

# Household

USE FOR FIRELESS COOKER.

New Idea is Invaluable in Proper Preparation of Cereal.

Few people cook their cereals long enough.

As served in many families, the cereal is thick, lumpy, and, if the truth were known, indigestible.

It is made too thick in the beginning, because time is not allowed for it to cook long enough to become so.

Oatmeal is most sinned against in this respect.

It should be cooked four hours at least, longer if possible.

It is really best if cooked over night, and in many careful families this is done.

Put it on the back of the stove at night, then the first thing in the morning draw it over the hotter part and let it finish cooking.

This is difficult to manage where gas stoves are used.

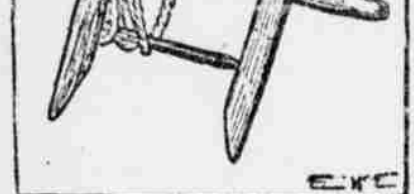
It would be impossibly extravagant to leave a gas jet turned on for the whole night.

The best solution of the difficulty is a fireless cooker.

These are growing to be more and more used, and are eminently useful and practical for such purposes.

The New Clothesline Reel.

Here is a reel for the speedy folding up of the clothes line. It is a wooden frame with two projecting handles, one to be taken in one hand and one in the other. When the line is at-



tached to one of the crosspieces of the framework, the handles are turned and the line winds itself from the pole around the frame of the winder without the hands having to touch the cord at all. This keeps the clothesline clean and makes it easy to wind it up without getting it into the tangle that is the usual result of winding it around the arm.

Washing Ribbons.

I never had any success in washing ribbons until I invented the following method of ironing them. It works like a charm:

Wash the ribbons (separately, if you have several to cleanse) in cold water with castile or any good white soap. Use a brush to remove spots, and if you are fortunate enough to have a marble-topped washstand stretch the several ribbons upon the marble and just scrub them clean with a hard brush. Rinse thoroughly and proceed at once to iron. Place over your ironing board several thicknesses of folded newspaper and above these lay one fold of old muslin. Then place your wet ribbons, one by one, upon the muslin and iron with a hot flatiron. You will find this a steaming process, and the foundation of newspaper will absorb the moisture forced out by the heat, and leave the silk fresh, soft and beautiful. Taffeta ribbons look like new after such treatment.—N. J.

Miscellaneous.

To clean currants and raisins, roll in flour and then pick off all stalks, etc. If currants are washed, they must be dried before being added to cakes.

For a damp closet or sideboard which is liable to cause mildew, place in it a saucerful of quicklime, and it not only absorbs all dampness, but sweetens and disinfects the space.

If oil is spilled on a carpet immediately scatter cornmeal over it, and the oil will be absorbed. Oil that has soaked into a carpet may be taken out by laying a thick piece of blotting paper over it and pressing with a hot flat iron; repeat the operation, using a fresh piece of paper each time.

Old pieces of velvet should, after they have served their original purpose, be saved for polishing-cloths. They will answer the purpose of chamois for plate-cleaning, etc., perfectly, and save buying anything fresh. Wash the velvet cloths as often as needed in soapy water, and hang out to dry.

Skirts as They Are Worn.

Many of the latest skirts are quite full. A mole-colored foulard printed with big white spots which had a sort of network pattern around them has a skirt plaited as far as the knees, but from that point it falls in narrow folds that are edged with little frills. The draped crossed front of the waist front V of Irish lace and the sleeves have mitten cuffs of the same lace.

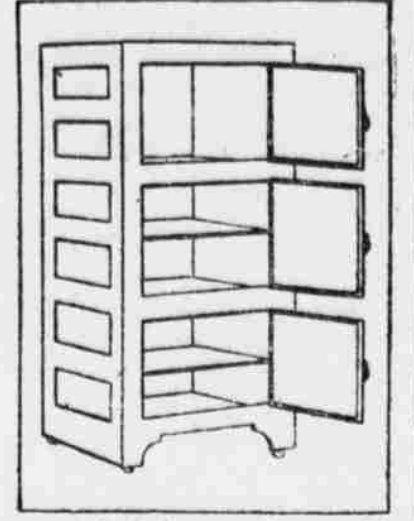
To Prevent Puckers.

To prevent puckering on sheer materials from puckering, baste tissue paper under the part to be embroidered. It will easily pull away when the work is finished.

## NO CREVICES OR CORNERS.

Refrigerator Built on the Lines of the Porcelain Bathtub.

An unclean refrigerator can never be a good refrigerator, and the proper care of this very necessary article is always more or less a care to the housekeeper. Great advances have been made in the construction of refrigerators mainly by the elimination of all cracks and crevices which might offer a lodging place for particles of food. The perfection of this scheme



seems to be in the manufacture of the interior lining of the refrigerator in one piece, being pressed out of the sheet metal and enameled in the same manner as the porcelain bathtubs. This leaves all the interior surfaces entirely smooth so that every part may be reached with the cleaning cloth or brush. Another advantage claimed is the positive immunity from leaks.

## THE BUTTERFLY MARKET.

Once \$3,000 was Quoted as the Value of a Rare Specimen.

There are many butterflies whose value to collectors is very great, but although \$3,000 has been quoted as the value of a specimen, this is an exaggerated price.

Some years ago the female of a certain variety was much sought after by collectors, and only one or two specimens had been obtained. A clever fellow centred all his efforts upon obtaining a large supply of this particular insect. Unfortunately, he killed his own market by putting them all up for sale at once and instead of realizing a large figure for each specimen he only sold a few.

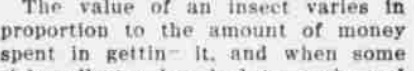
There are specimens at our own Natural History Museum to-day which are of considerable value, and one which has the largest expanse of wing of any known butterfly was once pointed out by a collector who had obtained it as being worth \$1,500. A contrast to this huge insect is a tiny specimen from Ceylon which measures about half an inch across.

The value of an insect varies in proportion to the amount of money spent in getting it, and when some rich collector has had to equip and send out a complete expedition in order to obtain a specimen or two of one particular butterfly, one can understand him pricing such specimens according to the cost of the expedition, and it is in this way that so many fancy values are heard of. Anything up to \$150 a pair, however, is not an uncommon price.

## EXPERIMENT IN DYNAMICS.

Odd Movements of a Spool of Thread and Pencil.

A half-unrolled spool of thread is placed on a table and the thread



is pulled horizontally from the under side of it, the spool, contrary to general expectation, will roll towards the hand. In connection with this it is interesting to note that if the cylinder is larger in diameter at the point around which the thread is wound than it is at the points on which it rolls, it will roll away from the hand when the thread is pulled. This experiment can be tried by passing a pencil through a spool and resting the ends of it on two books as in the illustration. Also, if the thread be drawn from the under side of a full spool resting on a flat surface the spool will not move in either direction.

## The Ocean Cables.

There are about 225,000 miles of cable in all at the bottom of the sea, representing \$250,000,000, each line costing about \$1,000 a mile to make and lay. The average useful life of a cable nowadays is anything between thirty and forty years, according to circumstances. About 6,000,000 messages are conveyed by the world's cables throughout the year, or 15,000 a day, the working speed of any one cable being up to 100 words a minute under present conditions. About 90 per cent. of these are sent in code or cipher.

## New Digging Dodge.

The latest species of professional barker in New York city asks for \$100 with which to pay his fare to the rest hospital.

# Short Sermons FOR A Sunday Half-Hour

Theme: PERTINENT QUESTIONS

BY THE REV. J. LYON CAUGHEY.

Text: And after the fire, a still, small voice.—I. Kings, xix., 12.

The passage in the Book of Kings from which our text is taken seems to me to describe the conditions under which we have been living in this city recently, and at the same time to indicate what ought to follow after the great celebration.

The celebration has been a wonderful display of material advancement and achievement, of scientific progress and development. But is this, after all, the matter of greatest importance? We have a great many things that the men and women of three hundred years ago did not possess, but are we any better men and women than they were?

We live a great deal faster than they did, but do we live any better or more useful lives? We have made a great many improvements in our manner of living, but have we made any great improvement in our characters? These are the questions we ought to be asking ourselves if we are to make any comparison between ourselves and the men and women of three hundred years ago, for spiritual and not material development is the real test of progress.

What does it matter if we have better and bigger boats than Hudson and Fulton ever dreamed of if we are not better fitted to sail the seas of eternity? What does it matter if soldiers do march in splendid array along the streets if they are not good soldiers in the battle of life? What does it matter if men do learn to fly in the air? Will they ever be able with their airships and aeroplanes to fly up to heaven? What does it matter if we are richer than the men and women of long ago if we are not richer toward God?

All this modern material progress is of very little value unless it helps to make better men and women, unless it enables and inspires us to live larger and nobler lives, unless it brings us into closer fellowship with God and makes us more worthy to enter into the life eternal.

We have enjoyed the festivity and the excitement, the naval and military display, the varied and kaleidoscopic scenes. But no one except children would like to have the fun and festivity continue indefinitely. Most of us are glad that the end has come. The rush and hurry of the holiday season soon become monotonous and barren of interest.

It is significant, I think, that a young society woman should have announced in the midst of the season of festivity her dissatisfaction and disgust with a life devoted to the pleasures of society. "No life is so monotonous and dull as modern society life," she says, "and I am determined to make something different of myself." The young woman's sense of dissatisfaction helps to reveal the emptiness of a life given over wholly to selfish pleasure. Life is empty and barren of any real happiness without something worth while to do for the glory of God and the good of our fellow men.

God help us to listen intently for the still small voice in our souls, the voice of duty, the voice of unselfishness, the voice of the Spirit of God.

## The Life of Service.

No life is really worth living that is not a useful life, and which does not exalt the idea of service. The life of the Apostle Paul was eminently successful, not as tried by the standards of Caesar, but as measured afterward the great plans of Jehovah, because Paul put God first and Paul last, and kept before him the ideal of the body presented as a living sacrifice, as outlined in the twelfth chapter of Romans. The Pauline ideal of a consecration that daily serves both God and man is the only principle which should rule the development of present-day Christian life.

## The Joy of Serving.

In this world, the sweetest, deepest, purest joy of life is that which we find in doing good, in serving others. This was Christ's own sweetest joy. He came to earth to serve. He loved, and love's deepest joy always comes in blessing, comforting others. He bequeathed his joy to us, and so we find our holiest joy, as he found His, in serving.

## Christianity's Gift.

The gift of Christianity was the revelation of a person who was to make humanity a perpetual institution—God in Christ, in whom God came from heaven down to earth in the incarnation.

## Platitudes.

We are leaving the ten commandments to preach and to teach a few platitudes which do not affect the consciences of men, and which make a flabby character.

## Repressive Christianity.

Christianity is repressive. It does cramp. It does confine. It represses the animal, cramps the selfishness. It confines the ox to his stall.

# YOUNG KNOX WEDS

## Eloper's Find Vermont Minister, Who Ties Knot.

### BRIDE A SALESGIRL IN STORE

#### Son of Secretary of State Who Fled From School Goes to Washington to Ask His Father's Forgiveness.

Providence, R. I., March 10.—Phlander Chase Knox, Jr., son of the secretary of state, who eloped with May Gertrude Boller, was married to her in Burlington, Vt., according to a statement made by the couple here.

Young Knox, who for the past two years has been a student at the Morris Heights Preparatory school, left here with the girl on Friday. They went directly to Montreal, where they attempted to secure a marriage license. Failing there, they came down through New York state to Vermont, where the ceremony was performed on Sunday night by the Rev. E. G. Guthrie, pastor of the First Congregational church of Burlington.

The announcement of the elopement acted as a bombshell in fashionable circles of the city, especially at the Morris heights school, which caters particularly to the sons of the rich.

Dr. John Shaw French, head of the school, was greatly disturbed. He admitted that Knox went away on Friday, but said that it was on the strength of a permit signed by Secretary of State Knox for the purpose of allowing the boy to go to Hartford to visit a friend.

As soon as he was informed of the marriage Dr. French had a state chamber session with Knox, and the young man and his bride afterward left for Washington, where the bridegroom will have a session with his father and beg the latter's forgiveness.

The pretty bride was in a highly nervous state and at first flatly declared that there was nothing to say. Finally, however, she burst forth:

"Well, as long as you have cornered me I will say that Mr. Knox and I were married Sunday night at the home of a friend of his in Burlington, Vt. A minister married us. I do not know his name, for Mr. Knox attended to that. Mr. Knox said he had a good reason for it not becoming public yet, but I can't say any more. I guess I've said enough anyhow. We had intended to make it known in a few days anyway."

Miss Boller's apartments contain various pictures of Knox, who has been prominent in the athletics of the school. He is captain of the football this year and a member of the track team. Both football and track uniforms figure among the photos.

Miss Boller, who is nineteen years of age, two years younger than Knox is not of the society set. Instead she is of humble parentage and was a salesgirl in one of the department stores. Her mother, Mrs. Daniel Geary said that May had not lived at home for some time, and she really did not know a great deal about what was going on.

Mrs. Knox, Jr., is a small and beautiful blond. During the two years that Knox has been here she has been seen frequently in public places, but never with any male escort other than the son of the secretary of state. Since Phlander junior has been at Morris heights here all the time, and once, a few months ago, he was arrested and fined for overspeeding.

This is the fourth elopement in the Knox family. After Reed Knox, the secretary's eldest son, eloped with Miss Elizabeth McCook of Pittsburgh Secretary Knox, who was then attorney general, remarked:

"It is all right. I have gained a new daughter without the fuss of a marriage."

## 92 DEAD IN AVALANCHE.

### Later Report From British Columbia Snowslide Gives Details.

Ottawa, March 8.—Ninety-two men are now known to have been killed by the avalanche at Roger's Pass, B. C.

Over 500 rescuers from Revelstoke, Calgary, Glacier, Field and Logan are at work digging away the snow.

The work of rescue is attended with horror, the victims thus far being badly mutilated.

Five Canadian Pacific railroad men and twenty-four other railroad men were lost.

## As to Venison.

We live and sometimes learn. George Crawford, a distant relative of the novelist, recently arrived from a tour of Europe. "We had a good time," he said to friends at the New York Yacht Club, where he was a guest. "I am a great lover of venison, and when in season eat all I can get of it. In London, at the Hotel Cecil, I saw it on the bill of fare and ordered a portion. What do you suppose they brought me? A ruyout of grouse, pheasants and Belgian hare! When I complained of the error the waiter apologized, saying it was the best he could do. I called for the majordomo, who explained that while in America the word 'venison' means exclusively the flesh of deer, in England it is applied to deer, hares and certain game birds—all news to me."

## Hygiene and Aeroplanes.

Top floors are healthiest. On the same principle to nest like birds among the trees is a sound practice hygienically and one that is indulged in every summer by Princess Marie of Roumania, who owns an airy habitation that was erected for her by the King. This consists of a small two-roomed simply furnished cottage with a kitchen and has for its support four big fir trees. The idea is not original, but it suggests the most convenient form of abode for an aeronaut, as it facilitates the process of launching. Thus man could step out of his dining-room into the car.

A possibility of the near future is the acrobatic treatment of invalids. Instead of sending his patient to a health resort a doctor will prescribe some hours a day in a balloon at an altitude adapted to the case in hand. In this respect there has already been considered a perfected system of balloon car with a library, a recreation hall, and a portable laboratory complete.

## Just in Time.

A German shoemaker left the gas turned on in his shop one night, and upon arriving in the morning struck a match to light it. There was a terrific explosion, and the shoemaker was blown out through the door almost to the middle of the street.

A passer-by rushed to his assistance, and, after helping him to arise, inquired if he was injured.

The little German gazed at his place of business, which was now burning quite briskly, and said:

"No, I ain't hurt. But I got out short in time. Eh?"—Lippincott's.

## NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on 24th day of March, 1910, by Jacob P. Katz, W. J. Katz and Leon Katz, under the Act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "KATZ BROTHERS, INCORPORATED," the character and object of which is "buying and selling merchandise, goods and wares of all kinds, at wholesale and retail and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

E. C. MUMFORD, Solicitor.

Honesdale, Pa., Feb. 28, 1910.

## For New Late Novelties

JEWELRY SILVERWARE WATCHES

Try SPENCER, The Jeweler

"Guaranteed articles only sold."

## D. & H. CO. TIME TABLE---HONESDALE BRANCH

A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
8:30	10:00	4:30	Albany	2:00	10:50	10:50	10:50
10:00	10:00	6:05	Binghamton	12:40	8:45	8:45	8:45
10:00	2:15	12:30	Philadelphia	3:35	7:31	7:31	7:31
1:20	7:25	4:40	Wilkes-Barre	10:20	4:05	7:15	2:25 P. M.
2:08	8:15	5:30	Scranton	9:37	3:15	6:20	1:35 10:05
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

5:40	9:05	6:20	2:05	8:45	Carbondale	8:05	4:35	5:40	12:17	8:20
5:50	9:15	6:30	2:15	8:55	Lincoln Avenue	7:54	4:25	5:30	12:07	8:17
6:04	9:29	6:44	2:29	9:09	Whites	7:50	4:21	5:24	12:03	8:13
6:11	9:36	6:52	2:37	9:18	Farview	7:33	4:01	5:08	11:44	7:54
6:17	9:42	6:58	2:43	9:24	Canaan	7:25	3:50	5:01	11:37	7:47
6:25	9:48	7:04	2:49	9:30	Lake Lodge	7:16	3:41	5:05	11:31	7:41
6:31	9:54	7:10	2:55	9:36	Waymart	7:07	3:32	5:04	11:25	7:35
6:37	10:00	7:16	3:01	9:42	Keene	7:00	3:23	5:03	11:20	7:32
6:43	10:06	7:22	3:07	9:48	Stevens	6:52	3:14	5:02	11:15	7:27
6:49	10:12	7:28	3:13	9:54	Prouton	6:44	3:05	5:01	11:10	7:23
6:55	10:18	7:34	3:19	10:00	Fortville	6:36	2:56	5:00	11:05	7:19
6:59	10:22	7:38	3:23	10:04	Seelyville	6:28	2:47	4:59	11:00	7:15
7:03	10:26	7:42	3:27	10:08	Honesdale	6:20	2:38	4:58	10:55	7:11
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	Ar	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

## The Era of New Mixed Paints!

This year opens with a deluge of new mixed paints. A condition brought about by our enterprising dealers to get some kind of a mixed paint that would supplant CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS. Their compounds, being new and heavily advertised may find a sale with the unwary.

THE ONLY PLACE IN HONESDALE AUTHORIZED TO HANDLE CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS

Is JADWIN'S PHARMACY.

There are reasons for the pre-eminence of CHILTON PAINTS 1st—No one can mix a better mixed paint. 2d—The painters declare that it works easily and has wonderful covering qualities. 3d—Chilton stands back of it, and will agree to repaint, at his own expense, every surface painted with Chilton Paint that proves defective. 4th—Those who have used it are perfectly satisfied with it, and recommend its use to others.