

A CHAT WITH OUR NEIGHBORS

USWICK & LAKEVILLE.

Quite an excitement prevailed at Uswick on Sunday afternoon when a fire was discovered in the forest, and the fire warden sent one of the men to the telephone to call out the nearby neighbors to fight the fire, which had spread over to the Bone Ridge road. It burned over about one hundred acres. The men soon had the fire under control and put it out.

Mrs. Tracy James, of Bohemia, is visiting Mrs. C. W. Ponnell at Uswick at present; she has also been visiting Mrs. A. Goble at Lakeville.

Florence Seeger is quite ill. They took her to Hawley to see Dr. Rodman yesterday. He says she has taken a sudden cold.

Mrs. Katie Daniels is now able to ride to Hawley to visit the doctor and get medicine.

Fred Reineke, of Hawley, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Reineke, at Uswick on Sunday.

Mr. Byer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has purchased the Francis Waterston place at Audell and moved there today. Mr. Chas. Utt helped them move.

F. B. Pennell of Uswick, went to Williamsport last Tuesday to attend the Grand Lodge as representative from the Lakeville Lodge, I. O. O. F. Before he returns home he expects to visit his wife at Danville and his son Earl at Galeton.

Our pastor, Rev. H. T. Purkiss, attended the quarterly conference at Paupack this afternoon.

Mrs. Klein and daughter Annie, and Mr. and Mrs. Byer and eight others from Brooklyn, N. Y., arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Schleupner at Uswick on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Murphy and son George, and the former's mother, Mrs. Carr, took a ride to Sterling on Sunday in the auto to visit Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Webster.

D. D. Bartleson, of Kane, is visiting his sisters, Mrs. Arles Crane and Mrs. M. L. Oimstead.

STEENE.

The excelsior factory at Prompton will begin operations this week.

Albert Odell, who has been suffering with blood poisoning, is slowly improving.

We wish to thank John D. Weston of Honesdale for so generously coming to the front with a check for ten dollars, for the pleasure of riding his car over the three miles of road recently built in this section. He says more will follow his suit. Thanks, it will give us courage to try and keep good roads.—supervisor Haley.

We are glad to see that the Carbonate automobilists have accepted our invitation to test our good roads in this section, and glad to see that they appreciate good roads, if it's nothing more than "Thank you."

Mr. and Mrs. William Wood entertained at their home on Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. John Vanbuskirk of Wilkes-Barre; also Mr. and Mrs. A. Wood.

Richard Cliff is quite ill at his home, on the Aldenville road.

Miss Edith Wood of Seelyville, visited her parents here at Steene on Sunday.

Alonso Wood says that he would trade his 240 stepper with harness and buggy for a first-class automobile. Farmer Dannie says that he has a cat when he wouldn't trade for any one of the plagued "animals" that he ever saw.

After his planting is done, Mr. Found will go abroad for a couple of weeks in search of a flying machine.

Mrs. Mose Cole is somewhat improved from her recent illness.

Mrs. Isaac Ball, of Honesdale, is so much improved from her long illness, that she visited friends at Waymart last week.

MILANVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Volney Skinner spent Friday at Port Jervis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Young attended the funeral of Mrs. Phillips at Binghamton last week.

W. R. Skinner, who has been having serious trouble with his eyes, is some better.

Miss Lorena Skinner has been confined to the house for the past week by a troublesome tooth.

Mrs. Adella Nichols, Miss Minnie Gay and Wm. Pullis went to Honesdale on Monday last.

George Fenner is again in the store after a few days' illness.

The following was in the Cazenovia Seminary news in The Christian Advocate: "The fifth annual dinner of the New York Alumni was held at the Hotel Saint Dennis recently. W. McGrath, the toastmaster, introduced the speaker of the evening, President Charles D. Skinner, who spoke on the 'Future of the Private School.'"

CLINTON.

Wednesday evening, May 18th, is the annual meeting of the Clinton Cemetery Association for the election of officers, after which cake and cream will be served. A neat wall has been laid on the line of the newly purchased plot. The wall along the roadside has been removed and a more suitable fence will be placed there in the future.

Last Friday afternoon a little four-year-old son of Nathan Yarns of For-

est City, was laid at rest in the cemetery, this being the first person buried in the new plot.

James Kerney, formerly of North Carolina, is working for F. N. Rude. Mrs. Henry McAvoy is caring for Mrs. Bernard G. bat, who at present writing is gaining nicely.

On his recent birthday E. P. Edwards, mail-carrier No. 1, of Waymart, received 102 post-cards.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gardner and son of Carbondale, were recent guests at C. H. Varcoe's.

John Shermert lost a horse last week, it being the second one to die on him within the last nine months.

A considerable number of fruit trees of various sorts are being planted as well as small fruits this spring.

We made an effort to see the comet several mornings, but could only see Venus.

The Temperance Alliance meets in the Clinton Center church next Sunday evening.

A sort of measles is afflicting the pupils of the High school, but it is not so serious as to keep them out of school but for a short time.

LOOKOUT.

Mr. and Mrs. George Knapp, also Mrs. John A. Hill and Miss Emma Cole attended the Sunday school convention at Calkins on Friday last.

Leland Hathaway, who spent last week at Hancock, returned home on Sunday.

Hattie Knapp and friend, Grace Kellam, of Braham, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Rutledge and daughter, Helen, spent Saturday at Honesdale.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heller, of Siko, called on Jesse Hathaway on Saturday last.

Mrs. A. Daney spent Sunday with Mrs. Fletcher at Union.

Mrs. J. H. Flynn entertained friends from Rileyville on Tuesday last.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Memorial service will be held in the Moravian church on Sunday afternoon, May 22d at 2 o'clock. Rev. H. A. Smith, of Lehighton, Pa., will deliver the memorial address.

The baccalaureate sermon to the members of the graduating class of the Newfoundland High school will be delivered by Rev. Webster of Sterling, Pa., on Sunday evening, May 22d.

Graduating exercises will be held in the Newfoundland High school on Thursday evening, May 27th.

Mrs. F. A. Ehrhardt and Mrs. John Frey spent last week in Scranton with Mrs. Schultz.

Mrs. George Sommer and daughter Violet, and Miss Lena Gillner spent several days in Scranton.

Rev. and Mrs. Francke are visiting relatives and friends in Bethlehem, Pa.

Mr. Leibert of Bethlehem, Pa., was a guest at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Francke.

HAMLIN.

The Loyal Temperance Legion, a branch of the W. C. T. U., will hold its Fourth Annual convention at Honesdale on Tuesday, May 31, 1910, morning session at 10:30 o'clock.

A silver medal contest will be held in the evening, and owing to the large number of contestants from the legions in the county, no medals will be given. Admission to the contest, 15 cents. The L. T. L. County Song, composed by Harry Tonkin, will be sung. Following is the song:

"TOILING ON TO VICTORY." We're marching on to victory, Come join our band to-day, For hand in hand we're marching, Steadfast in firm array.

For love of Christ and right Our motto we will wave, While toiling on to victory Our county, Wayne, to save.

CHORUS: Come join our band, We'll conquer in the fight, For Him above we'll work with all our might.

The temperance cause We will not let it stand, For we must save our land.

We ask for all young soldiers, To join our ranks to-day, And that we may win the battle, And drive King Al—away.

The land we love and honor, That land we'll try to save, While toiling on to victory Our county, Wayne, to save.

FOREST FIRES MENACE.

One Town Damaged, Another Threatened by Blaze.

Ridgway, Pa., May 19.—Forest fires have been raging unchecked in many parts of Elk county for the past week. The town of Laurel Mills, two miles from this place, has been partially burned out, several residences and much lumber having been destroyed.

Straight, a lumber settlement in the northern part of the county, is fighting the approach of the brush and timber fires. The Ridgway water works is also threatened, but rain, it is believed, will check the flames.

RECOVERING SOME LOST HISTORY

A Plunge Into the Antiquities of Egypt.

[Special to The Citizen.]

It is a mistake to take the history of Egypt at one plunge. You should dip in gradually, a thousand years or so at one time; the Moslem Empire, the Christian martyrs, Moses in the bulrushes, the Great Pyramid, and so on by degrees. But I plunged right into the depths of the past without giving my imagination a chance for adjustment, nearly eight thousand years in one full swoop. When I began to count that up it gave me a sort of sinking feeling as though I had suddenly stepped off the solid world of time and space—backward—into infinity. If I had been on a shipboard, I would have thought of sea-sickness. But the place I was looking at was the Step Pyramid of Memphis, perhaps the oldest historic building in the world. Yet it doesn't look older than the church at Jamestown.

The place to begin the study of Egyptian history is in the Egyptian Museum at Cairo. Many travelers visit the museum from a sense of duty. Often they hire a guide, whose efforts to instruct would be ludicrous if the effort to be instructed on the part of the travelers were not so pathetic. They tag along after him trying to understand his broken English or else rush from point to point with even greater speed trying to focus one eye on the guide-book and the other on the famous object they have been told to see. When the catalogue shows a sufficient number of checks, they sigh with relief that the Museum has been done and whirl away to some now wonder.

The Egyptian Museum is not to be "done" in any such fashion. In fact this collection of antiquities, the most wonderful of its kind, has not been gathered or arranged for such visitors. The catalogue which will consist of thirty quarto volumes will not be convenient to carry around. The Museum is not to be called a "show" place, but as a means of increasing human knowledge it is easily supreme of its kind in all the world.

But this great Museum, although costing the Khedivial government more than a million dollars for its erection, is only an incidental feature of the great work which is being carried on by a group of earnest scholars through a department of the Egyptian government. This work is international in its character, having enlisted savants of all nations, just as the great marine laboratory at Naples has gathered together scientists from all nations. For the prosecution of this work the Egyptian Government has organized a department called the Bureau of Antiquities presided over by M. Maspero. I had the privilege of meeting both this famous man and also his distinguished assistant, Brugsch Bey, and received valuable direction and information from them.

The purpose for which the Bureau of Antiquities labors is three fold. It aims, first, to recover as far as possible the treasures of Egypt. With these materials collected and classified, it aims next to write the history of Egypt, which has been lost for centuries. Lastly, it would repair and preserve for all time the rich treasures of Egyptian history and art.

The most delightful feature about this monumental enterprise is that it is so unselfish. It has been carried on from the first with an enthusiasm which is worthy of all praise. The work of excavation was begun by the late M. Mariette in 1850. Since his death it has been carried on by M. Maspero. Mention should be made of M. Grebaut and Brugsch Pascha, men of untiring energy and possessed of quenchless enthusiasm for the great work. A fine monument, crowned by the sturdy marble figure of Mariette stands between the entrance of the Museum and the great Nile bridge. This great man died before he had seen the realization of his dream, but not before he had given an impetus to the enterprise which it can never lose. No future explorer will ever be compelled to bury again in the sand for the sake of their preservation the marvellous treasures of Egyptian history and art.

To carry on this great work, beside those who are employed in the Museum itself, the Bureau of Antiquities has in its service five chief European engineers or inspectors, so M. Maspero told me, having under their direction eleven native inspectors and 400 native workmen. These have been engaged during the past year in searching through the rubbish heaps that have accumulated throughout the centuries over the sites of ancient temples, monuments and cities. Here from time to time priceless treasures are found. They also search for tombs where jewelry and antiques of great value have been discovered.

The work for the season was about ended, but we saw a little, showing how it was done. Forty or more young men and boys were at work in Earnak clearing a section of the wonderful temple. The older men grubbed about with primitive pickaxes and the boys swarmed to the foot of the embankment filling with their hands woven baskets. Over them stood the ancient task-master, whip in hand. In half a minute they were in line again, carrying the earth on their heads to the top of the

dump. They were chatting passages from the Koran, one party answering the other in monotonous repetition of the same words.

An entirely different staff has charge of the work of restoration. From 500 to 1,000 men are employed every year. The importance of this part of the work may be seen when it is remembered that only a few years ago in the magnificent temple of Karnak, ten great columns, each over 75 feet high, being weakened by the flood waters of the Nile, toppled over like ninepins. These have all been rebuilt and are now in place again.

The Bureau also protects these ruins. In the temple of Rameses II at Thebes and elsewhere you may see how the carvings have been defaced by fanatics, ancient Christians or Moslems as well as by more modern relic hunters. Priceless treasures of gold and gems have been stolen. Ruthless hands have been laid on the bodies of the dead, or upon that which was held most sacred, in the hope of getting gain. Tablets have been destroyed which might have yielded secrets as mysterious as that of the Sphinx. Under the policy now inaugurated such barbarity is impossible. In a way this is a matter of sentiment, but it is sound business sense as well, for the tourists bring into Egypt in a single season no less than \$5,000,000. The government can well afford to spend money on the Bureau of Antiquities.

It is impossible to enumerate, let alone to describe, the relics of the past contained under the roof of this marvellous Museum. If one looks upon the very faces in the mummy chambers of those mighty sovereigns, Mamees, Seti, and their successors, whose bony hands once swayed the destinies of the Israelites and other captive nations, or stands before the arrow-headed letters on the stone tablets or clay epistles referring to the kings of ancient Judah, if he sits in awe under the shadow of the colossal statuary, or hangs in rapture over the cases of Queen Thy's jewellery, he may gain some faint idea of the glories of that wondrous past that could be felt in no other spot on earth.

GOULDSBORO.

W. H. Hager, of Roselle, N. J., is visiting his mother, Mrs. S. S. Hager.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Hoffman and daughter, Kathleen, are visiting in New York.

Ralph Adams, who is suffering from a severe attack of appendicitis, was taken to Scranton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa W. English were the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. R. English of Moscow on Sunday last.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. M. Smeltzer, who is in Philadelphia, there will be no services in the Lutheran church on Sunday, May 22nd.

D. E. Foley of Scranton, was a recent visitor here.

Mrs. Homer Stevens is seriously ill at her home.

Willard, little son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Evans, is visiting relatives in Taylor.

A number of Scrantonians registered at the St. Charles hotel here on Sunday.

DOOMS MEASURE.

Senate Ends Hope For Direct Primary Bill.

DEFEATED BY VOTE OF 23 TO 25

Reformers Needed Twenty-six Votes. Opponents of Proposed Law Lacked One Vote—Could Not Pass Substitute—Issue Hard Fought.

Albany, N. Y., May 19.—The Hinman-Green direct nominations bill, favored by Governor Hughes, which would abolish the party convention, was defeated on final passage in the senate by a vote of 23 to 25 votes.

The same bill was defeated in the assembly over a week ago by a vote of 67 yeas to 77 nays. It requires 26 yeas to pass a bill in the senate and 70 yeas to pass a bill in the assembly. This vote in each house against the Hinman-Green bill makes it certain that Governor Hughes will not call an extra session of the legislature to consider primary reform legislation.

After the Hinman-Green bill had been disposed of the Grady-Frisbie bill, representing the views of the Democratic league, was placed upon its final passage and defeated by a vote of 39 to 11, a party vote except that Senators Cullen and Harden, Democrats, voted with the Republicans against the bill, while Senator Gardner, Democrat, did not vote upon the bill at all, as he had voted for the Hinman-Green bill.

The Meade-Phillips bill, retaining the party conventions, which passed the assembly last week, although it was considered during the day's debate upon the primary reform question, did not reach a vote in the senate because there were not enough yeas to pass it. The same can be said of the Cobb bill.

Twenty-one Republicans and two Democrats voted for the bill and thirteen Republicans and twelve Democrats against it.

THE GRANGE

GOOD RESULTS FROM ONE SPRAYING.

A business man, who was unable to arrange for more than one spraying of his trees for the codling moth, on account of scarcity of help, wrote to Professor Surface, State Zoologist, to know whether one application of the Bordeaux-Arsenate spray would be sufficient, and whether the Professor would recommend any change in the formula.

The reply of Professor Surface was to the following effect:

"Since you can only spray once for the codling moth, I can assure that you can obtain excellent results by so doing. I would advise a very thorough spraying with considerable pressure to the inch, blowing the spray material well into the calyx or blossom ends of apples, pears and quinces. At the same time you should use at least two pounds of arsenate of lead in each fifty gallons of water or Bordeaux mixture, and three pounds of this poison will do no injury. Since you are spraying only once, it may possibly be better to use it stronger.

"It is true that I have advised a reduction in the bluestone, from three to one and one-half pounds, for the first spraying of the apple only. This is to prevent russeting or browning of the fruit by contact with the strong or full strength Bordeaux mixture. Such russeting does not always occur, but it is liable to happen during wet weather. It will not result from the reduced formula.

"One of the chief pests for which you are to spray at this time of year is, of course, Codling moth. This is killed by the arsenate of lead and not by the bluestone. If you cannot get arsenate of lead readily, one-third pound of Paris green to each fifty gallons of the liquid will take the place of two or three pounds of lead arsenate. The bluestone is used to prevent plant diseases, and if you are particularly anxious to get its highest value as a fungicide, and will stand the slight risk of its russeting one side of the fruit, you can, of course, use the full-strength Bordeaux mixture, which means the three pounds of blue-stone, with four or five pounds of fresh lime, instead of the half-strength, which is made by using only one and one-half pounds of bluestone. You may be assured that if you will spray thoroughly with high pressure, a fine nozzle and a strong insecticide, one application for the Codling moth will be highly efficient, and will repay your efforts in giving you fruit comparatively free from worm injury."

HELLEBORE TO KILL CURRANT WORMS.

Writing from Middletown, Pa., a grower of currants asked State Zoologist Surface whether he can apply hellebore in the form of a spray, to rid his bushes of the worms that have started in on their work of destruction.

As to the use of hellebore for this purpose, Prof. Surface replied that he had "found it efficient to mix Hellebore and flour for the currant worm, and apply it by dusting it on the leaves. Use one part of Hellebore with five or six parts of flour, stirred together; when left to stand overnight or a few days, in a closed vessel, like a tin baking powder can, will impart its efficiency to the flour or the entire mixture, and can be used successfully by dusting over the leaves or bushes. This avoids the trouble and expense of spraying and is certainly efficient.

"However, if you should wish to apply a spray rather than a dust for the currant worms, there is nothing better than Hellebore for this particular pest, prepared as a liquid, to be applied in the form of a spray, by steeping one ounce of Hellebore in each gallon of water, making a decoction. Sometimes Hellebore is not so strong, and more may be needed to make this decoction strong enough to kill the pests. However, as they will be off the leaves within less than one-half day from the time the material is applied, if it is going to be efficient at all, it is very easy to make the application and examine the bushes a few hours afterward to see if the worms are still present on the leaves or not. If so, then make the material a little stronger, apply again, and you will be able to get rid of them."

LIME IN BORDEAUX.

State Zoologist Surface was queried by a Susquehanna county man as to using air-slaked lime in Bordeaux Mixture, who also inquired as to the self-boiled lime-sulfur and how it is prepared; also whether more than four pounds of lime can be used in making 50 gallons of Bordeaux Mixture.

Professor Surface replied: "Air-slaked lime cannot be used for the Bordeaux Mixture, especially if it has been long air-slaked. Get fresh lime and slake it and keep under water. When you want to use it, take three times as much of the lime paste as you would of dry quick lime. You can use hydrated lime all right for making Bordeaux. "By self-boiled lime-sulfur wash we mean a preparation that is boiled only by the heat from the slaking of the lime. It is best to put eight

pounds of quick lime and eight pounds of sulfur together in a barrel with about enough water to cover it. I do not recommend it in place of the Bordeaux, as it has not yet been proven that it will be any better, nor even as good. Another summer's experiments will give us the answer in this direction.

The only objection to using more lime would be, that it stains the foliage or plants that are to be kept for ornamental purposes, as, for example, shrubbery in the dooryard, and it also stains fruits if put on near their time of ripening."



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abundant in our latest arrival of exquisite lingerie and household necessities.

This wonderful assortment of

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TWO WOMEN'S NOTIONS

may be different in many points, but they will agree, when it comes to naming the store, where the best dry goods are kept.

They will tell you this is not only the best for the larger article but also for all kinds of notions.

KATZ BROS.

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We have the sort of tooth brushes that are made to thoroughly cleanse and save the teeth.

They are the kind that clean teeth without saving your mouth full of bristles. We recommend those costing 25 cents or more, as we can guarantee them and will replace, free, any that show defects of manufacture within three months.

O. T. CHAMBERS,

PHARMACIST,

Opp. D. & H. Station HONESDALE, PA