

# INSANITY NO BAR.

## Charlton to Be Arraigned in Jersey City Today.

### ITALY IGNORES COUNSEL'S PLEA

Paying No Attention to Prisoner's Mental Condition, and Prosecution Will Ask Court to Refuse to Accept Such Testimony.

New York, Sept. 21.—New and unusual points of law will be submitted today to Justice Blair in the Hudson county court, Jersey City, when Porter Charlton, who killed his wife, Mary Scott Charlton, at Lake Como, Italy, in June and sunk her body into the lake in a weighted trunk, will be arraigned for his preliminary hearing in extradition proceedings. R. Floyd Clark, counsel for the Charlton family, will endeavor to establish that Porter Charlton is insane and will ask that he be confined in a sanitarium in this country.

The Italian government, which now appears to be making an honest effort to get Charlton back to Italy and try him for murder, is paying no attention to the insanity plea. The Italian consulate in this city is content to let the active work of pushing the extradition



Photo by American Press Association  
PORTER CHARLTON.

matter lie with Emil Fuchs, the lawyer who represents Captain Henry H. Scott, U. S. A., a brother of the murdered woman. Mr. Fuchs, while combating the plea that Charlton is insane, says it makes no difference about the mental condition of the prisoner.

Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, Dr. Arltz of Hoboken, Dr. Dana and other alienists who have been employed by the Charlton family to examine young Charlton have reported that he is insane.

The reports of the experts have been made into affidavits and are in the possession of Mr. Clark. It is his intention to submit them to the court today and to maintain that insanity is a bar to extradition.

Mr. Fuchs and the Hudson county authorities will ask the court today to refuse to accept any testimony as to Charlton's mental condition.

### ONE MAN STANDS OFF EIGHT.

Is a Wrestler Whose Toe Was Stepped on in Subway.

New York, Sept. 21.—Somebody stepped on the toe of Thomas J. Murphy, a wrestler, soon after he boarded a subway train at Times square. Murphy announced that he was ready to fight anybody, preferably the offender.

He swore loudly. A guard, William Seifert, falling in an attempt to eject him from the train, telephoned ahead to Ninety-sixth street for help.

Special Policeman Lockwood, who was waiting at Ninety-sixth street, called a comrade as soon as he saw Murphy. The wrestler threw both of them. Patrolmen Curtis and Fitzpatrick of the West One Hundredth street police station and four subway guards entered the fracas. In no time Murphy had the eight men gasping, but eventually he was captured.

### \$675 FOR CRIPPEN.

His Household Goods Are Sold at Auction in London.

London, Sept. 21.—The household effects of Dr. Crippen, whose examination on the charge of having murdered his wife, Belle Elmore, has been going on in Bow street police court, were sold.

Most of the goods were disposed of at ordinary sale, while others were sold at auction. Ninety-two lots were sold for \$675.

### TALE OF THE WEATHER.

Observations of the United States weather bureau taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
New York . . . . . 70	Clear
Albany . . . . . 62	Clear
Atlantic City . . . . . 70	Clear
Boston . . . . . 64	Clear
Buffalo . . . . . 66	Clear
Chicago . . . . . 68	Clear
New Orleans . . . . . 82	Clear
St. Louis . . . . . 80	Clear
Washington . . . . . 72	Clear
Philadelphia . . . . . 70	Clear

### GEORGE H. COBB.

New York State Senator Who Has Been Renominated.



Watertown, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Senator George H. Cobb was unanimously renominated for state senator from the Thirty-fifth senatorial district.

When the senator's name was brought before the Republican convention here the hall rang with cheers for him and it seemed as though all delegates wanted him for office again.

### G. A. R. AT SHORE.

Colonel J. E. Gilman of Boston May Be Elected Chief.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 21.—Indications at the national encampment of the G. A. R. are that Colonel John E. Gilman of Boston will be elected commander in chief.

The New York delegation, it is said, has agreed to support the New England candidate in return for a pledge of votes for Rochester as next year's encampment site, and with the states already pledged this is said to give Colonel Gilman a clear majority.

Friends of John McElroy of Washington, the strongest rival of Colonel Gilman's, have by no means given up hope, however, and declare they will not abandon the fight until the official count has been made on the floor of the convention.

The national council of administration held its first meeting at headquarters on the ocean pier, and the national council of the ladies of the G. A. R. held its initial session at Haddon hall. The national council of the Woman's Relief corps also went into this session.

On the steel pier, toward the upper end of the board walk, the annual encampment of the Sons of Veterans was opened at 10 a. m. with addresses of welcome and the reading of reports.

Practically all the associations that opened their business meetings this morning continued them this afternoon.

Among the cities that want the next national encampment are Rochester, N. Y.; Los Angeles, Denver and Chattanooga, Portland, Ore., wants it in 1912.

### BALLOONS ACCOUNTED FOR.

C. B. Harmon and Captain Baldwin Safe Near Portsmouth, O.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 21.—All the thirteen balloons that started in the national races at the Motor speedway are down, and all the pilots and aids are safe.

The last balloon to be heard from was the New York, carrying Clifford B. Harmon and T. S. Baldwin. Although it landed near Portsmouth, O., last Sunday, the pilot did not report.

C. G. Fisher and George L. Bumbaug, who sailed away in the Indiana, returned to Indianapolis sorely disappointed that they did not make a better showing in the race. Fisher said the terrible weather conditions made it impossible for any of the balloons to break records. There were high winds, drenching rains and thunderstorms all day Saturday.

### ORANGE WANTS GAYNOR.

And the Other Half There Does Not Want Roosevelt.

Middletown, N. Y., Sept. 21.—At the convention of the Democrats of the Second assembly district of Orange county the delegates were instructed to vote for William J. Gaynor for governor, and John R. C. Taylor was indorsed for state senator.

Anti-Roosevelt delegates to the Republican state convention were selected by the Republicans of the Second assembly district of Orange county at Goshen, and President Taft and Governor Hughes were indorsed.

### NEW CARNEGIE TRUST HEAD.

Joseph T. Howell of Nashville, Tenn., Accepts Presidency.

New York, Sept. 21.—Joseph T. Howell, president of the Fourth National bank of Nashville, Tenn., has resigned to become president of the Carnegie Trust company.

His term of office will begin on Oct. 1, when the resignation of President J. B. Reichmann becomes effective. Mr. Howell has been connected with the Nashville bank for thirty-one years working up in its employ from a clerical post.

# LEWIS THE VICTOR

## Choice of New Jersey Republicans For Governor.

### A PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM.

One of the Leading Planks Advocates a Public Service Commission Along Lines Followed by New York State Legislature.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 20.—Vivian M. Lewis, state commissioner of banking and insurance, was the choice today of the delegates to the Republican state convention as the nominee for governor.

Mr. Lewis is a resident of Passaic and had no substantial opposition. State Senator Joseph S. Frelinghuysen received the complimentary support of his home county of Somerset



VIVIAN M. LEWIS.

and Bergen county decided to pay a like honor to State Senator Wakelee.

Former Assemblyman Martin of Essex received the support of the "New Idea" Republicans.

Prosecutor Garven was the favorite of the men from his own county, Hudson.

The platform made many concessions to the progressive element in the party.

One of the prominent planks recommended the establishment of a public service commission based largely on the lines followed by the New York state legislature. Governor Fort has long advocated this.

### WOODROW WILSON'S SUCCESSOR

Rumor That Presidency of Princeton May Be Offered Burton.

Washington, Sept. 20.—A story was telegraphed from Washington to a Cincinnati afternoon paper that Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio may receive an offer of the presidency of Princeton university if Woodrow Wilson is elected governor of New Jersey.

Senator Burton, who has been in Washington, left for Cleveland. His friends in Washington say that the senator would hardly consider the offer, even were it made, and they do not expect it will be made.

### MANIAC TORTURES THREE.

Forces Chinese to Kneel For Hours With Necks Stretched.

Honolulu, Sept. 20.—A Chinese maniac compelled three of his countrymen to kneel for seven hours in a dark cellar with necks stretched out as cockles are forced to do on execution grounds in China, waiting for the stroke of the headsman's sword.

They were rescued by Chief of Detectives Arthur, who killed the maniac with a gas pipe.

### Shoes in Ancient Rome.

The Romans made use of two kinds of shoes—the sola, or sandal, which covered the sole of the foot and was worn at home, and the calceus, which covered the whole foot and was worn abroad.

### The Eddas.

The Eddas consist of two collections of songs and sagas, in prose and verse, and deal with the Scandinavian mythology—stories of the gods and goddesses, Odin, Thor, Frey, etc. They were written by unknown bards during the tenth, eleventh and twelfth centuries.

### HER VIEWS OF PANAMA.

Miss Freeman Presents Them Entertainingly and Concisely, As You Can See.

The following impressions of her recent Panama trip were written for The Citizen, on the personal solicitation of its publisher, by Miss Nettie Freeman, whose pen works like that of a trained newspaper woman:

The Panama canal is the biggest undertaking in the history of man; 33,000 men are employed. About 30,000 of these are negroes, 4,000 Spaniards and 5,000 Americans. To properly feed and house this army of men is another great problem; 37,000 loaves of bread are sent out every morning from the government bakery and every five days a shipload of refrigerated beef arrives at Colon for the use of government employes only. All along the canal there are 26 hotels, 24 messes for European laborers and 24 kitchens for West Indian laborers. The largest hotel is the Trivole at Panama, which cost \$100,000.

The building of the Suez canal was regarded as a great undertaking, but it is small compared with building of Panama canal, as the construction there was through a level desert of land. Here great rivers are encountered and mountains must be crossed. From the top of Celebra cut to the bottom of the completed canal will be a depth of 610 feet. This cut is 9 miles long. So far at the summit 530 have been excavated, counting what the French did, and we have 80 feet yet to excavate. Col. Goethals is czar of the isthmus. He has more power in the republic of Panama than president of the republic. He has been prominent among army engineers for more than 30 years.

How much will the Panama canal cost? Col. Goethal, probably the best living authority, says \$375,000,000 complete. Of this amount \$180,000,000 has been expended. But this does not take into account the money spent by the French, which is said to be between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000. We paid the French \$4,000,000 for the canal. It is said the canal will be completed in 1915. A million and a half dollars are being spent in wages a month at Panama.

The French, who failed to complete the canal, paid no attention to its workmen. Uncle Sam makes a specialty of taking good care of his workers on the isthmus. The streets of Panama and Colon are paved with vitrified brick from America and sanitary conditions are carefully looked after.

Wherever you go along the canal, you find workmen cutting grass and oiling the pools of water, to drive out the mosquitoes and flies which spread disease. In the days when the French were trying to dig a canal at Panama thousands of laborers died of disease, as they did at Suez. Between Colon and Panama there is a railroad station known as Matachun. The word means "Kill a Chinaman." It is said that during the French days 40 Chinese laborers joined hands and walked into the Chagres river, where they have drowned. They committed suicide rather than face yellow fever.

The Chagres river is one of the great problems in connection with the canal. It is an insignificant river, but subject to great floods. The route of the canal crosses the Chagres river 17 times between Colon and Panama and when the canal is completed, the valley of the Chagres will become a vast lake. This Chagres river was an enemy to the French. At Gatun, when the canal is completed, there will be a great dam, which will hold the Chagres river. The Gatun locks will raise vessels to height of 85 feet. A million pounds of dynamite a month are used on the Panama canal. Eight hundred machines are used in drilling holes. The big steam shovels handle rock as easily as they handle earth.

Twelve railroad trains are required to transport to and from this work the men who are employed on the Panama canal. The eight-hour law is enforced as far as possible, although some of the men work only six hours, while some of them claim that they work 9 and 10 hours. The men receive better pay here than similar workers receive in the United States. Men with families pay no house rent and are able to buy supplies from government at cost. White men occupy all responsible positions and are known as gold employes, while negroes are known as silver employes. Every gold employe is given an annual vacation of 40 days on pay. There are unions in Panama, but the big canal is really an open shop.

The social problem in the canal zone is serious, also amusing. The social standing of white families is regulated by the pay of the head of the house. Col. Goethals hears complaints from whoever cares to apply to him. One Sunday a woman appeared before him to complain because a woman \$25 a month below her in social scale had more electric light bulbs in her house.

### DIXON ON MILK CONTAMINATION.

Dr. Dixon in a statement issued a few days ago pays a tribute to the farmer and informs the public that he is not always to blame when milk is the cause of disease, says the Wilkes-Barre Record. The expense involved in keeping his stock in good shape is larger than the average person realizes. The competition is so great that he receives a very meagre profit for his product. Taking everything into consideration, the profit on milk is less than on almost anything else which the farm produces. There is an incentive to cleanliness in the fact that the farmer knows that if his milk reaches the market sweet and clean and pure the demand for it will be increased. Where the competition is so great he cannot afford to neglect the things which the health authorities and the public demand.

It is not Dr. Dixon's intention to exculpate the farmers from all blame. Conditions have been found at some places that are nothing short of appalling. Yet the public must not look to the farm as the only place where contamination originates.

Some of the other sources are mentioned by the head of the state department of health. He found in the course of his practice that a baggage-master who was suffering with tuberculosis and had been advised to drink plenty of milk was helping himself from the cans in the car, drinking out of the lids. At the stations and along the streets dealers often purchase from each other. The purchaser sticks his fingers into the milk and then into his mouth to determine whether the milk is sweet. "Only a few days ago a man came into my office," says Dr. Dixon, "to tell me he had just witnessed his own milkman hand a street cleaner a drink of milk contained in the lid of his can and then replace the lid."

Doubtless many such things are being practised. It is a most difficult task for the authorities to keep watch over all conditions of marketing and delivery. And so we cannot hope that all milk delivered to the home will be absolutely pure. But Dr. Dixon is constantly urging the authorities to be as vigilant as possible. Frequent inspections can be made. Stiff fines can be imposed where violations of the law are detected. If the authorities cannot do everything, they can do a great deal. The extreme danger resulting from dirty and contaminated milk has been pointed out repeatedly and with great force. It is something that will not bear trifling with. Germs multiply in milk very rapidly, and the only way to keep them out is to keep the milk absolutely clean.

### PUBLIC ORCHARD MEETINGS.

Results of Year's Work to be Studied in State Model Orchards.

There will be a public meeting in the orchard of Hall Bros near Waymart, Saturday, Oct. 1, for the purpose of showing the benefits resulting from improved methods in use in the model orchards conducted under the co-operation of the division of zoology of the state department of agriculture.

Lectures will be delivered by experts from the department and an opportunity given for asking questions. Determinations of specimens will be made, and growers are invited to bring wigs of diseased or infested trees for identification.

The model orchard movement was inaugurated several years ago by Prof. H. A. Surface, economic zoologist, for the purpose of familiarizing the farmer and fruitgrower with the best practical measures available for the control of destructive pests, and in order to show how well these operations have succeeded meetings are held in the orchards where both fruits and trees can be examined by all who attend.

The session begins at 1 p. m. The state's representatives will be present, rain or shine.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK AT HONESDALE, WAYNE COUNTY, PA.

At the close of business, Sept. 1, 1910.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 227,734 21
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	25 49
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	55,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	2,800 00
Bonds, securities, etc.	1,330,452 44
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	40,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	3,848 99
Due from State and Private Banks and Banks, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	244 85
Due from approved reserve agents	158,473 68
Checks and other cash items	1,134 15
Notes of other National Banks	205 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	205 14
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: Specific	\$82,963 00
Legal tender notes	3,550 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,750 00
Total	\$1,871,123 36
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 150,000 00
Surplus fund	150,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	78,828 36
National Bank notes outstanding	50,100 00
Due to other National Banks	370 48
Individual deposits subject to check	\$1,421,545 55
Demand certificates of deposit	24,210 00
Certified checks	35 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	353 97-\$1,448,824 32
Bills borrowed	None
Notes and bills rediscounted	None
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	None
Liabilities other than those above stated	None
Total	\$1,871,123 36

State of Pennsylvania, County of Wayne, ss. I, E. F. TORREY, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. F. TORREY, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of Sept., 1910.  
R. A. SMITH, N. P.

Correct—attest:  
H. Z. RUSSELL,  
LOUIS J. DORFLINGER, } Directors,  
H. T. MENNER, } 71x1

### AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of exceptions to the account of May M. Foster, now May M. Davis, testamentary guardian of George O. Foster.

R. M. Salmon, being duly appointed auditor, to pass on exceptions, restate the account if necessary, hear and determine all claims on the assets, and report distribution, will hold a meeting for that purpose at his office in Honesdale at 10 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, September 29, 1910.

R. M. SALMON, Att'y.  
Honesdale, Pa., Sept. 13, 1910.  
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### AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of exception to the partial account of A. B. Hazlett and Jennie McDonnell, executors of the last will and testament of Sarah H. Hazlett.

C. P. Searle, being duly appointed auditor, to pass upon exceptions, restate the account if necessary, hear and determine all claims on the assets, and report distribution, will hold a meeting for that purpose at his office in Honesdale at 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, Oct. 8, 1910.

C. P. SEARLE, Att'y.  
Honesdale, Pa., Sept. 13, 1910.  
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### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

#### Attorneys-at-Law.

H. WILSON, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office adjacent to Post Office in Dimmick office, Honesdale, Pa.

W. M. H. LEE, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office over post office. All legal business promptly attended to. Honesdale, Pa.

E. C. MUMFORD, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office—Liberty Hall building, opposite the Post Office, Honesdale, Pa.

HOMER GREENE, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office over Reif's store, Honesdale, Pa.

CHARLES A. McCARTY, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Special and prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reif's new store, Honesdale, Pa.

F. P. KIMBLE, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office over the post office, Honesdale, Pa.

M. E. SIMONS, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office in the Court House, Honesdale, Pa.

PETER H. LIOFF, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office—Second floor old Savings Bank building, Honesdale, Pa.

SEARLE & SALMON, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW. Offices lately occupied by Judge Searle.

CHESTER A. GARRATT, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. Office adjacent to Post Office, Honesdale, Pa.

#### Dentists.

D. R. E. T. BROWN, DENTIST. Office—First floor, old Savings Bank building, Honesdale, Pa.

Dr. C. R. BRADY, DENTIST, Honesdale, Pa. Office Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Any evening by appointment. Citizens' phone, 35. Residence, No. 86-X

#### Physicians.

Dr. H. B. SEARLES, HONESDALE, PA. Office and residence 1019 Court street telephones. Office Hours—2:30 to 4:30, and 6:00 to 8:00 p. m.

#### Livery.

LIVERY.—Fred. G. Rickard has removed his livery establishment from corner Church street to Whitney's Stone Barn

ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. FIRST CLASS OUTFITS. 75y1

LET US PRINT YOUR BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, STATEMENTS, NOTE HEADS, ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS, ETC., ETC.

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