



BOY HYPNOTIZED.

College Student Stays In Trance Fourteen Hours.

EFFORTS AT REVIVAL FAIL.

Classmate Puts Baptist Minister's Son to Sleep, but Fails to Restore Him Later When He Wishes to Do So.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 21.—For fourteen hours Burton S. White, a freshman at the Connecticut State college, lay hypnotized, devoid of will power, absolutely under the control of Axel Borgeson, his classmate.

Borgeson, an amateur in hypnotism, tried to bring White out of the hypnotic state and failed because he had not the power or did not know how. Then a physician was called and with much difficulty restored White to his senses. He is nineteen years old, a bright student, but for awhile after he came to his mental powers were as feeble as those of a child of four.

White, the son of the Rev. Herbert J. White, pastor of a Baptist church here, has been interested in hypnotism, but his father and mother had warned him never to subject himself to a test of its power. Borgeson had the idea that he has hypnotic power, and he wanted a lot of students to witness an exhibition of his powers.

He tried to put to sleep three or four of his classmates and succeeded with two, but they recovered quickly.

White, who is of a nervous temperament, fixed his eyes on Borgeson's, who kept passing his hands before White's face. In a few moments White fell back, unconscious to all appearances, rigid, his eyes closed.

When he had been in a trance ten hours one of the scared freshmen got panic stricken and told President Beach of the college of White's condition.

Borgeson enjoyed his triumph briefly, then attempted to awaken White. Try as he might, until the sweat poured down his face and he was trembling with apprehension, Borgeson could not arouse White.

President Beach then called Dr. William L. Higgins of Coventry.

"Look me in the eye," he said gently, coaxingly, to White and repeated it over and over again, while he kept White's eyelids open. "Look me in the eye. Wake up. You are all right. You will be all right. Wake up, my boy."

Now and again the doctor blew in White's eyes. Soon they regained their normal position, then they fixed themselves on the doctor. After fifteen minutes of such treatment White sighed deeply, shivered from head to foot and awoke.

"Good boy! You're all right now," said Dr. Higgins, encouragingly. But he was not, for soon he relapsed into unconsciousness. This time his eyes were open and stared vacantly straight before him. Dr. Higgins patiently resumed his treatment and brought his patient to partial consciousness, but the lad seemed in a stupor.

"This is the most remarkable case I have ever treated," said the doctor. "I cannot explain Borgeson's power to hypnotize White and his lack of power or knowledge to bring him up."

COAL LAND FRAUD ALLEGED.

Stockholders of People's National Coal Co. Get Injunction Against Officers.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 21.—Stockholders of the People's National Coal company, a concern capitalized at \$5,000,000 and claiming to own 1,200 acres of coal land in Columbia county, got a preliminary injunction restraining the officers from doing any business.

The stockholders allege that at a bogus directors' meeting \$2,500,000 in stock was divided between President Holleper, Secretary Fisher and Director Stein, that the directors issued treasury stock without authority and Stein converted \$10,000 of it for his own use and that the stockholders were induced to buy through fraudulent use of the mails.

It is alleged that while the promoters declared that the property contained 60,000,000 tons of coal it contains practically none.

Thaw's Mother Gets New Lawyers.

New York, Oct. 21.—Justice Bischoff has signed an order substituting Kellogg & Rose counsel for Mrs. Mary C. Thaw in the suit brought by Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton for services as ally in place of Morschauer & Hoysradt of White Plains. Kellogg & Rose will make the future efforts to have Harry K. Thaw released from Matteawan.

MRS. PANKHURST HOPEFUL.

She Expects English Women to Get Suffrage Within Two Years.

New York, Oct. 21.—Before Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English suffragette leader, left for Boston today to lecture in Tremont temple she held a reception attended by many suffragettes.

"Do you really think that militant methods are more effective than conservative ones, Mrs. Pankhurst?" asked one woman.

"If I didn't I would not have pursued the course I have," replied Mrs. Pankhurst.

"I believe in suffrage," continued the one from Boston, "but I must confess that I can't quite imagine myself strolling in prison for it."

Mrs. Pankhurst's eyes flashed. "Ah," she exclaimed, "you don't believe enough!"

"But do you think the American women are going to get the vote before you do?" chorused several voices.

"I don't know anything about American politics," was the reply, "but I am sure that if you do get it before we do you will have to get it very quickly, for we expect to get it before two years."

"It is impossible for you to understand our so called militancy unless you know something of English politics. No reform is ever attained except by bringing pressure to bear on the government, and to do this we must arouse the voters."

"Hundreds of workmen have been converted to our cause by women going to prison. Every national move that we make is designed to arouse the sympathy of the voters against the government."

"Shall you have to go to prison when you go back?" inquired a questioner.

"That hasn't been decided yet," said Mrs. Pankhurst. "It all rests upon the question as to whether the bill of rights, which grants the privilege of presenting a petition in person, is pronounced obsolete or whether it is to still form part of the law of England."

TARIFF WAR IMMINENT.

France May Apply Her Maximum Tariff Rates on American Products.

Washington, Oct. 21.—A serious tariff war between France and the United States seems inevitable, according to information received at the state and treasury departments. The present agreement with France will terminate Nov. 1, and the general belief here is that France will apply her maximum tariff rates on American products. This will have the effect of seriously damaging American export trade to that country.

The maximum and minimum features of the new American tariff law will not go into effect until March 30 next. In the meantime the United States cannot raise the tariff rates, but it can retaliate against France by means of the pure food law and also under a section of the McKinley tariff law of 1890, which provided that in case any country discriminates against American products the president is empowered to prohibit importations from that country.

CASE AGAINST RIZZO IN.

Strong Chain of Circumstantial Evidence Re-enforced by His Confession.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The state having rested its case in the trial of Theodore Rizzo, accused of the murder of Theresa Procopio and Ferdinando Infusino, the prisoner's counsel today began the presentation of the defense. A verdict in the case by tonight is not unlikely.

The prosecution has forged a strong chain of circumstantial evidence around Rizzo, and this was further re-enforced when Deputy Sheriff Beaupre testified how the prisoner, in conversation with him at the jail, confessed that he had killed the two children. Beaupre said Rizzo had refused to eat anything some days after he was taken to the jail. The deputy urged Rizzo to eat, and the prisoner then made a full confession to him, saying that he had murdered the children and was ready to die for the crime.

FARMAN FLIES IN A BREEZE.

Makes New Hour Record and Covers Forty-seven Miles at Blackpool.

Blackpool, England, Oct. 21.—Henry Farman made a fine flight in his aeroplane during the aviation meeting here. In a wind which sometimes blew at the rate of fifteen miles an hour he flew 47 miles 1,184 yards in 1 hour 32 minutes 16 4-5 seconds.

During this flight Farman made a new world's record for one hour's flight. He covered a distance of 30 miles 1,577 yards in that time.

Internal Revenue Receipts Increase.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Internal revenue collections for the month of September show an increase over the collections of the same month last year of \$2,955,674. The principal item of increase is in the receipts from distilled spirits, \$1,791,271.

JEFFRIES ARRIVES.

Ex-Champion Declares He Will Fight Johnson.

NEVER FELT BETTER IN LIFE.

Has Taken Off Nearly Forty Pounds by Having Mud Baths at Carlsbad—Confident That He Will Win.

New York, Oct. 21.—James J. Jeffries is a passenger on the Lusitania, which is nearing Sandy Hook, and wireless reports from the vessel reached here today.

For nearly three months Jeffries has been in Europe, but he has not allowed pugilism to escape his mind. Even at Carlsbad, while taking the mud baths, he could not get away from the question:

"Will you fight Jack Johnson?"

Jeffries answered this query in the affirmative and added that he would whip the big colored champion easily, but he did not hint at the possible date, and also intimated that a purse of \$100,000 would be the only inducement for him to go back to the prize ring.

Jeffries declared that he weighed 230 pounds and never felt better in



JAMES J. JEFFRIES.

his life. He has been exercising ever since last March and has taken off nearly forty pounds, according to his own statement. He weighed 225 pounds when he whipped Corbett and Fitzsimmons in California more than six years ago and was at his best then. He says he needs at least four months more to fit himself for a fight with Johnson.

He declared that Johnson's victory over Ketchel didn't mean much, inasmuch as it was an outrage to allow the little white man to go to certain defeat. He also laughed at the story that he would never fight again and said that he would convince everybody that he intended to take Johnson on at the earliest possible moment.

Jeffries has \$5,000 in cash posted in this city, and he will call Johnson's attention to it. Sporting men who are eager to see the big battle arranged say that if the pugilists are sincere they can get together under an agreement of this kind:

A contest of forty-five rounds of three minutes each with four ounce gloves for the largest purse offered by a responsible promoter, with a side bet of \$10,000, to be posted in full as a forfeit for appearance, the date to be not more than three months after signing articles.

If Jeffries and Johnson affix their signatures to such an agreement and post forfeits there will be numerous offers for the bill, but there is only one place in this country where it can be pulled off without interference and where enough money can be taken in to cover the amount of the purse and expenses.

California is the logical battleground, and James Coffroth of Colma stands ready to hang up a \$50,000 purse in real money. A forty-five round bout is legal in that state.

JOHNSON ON THE WAY.

Colored Champion Hurrying Eastward to See Jim Jeffries.

Denver, Oct. 21.—Jack Johnson and Promoter Coffroth left here today for New York on the Overland limited to talk with Jeffries and his manager and arrange for the championship match.

Johnson seems to fear Jeffries will try to run out of the fight by demanding impossible conditions, whereas Johnson as champion is entitled to make demands.

Coffroth said he was going to New York to secure the Jeffries-Johnson fight if possible.

MRS. SAGE FOR SUFFRAGE.

Hailed as a Convert in Women's Convention at Troy.

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The annual convention of the New York State Woman Suffrage association opened here with a large attendance of delegates.

The president, Mrs. Ella Hawley Crosset, in her annual address paid a tribute to Mrs. Russell Sage as follows:

"We rejoice that one of the early scholars, Mrs. Russell Sage, is active in so many noble philanthropies. We all have reason to be proud of what Mrs. Sage is doing and are glad that she has joined the suffrage club and has actively engaged in the movement for women's rights."

This statement was greeted with rapturous applause.

The executive committee recommendations include the following: "Introduce in the state legislature the bill for a concurrent resolution to amend the suffrage clause in the state constitution by striking therefrom the word 'male.'"

Mrs. Belmont and Mrs. Mackay will make addresses before the convention tomorrow.

CANNON ON THE WARPATH.

Ready to Fight the Insurgents—Not Republicans, if He Is One.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Speaker Joseph G. Cannon continued his attack upon the insurgents in an address here.

"Twenty members of the house and seven senators voted against the Republican tariff bill," said Mr. Cannon. "They are warring against the Republican majority in congress and against the Republican president who signed the bill."

"Either they are Republicans or we are."

"If they are Republicans I am not."

"If I am a Republican they are not."

"That is my doctrine, and I am not afraid to preach it."

"Mr. Bryan does not have any hope of obtaining a revision of the tariff in the next congress. He wants to get a Democratic house which will pass a bill which the Republican senate will turn down and thus furnish him with an issue for 1912."

"And Mr. Cummins in opposing Republican congressmen who voted with their party is joining hands with Mr. Bryan."

VERDICT FOR MRS. BATONYI.

Frank Work's Daughter Now Likely to Get Her Divorce.

New York, Oct. 21.—A sealed verdict in favor of Frances Work Batonyi in her divorce suit against Aurel Batonyi was opened by Justice O'Gorman of the supreme court. It sustains the charge that Batonyi was guilty of misconduct with Margaret Allen.

The jury answered "No" to the question whether Batonyi was guilty of



MRS. AUREL BATONYI.

the acts alleged on the supposed taxicab ride, when his alleged companion was Beatrice Brevaine.

The findings of the jury on the two questions of fact will now be sent with the entire record in the case to a justice sitting in the special term of the supreme court, who will hold a hearing on the questions of law involved and will then enter a judgment. That one of the acts of misconduct has been proved to the satisfaction of the jury will be sufficient to entitle Mrs. Batonyi to a decree.

COLGATE'S NEW PRESIDENT.

Elmer Burritt Bryan Inaugurated as Head of the University.

Hamilton, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Elmer Burritt Bryan was inaugurated as president of Colgate university here in the presence of representatives of many colleges and universities.

The Rev. Dr. William Mangan Lawrence, president of the corporation, presented the keys and charter to the new president, and President Stryker of Hamilton offered a congratulatory address in behalf of other institutions. The Rev. G. G. Johnson spoke for the Colgate alumni, Dr. William H. Crawshaw for the faculty and William X. Murray for the undergraduates.

PEARY INQUIRY.

National Geographical Society Appoints Commission.

ALL ARE SCIENTIFIC EXPERTS.

University of Copenhagen Declines to Comply With Request to Waive First Claim to Dr. Cook's Data.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Henry Gannett, chairman of the United States geographic board; Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester, U. S. N., formerly superintendent of the naval observatory, and O. H. Tittman, superintendent of the United States coast and geodetic survey, all noted scientific experts, will compose the commission of the National Geographical society which will pass on the records and proofs submitted by Robert E. Peary to substantiate his claim that he reached the north pole on April 6, 1909.

It was the desire of the National Geographical society, of which Professor Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, is president, that Dr. Frederick Cook and Commander Peary should submit their records and proofs to the society simultaneously. Request that this be done was sent by the society to Commander Peary and Dr. Cook.

When Dr. Cook was in Washington recently he said that he had promised to submit his data to the University of Copenhagen, but that he would present it synchronously to an American scientific society. Subsequently Dr. Cook left it to the determination of the University of Copenhagen whether his data should be passed on exclusively by the university or should be presented also to a board of experts in the United States. The National Geographic society received this cable message from Rector Torp of the Copenhagen university in response to the society's request that the university waive its claim to an original examination of Dr. Cook's records:

"University regrets it is not able to comply with your request."

In view of this attitude of the University of Copenhagen the only question to be determined by the committee of the National Geographic society is whether Commander Peary reached the pole in April of this year. The matter of Dr. Cook's claim to have discovered the pole in April, 1908, will not be considered by the Geographic society's committee.

The three men who will pass on Commander Peary's claim are well known in the scientific world. Chairman Gannett, who has been head of the United States geographic board since 1882, is the author of many scientific works. He was one of the founders of the National Geographic society and is its vice president. Admiral Chester was graduated from the United States Naval academy in 1863 and has held many important naval assignments at sea and ashore. He had an opportunity of displaying his scientific knowledge as chief of the naval hydrographic division and as superintendent of the naval observatory. Mr. Tittman, who was a founder of the National Geographic society, was appointed superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey in 1900 and is a member of the Alaska boundary commission.

HERESY CASE INQUIRY.

Presbyterian Synod's Committee Considering the Black Charges.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The Presbyterian synod of New York, in session here, referred to the judiciary committee the charges of violating the church doctrine in permitting heresy proffered against the synod of New York city. The committee at once began consideration of the charges behind closed doors.

It is alleged that the New York synod permitted the ordination of the Rev. Alexander Black despite the fact that the minister, who is a graduate of Union Theological seminary, refused to subscribe to orthodox cardinal Scriptural doctrines, such as the immaculate conception, the story of the Garden of Eden and the whale swallowing Jonah.

To Aid Swedish Strikers.

Washington, Oct. 21.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has sent an appeal for financial assistance in behalf of the wage earners now on strike in Sweden to all organized labor in this country.

No Foul Play in Buchanan Case.

London, Oct. 21.—A coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the sudden death late last Saturday night of W. I. Buchanan, former American minister to Panama, was due to natural causes.

FRENCH CONQUEST

Great Province In Central Sudan Is Theirs.

THREE SANGUINARY BATTLES.

Capital Taken by Storm, Sultan Compelled to Flee and His Sons Killed—Slavery Abolished Over Wide Area.

London, Oct. 21.—News has been received here of the conquest by a French force of Wadal, a province as large as Italy and the last stronghold of the Mohammedan fanatics in the central Sudan.

The information comes from Dr. Kumm, secretary of the Sudan United mission, who has been visiting the mission stations in northern Nigeria.

Dr. Kumm, writing from Port Archambault, on the upper Shari river, tells how the Moslem forces congregated in Wadal under Sheikh Senussi, who had imported great numbers of Winchester rifles and other modern firearms and some cannon.

No white man except Dr. Nachtigal, a German, in 1872 ever crossed Wadal, other explorers having been killed or barely escaped the fanatical inhabitants.

A party of eighty French troops, with their officers, beat 3,000 of the Wadalans at Dogotchi, and later 500 men, with their officers, utterly routed the Wadal army of 8,000 men, whose general, Agid Mamid, was killed, with two sons of the sultan of Wadal and 1,300 men. The French lost forty-nine killed.

Afterward the French troops were badly beaten at Aingalagal and lost all their transport animals. If the Arabs had pursued them it is likely that none of the French would have escaped.

A truce followed, but as the Arabs continued strengthening their forces and fortifications it was decided to attempt to capture the capital of Wadal, Abesher.

A French force of only 150 men and two guns attacked a Wadal army of 12,000 men fifty miles from the capital, routed them and pursued them to Abesher, which was taken by storm. The sultan fled toward Darfur.

"This," writes Dr. Kumm, "means a great deal for the central Sudan. It means that slavery is abolished, Moslem conquest checked and the establishment of peace for the first time in the history of those regions."

WOMAN KILLED IN AUTO.

Mrs. Gardiner Hubbard's Motor Car Hit by a Surface Car.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Gertrude M. Hubbard, the venerable widow of Gardner Hubbard, the distinguished scientist and geographer and founder of the National Geographic society, was killed here when a motor car in which she was riding was struck by an electric street car.

With Mrs. Hubbard in the motor car was her sister, Mrs. Charles Nash of Morristown, N. J. The impact threw Mrs. Hubbard out of her vehicle, and she struck on her head. Mrs. Nash and the chauffeur were not injured.

Mrs. Hubbard was eighty-four years old. She was the mother of Mrs. Alexander Graham Bell, wife of the noted inventor.

ARRESTS AT BARCELONA.

Ministry Says Amid Cheers In Spanish Chamber That Number Was 1,112.

Madrid, Oct. 21.—In the course of a debate in the cortes the minister of the interior justified the government's conduct during the disturbances in Barcelona when, he said, revolutionary outrages were responsible for the burning of sixty-eight buildings devoted to religion and the killing of 138 and wounding of forty persons.

The arrests in connection with the uprising, the minister said, numbered 1,112. This figure was greeted with ministerial cheers.

HE SUES CHIEF WILKIE.

Man Locked Up While Taft Was at San Antonio Asks Damages.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 21.—Because he was imprisoned during President Taft's visit to San Antonio, John Murray has filed suit for \$25,000 damages against John E. Wilkie, chief of the United States secret service.

Murray alleges that he was jailed during Mr. Taft's stay on a false charge. He is secretary of the Political Refugees Defense league and was arrested charged with violating the neutrality laws, but released for lack of evidence.