

QUEER DOCUMENT FLOATING ABOUT

Newspapers of United States Publishing What Purports to Be Sacred Writ.

Papers throughout the United States are printing what purports to be a letter written by Christ. In this letter was an injunction that it should be published to the world by whoever found it, together with the statement that misfortune and bad luck would follow the person having possession of it, in the event that it was not given publicity.

According to the history of the letter, it was written by Christ just after his crucifixion, signed by the Angel Gabriel, ninety-nine years after the Savior's birth and presumably deposited by him under a stone at the foot of the cross.

"Whoever works on the Sabbath day shall be cursed. I command you to go to church and keep holy the Lord's day, without any manner of work. You shall not idle or mispend your time in bedecking yourselves in superfluities of costly apparel and vain dressing, for I have ordered it a day of rest. I will have that day kept holy that your sins may be forgiven you.

"You will not break my commandments, but observe and keep them, they being written by my hand and spoken from my mouth. You shall not only go to church yourselves, but also your man servant and maid servant. Observe my words and learn my commandments.

"You shall finish your work every Saturday at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour the preparation for the Sabbath begins. I advise you to fast five days in the year, beginning on Good Friday and continuing the five days following, in remembrance of the five bloody wounds I received for you and mankind.

"You shall love one another and them that are not baptized to come to church and receive the holy sacrament, that is to say, baptism, and the supper of the Lord, and be made a member thereof, and in so doing I will give you long life and many blessings. Your land shall be replenished and bring forth abundance, and I will comfort you in the greatest temptation, and surely he that doeth to the contrary shall be cursed.

"I will also send hardness of the heart on them, and especially on hardened and unpenitent unbelievers. He that hath given to the poor shall find it profitable.

"Remember to keep the Sabbath day for the seventh day I have taken as a resting day to myself.

"And he that hath a copy of this letter written by my own hand and spoken by my own mouth and kept it without publishing it to others, shall not prosper, but he that publisheth it to others shall be blessed by me, and if their sins be as many as the stars by night, and if they truly believe they shall be pardoned, and they that believe not this writing and my commandments will have my plagues upon you and will be consumed with your children, goods and cattle and all other worldly enjoyments that I have given you. Do but once think of what I have suffered for you. If you do, it will be well for you in this world and in the world which is to come.

"Whoever shall have a copy of this letter and keep it in their house nothing shall hurt them, neither pestilence, thunder nor lightning, and if any woman be in birth and put her trust in me, she shall be delivered of her child. You shall hear no more news of me except through the holy scriptures, until the day of judgment. All goodness and prosperity shall be in the house where a copy of this letter shall be found. Finished."

The story goes that the little child who found it passed it to one who became a convert to the Christian faith. He failed to have the letter published. He kept it, however, as a sacred memento of Christ, and it passed to different generations of his family for more than 1,000 years.

During this period the family suffered repeated misfortunes, according to the Altoona Mirror, and migrated to different countries, until finally one of them came to America, bringing the letter with them. They settled in Virginia, then moved farther south, still followed by misfortune, when finally the last member, a daughter, approached her death bed and called a neighbor, Mrs. Thompson, giving her the letter, and related its history for more than a thousand years. The Thompson woman began the attempt to have it published and it first appeared in the Dalton, Ga., Citizen, and Mrs. Wortman, now living in Marion, Ind., clipped it and kept it in her possession for many years without an effort to have it published. She was followed by many misfortunes, which she attributed to her neglect in trying to have the letter published. Mrs. Ruby Crutchfield of Frezavant, Tenn., also had a copy and failed to make an effort to have it published for three years, and was followed by a varied lot of misfortune, which she attributed to the fact of her neglect in this respect.

The Citizen has a bright bunch of correspondents. Read their letters.

DEMONSTRATION WORK IN PENNSYLVANIA

The Demonstration Orchard Work under the direction of Prof. H. A. Surface, is progressing rapidly in every county, notwithstanding the inclement weather. During the past month the inspectors traveled, according to special engagements with private orchard owners, throughout the orchards, showing the owners how to prune and spray and how to make the boiled lime-sulphur solution, which is the best and cheapest material to use for the San Jose scale on any and all plants while dormant.

While these meetings are for the personal benefit of the orchard owner, and are very helpful and highly appreciated, they are also frequently attended by very large and interested audiences of visitors, who are especially invited by the owners.

Over fifteen hundred requests for this personal supervision work have been received by Professor Surface, and he says that all will receive full attention just as soon as he has enough trained men to give the services needed.

It is the desire of the State Zoologist to have funds enough to station a thoroughly competent person in each county as Consulting Agent for the suppression of pests. This will speedily result in the production of more perfect and more valuable crops, and will effect not only a saving of millions of dollars to the agricultural people, but will also put Pennsylvania squarely at the head of the list of fruit producing States.

During the next five weeks a campaign of education will be carried on by inspectors and Demonstrators of the Division of Zoology. Public meetings will be held in the orchards of private individuals and public institutions where the Division maintains demonstration stations or "Model Orchards." Of these there are about 250 now in charge of the Division. A plot of fruit trees is being treated in each of these orchards according to the most approved methods of horticulture, and results are shown to all who care to come to see them. Lectures will be delivered, and actual work done by the agents of the Division, questions answered and specimens identified. The public are cordially invited to attend the meetings held during the coming week on the premises of the following persons on dates set opposite their names:

- H. L. Shelly, Quakertown, Bucks county, March 13.
H. T. Adams, Kellers Church, Bucks county, March 15.
School of Horticulture for Women, Ambler, Montgomery county, March 16.
O. D. Nathans, Centre Bridge, Bucks county, March 18.
J. O. Eisenhower, Myerstown, Lebanon county, March 13.
James M. Gohn, Onset, Lebanon county, March 14.
Edw. P. Berkheliser, Summit Station, Schuylkill county, March 16.
M. M. Shellhamer, Chain, Schuylkill county, March 18.
P. M. Kilmer, Killmer, Juniata county, March 13.
Wilbar D. Keemer, E. Waterford, Juniata county, March 14.
William P. Woods, Lewistown, Mifflin county, March 16.
D. O. Saylor, Todd, Huntingdon county, March 17.
Wm. H. Schweitzer, Stewartstown, York county, March 13.
George Oyer, Gettysburg, Adams county, March 15.
George F. Sites, Fairfield, Adams county, March 17.

What To Do With Pruned Brush. Many inquiries are sent to State Zoologist Surface, Harrisburg, concerning the necessary treatment of brush to prevent the spread of insects after pruning. His general reply is as follows:

It is not necessary to gather and burn brush from trees infested with scale insects of any kind in order to prevent the spread of the pests as they do not spread from the falling brush, but it is very important to cut carefully all twigs and limbs on plum and cherry trees which contain black knots and thus show they are injured by the fungous disease known as Black Knot. The freshly cut stubs should be washed with an antiseptic like lime-sulphur, or be painted, and the pruning instruments should be washed with lime-sulphur to prevent carrying the disease from one tree to another.

All blighted parts on apple, pear and quince trees should be cut out and removed with care, and burned at the first opportunity. The blight which is properly called pear blight, and commonly known by the various names of black blight, twig blight, body blight, bark blight, trunk blight, and black flag is due to a bacterial disease beneath the bark, and is not to be reached by spray liquids. To cut out the diseased parts and let them remain in the

Chorus Girls in "The College Girl" at the Lyric Monday, March 20th.



orchard means to subject the living trees to danger of reinfection.

The best possible treatment for brush is to trim out all that is large enough and use for boiling the Lime-sulphur for spraying and put the finer brush in ditches or places where washes are starting. If there be no ditches to fill pile the fine brush in small piles in open places in the orchard and burn them at the time when you are sure the wind will carry the heat away from the trees. Many trees are carelessly injured by burning brush too near them.

OUR COMMON RIGHT.

My son, there are so many things you have no right to be, I point them out to you as once they snowed them unto me; You have no right to be a thief of others' happiness. By taking for your own what makes another's portion less. You have no right to be a fool and walk in pain and night. When all around you wisdom lies in splendor and in light.

You have no right to be a knave at anyone's expense. Nor take advantage of the weak because they have no sense; You have no right to grind your ax at grindstones some one turns. Because another gets the cream that his own hardship earns; You have no right to spurn a friend whose use to you may fail; You have no right to sail your ship by some one else's sail.

You have no right to be so mean, if by some chance you won A fortune from the help of toil, to see that help undone. And buy immunity far on in other years from fate a man!

By giving now and then a dime to beggars at your gate; You have no right to be a sneak in any form or kind. For one can be as much a sneak in morals as in mind.

You have no right to lose your sense of righteousness in zeal. To make your dreams of power and fame and sordid fancies real; You have no right to all these things of which I speak so plain. To cause a tear or make a wound or give another pain;

But one thing is our common right, according to God's plan, And that is left you still, my son—the right to be a man! —Baltimore Sun.

Tipping.

His bath was prepared when he rose in the morn, So he gave up a tip. He got his shoes shined and the boy struck his corn— But he gave up a tip. He went to be shaved and the man cut his chin. And talked to him, too, with an onion-breath grin. While telling which ball team next season would win— But he gave up a tip. The waiter was slow and his coffee was cold. But he gave up a tip; The boy brushed his hat till it looked worn and old. But he gave up a tip. The caddy almost made him miss the last train. And if this had happened his trip had been in vain; The thoughts that he had almost curdled his brain— But he gave up a tip. The porter was rude and half made up his berth. But he gave up a tip; The dining car stung him for all he was worth. But he gave up a tip. A boy came and grabbed his valise from his hand. And walked with it up to the taxi-cab stand— He knew the maneuver was carefully planned. But he gave up a tip. O, why go ahead with the tale of his life? Why go on with each tip? He got so each time he was kissed by his wife. He would give up a tip. His children, likewise, knew if they would be good. They could work their poor dad as they properly should— It was perfectly, absolutely understood. He would give up a tip. He lay down in bed and was sick up to death. But he thought of the tip. The doctor and nurse measured every breath— And he gave up a tip. His funeral hadn't gone more than a mile. Till he lifted the lid with a pardon-me-smile. And called the embalmer and stopped things the while. He produced his last tip. —Chicago Post.

Lotteries Furnish Revenue. Lotteries are operated in all important towns and cities of the Dominion Republic. In many of the larger cities there are from two to five, practically all under municipal supervision. Seventy per cent must be given in prizes, 5 per cent goes for streets and roads, and the rest, less expenses, is divided among the public hospitals, schools, fire departments and charities.

IT GROWS HAIR.

Here Are Facts We Want You to Prove at Our Risk.

Marvelous as it may seem, Rexall "93" Hair Tonic has grown hair on heads that were once bald. Of course, in none of these cases were the hair roots dead, nor had the scalp taken on a glazed, shiny appearance.

Rexall "93" Hair Tonic acts scientifically, destroying the germs which are usually responsible for baldness. It penetrates to the roots of the hair, stimulating and nourishing them. It is a most pleasant toilet necessity, is delicately perfumed, and will not gum or permanently stain the hair.

We want you to get a bottle of Rexall "93" Hair Tonic and use it as directed. If it does not relieve scalp irritation, remove dandruff, prevent the hair from falling out and promote an increased growth of hair, and in every way give entire satisfaction, simply come back and tell us, and without question or formality we will hand back to you every penny you paid us for it. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store.

A. M. LEINE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN BANKRUPTCY.

By virtue of an order of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania the undersigned, Trustee in Bankruptcy of P. Korff & Company, will sell at public sale at the Court House in HONESDALE, PA., at 2 o'clock p. m., on

MONDAY, APRIL 10, 1911, all those three pieces or parcels of land situate in the township of Texas, County of Wayne, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

THE FIRST—Beginning at a post on the berme shore of the Delaware and Hudson Canal on an extension westward of the line of survey for the public road leading from Bethany and Dingman's Choice Turnpike road to Holbert's Creek; thence along the said land of survey which is to be the middle of said road north 69 degrees east 13 1/2 rods to a post and stones corner; thence by land conveyed to Ephraim White and other lands now or formerly owned by Lord and Tracy, south 33 3/4 degrees east 24 and 6-10 rods to a small maple corner; thence south 6 degrees east 23 rods to a post and stones corner on the eastern side of aforesaid turnpike; thence along the eastern side thereof north 18 degrees west 22 rods to a post and stones corner on the southern side of Carley Brook, the last mentioned being the eastern side of the public highway on Bethany & Dingmans Choice turnpike road; thence south 72 degrees west crossing said turnpike road 2 rods to a post corner on the berme shore of said canal; thence along the same the several courses and distances contained to the place of beginning. Containing 6 acres and 50 perches, more or less.

THE SECOND—Beginning at a corner of land sold by Wm. H. Dimmick to Jas. M. Brookfield on the southern shore of the Carley Brook and on the berme shore of the Delaware & Hudson Canal; thence by the same land north 72 degrees east 2 rods to a corner in the Delaware and Honesdale plank road; thence along said plank road by lands of said James M. Brookfield, John Sayre, Dennis Baxter and others south 18 degrees east 22 rods and south 14 degrees 25 and 66-100 rods to the corner of land now or formerly owned by Jas. Rutherford; thence by the said lands south 76 degrees west 3 1/2 rods to the berme shore of said canal and thence along the said berme shore northward the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning, be the quantity more or less.

THE THIRD—Beginning 37 and 8-10 rods south of the north line of the Indian Orchard tract as a stake in the center of the Bethany and Dingmans Choice turnpike road; thence north 81 degrees east 7 and 4-100 rods adjoining lands now or formerly of Geo. H. Cottage alley; thence along the western line of said alley 8 rods to a stake; thence south 81 degrees west to a stake in the center of said turnpike road; thence along said turnpike road 8 rods to the place of beginning.

The three above described pieces of land contain about 8 acres of improved land, excepting from the above described premises and hereby reserving to the President, Managers and Company of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company, their successors and assigns, the several rights and privileges of any kind and nature whatsoever which are ceded to the President, Managers and Company of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company by conveyance duly entered of record or intended so to be in the Recorder's office of Wayne county.

Being same lands which C. Doringler and others conveyed to Chas. J. Smith by deeds dated Nov. 24, 1905, and Dec. 1st, 1905, respectively. And being same lands which Chas. J. Smith et ux conveyed to F. Korff & Company by deed dated January 28, 1906, and recorded in Wayne county in Deed Book No. page

Sale of this real estate will be made free and clear of all incumbrances and liens.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH. E. C. Mumford, Jas. A. Robinson, Attorney, Trustee. 206014.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION, ESTATE OF ADAM S. PRIDE, Late of the Borough of Honesdale. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them duly attested, for settlement, to HENRY WILSON, Executor. Honesdale, Pa., Feb 22, 1911.

W. C. SPRY AUCTIONEER HOLDS SALES ANYWHERE IN STATE.

We wish to secure a good correspondent in every town in Wayne county. Don't be afraid to write this office for paper and stamped envelopes.

If you like to have the news when it is fresh, just send your name to THE CITIZEN with \$1.50.

ESTABLISHED 1836 THE OLDEST BANK IN WAYNE COUNTY --THE-- HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK CAPITAL, \$ 150,000.00 SURPLUS 241,711.00 TOTAL ASSETS 1,902,000.00 WE ARE AFTER YOU! You have more or less banking business. Possibly it is with us, such being the case you know something of our service, but if not a patron would it not be well for you to become one? OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT will help you start. It is calculated to serve all classes, the old and the young, the rich and the poor. MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN IT RECEIVES DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UP and allows three per cent. interest annually. Interest will be paid from the first of any month on all deposits made on or before the 10th of the month provided such deposits remain three calendar months or longer. HENRY Z. RUSSELL, PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMPSON, VICE PRESIDENT. EDWIN F. TORREY, CASHIER. ALBERT C. LINDSAY, ASST. TANT. CASHIER.

WHERE LOW PRICES PREVAIL at FLAGG'S CLOTHING HOUSE 863 Main St. Grambs Building. No Over Coats or Winter Goods to be carried over if low prices will sell them. Men's \$8.00 Overcoats at \$3.95 Men's \$12.00 Overcoats at 5.95 Men's \$15.00 Overcoats at 7.95 Youth's \$10.00 Overcoats at 2.95 Boys' \$3.00 Overcoats at 1.29 Boys' Odd Vests, 30 to 36 size. 25c Men's Sweaters, value 75 cents 35c

FLAGG'S CLOTHING HOUSE 863 Main St. Grambs Building Honesdale OPPOSITE the D. & H. R. R. STATION.

A CLEAN CUT ARGUMENT In your favor is the use of good printing. It starts things off in your favor. People read your arguments, reasons, conclusions, when attractively presented. It carries weight. Entertaining men use GOOD PRINTING because IT GETS BUSINESS. If you don't already know our kind of printing, let us show you. It's an even chance we can save you money. CITIZEN PRINTERY Both Phones. HONESDALE, PA.

D. & H. CO. TIME TABLE---HONESDALE BRANCH. Table with columns for A.M., P.M., SUN, STATIONS, P.M., A.M., P.M., SUN. Stations include Albany, Binghamton, Philadelphia, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Carbondale, Lincoln Avenue, Whites, Fairview, Carbondale, Lake Lodore, Waymart, Steene, Prompton, Fortville, Fortville, Honesdale.

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