

# THE CITIZEN

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1910.

Rev. Henry N. Coudon, the blind chaplain of the House of Representatives at Washington, D. C., astonished the members of that body last Friday, in his prayer for divine guidance by uttering these words—"Since the purity of the home depends upon the purity of those who compose it, the character of the nation depends upon the people who make up the nation. Help us, therefore, as individuals to strive earnestly to cast out the beam from our own eye that we may see clearly to pull the mote out of our brother's eye. If we are to become muck rakers, help us to rake before our own door, and if we have time then let us help our neighbor. Since cant and hypocrisy are the most heinous of all sins, deliver us, we pray Thee, from them."

G. R. Washburne, Secretary of the National Model License League, has given out statistics which show that the average increase in the use of alcoholic beverages in the United States is 244,874 gallons a day as compared with the corresponding period in 1909. Mr. Washburne attributes the increase, not to the reverses that Prohibition have received within the last year, but to their successes. "Prohibition," he says, "has caused the introduction of bottles, jugs, cases and barrels into homes where liquor had never entered under the license system." No doubt there is some truth in his assertion. The desire to get that which we are forbidden to have is as natural and as human as our indifference to that which we ought to have and can have for the taking. It is this trait which often prompts young women to spurn the suitors at their feet and to throw their affections like lassos after less worthy swains who do not appear so anxious. It is a trait which manifests itself in a thousand different ways, a trait which every man may observe in himself and in every individual of his acquaintance. It would be odd indeed if some such perversity of human nature did not crop up to spoil the attractive theory of Prohibition.

## GOVERNORSHIP.

Cyrus LaRue Munson, of Williamsport, Pa., candidate for Supreme Court Justice on the Democratic ticket last fall, will be the nominee of the Democratic convention at Allentown for Governor, according to gossip heard about Democratic state headquarters. The sentiment, from reports received is tending strongly toward the Locomotive candidate in spite of the activity of ex-State Treasurer William H. Berry and the efforts of Senator Webster Grim, of Bucks.

State Democratic organization leaders who had been "laying low" are now talking Munson, and it is declared by some of the people well versed in Democratic politics that he will come pretty close to being nominated on the first ballot. No one doubts that he will take the nomination.

From the best poll made of candidates for delegates entered in the filing of petitions which closed Saturday, Berry has less than sixty delegates in sight. Some people do not give him that many and even if he should get as high as seventy-five it is believed the Munson delegates will be joined by the great majority of uninstructed delegates. There will be 209 delegates in the convention.

Munson's place at the head of the ticket is believed so certain among men that they are talking of second place. The names of Senator A. G. Dewalt, of Allentown, and Rudolph Blankenberg, of Philadelphia, are suggested; Dewalt has most of the favor.

Munson's liberal expenditure of money in his efforts to get a seat on the bench of Supreme Court last year was so stupendous that his candidacy appeals very strongly to the workers of the Democratic party, as they realize that all they can get out of a State campaign is what comes out of the pockets of the candidates. Berry is not very generous in his disbursement of money to the cam-

paign fund, and while he has a reputation of being honest, one prominent Democrat was heard to remark that Berry never had an opportunity to be dishonest where his chances of being discovered were not overwhelming against him. Berry is too good a man to suit many of the workers in his party, and if the Prohibition, Local Option and Anti-Saloon parties would combine, he would accept a nomination from them, and the result would be a big cutting down in the votes of the old parties. If the Democratic party would put a plank in their platform favoring Local Option, they would, without doubt, elect their ticket with either Munson or Berry at the head, as this question is being agitated so that it is getting on the nerves of the voters, to the extent that they would like to try it out.

A prominent brewer in Philadelphia was asked what he thought about "Malicious Animal Magnetism." His reply was, "There is something in it, and I am satisfied that the local option crowd have a corner on the infernal thing, for about two out of every three persons that I met and conversed with were leaning towards giving local option a trial."

Astronomers are discussing and disagreeing as to the time when the earth passed through the tail of the comet. Of course, it may be interesting to them, but the common, plain, every-day people have doubts whether the comet has a tail that anything could pass through. The failure of some visible display of this well advertised and long heralded circus in the planetary regions has strengthened the faith of the Christian Scientists, whose foundation belief is that material things exist mainly if not wholly in the imagination, and that aches, pains, etc., are in the same class as comet tails. We often wish they were.

## BUILDERS OF CHARACTER.

Nothing but frank intercourse with independent minds, nothing but discussion on equal terms, will keep a thinker intellectually humble and conscious of fallibility.

There is a sort of impulsiveness which often gets people into serious trouble. We are fretted and vexed at the acts of somebody else, and we do not wait to think, but say out our irritation and wound deeply some sensitive spirit. We are angry and we let passion rule us instead of calm reflection. The impulsive person who cannot control his temper is like one who carries fire near gunpowder.

What you do, do well. If a thing is worth doing at all, it is worth doing well. Yet the world is full of work badly done. It is always bad policy to do work in a poor, half-hearted and slovenly fashion. Good and honest work will always be of the greatest service, both to the serving and the served. The worker will ever find it to his best interest to work conscientiously and carefully, and to do his very best.

Like simplicity of manner, it shows us a man's sentiments and turn of mind laid open without disguise. More studied and artificial manners of writing, however beautiful, have always this disadvantage, that they exhibit an author in form, like a man at court, where the splendor of dress, and ceremonial of behavior, conceal those peculiarities which distinguish one man from another. But reading an author of simplicity is like conversing with a person of distinction at home, and with ease, where we find natural manners and a marked character.

I have observed one ingredient somewhat necessary in a man's composition towards happiness, which people of feeling would do well to acquire; a certain respect for the follies of mankind; for there are so many fools whom the opinion of the world entitles to regard, whom accident has placed in heights of which they are unworthy, that he who cannot restrain his contempt or indignation at the sight will be too often quarrelling with the disposal of things to relish that share which is allotted to himself.

Great care must be taken lest your debates break in upon your passions and awaken them to take part in the controversy. When the opponent pushes hard, and gives just and mortal wounds to our own opinions, our passions are very apt to feel the strokes, and to rise in resentment and defense. Self is so mingled with the sentiments which we have chosen, and has such a tender feeling of all the opposition which is made to them, that personal brawls are very ready to come in as seconds to succeed and finish the dispute of opinions. Then noise, and clamor, and folly appear in all their shapes, and chase reason and truth out of sight.

## Bryce to Stay.

Washington, May 24.—The British embassy here authorized a denial of the report that the Right Hon. James Bryce, the British ambassador to the United States, had written to the British foreign office asking to be recalled from this city.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

In our open letter of April 2nd we stated, that we believed every employee has the right to join any organization he cares to, etc. We thought at the time that as soon as the citizens of Honesdale became convinced, that the men were able to earn not only fair but good wages, sufficient pressure would be brought to bear to release the men from outside influence, which is at the bottom of this disturbance. In this belief we were very much disappointed, and the experience of the past eight weeks has been a severe lesson to us. It has shown us, that there is an organization, which has no regards for the rights of others, but the members of which feel that they are privileged to do whatever they please and that no one must oppose them. Organization on the part of the manufacturers according to their standard of justice would be a crime against society. Since the beginning of the strike our factory has been in a state of siege; pickets have been on duty continuously, and men who were willing and anxious to work, have been prevented from doing so by threats of the vilest character. Malicious and false statements have been circulated in various ways. We have made all kinds of efforts to arouse the spirit of self-preservation in this community sufficiently to induce some representative and public-spirited citizens to investigate the trouble without fear or favor, and state in an unbiased opinion, which party is in the wrong. We believe that a man is free to sell his labor at the highest price obtainable; but we believe at the same time, that the employee has no right to demand the control of his employer's investment; and the organization, which instills that doctrine into the minds of its members, is not worthy of consideration, because it is un-American and savors of anarchy. Trade unions, if properly directed, can be of great benefit to the country as well as to their members, but when they attempt to deprive the employers of the control of their property, they are bound to universal animosity. On account of the treatment we have received during the past eight weeks from the members of the American Flint Glass Workers' Union, we have decided that it is against safe business policy to employ any men, who are affiliated with that organization, because their presence in a factory is forever a menace to the interests of the employer, and a barrier to that feeling of confidence and mutual regard, which is the cornerstone of every successful industry.

THE HERBECK-DEMER CO.,  
EMIL HERBECK, Pres.  
Honesdale, Pa., May 24, 1910.

## NO PLACE LIKE HOME.

We print the following letter which was published in the Umpqua Valley News, published at Roseburg, Oregon, which goes to show that all the glittering prospects held out to go west have a dull side, which you fail to see until you have made the plunge. Our own county, under intelligent and intensified farming, can be made just as profitable as most sections of this country.

Dixonville, Oregon, May 12.—If you will allow me a little space I have a few "knocks" I would like to register. While I believe in boosting a good thing, and there is no locality on the coast that will justify it as will Roseburg and Douglas county, yet I think the essential part of boosting is to treat people fairly and keep them contented after they arrive here and have invested, and that feature of the programme, if it ever was a feature, seems to have been overlooked entirely. To illustrate, I have lived here a year, and during that time am satisfied I could have induced four or five families from the East to locate here, but I wrote and told them not to come. If I had been satisfied they, in turn, would have told their friends and thus formed an endless chain of boosters—"What's the matter with me?"

I'll tell you. All my earnings and a good part of my wife's money that she brought with her goes to Roseburg to help pay for street paving, autos, fine roadsters, numerous trips to California and other points, or their health and such.

The farmers here who produce all this wealth where one can be cited who can afford any one of these luxuries, I can name five hundred who do not have time to take a day's fishing at Winchester, and why is all this? The high prices paid by the farmers in Roseburg take all their profits. I'll give a few examples: I paid \$100 for a wagon (2 1-2 in) that would cost at home not more than \$60 at the highest. A walking cultivator was priced to me at \$26, worth \$12 at home and one can buy them second hand at from 25 cents to \$3. A summer hat costs 60 cents which after the first shower looked like a dish rag. I can buy it in Chicago at retail for 20 cents. A pair of work shoes cost \$3 that one can buy anywhere in the East for \$1.50 to \$2, and so on down the line. Do the farmers get a good price for their products? Yes, very good price if they get the money, but what do they get—groceries. I haven't seen a dollar in so long that I don't know how it looks and I have so many groceries on hand that I am considering starting a store and trading them for farm products and selling the products for more groceries and so on.

When I go to town with a load

of fruit—to buy more groceries—I am obliged to hitch my horses nearly out to the fair grounds by the roadside or put them in the barn and pay 20 cents for the privilege and I feed them my own grain. This is an advance of 100 per cent, since the paving. Of course if I had the 20 cents—but I have to spend my wife's money. Why don't I sell out and go back? I'll be compelled to do so soon. The end is in sight if there is not a change—even if I must take the price of my farm in groceries. But I don't like to do it. would like to get in and help boost instead of "knocking" in self defense. Not one-fourth of the people realize what they have got here. I've lived in the best parts of nearly every state in the West, including Western Washington, Southern California, the Willamette Valley, the famous Rogue River Valley, and you have them "skinned a country block" in good people, climate, fertile soil—and don't you doubt it, fruit. All we need in that line is a well-organized Fruit Growers' Association to ship and sell our fruit and go after the big prices. Give us "a square deal" and we will help you.  
C. D. BROOKS.

## RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY.

Whereas, The silent messenger of Death has again entered the wigwam of Olek Tribe, and taken from our midst to the hunting grounds of his Fathers, our Brother George C. Decker, who died May 8, 1910; be it Resolved, That we extend to the immediate family our heartfelt sympathy in this, their hour of trial, and commend them to the care of the infinite Father, who comforteth the stricken family; be it further Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days as token of regard for our departed Brother; that a copy of these resolutions be extended to the bereaved family, spread upon the record of the tribe, and published in the county papers.

EUGENE C. BABBITT,  
WILLIAM SCHLOSS,  
A. R. TAEUBNER,  
Committee.

Wigwam Olek Tribe, Improved Order Red Men, Honesdale, Pa., May 23, 1910.

## BIBLE CONFERENCE.

Will Open at Montrose, Susquehanna County, July 4th.

Circulars have just been issued by the Montrose Bible Conference association, of which Rev. R. A. Torrey is the founder and conference director, calling attention to the fact that the summer Bible school will open on Monday, July 4th, and will continue until August 31st. The third annual conference will open on August 19th at 2:30 o'clock and close on Sunday evening, August 28th.

The second annual meeting of the members of the Montrose Bible conference association will be held on Thursday, August 25th, on the conference grounds. The semi-annual meeting of the board of directors will be held on the evening of the same day.

The conference will be under the direction of Rev. Torrey, and some of the speakers already engaged are Rev. A. C. Dixon, of Chicago; Rev. Henry Frost of Germantown; Rev. Charles E. Hurlburt, of Kijabe, Africa; Rev. N. F. Smith, of Northfield, Mass., and many others.

## SON BORN TO SPANISH QUEEN.

Queen Victoria was delivered of a son still born early Saturday morning. The unhappy outcome is attributed to premature accouchement, which otherwise was natural. The body will be buried without ceremony in the escurial monastery. When told of the loss, the mother wept bitterly. The past few weeks have been trying for her. Twice the officials were summoned on the impression that birth was imminent. While doubt existed, King Alfonso was obliged to hurry to London to attend the funeral of the queen's uncle, Edward VII. According to custom, Premier Mendez bore the body to the room adjoining the queen's chamber for official inspection by members of the royal family. This is the first instance of still birth in the Spanish royal family, although the child of Queen Isabella II, lived only to receive the lustral water.

## DRY CURE FOR COLD.

A Paris physician, P. L. Romme, has recently announced a new cure for a cold in the head. In reality, Dr. Romme's cure is said to have been discovered 150 years ago by an English doctor named Williams, well known at the close of the eighteenth century.

The remedy is simplicity itself. All one has to do is to abstain from all liquids during a period of twenty-four to forty-eight hours, starting from the moment when the sufferer feels the first irritating symptoms of a cold in the head.

Bread, fish, vegetables, white meat and pudding may be eaten, but beverages should be taken in very small quantities—a spoonful of tea, coffee, or milk in the morning, and a small glass of water going to bed, or, if possible, not taken at all.

It is not necessary to remain at home. The dry cure, in fact, is more rapid and complete if the sufferer breathes in the open air. Dr. Steinberg, a Viennese authority, has modernized it by forbidding soup and even the small quantity of tea or milk of Dr. Williams's system. But he allows a small glass of wine and water during the day.

## ROUND ABOUT THE HOUSE.

A cloth wrung out of vinegar, and wrapped round cheese, will keep it from moulding.

When you seal an envelope with the white of an egg it is impossible to steam it open.

A large safety pin makes a convenient holder for odd buttons and loose hooks and eyes.

Ammonia water that has been used for washing may be used for plants. It is an excellent fertilizer.

A coarse cloth dipped in salt and water, and rubbed over straw matting will prevent it from turning yellow.

A can of Welsh rabbit is all ready for serving when melted in a little water or milk and turned over toast.

Suede shoes that have become shiny and worn-looking can be freshened by rubbing them with fine sand-paper.

If you are obliged to burn a light in your bedroom, it had better be a candle or a night lamp. The ordinary gas flame consumes much of the oxygen.

For a cheese omelet, beat six eggs slightly and stir in an eighth of a cupful of grated cheese with a little salt and pepper. Cook like an ordinary omelet.

As a substitute for a bodkin needle a safety pin is excellent. It opens up the way without puncturing the cloth. It is especially good to use with starched articles.

It is the drying of delicate muslins and lawns that fades them rather than the washing. They should never be hung in the sun, but should be laid upon a doubled sheet, covered with another and rolled up for an hour.

Girls who are expert with their needles could cover their own parasols if an old frame is available, for a cover could be ripped away, one section opened and pressed and this will serve as a pattern for the new cover. When ripping examine carefully the sewing.

Blond and brunette sandwiches are pretty additions to the tea table. To make the blond ones cut white bread into thin triangles and spread with butter and chopped cream; the brunettes are made of circles of brown bread spread with cream cheese and chopped olives. They should be served on separate plates.

## LEON FINKELSTEIN,

of Finkelstein Bros., Optometrists and Opticians of Syracuse, N. Y., will be at the Commercial Hotel parlors Saturday, May 28, 1910.

Having hundreds of satisfied customers in Wayne Co., no doubt I can satisfy you also.

At White Mills National Hotel, Monday, May 30th; at Hawley, Reader's Hotel, May 31st. All work guaranteed for one year. Glasses furnished at reasonable prices.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

## WOMAN'S PLACE IS HOME.

Can do More Good There Than at Polls, Says Preacher.

Cincinnati, O., May 22.—A hearty welcome to the delegates of the Federation of Women's Clubs was delivered last evening from the pulpit of Rev. G. R. Robbins, of the Lincoln Park Baptist church, who spoke on "The Club Women, 800,000 Strong, and Their Possibilities." "Woman's first place is in the home," he said, "and there she can do more good than at the polls, for it is her opportunity to mold the character of the generation which is to succeed themselves. We trust that every woman who bends over the washtub, iron board, who scrubs the floors of public buildings, gets gray hairs over the worries incident to sewing, or is employed in office work, will receive an uplift by the presence of these women in our city, whose aim and object is to bring about a better state of affairs in the home, city and land."

## HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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You have more or less banking business. Possibly it is with us, such being the case you know something of our service, but if not a patron would it not be well for you to become one?

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will help you start. It is calculated to serve all classes, the old and the young, the rich and the poor.

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

IT RECEIVES DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UP

and allows three per cent. interest annually. Interest will be paid from the first of any month on all deposits made on or before the 10th of the month provided such deposits remain three calendar months or longer.

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