

THE CITIZEN

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WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 28, 1910.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor
JOHN K. TENER.
For Lieutenant Governor
JOHN M. REYNOLDS.
Secretary of Internal Affairs
HENRY HOUCK.
State Treasurer
CHAS. F. WRIGHT.
For Congress,
C. C. PRATT.
For State Senator,
WINFRED D. LEWIS.

COUNTY.

Representative,
H. C. JACKSON.

Hilliard Bruce, our editor, was taken sick on Thursday and has been confined to his home. He has the good care of his mother who is here on a visit and we expect him at his desk on Wednesday. Our readers will not blame Mr. Bruce for any blunders that may appear in this issue, but charge them up to the manager.

TAXATION.

We hear on all sides complaints from taxpayers on account of the increase in their taxes. When we take into consideration that every dollar of the taxes which our people pay is spent by our county, township and borough officials it is strange that year after year this burden becomes greater. The state government cannot be charged with this increase. As there is no state tax paid by the individual except on money which is out at interest. Wayne county paid last year into the state treasury \$13,000, while the state treasurer paid back to Wayne county officials over \$117,000, showing that the county received from the state \$104,000 more money than they paid to the state. This \$117,000 was paid by corporations to the state and by the state paid to the county.

Taxpayer, look at your tax receipt, note just what amounts you are paying and what you are paying them for. By this means you may come to a satisfactory conclusion as to where your money is going. But don't blame the national government which raises its taxes through the tariff, or blame the state government which helped us last year to the extent of \$117,000 and will do just as well this year.

The explanation made in a speech at the Syracuse fair by Mr. Roosevelt of his new theory of "New Nationalism" was just as clear as mud. His emphatic announcement that HE was going to apply old time moralities to the present condition of affairs, was another puzzle that will please some people. How far back he is going to get his favorite brand of morality was not stated. If he goes back to the time of Solomon and David, he will find the morals of those days would be a misfit for the conditions of today. If he went back to the days of witchcraft which prevailed in the time of our Puritan fathers, he would get a chance to burn Rockefeller, Morgan and other trust magnates at the stake as witches who have gobbled up much of the wealth of our times. We all agree with the Colonel that there is a demand for actual high class moral conduct in the motive and actions of men in public life at all times, but most of the men who are now in the foreground of our national life and whom the Colonel is at issue with, are men who used the same brass band methods to get there as the Colonel is now using and most of them blew just as shrill a note and made just as much noise in order to accomplish their ends.

KEYSTONE PRESS.

Hark from the tomb, or from the editorial sanctum of the Commoner, which is practically the same thing, the doleful sound of the Hoke Smith boom for president. The Peerless One lets it be known that he will not be a candidate for the Democratic nomination in 1912, and flings his mantle on to the broad shoulders of the governor of Georgia, where, it is to be imagined, it is about as welcome as the Old Man of the Sea was to Sinbad the Sailor. Be that as it may, it is an indubitable fact that Mr. Bryan's announcement of his own self-abnegation has not encountered the expression of profound and widespread regret which he probably looked for.—Lancaster New Era.

EMPEROR ROOSEVELT IS THE WAY THE ENGLISH PAPERS PUT IT.

England has probably never taken a keener interest in the dominant politics of the United States than it is doing now. The leading papers almost daily publish long dispatches which are a refreshing change from the sensational futilities that the London press, generally speaking, too often serves up to its leaders as American news.

Mr. Roosevelt's personality is, of course, the chief reason for this unusual interest. Among Englishmen who met him during his visit here there is an almost unanimous conviction that he will again be President, and it is by no means rare to find the belief that his next occupancy of the White House will be marked by developments toward a dictatorship.

Punch this week satirizes this idea in an article headed "H. I. M. the Emperor of America," and purporting to be sent to The London Times on Oct. 4, 1910, by its New York correspondent. Some extracts follow:

"This morning, Mr. Roosevelt, by a daring coup de main, has overthrown the Republican institutions under which these States had existed for 134 years, possessed himself of the supreme executive power, and has promptly been proclaimed Emperor of America.

"This astounding revolution has so far been unaccompanied by any effusion of blood. The secret, though it had been known to 100 conspirators, had been well kept, and the strong measures taken by his Imperial Majesty and his friend paralyzed the spirit of resistance that might otherwise have manifested itself.

"At 5 a. m. the White House was surrounded by a strong detachment of Rough Riders and Mr. Taft and his family were arrested in their beds. They were subsequently conveyed to an unknown destination. At the same time the Vice-President and the members of the Cabinet were seized and imprisoned. The chiefs of the army and navy have already sworn allegiance to the new sovereign.

"At 10 a. m. his Majesty, attended by a Princess of the Imperial house and accompanied by a brilliant staff, rode through the streets of Washington amid deafening popular acclamations.

"Halting before the capitol, he made an impassioned speech, calling on all those who valued stability of government and believed in his policies to rally round his throne and his person.

"He had, he said, intrusted the preservation of public order to the editorial board of The Outlook, and any complaints ought to be addressed to them, though, for his part, he could not conceive that any loyal subject should want to complain of anything. The great policy of conservation would now be carried out.

"His Majesty concluded by saying that he was having a 'bully time.'

"Later, The New York American, in a special edition published at midday, calls upon the populace to rise against the usurper. Hearst has been arrested and will be tried on the charge of treason.

"W. J. Bryan in an interview declares that he suspected the Emperor from the beginning. The triumph of the Democrats, he thinks, is now assured.

"The Evening Post announces that the Emperor is an unscrupulous prevaricator, and declares that no self-respecting American can consent to bow the knee to Baal. The office of the paper has since been destroyed by an infuriated mob.

"Mr. Rockefeller has taken refuge in a church and refuses to come out.

"The Emperor is now engaged in composing a message of 100,000 words strongly affirming both the Monroe Doctrine and his own right to empire and crown. As soon as the message has been delivered Congress is to adjourn for an indefinite period."

Punch follows this dispatch with an alleged extract from The Spectator of the following Saturday. The proprietor and editor of The Spectator is St. Loe Strachey, a personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt. The extract says:

"We can not pretend to be surprised by the news which has reached us from America this week, that Mr. Roosevelt (if we may be pardoned for speaking of him by the name which is now merged in a more splendid and, we believe, a more appropriate title) should assume the imperial purple. It cannot startle any one who has made himself conversant, as we have endeavored to do, with the tendencies of American public life and the opinions of American public men, especially of Mr. Roosevelt himself.

"There can be no harm in saying that during his recent visit to this country Mr. Roosevelt expressed to a few intimate friends his contempt for all non-despotic systems of government. He thought that when America managed to shake off Republican institutions men of sense and of honest capability would come by their own.

"This was his ideal, and he could not help feeling—the expression was his own—that it was a 'bully' ideal.

"We cordially congratulate his Imperial Majesty and his loyal subjects on what has taken place. We are among those who believe that his Majesty is, with perhaps the exception of the Archbishop of Canterbury and Mr. William Higginbottom, the greatest, strongest, and most statesmanlike man in existence."

Longevity of Highlanders.

By way of illustrating Highland longevity, interesting details are now available regarding the ages of persons who died in Inverness-shire during the past year. Half the total (460) of persons who passed away died above the age of seventy years; 276 were between seventy and forty; 161 between eighty and seventy; 23 between ninety and one hundred, and one over a century.



OCTOBER.

O. T. Roosevelt has come back to the West! Of all the Rough Riders his luck was the best. He rode from Dakota to San Juan Hill. And he found him the Spaniards he wanted to kill. Shouting, "Into 'em Teddy, An' into 'em deep!" And the men of Granada Went down in a heap.

He rested his broncho and fed him his fill, and then he rode yelling up Capitol Hill. He wasn't expecting or asking a thing, but he landed right in the political ring, shouting "Into 'em, Teddy, and into 'em plump!" and the poor politicians went down in a lump.

He watered his pinto and fed him some oats. And then he remounted and hunted for goats. He found him some people who didn't agree.

With all of his notions, and gave a whoop-pee. Yelling, "Into 'em, Teddy, An' into 'em deep!" And he knocked them all into The pitiless hot.

He hobbled his charger and gave him some grass, and then he went after someone in his class. He put up a lion with blood in its eye, and he clapped on the spurs with a terrible cry, saying "Into 'em, Teddy, An' into 'em hard!" and the lion passed on to his final reward.

He breathed his good mustang and looked him around. But further adventure was not to be found.

So he pulled up his trousers and pulled down his vest. And slowly rode back to his olden-time West.

Shouting, "Back to 'em, Teddy, An' back to 'em proud!" And they gathered about him And solemnly bowed.

He rode in his saddle, and rode on his head, and he put all the ten-derfoot under the bed. He dashed to the East and he dashed to the West, and he halted before them, expanding his chest, saying, "Three cheers for Teddy, the pride of the West!" and they took a great pleasure in doing the rest.

October is from the Latin octo, meaning eight, and it was formerly the eighth month of the year. This brought the football season around at a time when there was grave danger of being suffocated before the ball was even put into play, and there was a great deal of dissatisfaction at the old Greek and Roman universities. A change was frequently talked of, but it remained for Numa Pompilius, who was one of the early friends of education, to do anything about it. In 713 B. C. he moved October along to its present place in the calendar, and now the quarterback on a football team always says before snapping the ball.

Numa, Numa,
B. C.
Come seven,
One, three!

After which the rooters, who reached a very high state of profecy in the latter days of Numa, recite,

Numa, Numa,
Boonabloom,
Come seven,
One, three,
B. C.,
Whoopee!
Slawh!

or whatever the name of the school is, as you may hear them doing any time this month by following the riot wagon when it passes.

Until the 23d of the month, October will be under the influence of Libra, the Balance, which is the seventh sign of the zodiac. This will enable everybody running for office to keep on the fence pretty well as to the real issues of the campaign, but when the sun passes out of that constellation on the following day they will begin dropping on one side or the other, and it will be easier to make out who the true friends of the people are. After the 22d we will be influenced by Scorpio, the Scorpion, which is almost meaningless now, but in early times typified the manner in which the north wind stung the old Greeks, who were in the habit of going until very late in the season without having on any wear to speak of, either over or under.

A bit of Fall is as nice a thing As I know anything about— When the pumpkin pie is ripening. And the time is opportune for kraut.

When the hunter gets his trappings out, Awakened by the time of year, And the farmer, furious without, And hot within, begins to shout, "Get ou-u-u-u-t of here!"

"Get ou-u-u-u-t of here—dadbame your skin!" Ah, that's the proper time to sign— When the squirrel gets his goodies in.

Against the winter by-and-by. When the bending reaches of the sky Are very soft and very near, And the farmer, with a watchful eye, Begins to hop around and cry "Get ou-u-u-u-t of here!"

Get ou-u-u-u-t of here—you blanky-blank!" Ah, that's the season of them all— When winter hangs upon the flank Of the wild goose passing in the fall.

When the plaintive quail begins to call Across the golden field and sere, And the farmer, bursting from the tall

With leaps and bounds, begins to bawl: "Get ou-u-u-u-t of here!"

The 41st anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus will be celebrated on the night of the 14th by the seven Guggenheim brothers.

Mr. Roosevelt will be stage manager again this month. The villain will be the Demon Rum. Mr. Bryan will be the father of the stolen child, and Mr. Cannon, who made the password Hell last month, will change it to read Hell-ll!

And then November will return With cold and chilly draft, And the wild goose going down the line With winter biting aft.

The best styles and colors in dress goods at Menner & Co.'s stores.

RAILWAY REGULATION.

Certain Rulings of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

Although there was little novelty in the railways' presentation of their case for the advance of their rates, there was much that was novel in the shippers' contentions. In Chicago it was testified by one railway that forty million dollars of earnings had been put back into the property. In this city it was testified that some thirty-five millions of dollars of earnings had been expended upon the new Pennsylvania terminal. This was in accord with the formerly approved rule of practice by the roads—a dollar for dividends and a dollar for betterments. It was this principle of plowing the earnings back into the property which has kept down the capitalization of American railways, at the same time that their rates have not risen with other prices for services and goods.

On this formerly approved principle the shippers' counsel joined issue, taking their cue. It must be admitted, from certain rulings of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. These improvements made from earnings were regarded as grievances, and in themselves as proof of extortion. It was asserted as a right that the roads should reduce their rates by whatever sums of earnings they have been accustomed to devote to improvements. Even the misfortunes of the railways were imputed to them for a fault. For example, it was alleged that because one road had lost large sums by equipment frauds, and had prospered nevertheless therefore it had overcharged by the amount it had lost by embezzlement, and should be held to reduce its rates by the amount of its losses. The broad position of those assuming to act for the general public is that the railways should be allowed to charge no more than would just prevent their setting up a defense of confiscation. And, in estimating their permissible income the railways are held by these spokesmen to be entitled to no more than a reasonable income upon the amount of their own funds which they have devoted to the public use.

These gentlemen seem in some danger of winning a battle and losing a campaign. It is conceivable that they may prevent an advance in rates, and come to regret the consequent lack of vitality in the railways. American railways are far from having attained their growth. They are in need not only of income enough to sustain their life, but to stimulate their growth. There is a certain justice in having the funds necessary for their growth contributed by those whose patronage of the railroads is a source of profit, rather than by the general public whose gain from the railways is less direct. If the railways are held to capitalize their betterments, and must borrow the money. Interest must be paid on the money borrowed, and the rates must be adequate to pay the interest and provide a sinking fund for the extinguishment of the debt. As interest and sinking fund must come from earnings, it would seem to come to the same thing in the end.

Whatever the merit of this argument on either side, it is plain that a new light is thrown upon what is thought to be regulation of rates. Heretofore it has been thought that the function of government was merely to assure that rates were reasonable and just, that is, neither extortionate nor discriminatory, toward either persons or places. If the position assumed on behalf of the shippers is sustained there is no detail of the management of the railways too trivial for examination and control. It is not enough for the railways to sustain their claim that they need more money. They cannot justify on totals, but must prove in detail just how much they want for terminals, just how much they want for wages, how much for interest, and so on indefinitely.

The railways plead that they cannot do it, and that nobody could. However that may be, it is evident that the success of the contention would establish a new definition of railway regulation, and one not in accord with the present law.—New York Times.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

—REMEMBER THE FAIR. A GOOD OLD TIME FOR ALL.

A Health Hint.
Insufficient sleep, overwork and overexertion out of doors should be guarded against in the warm weather as they frequently lead to fatal consequences at a time when vitality is depleted by the heat.

Cultivate Happy Nature.

A happy nature is sometimes a gift, but it is also a grace, and can, therefore, be cultivated and acquired; and it should be a definite aim with those who are training a child.—Lucy Soule-bv

Good Way to Use Hyomei for Catarrh

Besides breathing through the inhaler a few times a day, many catarrh sufferers write that they find inhaling HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-me) from a bowl of steaming water each night before retiring a great aid in curing stubborn cases. Try it; it's very simple; gives quick relief and makes you berathe easier.

Fill a bowl half full of boiling water; pour into the water a teaspoonful of HYOMEI, cover head and bowl with a towel, and breathe through nose and mouth the pleasant, medicated, antiseptic and healing vapor that arises. This method relieves that stuffiness at once, and makes your head feel fine.

You can get a bottle of HYOMEI at druggists everywhere or at G. W. Pell's for only 50 cents. Ask for extra bottle HYOMEI Inhalant. But bear in mind that a HYOMEI outfit which includes Inhaler and bottle of HYOMEI costs \$1.00.

But, as stated before, if you already own an Inhaler, a bottle of HYOMEI costs but 50 cents. HYOMEI is guaranteed by G. W. Pell and druggists everywhere to cure catarrh, sore throat, coughs, colds, asthma and croup, or money back. Try it on that generous basis.

SHEATZ DESERTS KEYSTONE PARTY

John O. Sheatz, former state treasurer, one of the organizers of the Keystone party, has tendered his resignation as a member of that body. He is disgusted with the action of the leaders in endorsing Democratic congressman. A large number of Republicans who, knowing the evils that will arise from Democratic control of the house of representatives, have severed their connection with the new party.

Lyric

BENT. H. DITTRICH, - - - Lease & Manager

THURSDAY SEPT. 29

Sam S. & Lee Shubert present

"THE LOTTERY MAN"

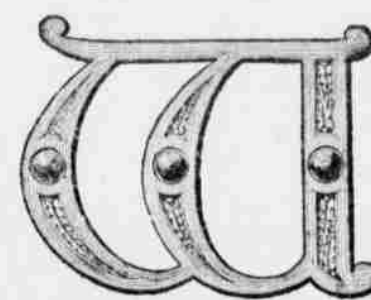
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The Most Remarkable COMEDY SUCCESS OF 20 Years.

7 MONTHS IN NEW YORK CITY.

PRICES:—Orchestra \$1.50
Boxes Circle \$1.00 (last two rows 75c)
Balcony, first two rows 75c—seven rows 50c
Gallery 25c

Sole Sale opens at the Box Office at 9 a. m. Wednesday Sept. 28.



OMEN who like Beautiful Cloth should visit

Our Store when coming to Honesdale to the WAYNE COUNTY FAIR

We offer a treat to visitors during the week of the County Fair.

The New "Business Woman's Suit", the "Rob Boy Coat" and the "College Girl's Coat" are among the novelties which will appeal to well dressed women.

In every department are new things that will repay examination. You will enjoy looking through our Millinery Department, where you will see all the latest novelties of the season.

DON'T FORGET



PECIAL PRICES will prevail during Fair Week to repay every visitor coming to Honesdale.

KATZ BROS. Inc.

TUESDAY, OCT. 4, (2d Fair Day) our store will be closed.

ESTABLISHED 1836

THE OLDEST BANK IN WAYNE COUNTY

—THE—

HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK

CAPITAL, \$ 150,000.00

SURPLUS 241,711.00

TOTAL ASSETS 1,902,000.00

WE ARE AFTER YOU!

You have more or less banking business. Possibly it is with us, such being the case you know something of our service, but if not a patron would it not be well for you to become one?

OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

will help you start. It is calculated to serve all classes, the old and the young, the rich and the poor,

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

IT RECEIVES DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UP

and allows three per cent. interest annually. Interest will be paid from the first of any month on all deposits made on or before the 10th of the month provided such deposits remain three calendar months or longer.

HENRY Z. RUSSELL,
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ANDREW THOMPSON,
VICE PRESIDENT.

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