PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:—

He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constituton, which reads as follows:—

"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished."

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—

"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:—

All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—

County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every [illegible] after; and in the election of said [illegible] each qualified elector shall [illegible] more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; and vacancies in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Education.

Jones read a five foot bookshelf held
An ample store of learning,
So started in to carpenter,
With thirst for knowledge burning.

He purchased hammer, saw and plane,
Of paint made a selection,
And then began to make the shelf
By magazine direction.

He smashed eight fingers and two thumbs
And nearly planed his nose off,
He scattered fourteen quarts of paint
And almost sawed his toes off.

He now is in the hospital
Receiving ministration,
The doctors say he may get well—
He has an education.

—Melancthurch Wilson in New York Sun.

Why Not?

Mother—Just run upstairs, Tommy, and fetch baby's nightgown.

Tommy—Don't want to.

Mother—Oh, well, if you're going to be unkind to your new little sister she'll put on her wings and fly back to heaven.

Tommy—Then let her put on her wings and fetch her nightgown.—Technical World.

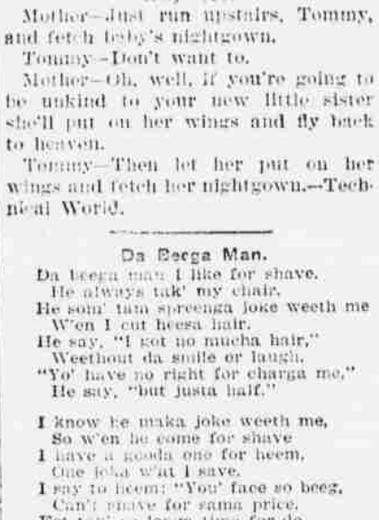
Da Beega Man.

Da beega man I like for shave,
He always tak' my chair,
He som' tam spreenga joke weeth me
W'en I cut heesa hair.
He say, "I got no mucha hair,"
Weethout da smile or laugh,
"Yo' have no right for charga me,"
He say, "but justa half."

I know he maka joke weeth me,
So w'en he come for shave
I have a spoola one for heem,
One joka w'at I save.
I say to heem: "You' face so beeg,
Can't shave for sama price,
Eet tak' so longa time for do,
I have for charga twice."

THE TOWN THAT PUSH BUILT

VI.—The Keen Clothing Dealer



THIS is the clothing dealer who went
To the hardware store and freely spent
On advertised bargains the very bill
He got from the furniture dealer's till,
Where it went when the dry goods merchant bought
And paid with the bill that the butcher got
From the grocer who had settlement made
With the money the honest workman paid.

P.S.—The local dealer who's up to snuff
Will always advertise his stuff.

Going Down.

We all know just what happens
To man in a canoe
With a sweet girl whose lips are pursed
And coax a kiss or two.

But what will happen to the duck,
The ardent wooing swain,
Who makes a jump to kiss a girl
Up in an aeroplane?
—Mortimer Lewis in Houston Post.

In Season.

The hammock is just beginning to get interesting to those who whisper sweet little nothings till the edge of dawn.—Poughkeepsie Star.

Come on, Boys.

The airships have been tried when the weather was good,
When Nature was in her best form,
But what we would like is a different mood
And see them tried out in a storm.
—Washington Star.

Eloquence.

Knicker—Do people hang on his words?

Bocker—As though they were car straps.—New York Sun.

Fun.

Full many resorts may promise fun
For e'en a vacation short,
But not to the hopelessly "busted" one
Who's down to his last resort.
—Kansas City Times.

Something Coming In

If you ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER. It will LOOK GOOD to you. Try it out NOW.

WHEN THE ENGINE COMES

s no time to be regretting your neglect to get insured. A little care beforehand is worth more than any amount of regret.

KRAFT & CONGER.

General Insurance Agents
HONESDALE PA.

Holmes Memorial, St. Rose Cemetery, Carbondale, Pa.

Designed and built by
MARTIN CAUFIELD

Tooth Savers

We have the sort of tooth brushes that are made to thoroughly cleanse and save the teeth.

They are the kind that clean teeth without leaving your mouth full of bristles.

We recommend those costing 25 cents or more, as we can guarantee them and will replace, free, any that show defects of manufacture within three months.

O. T. CHAMBERS,
PHARMACIST,
Opp. D. & H. Station. HONESDALE, PA

CLEARING SALE

The Giant Event of the Season's End

Every Passing Season finds our Stock Broken in every department. Small lots are bound to accumulate here and there in a busy store like ours. We never have and never will carry over goods from one season to another, no indeed, Sir, the policy of this house demands that the wearables here mentioned leaves us when the season does, so to this end we go through all departments and clip down the prices unmindful of the cost to us. July is not a time for profits. Here following we mean to speak in deeds of many saving opportunities not in words galore; so if that means anything to you read on

STRAUSE BROS. CLOTHES—ALL SIZES.		LANDAN BRAND CLOTHES—ALL SIZES.	
$15 Suits	now $10	$10 Suits	now $7
$18 Suits	now $13	$9 Suits	now $6
$20 Suits	now $15	$8 Suits	now $5
$25 Suits	now $18	$7 Suits	now $4

CHILDRENS' CLOTHES — ALL SIZES.	
$5 Suits	now $3.50
$4 Suits	now $2.75
$3.50 Suits	now 2.25
$3.00 Suits	now $2.00

BOYS' WASH SUITS—ALL SIZES.
50c., 75c., to $1.00—Worth Double the Price.

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS—ALL SIZES.
Eclipse shirts, high grade in every respects. Coat cut, cuffs attached:
$1.50 value ..... at $1.00
$1.00 value ..... at 79c.

TRUNKS AND DRESS SUIT CASES AT HALF PRICE.

BREGSTEIN BROS.

Underwear at Reduced Prices.

Remember the Place--a Full Line of Everything.

The Era of New Mixed Paints!

This year opens with a deluge of new mixed paints. A condition brought about by our enterprising dealers to get some kind of a mixed paint that would supplant CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS. Their compounds, being new and heavily advertised, may find a sale with the unwary.

THE ONLY PLACE IN HONESDALE AUTHORIZED TO HANDLE CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS
Is JADWIN'S PHARMACY.

There are reasons for the pre-eminence of CHILTON PAINTS:
1st—No one can mix a better mixed paint.
2d—The painters declare that it works easily and has wonderful covering qualities.
3d—Chilton stands back of it, and will agree to repaint, at his own expense, every surface painted with Chilton Paint that proves defective.
4th—Those who have used it are perfectly satisfied with it, and recommend its use to others.

STOP MR. HOSIERY BUYER READ THIS:

HERE'S THE PROPOSITION. A Limited Accident Insurance Policy for $1000 Good for ONE YEAR.

FREE
with every box of 6 pairs of our Insured Hose for $1.50.

The Insurance Policy

Is in THE NORTH AMERICAN ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. of Chicago. A company who have been in business for 23 years, and have a surplus and assets of over $625,000.00.

THE POLICY PAYS AS FOLLOWS:

For Loss of Life	$1,000.00
For Loss of both Eyes	1,000.00
For Loss of both Hands	1,000.00
For Loss of both Feet	1,000.00
For Loss of One Hand and One Foot	1,000.00
For Loss of One Hand	250.00
For Loss of One Foot	250.00
For Loss of One Eye	100.00

Seven and 50-100 Dollars per week for 6 weeks as per policy in case of accident.

THE HOSE
is a Two Thread Combed Egyptian Reinforced Heel and Toe All Value.

Retails for $1.50 a box of 6 pairs.

Come in Black and Tan. Sold with a Six Months' Guarantee on Every Pair.

See Window Display at
L. A. Helferich's.

DO NOT FAIL TO READ THE FOLLOWING ANNOUNCEMENT:

If you desire to buy pure whiskey, look at the end of the barrel before making your purchase. There you will find the date of inspection which is a sure guaranty as to age. All straight whiskeys are inspected by Government officials, and taxed according to proof. Blended and compound whiskeys are made from straight whiskeys.

PAUL E. McGRANAGHAN,
Wholesale Dealer in
WINES and LIQUORS, 557 Main St., Honesdale, Pa.,
has a large quantity of the best Straight Whiskeys for sale at his establishment. Also Blended Whiskeys, Foreign and Domestic Wines, and bottled Beer by the case or dozen.