicant for a license to operate a pool room must have the indorsement of fifteen citizens, who will testify to his good reputation and moral character. The operation of a single pool table will be taxed at the rate of \$25 per annum, and \$15 additional will be charged for each extra table.