

METHODS OF MILKING.

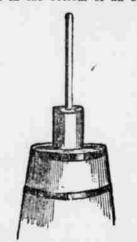
Properly Done It Adds Considerably to the Years' Income.

The average observer is probably not aware that there are more ways of milking than one. This remark is meant to apply to hand milking. Every dairyman, especially those with large herds, knows that the difference between skilful and unskilful milking is one that will affect his account book considerably in a year's time. An experiment to demonstrate the value of expert as against inexpert milking was carried out recently at Ontario College. The inexperienced milker generally drew from one to two pounds less at a day's milking than the careful oper-Where a herd of 60 cows is milked daily this would mean a difference of about 60 gallons a day in the yield.

Some cows are of such a disposition that no change of surroundings or milkers seems to affect them. Many, on the other hand, are extremely nervous. The temperament of each cow should be studied, in order to get the best results. Not so very long ago, a well known dairyman declared that singing at milking time was conducive to a heavy pail.

Keeping Cream From Spattering.

When churning, cream may be prevented from spattering out of the hole in the cover by the device shown in the accompanying illustration. Cut a hole in the bottom of an old tin



HOW THE CAN IS PLACED.

can, from which the top has been removed, large enough for the plunger to pass through. Place the can over the plunger upside down, and the cream will not splash out .- R. A. Blanchard, Cook Co., Ill

Advice to Hard Worked Farmer.

Building up the dairy farm is not so handy to the man who has not the things ready made to his hand. It is this representative of the great American class of farmers, who is eating the bread in the sweat of his face, who can ill afford to make mistakes. He is the average brave hearted, struggling burden bearer who ever should have concern that any message that is sent may reach him. To this man I have given the advice to sell and invest the proceeds in as many good cows as they will buy, but buying is the very last way to get good ones. My advice to such a man would be to get into shape to feed those cows a good full ration for a whole year.

A cow may be better than she looks or worse than she looks; the only way to tell one is to live with Get rid of the poor onesthey take the bread out of your mouth, but the more promising ones may surprise you with judicious feeding. Put them to test; shelter them from storms; be kind to them; don't try to half starve them on a dry pasture but give them the full round year ration. Send your scrub bull to the butcher and get the best bull of your breed that you can buy,

The foregoing is from a recent address of W. F. McSparren at a dairy meeting. We wish to add to this advice, viz: Breed your best cows to such a bull as is recommended, and thus grow better and better dairy Good cows are so valuable that they are not for sale. Breed them in your own herd is the only way to obtain them .- Indiana Far-

New Use for Rock Phosphate.

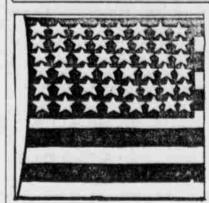
Sanitation about the dairy barn can be greatly improved during the winter months by the use of some kind of an absorbent. For the past three years I have been using rock phosphate about my stable and find it a most excellent absorbent of the odors. This rock I purchased with some of my neighbors in car lots. The cost per ton is about \$7. have used a great deal of land plaster in my stables but find that the rock phosphate is much better and also restores phosphoric acid to the soil, which is very essential in plant growth. This pulverized rock is spread about the stable immediately after cleaning, thus absorbing odors before they infest the stable .- L. C. Reynolds, in the Wisconsin Agricul-

Keep the poultry house clean and give them an occasional white washing and the fowls will be free from

A pound of poultry can be grown at less cost than a pound of beef and is worth more.

For the Children

Old Glory Wich Its Two New Stars



Congress at its recent session passed a bill admitting the territories of New Mexico and Arizona as sister states of the Union. Although the president approved the measure, the new states will not actually come into the Union until certain formalities are complied with. This will take some time, and the two new stars will not properly belong on the flag until July 4, 1911. For the first time in more than a generation the stars will appear in a perfect parallelogram, as shown in the above illustration-eight stars across the top and six stars deep. Heretofore it has been a problem to dispose them symmetrically, but the number fortyeight permits of regular arrangement.

The Patient Camel.

The Arabs desire three good things in a camel: It must have a soft back. must not require the whip and must not scream when it gets up or lies down. In desert lands the camel is exceedingly valuable. It is a riding steed and a rapid one, for camels of the desert can accomplish distances and speeds such as no other tame creature will attempt. It is a beast of burden that can carry the heaviest of loads. Besides, the camel supplies its owner with food and clothing. The milk mixed with meal is a favorite dish among the children of the desert. The long hair of the camel is spun into a coarse thread and is used in the manufacture of cloth. At certain times of the year the camel sheds its hair in order to replace its old coat by a new one, and the Arabs pluck it from the skin without hurting the camel and use it to make cloth.

Squirrel and Pine Cone.

If you wished to strip a pine cone you would probably begin at the topand have lots of trouble. The squirrel knows better than that. He does not prick his fingers or pinch his whiskers or gnaw into the solid cone any more than is necessary. He knows better than to cut off the top and work his way downward or to gnaw into the spiny shields. He whirls the cone bottom upward in a twinkling and then cuts through the thin and tender bases of the scales, soon laying bare the two seeds, which he at once eats. He strips it so easily and quickly that you cannot tell how he does it unless you drive him off and inspect his work.

Sunrise and the Rooster.

Once there was a man who was awakened every morning by the trumpet of a rooster. This so provoked him that at last, putting his head out of the window, he shouted:

"Miserable creature! Is it not enough that you crow by day? Early every morning you crow and crow until you cause the sun to rise. Then I have to get up and work. If you do not keep quiet in the morning I shall certainly wring your neck." And so he did, but too late he found that the sun rose from other causes

than the crowing of a rooster. The Minister's Cat.

This game is very similar to that of "I love my love." Each of the players must describe the minister's cat, going right through the alphabet to do "The minister's cat is an angry cat," says one; "an anxious cat," says another, and so on until every one has used an adjective beginning with "A." Then they take the "B's." "The minister's cat is a big cat," and so on.

The leader of the game must see that no one hesitates for a word. If any one should take longer than a half minute he must pay a forfeit.

They Didn't Fit.

Father-Why were you kept in after school to-day, John? Didn't you know your lessons?

John-Yes, I knew 'em well enough. but I just couldn't make the answers fit the questions.

Music Lessons.

Sometimes I walk with mother when the evening has begun. listen to the good night songs the birds sing to the sun; We hear the tinkle of the brook that hur-

ries down the hill
To join the long, dark river winding by
the old stone mill. song runs through the tall pine trees,

and tree toads loudly peep.

And thud-thud sound the little feet of all the running sheep.

My mother calls it music lessons. Why,

I cannot see,

For there's no dreary counting—no onsays, "Now, one, two, three!"

Oh, how I wish when practicing the little notes I strike
Would make the outdoor music and the

bird songs that I like!

If C sharp sounded like the laughing waterfall Or B flat rang out like the whippoorwill's

ouldn't mind my lessons, for practic-ing for me

Would be just like a concert while I count my "One, two, three."

—Youth's Companion.

ровоооооооооооооооооо Short Sermons Sunday Half-Hour

Theme: THE VOICE OF GOD.

+ + + BY THE REV. E. F. SANDERSON.

+++ Text-And it shall come to pass afterward that I will pour out my spir-It upon all flesh, and your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions, and also upon the servants and handmaids in those days will I pour out my spirit .-Joel II:28-29,

+++

The day that saw the canon of Scripture closed and God's revelation to future generations discounted in advance marks a dark, sad chapter in the history of vital religion. In every age God has poured forth His spirit upon all flesh. Sons and daughters have prophesied, old men have dreamed dreams and young men have seen visions. The servants and handmaids have felt the throb and urge of the Divine Spirit, but not a syllable of later revelation has ever crept into the sacred pages.

When the canon was closed men began to think of the Golden Age of revelation, as in the past, and to speak of the Holy Land. We are only just recovering from the incalculable injury of a closed canon.

Jesus opened up the old canon of His day and added its richest treasurer to the Bible. Then he declared that there was revelation yet to come He struck a blow at the closed canon which should have been remembered. God spoke in no different way to Moses or Samuel or David or Isaiah or Paul or Jesus than He has spoken to the spiritually quickened of all generations.

I yield to none in my reverence for the truth which shines forth from the pages of the Bible, but God's voice has never been silenced. He never spoke more clearly or distinctly above the clouds of Sinai than He is speaking in thousands of hearts to-day. Nietzsche may cry, God is dead. My God is alive and His voice can be heard wherever a human soul stands forth for righteousness or justice, or human brotherhood, wherever love to God and love to man is fealessly pro-

Many sons and daughters of our time are prohesying. They have caught the divine idea of the universe and seen into the eternal heart and meaning of life, but many of them have been labeled with approbrious titles and shunned even by the church. So difficult is it to recognize the divine word when we hear it; so difficult to believe that men and women of today are temples of a lyling, speaking God; so difficult to see that the new light which Jesus promised is growing brighter before our eyes in the nents of the times-the new theology and the awakening of the social consciousness throb with the urge of divine life, proclaiming a God immanent in His world and working for a mighty consummation. The old phrases have lost their power to grip the minds and hearts of men. The truth they contained must be clothed in a new terminology and harmonized with the modern mind.

God's call for readjustment is being answered by devoted scholars in Germany and England and France and America. Preserving all that is best in the past, they are listening for the voice of the God who has never failed to speak to the successive generations of His children.

In almost every land to-day there are movements toward the solidarity of the race, an emphasis on the things which unite men in a universal brotherhood. We are becoming conscious of a call to answer such questions as these: Is it really necessary that the greater portion of the people of this world should be miserable in a dreary existence? Can it ever be any advantage to a man to keep others in poverty and wretchedness? Is it worth while to fight with one another instead of helping and encouraging one another? Is hate better than love? Is property of more value the human beings?

These questions come from those who are listening for the message of God to our time and have heard Him

say "These things ought not to be." Everywhere I meet militant souls, who have caught the vision of a new heaven and a new earth and are aflame with zeal to make the crooked straight; to tear down the walls which divide men and build up a spiritual unity which has room for all and a sympathy with everything which makes for common good. They are witnesses of God's presence, showing forth the throbbing spirit of God within the spirit of man. The church which does not adjust itself to this spirit of the times, but stands aside in magnificent isolation is doomed, and ought to be. The forces which are at work to-day are throbbing with the thrust and drive of the spirit of Jesus. In all the changes of the passing centuries, that siprit has captained the hosts which strove for progress and enlightenment and the common

good What power there would be in a united church thundering the claims of righteousness in the face of the forces organized in the service of

NORTH PA-

CIFIC COAST

SEPT. 14

OCT. 14

VIA. ERIE R. R.

CALIFORNIA The Southwest

Aug. 26 to Sept. 8 and Sept. 30 to Oct. 14 NEAREST ERIE AGENT WILL

FURNISH FULL INFORMATION NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION. C. T. A. D. B. N.—ESTATE OF LEONARD G. CLEARWATER, late of Salen LEONARD G, CLEARWATER, late of Salem.
Township
All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having cialms against the said estate are notified to present them duly attested, for settlement.

GEORGE A, CLEARWATER
Hamilin, Pa. Aug 10, '10, Administrator.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALU-ABLE REAL ESTATE. By virtue of an order of the Or-phans' Court of Wayne county, Pa., the undersigned, administratrix of C. H. Woodward, late of Hawley bor-ough, deceased, will sell at public outcry at the courthouse in Hones-

dale borough, on FRIDAY, SEPT. 9, 1910, 2 P. M.,

the following property, viz: All that lot or parcel of land, together with the improvements thereon, situate in the borough of Hawley, county of Wayne and state of Pennsylvania, being lot No. 29 on Fourteenth street, in said village as per map in the Pennsylvania Coal company's office. Said lot No. 29 being eighty feet in front on Four-teenth street and extending at right angles to said street forty-four feet on the northeast side and fifty feet on the southwest side, or an average depth of forty-six feet. Containing three thousand six hundred and eighty square feet of land.

Being the same land which the Pennsylvania Coal company by deed dated January 10, 1883, and recorded in Wayne County Deed Book No. 60 at page 18, granted and conveyed to C. H. Woodward. Upon said land is a frame dwell-

Terms of sale, cash. NELLIE WOODWARD, Administratrix.

Searle & Salmon, Attorneys.

OTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Tues day, November 15, A. D. 1910, by Lorenzo R. Foster, John R. Jones, Thomas J. Burke and others, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, An Act for the incorporation and regulation of banks of discount and deposit," approved May 13, A. D. 1876, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Hawley Bank," to be located in Hawley, county of Wayne, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which said proposed corporation is organized for the specific purpose of receiving deposits, making loans and discounts, and doing a general banking business, under the laws of the Commonwealth dollars (\$50.00) each, with ten dollars (\$10.00) on each share for surplus, the total capital and surplus being sixty thousand dollars (\$60,-Said proposed corporation, for the purposes above stated, shall have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of assembly and its supple-

JOHN R. JONES. Attorney for Incorporators. 63eoi 13.

N THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MID-DLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVA

WILLIAM PULIS of Milanville, Wayne county, Pennsylvania, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of July 1, 1898, having applied for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Act, notice is hereby given to all known creditors and other persons in interest, to appear before the said court at Scranton, in said district, on the 15th day of September, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

EDWARD R. W. SEARLE,

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION . TO . ERECT . A STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE ESTATE BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Sealed proposals for constructing ewage and rain water pipe lines for the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, Farview, Wayne county, Pa., will be received at the above address not later than noon, Sept. 8, 1910.

Drawings and specifications may be seen in the office of E. A. Jones, county controller, court house, Scranton, Pa., and at the office of the commission on the site of the institution at Farview, Pa.

The proposals from others than those engaged in the above actual business will not be entertained or considered.

The commission reserves the right to accept as a whole or any part, or reject any or all bids, as may be deemed best for the interest of the commission.

HENRY F. WALTON,

-Read Citizen's special offer on page six of today's issue.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMIT-TED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENN-SYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF

THE CONSTITUTION. Number One.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be gen-eral and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same

shall read as follows:—
Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to es-tablish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

> Number Two. RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Common-wealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the follow-ing amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen wenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be of Pennsylvania. Capital stock is entitled to vote at all elections, subfixed at fifty thousand dollars (\$50,- ject however to such laws requiring 000), divided into one thousand (1.- and regulating the registration of 000) shares of the par value of fifty electors as the General Assembly may

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immedipreceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

A true copy of Resolution No. 2. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Al-

legheny County. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Con-stitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:-

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following: Section 6. In the county of Phila-

delphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject CRIMINAL INSANE, ROOM 608 to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be Philadelphia vested in five distinet and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased. from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as afore said, which shall be numbered as In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided

signed, shall have exclusive inchdiction thereof, subject to change of

venue, as shall be provided by law.
In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several num-bered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption

A true copy of Resolution No. 3. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Number Four.

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Consti-

tution of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the enate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight. Section 2. Amend section eight article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as fol-

eighteenth article thereof:-

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, with-out the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to

read as follows: -Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the pow-er of the city and county of Philadelphla to become otherwise indebted: Provided. That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No.

ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

TWELVE muslin trespass notices for \$1.00; six for seventy-five cents. Name of owner, township and law regarding trespassing printed thereon. CITIZEN office,

SPENCER

The Jeweler

would like to see you if you are in the market?

JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, DIAMONDS, AND NOVELTIES

"Guaranteed articles only sold."

****************** ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF

ERIE TRAINS. Trains leave Union depot at 8.25 a. m. and 2.48 p. m., week days.

Trains arrive Union depot at 1.50 and 8.05 p. m. week days. Saturday only, Erie and Wyoming

arrives at 3.45 p. m. and leaves at 5.50 p. m. Sunday trains leave 2.48 and arby rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus as-