

# MONROE ELECTION

## Eyes of Nation on Aldridge-Havens Contest.

### LIKE FOSS IN MASSACHUSETTS

Democrats Expect That Republican Plurality of 10,000 Will Be Upset and That Aldridge Will Be Rejected.

Rochester, N. Y., April 19.—Voting began today in the 123 precincts of the Thirty-second congressional district of this state to choose a successor to James Breck Perkins, Republican, who died last month.

The fight between George W. Aldridge, Republican, and James S. Havens, Democrat, for election to Mr. Perkins' seat in the house of representatives has made this election of nation wide interest and importance.

The Democrats rely upon the high cost of living and the sentiment against the Payne-Aldrich tariff law to turn the 10,000 Republican plurality in the district into a 5,000 Democratic plurality for Havens. The charge of graft against Aldridge consequent upon the disclosures as to his receiving a \$1,000 check from the insurance "yellow dog" fund has, the Democrats say, lost him many votes. They expect a result in this district something like that achieved by Foss in Massachusetts.

The Aldridge men from their chieftain down to the humblest follower are earnestly almost passionately convinced that their candidate is to win by from 2,000 to 5,000. When Mr. Aldridge began the contest his followers asserted that he was to have 15,000 majority in the district.

"If my dear friend manages to scratch through by a thousand I'll get full as a cistern," cried one of Mr. Aldridge's election district captains.

Of the 123 precincts in the congressional districts 120 are provided with voting machines. All of these machines have been tested. The opposing forces have each two inspectors and two watchers. Talk of colonization schemes and of proposed arrests for illegal registration has gone on all day.

The Havens campaigners as well as the Aldridge campaigners are fully aware that Democrats and Republicans at Washington are awaiting the result with the keenest interest. It will determine whether the tide of disapproval of Republican national policies, which first set in several months ago and was visibly noted in the Sixth Missouri district, to be subsequently swelled by the returns from the Fourteenth Massachusetts district, is to be checked. Because of the voting machines the result ought to be known by 6 o'clock this evening.

If Havens wins his Democratic friends say that he will undoubtedly receive the Democratic nomination for governor of New York state next fall.

Mr. Havens has not the slightest shadow of a doubt as to the result. Neither has Louis M. Antisdale nor Henry T. Mosher nor John S. Whalen nor scores of other Democrats who have participated in all the intrigues and outcroppings of this interesting campaign. Most of them believe Mr. Havens is to be elected by at least 5,000 majority. This would mean a change of 15,000 votes in the district from 1908 and a change of 8,000 votes from 1906.

Congressman Fassett said today: "Mr. Aldridge has been the acknowledged leader of the Republican party in this section for the past twenty years. It is not possible that the people of Monroe county, whose loyalty to and in support of Republican principles has made this county the banner Republican county of this state, have been mistaken in their judgment, nor will they allow any proposed change to interfere with their vital interests."

### TO PROSECUTE HEALERS.

#### Death of Boy With Scarlet Fever Laid to Christian Scientists.

Stamford, Conn., April 19.—Edward Jordan, the ten-year-old son of E. P. Jordan, died here of scarlet fever after treatment by Christian Science healers only. The child's mother, believing that prayers would cure her son, refused to allow a physician to administer medicine.

The funeral was held up by the prosecuting attorney until today, when an autopsy was performed by Health Officer T. J. Biggs. A criminal charge, the doctor said, will be made against those responsible for the boy's death.

Thomas H. Stagg, a Christian Science practitioner of Noroton Heights, who had been giving the boy "present treatment," is locked up in the house under quarantine with the mother and the dead child.

Before he began giving the child "present treatment" he, with the assistance of Mrs. Samuel Scofield, a second reader in the Christian Science church of Stamford, had been giving the Jordan boy "absent treatment." Mrs. Scofield says that this treatment was "just prayer."

Health Officer Biggs, who had the case called to his attention by a regular physician, went to the house two or three times and asked to be allowed to treat the child. His offers of assistance were declined, and he was told that the family were Christian Scientists and that they would not have a doctor.

### WIFE IN CHAINS TWO YEARS.

#### Paris Druggist Says He Loves Her, but is Jealous.

The mystery of the disappearance of the young wife of a druggist named Parat, whose pharmacy is in Paris near the scene of the Steinhilf murder, was cleared up when the police broke in and found the woman heavily chained between the bed and the wall, horribly scarred.

In addition to the chain, which was strongly padlocked around the neck, a cruel contrivance resembling a coat of mail, but strengthened by a belt of copper rings, enveloped the body. Both objects could be removed only by the use of keys.

The woman told a pitiful tale of two years' imprisonment and martyrdom. Last November, while still in chains, she gave birth to her fifth child. The husband refused to call a doctor.

Parat, who was arrested, declared that he loved his wife, but was extremely jealous of her.

#### Another Joshua.

It is always a temptation to a true one's special knowledge. A county judge down in a Southern State, who was proud of his familiarity with Scripture, was weak enough to yield occasionally to this temptation. The story of one such occasion is told in the National Magazine.

One day an old negro was brought in from the mountain district under suspicion of maintaining an illicit still. There was no real evidence against him.

"What's your name, prisoner?" asked the judge, as he peered at the shuffling black man.

"Mah name's Joshua, judge," was the reply.

"Joshua, eh?" you say? Are you that same Joshua spoken of in Holy Writ—the Joshua who made the sun stand still?"

"No, judge," was the hasty answer, "twain't me. Ah'm de Joshua dat made de moon shine."

#### Steering an Aeroplane.

The driving of a motor-car demands a fair measure of vigilance and nerve, but by the general consent of those who have tried both forms of amusement it is nothing to the steering of an aeroplane.

From the point of view of personal daring and initiative, the newest method of travel finds a closer parallel in the early human feats of taming the horse for riding and learning to sail a boat than in the invention of the steamship or the railway engine. The prominence of the human element in the new pursuit comes naturally out in the concentration of popular interest even more in the "flying men" than in their machines.

When railways and steamships were new the absorption of public attention in them was immense. But the machine then dwarfed the man.

#### Compressed Gas.

Within the last 10 years the practice of transmitting compressed gas from some central station to small towns has grown rapidly. In Illinois one plant now supplies nearly 4,000 consumers, in Indiana another has as many, and in California a plant has about 5,000 consumers on its line of pipes.

Another plant is now projected to supply 8,000 consumers, and it is estimated that 100 miles of piping will be required. The system has been developed to compete with electricity. The mains used vary from two to six inches in diameter. When the gas is delivered the pressure must be reduced, and this is effected either by a local low-pressure distributing system, or by service governors connected with each meter.

#### "Play Away, One!"

It was Jimmy's first day in the district school, and he listened in bewilderment to the gib answers made by friends and neighbors, until the lesson in physical geography began. Then he was interested.

"What is the difference between a torrent and a cataract?" asked the teacher, at last; and to Jim's amazement the class hesitated. He waved his hand.

"Can you tell us," and the teacher smiled encouragingly at him.

"The Torrent's got more hose," said Jim, proudly, "but father says the folks over at the Corners are going to get some more for the Cataract, and then they'll be exactly alike."

#### Only Once.

There are two kinds of people in this world—those who look on the bright side of things and those who do not. Each sort is sure to extract his or her own moral from everything.

Two old ladies, both of whom were well cared for, were once conversing about their affairs. One was a jolly old lady, the other was of a sour disposition.

"Well, well," said the jolly one, "it's pleasant to be old. We get the best of everything—the easiest chairs, the best places, the tenderest morsels."

"Yes, yes," sighed the other, forced to admit that her life was an easy one, "that's all very true, but what's the use? We can't be old but once."

#### Sterilizing with Invisible Rays.

Continuing his researches, begun with the ordinary ultraviolet rays, Billon-Daguere in France has recently experimented with still shorter rays of the spectrum, measuring down to 1,000 units, for the sterilization of all kinds of liquids. He finds that the very short rays are 25 times as effective as the longer ones in their sterilizing power. He uses quartz vacuum tubes, immersed in the liquid, and illuminated with currents much more feeble than those required for the mercury vapor-lamps at first employed.

# Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON, Rutland, Vt.

### THE KING'S WARNINGS AND INVITATIONS.

International Bible Lesson for April 24, '10.—(Matt. 11:20-30).

Opportunity does not always mean success, great advantages do not assure prosperity. Wise men some times have dunces for children, and it is no uncommon thing for men to set in church for 50 years and yet be unconverted. Some of the most gospel hardened characters are those who have been brought up by pious parents and have the creed on their tongues end. There are reprobates who know the catechism from beginning to end, and plenty of men who can argue on points of doctrine who have not an iota of religion in their hearts.

#### Gospel-Hardened Fields.

The minister who is anxious for converts avoids the fields which have been burnt over by revivals, till they are as dry as a Sahara desert, and goes to men who are not so familiar with the gospel but that it comes to them with the freshness of a new discovery. The places that are proverbially the hardest to move in evangelistic effort are the old, conservative, hide-bound, New England parishes where points of doctrine are discussed at every corner grocery and the most erst-voing characters can discourse eloquently on the five points of Calvinism and who can detect heresy in a sermon as quick as a doctor of divinity. It does not by any means follow that proximity to religion always results in conversion. The light may be so bright as to dazzle the beholder.

#### Old Time Examples.

It was much that way with some of the cities of Galilee in the time of Christ. He was a resident in Capernaum. He did many mighty works in Chorazin, yet those cities in whose streets He was a familiar figure did not stampede into His kingdom, they did not turn to Him en masse. They entertained Him, but they did not cast in their lot with Him. They did not revile Him, neither did they crown Him. They simply treated Him courteously, listened to what He had to say, saw His mighty works with wide-eyed wonder, and then politely bowed Him out. They would not entuse a particle. They would neither laugh nor cry. If He piped to them they would not dance; if He mourned to them, they would not lament. They simply would not warm up to anything.

#### Fear Legitimate Motive.

Such conduct was an amazement to Christ and He said to them one day, "Why, if the mighty works that I have done here, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, heathen cities, populated by people who have never heard the gospel,—if I had gone to them instead of you, they would have repented long ago in sackcloth and ashes. And I say unto you, that in the day of judgment they will stand a better chance than you." What a terrific indictment it was for those cities! It was like one starving for food while sitting at a banquet, or drowning when a single effort would put them in the life boat. It will be noticed that Christ does not object to using the motive of fear in His message. We have fallen upon a time when an appeal to fear is tabooed in many pulpits. They say, if men will not be drawn by love nothing can reach them. But Christ did not so reason. He used a double motive, an attracting and a pushing force in order that every possible motive might be used to bring men into right relations with God. It is perfectly legitimate to warn men of the peril of delay and to put pressure upon them to flee from the wrath to come. It is not necessary to take men by the shoulder and shout at them. Be a Christian, sir, or your days are numbered! but it is proper to put before them the loss, the ruin, the subtraction, the failure to complete a perfect life structure without the help of Christ.

But Christ does not bear on one motive exclusively. Jonathan Edwards used the sword of the spirit in one direction only. His masterpiece was the famous sermon entitled "Sinners in the Hands of An Angry God," in which he compared men to flies which the Almighty was about to sweep off into eternal perdition, and he made the people realize their danger so dramatically that they caught hold of the pillars of the church lest they should slide in hell. He uttered more terrific language than Christ ever thought of. But even then, multitudes in Edwards' day decided to take the risk.

#### The Love Motive.

Christ turns in another direction and invites the world to His arms. Never were such words as these uttered before. Come unto Me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest. That was precisely what they needed—rest, and for multitudes it was not necessary to give a second invitation. That was what this weary world had been looking for, for thousands of years in vain. Heavy laden—that is the universal condition. What a load we carry, our sins, our habits, our cares, our sorrows, remorse for the past, anxiety for the future, losses, sicknesses, disappointments, inability to find work, debts, business perplexities, and a host of other things that make every life a burden-bearing. Now Christ said, Come unto me with it all, and I will give you rest. And countless multitudes have confessed through the ages that they have laid these burdens at His feet, and borne away a song.

### PROBING THE COTTON POOL.

Federal Grand Jury in New York Begins Special Investigation.

New York, April 19.—Under the direction of United States Attorney General Wickesham a special federal grand jury began today an investigation of an alleged bull pool in cotton. Thirteen cotton brokers were subpoenaed. The investigation was conducted by Assistant Attorney General Clark M. Kercher, who was sent here from Washington for that special purpose. This is the first time that the federal government ever undertook, outside of the bankruptcy courts, to investigate a speculative pool in cotton or anything else.

News of the action created bitter indignation in Wall street. It was openly charged that the criminal machinery of the United States courts had been invoked through some rare influence by one set of speculators, who had got themselves into a bad hole, to break the cotton market and thereby work their way out of a desperate situation.

The proceeding in which the federal grand jury is acting is called "The United States against Frank E. Hayne and William P. Brown." Hayne and Brown are New Orleans cotton brokers. They, with James A. Patten, the Chicago operator who successfully put through a wheat corner last year, and Eugene Seales of Texas, have been the leaders in the bull cotton movement since early last fall, when a crop 3,000,000 bales short of the yearly consumption was indicated.

The United States government claims to have knowledge of an agreement between Hayne, Brown and others which was reached on Feb. 26 last and which provided for the purchase of 150,000 bales of cotton for delivery between March and July at certain prices and under certain conditions which, it is claimed, are a violation of federal laws.

The thirteen brokers subpoenaed produced before the federal grand jury all papers, records or other data in their possession concerning the agreement.

### BRYAN CALLS ON GAYNOR.

Says Afterward That He Would Like to See Mayor Elected President.

New York, April 19.—William J. Bryan was taken from the Red D liner Caracas, on which he arrived here from Porto Rico, by a few personal friends on a tug at quarantine, and he made a visit to the city hall and talked for nearly an hour with Mayor Gaynor.

Reporters who interviewed Mr. Bryan later mentioned to him that Mayor Gaynor was being talked of in the west and south as the logical Democratic candidate for the presidency. When asked what he thought of the chances of the nomination of Mr. Gaynor, Mr. Bryan replied:

"I have known Mr. Gaynor for many years, and I knew that when he was elected mayor of this city he would make a fine record for himself. He is making a splendid record, and he is attracting the attention of the country, and I would like to see him elected president."

Mr. Bryan was reminded that the inquiry was as to what he thought of the chances of Mr. Gaynor being nominated. "I repeat," he would say only in reply, "that I would like to see Mr. Gaynor elected."

#### How to Clean Sweet Grass Baskets.

When the fragrant sweet grass baskets that are bought in such quantities by summer tourists become soiled and lose their sweet scent, try cleaning them off with a cloth wrung out of lukewarm water. Do not use soap on them. The dampness not only cleans the wads, but restores their fresh odor.

## The Evolution of a Booster Bill

### II.—Bill Sits Up and Thinks

Bill Blue was such a grumbly sort. We called him "OLD BILL GROUCH" for short.

Since short he was in speech and look and soon got short in pocketbook.

Said Bill, "This town is on the bum, its stores are punk, its climate rum, and then the people he ran down Made Bill look bummer than the town."



His business they put on the blink, And this made Bill sit up and think, "THE MAN WHO KNOCKS," said he, "is plain, GETS HIS by being knocked again."

Bill changed his tune that very day, Since then the world has come his way, His coffers soon began to fill, Now we're all friends of "Booster Bill."

### 5,200 DOUGHNUTS IN 32 DAYS.

Mrs. Tarr of Brunswick, Me., Goes After a Record.

There is a woman in Brunswick, Me., Mrs. Lizzie Tarr, who has something of a local reputation as a butter maker. Recently she went after the doughnut record and in thirty-two days made a trifle more than 5,200 doughnuts. This was done in odd moments when she was not caring for and feeding and doing housework for her husband, herself and fifteen children.

Mrs. Tarr's recipe for molasses doughnuts, which she considers the best product of her kitchen, is as follows:

One cupful of sour milk, one-half cup New Orleans molasses, one even teaspoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, one egg, four cups of flour and a dash of nutmeg.

She adds this information about the making:

"The frying is the most important. You must not get the lard too hot, or the doughnuts will brown on the outside before they are fully cooked through."

#### Woes of a Bashful Man.

A bashful young man in town was invited out to dinner. He was very much agitated. He sat opposite a mirror and discovered that he had forgotten to comb his hair. Then he dropped his fork on the floor and as he stooped to pick it up he upset his coffee. Matters went from bad to worse, until finally in despair the young man quit eating and put his hands under the table. The loose end of the tablecloth was lying in his lap. When he touched it he turned pale. He thought it was his shirt and that he had forgotten to put the garment in his trousers. He hurriedly stuffed the supposed shirt inside his trousers. Afterward, when the family arose from the table there was a crash. The dishes lay in a broken mass on the floor. The young man pulled three feet of tablecloth out of his pants and flew to the woods.

#### Cooked in Quicklime.

Occasionally the English railway section hand cooks a rabbit without the aid of a fire. All he does is to cover it with a thick crust of clay and immerse it in quicklime. In about 20 minutes he takes it out, cracks the clay (which has baked hard), and inside is his meal done to a turn.

#### W. B. HOLMES, PRESIDENT.

A. T. SEARLE, VICE PRES.

#### H. S. SALMON, CASHIER.

W. J. WARD, ASS'T CASHIER

We want you to understand the reasons for the ABSOLUTE SECURITY of this Bank.

## WAYNE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK

HONESDALE, PA., HAS A CAPITAL OF \$100,000.00 AND SURPLUS AND PROFITS OF \$394,000.00 MAKING ALTOGETHER \$494,000.00

EVERY DOLLAR of which must be lost before any depositor can lose a PENNY. It has conducted a growing and successful business for over 35 years, serving an increasing number of customers with fidelity and satisfaction. Its cash funds are protected by MODERN STEEL VAULTS.

All of these things, coupled with conservative management, insured by the CAREFUL PERSONAL ATTENTION constantly given the Bank's affairs by a notably able board of Directors assures the patrons of that SUPREME SAFETY which is the prime-essential of a good Bank.

Total Assets, - - - \$2,886,000.00

DEPOSITS MAY BE MADE BY MAIL.

DIRECTORS: W. B. HOLMES, A. T. SEARLE, T. B. CLARK, CHAS. J. SMITH, H. J. CONGER, W. F. SUYDAM, P. P. KIMBLE, H. S. SALMON

### D. & H. CO. TIME TABLE---HONESDALE BRANCH

A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:30	10:00	4:30	Albany	2:00	10:50	10:50	8:15
10:00	10:00	6:00	Binghamton	12:40	8:45	8:45	8:45
10:00	12:15	12:30	Philadelphia	3:35	7:31	7:31	7:31
1:20	7:25	4:40	Wilkes-Barre	10:20	4:05	7:15	2:25 P.M.
2:05	8:15	5:30	Scranton	9:37	3:15	6:20	1:30 P.M.
5:40	9:05	6:20	Carbondale	8:05	1:35	5:40	12:17 P.M.
5:50	9:15	6:30	Lincoln Avenue	7:54	1:25	5:30	12:07 P.M.
5:54	9:19	6:34	Whites	7:50	1:21	5:26	12:03 P.M.
6:11	9:36	6:52	Farewell Bend	7:53	1:45	5:08	11:44 P.M.
6:17	9:42	6:58	Cannan	7:55	1:50	5:03	11:37 P.M.
6:23	9:48	7:04	Lake Lodore	7:59	1:51	5:00	11:31 P.M.
6:28	9:51	7:07	Fortville	7:57	1:46	4:55	11:25 P.M.
6:32	9:57	7:13	Keene	7:52	1:43	4:48	11:20 P.M.
6:35	10:00	7:16	Steele	7:49	1:39	4:43	11:15 P.M.
6:38	10:04	7:20	Prompton	7:45	1:36	4:41	11:10 P.M.
6:43	10:08	7:25	Portville	7:41	1:32	4:34	11:05 P.M.
6:46	10:11	7:27	Seelyville	7:38	1:29	4:31	11:00 P.M.
6:50	10:15	7:31	Honesdale	7:35	1:25	4:30	11:00 P.M.
P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	Ar	Lv	A.M.	P.M.

## The Era of New Mixed Paints!

This year opens with a deluge of new mixed paints. A condition brought about by our enterprising dealers to get some kind of a mixed paint that would supplant CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS. Their compounds, being new and heavily advertised, may find a sale with the unwary.

THE ONLY PLACE IN HONESDALE AUTHORIZED TO HANDLE CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS Is JADWIN'S PHARMACY.

There are reasons for the pre-eminence of CHILTON PAINTS: 1st—No one can mix a better mixed paint. 2d—The painters declare that it works easily and has wonderful covering qualities. 3d—Chilton stands back of it, and will agree to repaint, at his own expense, every surface painted with Chilton Paint that proves defective. 4th—Those who have used it are perfectly satisfied with it, and recommend its use to others.