

Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON, Rutland, Vt.

THE KING, AND OFFICE-SEEKERS.

International Bible Lesson for Aug. 21, '10—(Matt. 20: 17-34).

That office seeking is not a modern characteristic...

But the Master of the new kingdom gave them a rebuke...

Popular Ideas Upset.

But how that revolutionizes popular ideas. Our idea of greatness is that men are born great...

True greatness is humble, unassuming, free from self-conceit and self-consciousness.

Office No Evidence of Greatness.

Evidently we shall have to revise our ideas of getting up in the world. We have thought that it was by looking out for Number One...

Greatness is a quality of soul, and true greatness manifests itself in a life of sacrifice for others.

Honor and shame from no condition rise. Act well your part, there all the honor lies.

JUDGE G. N. BROWN.

Defeated Ohio Gubernatorial Candidate Praises Opponent.



New York, Aug. 16.—Judge Oren Britt Brown of Dayton, O., who in the recent Republican state convention in Ohio got 413 votes for the nomination for the governorship on the first ballot...

Judge Brown did not seem to cherish any resentment over the fact that he was thrown overboard by George B. Cox, the Republican boss of Cincinnati, to defeat Representative Nicholas Longworth...

"Out in Ohio the Republicans are inclined to be progressive," said Judge Brown. "There is not so much of the stand pat idea there as some are apt to think. Its location, between the east and the middle west, makes it somewhat conservative, but while the platform adopted by the recent convention supports the tariff and President Taft, there are at the same time some progressive planks...

WHY BONILLA SURRENDERED.

Head of Honduras Revolution Found His Plans Disarranged. New Orleans, Aug. 16.—A special from Port Barrios, Guatemala, declares that General Manuel Bonilla, ex-president of Honduras, and General Lee Christmas, the American soldier of fortune, were not taken prisoners as reported, but surrendered voluntarily to the officers at Port Barrios.

It is asserted that they surrendered because of disarrangement of their plans, misfortune to one of Bonilla's boats and the action of the British cruiser Seylla in giving pursuit to the Bonilla expedition.

The reason given for the surrender of the revolutionists to the authorities at Port Barrios is that they felt Guatemala would give them friendly protection.

DON JAIME ATTACKS FRANCE.

Says She is Blanketing Spain Out of Morocco—He Isn't Agitating.

Vienna, Aug. 16.—Don Jaime, the Carlist pretender to the Spanish throne, has written to the Neue Freie Presse here denying the report that he is actively participating in the present movement in Spain.

He points out that while Spain is engaged in internal religious strife France is marching, unobserved by all, toward Fez, the capital of Morocco.

WOMAN SMOTHERED IN VAULT.

Wife of Former Richmond County Sheriff Falls Through Decayed Roof.

New York, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Benjamin Brown, wife of ex-Sheriff Brown of Richmond county, was smothered to death in a vault at her home in Stapleton.

While out in the rear of the premises Mrs. Brown stepped on the old boards that had been laid over the top of the vault and she went through.

Kills Girl Mistaken For Burglar. Denson, Tex., Aug. 16.—Mistaking his niece, Minnie Beck, aged thirteen, for a burglar when she went into the yard for a drink of water, a man named Jackson shot and killed the child.

RECALLS TROOPS.

Soldiers Return to Columbus to Quell Rioting.

POLICE FORCE DEMORALIZED.

Governor Harmon, Finding City Authorities Powerless to Preserve Order, Orders National Guard to Return—Business Paralyzed.

Columbus, O., Aug. 16.—Fresh rioting among the striking street railway employees caused Governor Harmon to issue a call for 1,000 members of the militia to come back here to quell the disturbance.

It is reported that at least 3,000 militiamen will be stationed here by tonight and that they will be kept on duty until Christmas, if necessary, as the governor is determined that the lawlessness must end.

The governor was forced to order out the militia because of rioting on the east side. Mayor Marshall refused to make an appeal to the governor to call out the troops. The Ohio Electric Railway company is operating its cars irregularly, sending clerks and stenographers to do duty as motormen and conductors on the cars.

There was a controversy between Governor Harmon and Mayor Marshall on the advisability of calling out the troops. In a statement Governor Harmon says:

"I have ordered a part of the national guard to report for duty in Columbus forthwith. I have done this in my own motion under my authority as governor.

"The police force of the city, which is entirely too small at best, has been reduced and demoralized by the open mutiny of many of the members. It has shown itself incapable, without help, of maintaining order. A continuation of this condition would disgrace the state and inflict grievous injury on its city.

"I am unwilling to let lawless violence run unchecked for lack of force to cut it down, while the police force of the city is being recruited and reorganized and the sheriff is summoning the men of the country to uphold the public authority. It does not mend matters to say the local authorities should have taken these steps sooner, although this is true. Let them be taken now without delay."

With Mayor Marshall admitting that the police force and the few deputies sworn in are unable to cope with the mobs in the street car strike here, and with the situation complicated by serious daylight rioting, assaults, bomb throwing, the hurling of stones and promiscuous shooting, insistent demands were made upon Governor Harmon to again call out the national guard.

WALL OF DAM FALLS.

Five Men Rescued of Nine Buried in Mass of Cement and Clay.

Goldsburg, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Nine men were engulfed under 100 tons of cement and clay at the power dam being constructed at Massena, N. Y. Five were rescued. Two were dead when taken out, and two others are still buried in the ruins.

One of the dead men whose body was recovered had \$1,800 in money sewed in his underclothing. The men were Italians.

A section of the dam forty feet in length, thirty feet in height and filled with clay gave way burying the workmen under it. The theory of quicksand is advanced by some and a weak foundation by others.

UMPIRE EVANS BADLY CUT.

Foul Tip Hit Results in Breaking of Mask.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Umpire Billy Evans was hurt during the ninth inning of the first Hilltop-White Sox game and will be out of commission for several days. A foul tip hit him on the mask, and one of the wires in the mask broke and cut his face so bad that it required two stitches.

ARMY ADVISER TO CANADA.

Major General Colin Mackenzie to Be Chief of General Staff.

London, Aug. 16.—Major General J. Colin Mackenzie, C. B., has been appointed chief of the general staff and first military adviser to Canada. He is now in command of the Sixth infantry brigade at Aldershot.

WET MEN GO DRY.

Nebraska Primaries Result in Peculiar Situation.

BRYAN'S MAN MEETS DEFEAT.

Both Political Parties Choose Liberal Candidates While Adopting Antisocial Platforms—Shallenberger Dahlgren Fight Still Doubtful.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 17.—Returns from the Nebraska state primaries indicate a stand pat victory for the Republicans and a "wet" victory in both parties so far as candidates are concerned, but a dry victory on platform.

Further indications are that William J. Bryan's preferred candidate for the United States senate is defeated at least two to one.

In the Republican ranks stand pat have probably won in all national contests, but have lost the governorship, which will probably go to Chester R. Aldrich, insurgent. Morris, insurgent leader in the attack on Cannon in the house, was unopposed.

At the Democratic primaries Hitchcock for senator probably has two to one vote over Metcalf, editor of Bryan's paper and Bryan's right hand man. Governor Schellenberger, up for renomination, is running ahead of Mayor Dahlgren of Omaha, but the latter made surprising gains in many districts and may overtake the leader when the returns are all in.

The race between Schellenberger and Dahlgren was the hottest of the election. Schellenberger stands against a county option bill, but will sign a county option bill if the legislature passes one. Dahlgren is an out and out wet candidate and refuses to sign any prohibition bills which may come before him.

Believe Johnson Winner.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—Judging from returns so far received Hiram Johnson, insurgent Republican, has been nominated by direct primary for governor of California.

From central and southern California returns show that Johnson is getting a very heavy vote, practically as much as Curry and Anderson combined. If the returns continue the opinion is that Johnson will win. His supporters didn't dream he would poll so heavy a vote in Frisco.

Reports from Los Angeles show that Johnson is polling as heavy a vote as all others combined. The returns from Los Angeles practically show that Johnson has carried the state by a very heavy plurality. Good judges here are preparing to concede Johnson's victory.

WHAT BALLINGER SAID.

Secretary of Interior Declared He Would Resign if President Asked.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Secretary Ballinger of the interior department has sent word to Beverly that he will resign any time he is asked to do so by the president, but not until then. This is the burden of a report that is current here. According to this story the secretary made plain this attitude to Senator Crane in Minneapolis a fortnight ago and the senator has communicated it to the president.

This report adds color to the growing impression that the effort to get rid of Ballinger, Cannon and Aldrich without soiling the hands of the president has come to grief. Secretary Ballinger, it is said, flatly refused to be put out of the way by anybody but the president himself.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Table with columns for stock names and prices, including items like Amalgam, Copper, and various bonds.

Market Reports.

BUTTER—Receipts, 15,088 packages creamery, specials, per lb., 30c; extras 25c; thirds to firsts, 24c; state dairy finest, 25c; common to prime, 22c; process, specials, 22c; seconds to extras, 22c; factory, current make, seconds to firsts, 22c; imitation creamery 22c.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA...

Number One. A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction heretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two. RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

A true copy of Resolution No. 2. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Allegheny vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Allegheny shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Allegheny all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

signed, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 3. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Number Four.

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows:

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

TWELVE

muslin trespass notices for \$1.00; six for seventy-five cents. Name of owner, township and law regarding trespassing printed thereon. CITIZEN office.

SPENCER

The Jeweler

would like to see you if you are in the market for

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, WATCHES,

CLOCKS, DIAMONDS,

AND NOVELTIES

"Guaranteed articles only sold."

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF ERIE TRAINS.

Trains leave Union depot at 7.20 a. m. and 2.45 p. m., week days.

Trains arrive Union depot at 1.50 and 6.45 p. m. week days.

Saturday only, Erie and Wyoming arrives at 3.45 p. m. and leaves at 5.50 p. m.

Sunday trains leave 2.48 and arrive at 7.02.