

THE CITIZEN

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E. B. HARDENBERGH, - - PRESIDENT
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W. W. WOOD.

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WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15, 1909.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Judge Robert Von Moschizsker,
of Philadelphia.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
A. E. SISSON,
of Erie.
STATE TREASURER,
Jeremiah A. Stobec,
of Lancaster.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
W. H. Bullock.

Easy money is the hardest to keep.

The family tree sometimes bears pretty poor fruit.

A Missouri man has been put into jail for having married thirteen wives. He's not a criminal. He's a lunatic.

We all like to brag of our ancestors, but sometimes forget to live so that our descendants can do the same thing.

Cooks get better wages than school teachers. Brain food don't have to be as well prepared as that that you put in your stomach.

Why is it that ninety-nine times out of a hundred the friends who borrow from you are fellows you couldn't get a nickel from if you wanted to borrow yourself?

A man who slips on a banana peeling, then arises and without waste of words or ruffled temper removes the peeling so that others may not slip on it, is a Christian.

The besting cure for rheumatism is again coming into prominence. We should imagine that a few well directed bee stings properly applied would do wonders in limbering up stiff muscles for the time being at least.

Love, sunshine and common sense, thoroughly mixed in the proper proportion, beat all the patent medicines on the market as a cure-all for the ills of mind and body—and no alcohol is needed as a solvent or preservative. "Children cry for it."

Decollette gowns are being worn just a trifle lower than formerly—the sheath gown will be slit just a wee bit more—and now comes the seatless and "nuthin', nuthin'" gowns. We men will soon have to turn Christian Scientists and just imagine we don't see anything.

THE JUDGESHIP AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The appointment must necessarily be made under the existing law, and this provides that it shall continue to the first Monday of January, 1911, and that the election for the full term shall take place in November, 1911. A constitutional amendment has been proposed, and is to be voted on at the election this year, providing (schedule, last paragraph), that judges of the several judicial districts, holding office when the amendment is adopted, whose terms may end in 1911, shall continue in office until the first Monday of January, 1912. Should this amendment, if adopted, be held applicable to the present appointment, it will leave a vacancy on the first Monday of January, 1911, which must be filled by appointment until the first Monday of January, 1912. That such will be its effect would seem probable, from the proposed amendment, providing that elections for judges of the several judicial districts shall be held in an odd numbered year, and this will require the election for the regular term to be held in November, 1911.

Ocean Waters.
A ton of water from the Atlantic ocean, when evaporated, will yield eight pounds of salt; a ton from the Pacific, 79 pounds; and a ton from the Dead Sea, 187 pounds.

Great Speed of a Pigeon.
A speed of more than 2,500 yards a minute for 71 miles has been attained by a homing pigeon belonging to Mrs. R. Swarbrick, Roebuck, in the Northwest Lancashire Federation race from Stafford.—London Standard.

Democrats Will Acquiesce in Republican Appointment to Judgeship.

The Democratic members of the Wayne County Bar held a meeting on Friday last and decided not to present the name of any of its members of the Bar for the appointment to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. George S. Purdy. The following letter was drawn up and placed in the hands of M. E. Simons, chairman of the Republican Committee.

To M. E. Simons, Esq.,
Chairman of the Republican County Committee:

Dear Sir:—We, the undersigned Democratic members of the Bar for the 22d Judicial District of Pennsylvania, take this opportunity of informing you that we will not present the name of any Democratic member of our Bar for appointment temporarily to the judgeship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. George S. Purdy.

Any member of our Bar whose name shall be presented to the Governor for appointment by the Republican members of our Bar, or a majority thereof, will be satisfactory to us; this action however, shall not be construed as influencing our individual preference in the nomination or election of a candidate for Judge as provided by law at a general election. (Signed.)

W. H. Dimmick,
O. L. Rowland,
Chas. McCarty,
F. P. Kimble,
R. M. Stocker,
Herman Harnes,
John Kubbach,
P. H. Hoff,
Honesdale, Pa., Sept. 10, 1909.

SOME NEW ACTS—LAWS WORTH KNOWING.

The anti-bad egg bill is No. 9. It is aimed at eggs of the cold storage variety. The penalty for selling or offering to sell eggs unfit for use is a fine of between \$200 and \$1000, or imprisonment between three and nine months.

In acts Nos. 10 and 11, bad soft drinks and impure lard are respectively attacked. Any person who sells a non-alcoholic drink that is deleterious to health is liable to a fine of not less than \$25, nor more than \$100; a dealer who handles impure lard may be fined either \$50 or \$100. If an imitation lard is sold the can must contain the words "imitation lard" or "lard substitute."

Druggists are not permitted to sell carbolic acid to a stranger or a minor if Act No. 20 is lived up to. The word "poison" must be marked on the bottle and the apothecary is directed to keep a register containing the names of all persons to whom he sells the acid.

Act 22 gives a board of township commissioners the right to levy a tax for the establishment of a fire department. Before this tax is levied however the board must receive the consent of the electors at a popular election.

Act 23 has to do with the care of burial grounds and authorizes a court to refuse a charter to any association which does not expend at least one-tenth of the amount arising from the sale of lots for the care of graves and the grounds generally.

A Justice of the peace is prohibited, in Act 24, from binding a person over to court on a surety of the peace charge unless it is clearly shown that the prosecutor is actually in danger of being hurt in body or estate.

Law 31 amends the tax exoneration act so as to exempt hospitals, universities, colleges, seminaries, academies, associations and other institutions of learning only when the entire revenue derived by the same is applied to the support of the institution and for no other purpose.

By Act 32 the census of a second class township may be taken any time, not less than two years before the government's decennial census, upon petition of the owners of 25 per cent. of the assessed valuation. If the census shows a population large enough for a first class township the change is made through the courts.

Act 34 makes it a misdemeanor on the part of a manager of a telegraph company or of the corporation itself to send a minor child to a house of assignation. The penalty is a fine of \$1000 or one year's imprisonment.

Sale of impure milk is legalized against in act 37, while 38 is directed at adulterated ice cream.

Deleterious flavoring matter in ice cream makes the dealer liable to a fine of \$50.

Act 46 gives a Justice of the peace the authority to enter actions of assumpsit for the recovery and collection of municipal claims by lien.

In Act 47 it is provided that the last of a decedent, to be effective against bona fide conveyances or mortgages of the real or personal estate of the decedent, must be offered for probate within three years before the date of the death of the testator, or before the recording of conveyance as on mortgage.

The next act in the laws gives boroughs the right to acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate as may be necessary to erect garbage or incinerating plants.

No. 50 amends the intestate laws so as to allow a widow the first \$5,000 out of the estate before it is distributed according to the schedule laid down in the act of 1833.

In No. 51 the probation officer of a juvenile court is allowed a salary

not to exceed \$100 per month, if the judge of the court sees fit to approve the proposition.

The new and greatly abbreviated form of deed of conveyance is prescribed in No. 53.

It is directed in act 56 that every township legally entitled to receive the 15 per cent. bonus be paid by the Commonwealth. This is for abolishing the work tax.

Act 104 fixes the fees to be received by constables as follows: For attendance on court and making returns thereto, \$2.50; for serving notices of election upon township or borough officers, for each service, 15 cents.

It is made a misdemeanor to make, utter, circulate or transmit false statements affecting the solvency of a bank, according to act 121. The penalty is \$5,000 and imprisonment at hard labor for five years.

No. 159 is the Hiveryman protective act. It makes it a misdemeanor to keep a horse that is hired longer than the prescribed time or to drive him to a point beyond which the oral contract called for. A fine of \$100 or imprisonment for thirty days is the penalty attached to the new law.

No. 175 designates the 12th day of October as a legal holiday, to be known as Columbus Day.

Gypsies are made the subject of Act 247. It provides that it shall be unlawful for any roving band of nomads to pitch its encampment or carry on its business or craft within the limits of the county without first taking out a license. The license is \$50 to be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county.

Spitting in public places is prohibited by Act 289. It makes it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine for any person to spit on a public walk, on the steps of a public building, or in any railroad or railway car.

The High School Alumni Dinner.

The reunion of the Alumni was a great success and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all. The exercises were very entertaining. Mr. Stocker's talk was a treat; he created quite a bit by his wit and humor. Prof. Shaw's talk about the school in the 60's was very interesting. Miss Harriet Rockwell's reply to the toast of "The Alumni" was very sly and showed that her grasp of the subject was unusually strong, making her remarks very appropriate. Rev. John R. Atkinson with his fund of stories, helped wonderfully to make the occasion long to be remembered. Homer Greene's beautiful poem, "Back to the Old Home," read by Prof. Oday, was a crowning piece to the evening's entertainment:

"BACK TO THE OLD HOME."
By Homer Greene.

Back to the old home; back to the place
Where the tender feet went straying,
Where the maples bend in their old-time grace,
And the elms in the wind are swaying.

Back to the old home; back to the ways
You trod in the thicket that are olden;
Where the moon-bright nights and the sun-kissed days
Are hallowed with memories olden.

Back from the long streets; back from the roar
Of the city's man-built breakers;
From the mountain mist and the sea-washed shore,
And the sweep of the western aeres.

Here are the old days open for you,
Welcome and love at the portal;
Here are the old hearts; here are the new,
Friendship and youth are immortal.

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Welcome and love at the portal;
Here are the old hearts; here are the new,
Friendship and youth are immortal.



The winter of 1907, Darling's Animal Circus was engaged to be one of the feature acts of the Barnum & Bailey show at Madison Square Garden for four weeks. At the Wayne County Fair—Oct. 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Ah! but the old friends; are they not here
Time has cut deep in his flying.
Some have gone from us for many a year,
Some now in the graveyard are lying.

But we of the old guard, grizzled and worn
Defending the gates of the city;
We're finding the afterglow bright as the morn,
We do not want sighing or pity.

For with us are young hearts tempered and true,
And the new blood runs red as the old did;
And we look to the future as bravely as you,
Wherever your tents are unfolded.

Back to the old home; back to the new;
For though we may fall on the morrow;
Till the long home opens its portals to you,
God guard you, in joy and in sorrow.

Back to the old home; back to the new;
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COLORED PHOTOS NOW POSSIBLE.

J. B. Schriever, of Wyoming avenue, Scranton, has on exhibition a photograph in natural colors made without the use of special lens.

The object is a vase of variegated flowers and the photo shows every color, tint and shade of the bouquet—and even discloses that the tin of the roof on which the vase rested when photographed had been freshly painted in spots, the dullness and brightness of the old and new paint, respectively, being readily discernible. The plate was made in France, but the camera was a \$5 one taken from stock.

The technical description of the process is given by Mr. Schriever as follows:

The reproduction of an object in sensitive silver salts which was made practical by Daguerre, was received with much wonder. Not less than this do we at the present time look upon the making of colored pictures with practically one operation to be fully as wonderful.

Many attempts have been made by scientific men to solve this problem, various processes which are at the present time in an experimental stage, fail to come up to what the general public, and particularly amateur and professional workers want. By means of the "Autochrom" plate and the ordinary hand camera, to produce the most wonderfully true reproductions of colors exactly as they exist in nature, the blues being reproduced as blue, the reds as red, the yellows as yellow, and all intermediate tints and shades rendered with perfect accuracy. To accomplish this requires no more trouble, and but few more chemicals, than the ordinary flashings of a photographic negative.

The process which we herein describe in its most simplified manner of procedure embodies the use of but two solutions and three operations.

The camera or the lens employed in making ordinary photographic negatives can be used. The better the lens, however, the shorter will be the required exposure. However, the ordinary rectilinear or anastigmat lens gives most excellent results. The single achromatic lens can be used, but the exposure is considerably increased, and it is also difficult to attach a ray filter to the mounting of the single lens.

"Autochrom" plates differ from ordinary plates as follows:
Interposed between the sensitive coating and the glass is a thin layer of transparent microscopical starch grains, dyed orange, red, green, and violet, spread without overlapping, and mixed in such proportion that

the layer appears colorless when examined by transmitted light, and absorbs but a small percentage of the light received.

The sensitive coating is extremely thin and made of a special fine-grained panchromatic emulsion. When such a plate is exposed in the camera, the glass side toward the lens the light, before reaching the sensitive coating, passes through the colored starch grains, which act, individually, as minute screens, each one absorbing all colors but its own. A microscopical selection takes place and after development there is found under each grain a corresponding black image (reduced silver) of a density proportionate to the amount of color received and transmitted by this particular grain. Were the plates fixed at this stage, the picture, when examined by transmitted light would show only the colors complementary to those of the original, since the true colors are masked by the black images they created beneath the grains. But when the reduced silver is dissolved (in the permanganate solution) the image is reversed; the opaque image under each grain becomes translucent and transmits colored lights precisely of the same hue as the light transmitted by the grain when the plate was exposed in the camera; in other words, the color is reconstructed just as it was decomposed during the exposure.

A special yellow screen must be fitted to the lens in order to equalize the action of the light and compensate for the predominant actinism of the violet and blue rays, to which the panchromatic emulsion is most sensitive. Aside from this screen the actual camera equipment is the same as for making ordinary negatives.

JUDGE PURDY'S WILL.
Residence and \$20,000 in Property Left to Widow who is Executor.

The will of Judge George S. Purdy was admitted to probate on Wednesday, Sept. 8th. Among the principal bequests appears the following:

All his personal property in and around the barn and lot, including animals and vehicles of all kinds, all loose property on the premises; also all household goods in his residence; also \$20,000 in property to be selected by his wife, Agnes.

All the rest and remainder of his property he leaves in trust, the use and income to his wife, coupled with certain conditions, and the remainder as follows:
To the First Presbyterian Society of Honesdale, \$1,000.

What then remains to be divided equally among the nieces of the deceased, Edith, Faith, and Phyllis Wyatt and Druley Pooler, and nephew, George F. Purdy, and the survivors of them, per stirpes.

Judge Purdy appoints his wife executor and trustee of the funds and in case that she is incapacitated in any way, E. C. Mumford to be executor and trustee of funds.
The will was made the 24th day of February, 1909, and the witnesses were M. J. Hanlan, E. W. Gamble and George P. Ross.

Says the Grouch.
Woman can make or break a man,
an' when it's leap year she girly
makes him first an' breaks him after-
ward.—Los Angeles Express.

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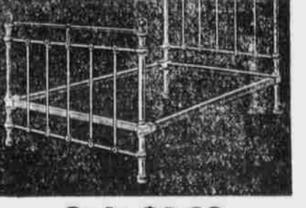
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Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

Come to the Brooklyn Eagle Office, 26 East Twenty-third street, opposite Metropolitan Tower, Manhattan, or Second Floor, World Building, City Hall Square, Manhattan, for full information about boarding houses and furnished rooms in New York City during the great Exposition. Get a free programme of events. No charge for the service, and a pleasure to help you.

BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE.

Order your furniture by mail and get factory prices.



Only \$3.92

for this fine, brass-trimmed Iron Bed in any size. Lacquered brass rods, ornaments and vases. Beautifully enameled in every detail. Reverse rails to fit any kind of spring. A bed of similar style and quality retails in stores for \$5.50.

Carefully packed, shipped for \$3.92. Do you wish to save fully a third in buying your furniture?

Send today for our Factory-Price Catalogue. Sent free on request. "Stickley-Brandt" furniture is the kind that serves you longest and best.

STICKLEY-BRANDT FURNITURE

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

NEW GOODS FOR Autumn

Menner & Co's. Keystone Block

Our New Fall Dress Goods and Novelty Trimmings, Latest Effects

Our Long Corsets for the present season are all built for Modern Dress.

In the Glove department all the new shades can be found in the best quality goods.

New House Furnishings in the late designs of Rugs, Portieres, Curtains and Carpets.

MENNER & CO. Leading Stores

HENRY Z. RUSSELL, PRESIDENT.
ANDREW THOMPSON, VICE PRESIDENT.

HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK.

This Bank was Organized in December, 1836, and Nationalized in December, 1864.

Since its organization it has paid in Dividends to its Stock holders,

\$1,905,800.00

The Comptroller of the Currency has placed it on the HONOR ROLL, from the fact that its Surplus Fund more than equals its capital stock.

What Class? are YOU in?

The world has always been divided into two classes—those who have saved, those who have spent—the thrifty and the extravagant.

It is the savers who have built the houses, the mills, the bridges, the railroads, the ships and all the other great works which stand for man's advancement and happiness.

The spenders are slaves to the savers. It is the law of nature. We want you to be a saver—to open an account in our Savings Department and be independent.

One Dollar will Start an Account.

This Bank will be pleased to receive all or a portion of YOUR banking business.