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The



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Wayne County Organ
of the
REPUBLICAN PARTY

66th YEAR.

HONESDALE, WAYNE CO., PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1909.

NO. 57

WRIGHT SOARS FAR

Orville In Two Surprising Flights Shows Speed.

PROMISE OF BETTER TODAY.

Circles Parade Ground at Fort Myer Scores of Times, Making Each Round In About One Minute.

Washington, July 20.—If conditions are favorable today the machine of the Wright brothers will be given another trial this afternoon, and Orville Wright promises to attain greater height, speed and distance than in his surprising ascensions of last night.

Showing more confidence in himself than he has exhibited before this season, Orville Wright made two very successful flights in the aeroplane at Fort Myer, Va., last evening.

The first flight lasted twenty-five minutes and eighteen seconds, during which time the aviator circled the parade grounds, a distance of about five-sixths of a mile, twenty-five and one-half times. The second, which continued until darkness prevented Mr. Wright from remaining longer in the air, was of half an hour's duration, and twenty-nine and one-half circuits were made.

Wilbur Wright, who carefully watched every movement of the machine, declared afterward that it had attained a speed of about forty-one miles an hour. He said it had reached a height of 150 feet. At the start on both occasions the machine rose easily and ascended to a height of a little over a hundred feet, where the aviator kept it on an even keel throughout each flight except at the turns of the elongated oval, where it tilted slightly to execute the revolution.

Mr. Wright would not say just when the official trials would take place nor when he would begin to make flights carrying another man as a passenger.

When the first flight began a slight breeze prevailed. A crowd applauded the aviator as he returned to the starting point after making the first circuit. Among the enthusiasts were Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and his sister, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, who is a frequent attendant at the flights; Secretary of the Navy George Von L. Meyer and Brigadier General Crozier, chief of ordnance of the army.

After making half a dozen circuits Mr. Wright soared up to 150 feet, when he directed his course in a larger oval. The machine was under perfect control and deviated very little from the fixed course. It continued steadily until it had finished the twenty-fifth round, when the machine descended gradually and made an easy landing.

The second flight was even more successful than the first. Mr. Wright maintained a higher level with the machine. He continued until he had covered twenty-nine laps and had beaten the time of the trial he had just previously made. Upon landing the aeroplane struck several sharp rocks, but practically no damage was sustained.

Almost a dead calm prevailed, but darkness prevented a longer flight. At times scarcely any of the body of the aeroplane was visible to the spectators at the starting point.

"Have you any ambition to cross the English channel?" Wilbur Wright was asked.

"No," he replied. "If I had I should have done it long ago."

HUGHES TO ACT ON HAFFEN.

New York's Governor to Leave Adirondacks Tomorrow.

Albany, N. Y., July 20.—Governor Hughes will leave the Adirondacks tomorrow, coming to Albany to hold a hearing on the report of Wallace MacFarlane, commissioner, who found Louis F. Haffen, president of the borough of the Bronx, guilty of charges of misconduct which should subject him to removal.

The governor will leave on Friday for the Alaska-Yukon exposition at Seattle. He expects to return about the middle of August.

Wee Shah to Hold Durbar Today.

Teheran, Persia, July 20.—The little shah, Ahmed Mirza, will hold a durbar today to make the acquaintance of his faithful subjects. He is pathetically unhappy and would willingly exchange his honors for his mother's lap.

Gingles Case at an End.

Chicago, July 20.—The jury in the Ella Gingles case returned a verdict of not guilty and at the same time exonerated Miss Agnes Barrette, whom Miss Gingles accused of immoral conduct.

AMERICA TO COMPEL CHINA.

Won't Let European Bankers Gobble Entire Railway Loan.

Paris, July 20.—The continental bankers who asked for an adjournment of the meetings of the international bankers to consult with their governments have delayed their answers so long that there seems a strong possibility of the negotiations for American participation in the Hankow-Szechuen railway loan of \$27,500,000 falling through.

Should this prove the case America, it is understood here, will take up the matter with the Peking government direct and insist on American bankers being given a half share of the loan for the Hankow-Szechuen section.

The news from Peking that Russia has informed China that the Russo-Chinese bank expects a share in the loan is not taken seriously here. It is pointed out that Russia is not a lending nation, but a borrower. Possibly, said an expert versed in eastern diplomacy, the continental financiers are using the Russian claim to influence China by the intimation that if American participation is allowed other nations will insist on a like treatment.

FRANK CLARK IS DEPOSED.

House Democrats Punish Florida Representative For Tariff Course.

Washington, July 20.—Representative Frank Clark of Florida, who voted with the Republicans on items in the pending tariff bill affecting his own state, was deposed as secretary of the Democratic congressional com-



CONGRESSMAN FRANK CLARK.

mittee at a caucus of house Democrats last night. Representative Lincoln Dixon of Indiana will succeed Representative Clark. There was no opposition to the re-election of Representative James T. Lloyd of Missouri as chairman of the congressional committee or to Representative W. E. Finley of South Carolina and Representative A. M. Palmer of Pennsylvania for vice chairmen.

Taking advantage of the present situation developed by the tariff, the Democratic congressional committee, one year in advance of the usual time for such action, mapped out the course it will follow in its fight to capture the house in the next congressional election.

Market Reports.

WHEAT—Contract grade, July, \$1.12 1/2; August, \$1.17 1/2.

CORN—Unchanged.

OATS—No. 2, white, natural, 57 1/2c.

BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 8,694 packages; creamery, specials, 27 1/2c.; (foreign) extra, 24c.; thirds to firsts, 23 1/2c.; state dairy, common to finest, 20c.; process, common to special, 16 1/2c.; western, factory, 17 1/2c.; imitation creamery, 22c.

CHEESE—Higher; receipts, 518 boxes; state, new, full cream, special, 14 1/2c.; small, colored, fancy, 13c.; large, colored, fancy, 13 1/2c.; small, white, fancy, 13 1/2c.; common to good, 10 1/2c.; skims, full to specials, 7 1/2c.

EGGS—High grades firm; receipts, 11,480 cases; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery, white, 28 1/2c.; gathered, white, 28 1/2c.; hennery, brown and mixed, fancy, 27 1/2c.; gathered, brown, fair to prime, 23 1/2c.; western, extra firsts, 23 1/2c.; firsts, 21 1/2c.; seconds, 19 1/2c.

LIVE POULTRY—Weaker; prices unsettled; chickens, broilers, per lb., 21 1/2c.; fowls, 17c.; old roosters, 16 1/2c.; turkeys, 13c.; ducks, 11 1/2c.; geese, 8 1/2c.

POTATOES—Steady; southern, No. 1, per bbl., \$1.75 1/2; common, \$1.50; yams, \$1.65.

Bleriot to Attempt Channel Flight.

Paris, July 20.—M. Bleriot intends to attempt crossing the English channel Thursday in his aeroplane.

PUTS IT ON SUTTON

Lieutenant Adams Tells of Pistol Shooting.

TANGLED IN HIS TESTIMONY.

Witness Says Sutton Fired Four Times at Brother Officers and Then Shot Himself in Remorse.

Annapolis, Md., July 20.—The court of inquiry which is investigating the cause of the death of Lieutenant James N. Sutton heard the continuation today of the testimony of Lieutenant Robert E. Adams.

Lieutenant Sutton's death on the night of Oct. 12, 1907, resulted from a pistol shot wound in the top of his head. The bullet afterward found within the skull was apparently from the same cartridge as is used in the regular 38 caliber service revolvers. The previous investigation by the Naval academy authorities recorded Lieutenant Sutton as having committed suicide.

Attorney Davis succeeded in bringing out a number of discrepancies in Adams' testimony. What bearing these contradictions may have on Adams' future position in the case is expected to develop more clearly today.

Lieutenant Roelker is an important witness, who has not yet been located. He left the service soon after the Sutton tragedy.

Mrs. Sutton's counsel says that Miss Margaret Stewart of Pittsburg, the young woman who was with Sutton most of the evening before he met his death, might be called as a witness. Miss Stewart is now in Canada, but her father has recently gone to urge on her the advisability of her testimony.

Lieutenant Adams said that after a quarrel on the way home from a dance that night between Sutton and Lieutenant Osterman he went back to the scene of the fight to look for his own coat. He said:

"I started down the path and had gone thirty or forty paces when I saw something white. It seemed to arise, and a voice said: 'That's that d— Adams. I'm going to kill you.' He fired. I ran at him. He fired again. We grappled. He fired a third time and hit me in the finger. As we wheeled around I saw Roelker. There was a shot and I cried, 'My God, has he killed Roelker?' As I stood up there was a flash, and I looked toward Sutton to see him prostrate and evidently dead.

"When Sutton was on the ground," said Lieutenant Adams, "I pushed his face into the earth with all my strength to keep from seeing who it was. He struggled for twenty seconds and then seemed to weaken."

"Did Mr. Sutton smell of liquor?" asked Judge Advocate Leonard.

"I was too excited to notice that," replied the witness.

"Did you hit Sutton at that time?"

"Yes, I hit him when I first grappled with him," Adams said.

Questioned by his own counsel, Arthur E. Birney, Lieutenant Adams said that Lieutenant Utley dismissed the chauffeur and paid for the automobile the night of the tragedy.

At the former hearing the testimony was to the effect that Sutton hired the automobile and paid for it.

Major Leonard asked the witness if he, Utley and Osterman were in uniform on the night of the shooting. Lieutenant Adams said they were in their dark blue mess jacket uniforms. "Is there any way, in your opinion, a man could carry a service revolver while in the mess uniform without it being in evidence?" asked Major Leonard.

"No, sir, I think not," Adams replied.

The witness said there were four shots fired before Sutton fired the fatal shot. Sutton had a service revolver in one hand and a smaller one in the other when he opened fire, the witness said. The third shot was fired from the large caliber service revolver, Adams said. He knew that because he was on top of Sutton and saw the flash at his side.

"I was under the impression that this shot with which Sutton killed himself was fired from the smaller revolver," the witness said.

Lawyer Henry E. Davis, counsel for Mrs. Sutton, cross examined the witness. Mr. Davis wanted to know if the witness' relations with Sutton were always agreeable. Lieutenant Adams said he had little to do with Sutton. When he first came to the academy in July, 1907, he was told that Sutton had placed the officers of the day and other officers in such undignified positions by making them aware that he was threatening to shoot at their feet that the marines had decided to have nothing to do with Sutton, the

witness said. Asked by Mr. Davis if in his opinion Sutton shot himself, Lieutenant Adams said he believed Sutton deliberately shot himself after he heard some one say Lieutenant Roelker had been shot, and not a result of accident during the struggle.

Child Found Fatal Lunch in Pillbox. Newton, N. J., July 20.—Fifty quinine pills swallowed by the four-year-old son of Cecil Drake of Swartswood caused the child's death in a few minutes. The body was found with the empty box beside it.

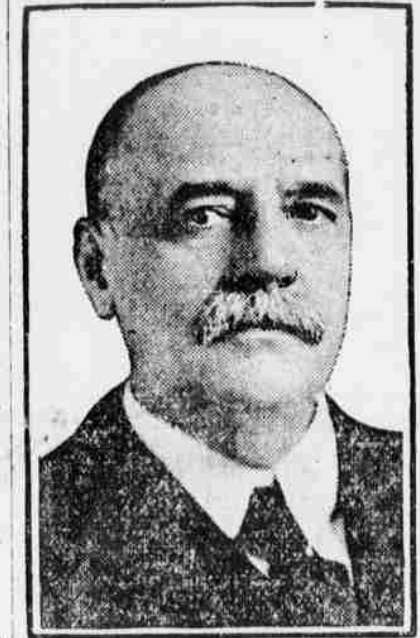
STATE LINES WIPED OUT.

Governor Fort Predicts Great Things From New Hudson Tunnel.

Jersey City, July 20.—All the steam roads which terminate in Jersey City and Hoboken are contemplating the early electrification of their suburban lines, and before long all the suburban traffic entering New York will be carried by electrically operated trains.

As a result of this change in motive power local trains will be run at shorter intervals and at 50 per cent higher speed than the present local steam trains, and electric express trains may be run at 25 per cent higher speed than the steam trains.

By virtue of the Hudson tunnel just opened and the ones yet to be completed all that section of New Jersey lying north of a line from Trenton to Asbury Park becomes physically part of New York city. In all that northern portion of the state the opening



GOVERNOR FRANKLIN FORT.

of the new system means new hours, new comforts, new enjoyments, new conditions of life and new homes. It brings the business man anywhere in the suburban district practically twenty minutes nearer his office in New York. It opens new suburban districts and enables thousands to go further out into the country.

In his address here at the formal opening Governor Fort dwelt upon the great growth that is bound to follow the opening of the tunnel in New Jersey. He said that the greatness of Jersey City is now assured. State lines are now wiped away, he declared. In this connection he called attention to the fact that all modern business has grown into interstate intercourse.

President Taft wrote William G. McAdoo, president of the tunnel company, as follows:

"I am sorry not to be able to be present on the important occasion as the opening of the Hudson and Manhattan railroad tunnels under the Hudson river. It is an engineering feat of vast magnitude—a monument to American enterprise. Such an artery of travel and commerce eliminates the Hudson river as an obstacle to intercourse between New York and New Jersey. Not only the people of these states, but the people of the country at large who visit the metropolis will acknowledge their hearty gratitude to the energy and enterprise of those who have brought this great achievement to a successful issue."

Weather Probabilities. Fair; moderate temperature; light west winds.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call, 2 per cent; time money and mercantile paper unchanged in rates. Closing prices of stocks were: Amal. Copper... 8 1/2; Norf. & West... 8 1/2; Atchison... 11 1/2; Northwestern... 11 1/2; B. & O... 11 1/2; Penn. R. R... 12 1/2; Brooklyn R. T. 78; Reading... 12 1/2; Ches. & Ohio... 7 1/2; Rock Island... 25 1/2; C. C. & St. L. 75; St. Paul... 15 1/2; D. & H... 12 1/2; Southern Pac... 13 1/2; Erie... 38; Southern Ry... 21; Gen. Electric... 106; South. Ry. pf... 69 1/2; Ill. Central... 15 1/2; Sugar... 12 1/2; Int.-Met... 15 1/2; Texas Pacific... 24 1/2; Louis. & Nash... 15; Union Pacific... 37; Manhattan... 14; U. S. Steel... 71 1/2; Missouri Pac... 7; U. S. Steel pf... 17 1/2; N. Y. Central... 13 1/2; West. Union... 7 1/2.

To Proclaim Don Jaime Pretender.

Madrid, July 20.—Don Jaime will be proclaimed pretender nine days after the funeral of Don Carlos, which all the prominent Carlists in Navarre will attend.

BASEBALL RESULTS.

Games Played in National, American and Eastern Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At New York—St. Louis, 4; New York, 3 (16 innings). Batteries—Harmon and Phelps; Raymond and Schiel.
Second game—New York, 3; St. Louis, 0 (called by darkness, end of seventh inning). Batteries—Ames and Meyers; Buchman and Phelps.
At Brooklyn—Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 0. Batteries—Brown and Archer; Rucker, Marshall and Bergen.
At Boston—Cincinnati, 5; Boston, 0. Batteries—Gasper and McLean; Brown and Graham.
At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries—Maddox and Gibson; Moren and Doolin.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| W. | L. | P. C. | W. | L. | P. C. | | |
|------------|----|-------|-----|-----------|-------|----|-----|
| Pittsburg | 57 | 21 | 731 | Phila | 33 | 41 | 429 |
| Chicago | 51 | 27 | 654 | St. Louis | 23 | 44 | 421 |
| New York | 45 | 39 | 595 | Brooklyn | 23 | 51 | 424 |
| Cincinnati | 41 | 39 | 513 | Boston | 23 | 53 | 235 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—New York, 5; Detroit, 3. Batteries—Wilson and Kleinow; Lovell and Stange.
At Chicago—Chicago, 12; Washington, 2. Batteries—Scott and Owens; Groom and Street.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia, 4; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Coombs and Thomas; Graham, Stephens and Criger.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Boston, 1. Batteries—Young and Easterly; Chech and Donohue.
Second game—Boston, 8; Cleveland, 2. Batteries—Arelanes and Donohue; Rhoades and Easterly.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| W. | L. | P. C. | W. | L. | P. C. | | |
|-----------|----|-------|-----|-----------|-------|----|-----|
| Detroit | 52 | 29 | 512 | New York | 35 | 45 | 444 |
| Phila | 47 | 33 | 588 | Chicago | 35 | 45 | 444 |
| Boston | 45 | 35 | 578 | St. Louis | 35 | 45 | 422 |
| Cleveland | 45 | 35 | 563 | Wash. | 24 | 54 | 308 |

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Montreal—Jersey City, 7; Montreal, 3. Second game—Montreal, 4; Jersey City, 0.
At Toronto—Toronto, 8; Newark, 3.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 2; Providence, 1.
At Rochester—Baltimore, 8; Rochester, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| W. | L. | P. C. | W. | L. | P. C. | | |
|------------|----|-------|-----|-------------|-------|----|-----|
| Rochester | 46 | 32 | 590 | Toronto | 40 | 42 | 488 |
| Providence | 40 | 37 | 519 | Buffalo | 40 | 42 | 488 |
| Baltimore | 40 | 40 | 500 | Montreal | 38 | 40 | 487 |
| Newark | 39 | 40 | 494 | Jersey City | 34 | 44 | 480 |

ONIONS FOIL BLOODHOUNDS.

Posse Strings Negro Up Until He Tells of Slayer's Escape.

Paris, Tenn., July 20.—Hanging Frank Duncan, a negro, to a tree until blood ran from his lips, a posse in pursuit of Albert Lawson, a negro who fatally shot Sheriff Compton, forced Duncan to confess that he and his two brothers had sheltered Lawson and aided him to escape by smearing a mixture of cayenne pepper and onions on his feet to throw the bloodhounds off the track.

The two Duncans are in jail. Lawson is thought to be on the farm of Henry Rotgering, near Paducah, Ky., surrounded by deputies. Lawson is said to be armed.

CALHOUN CASE GOES OVER.

First Panel Exhausted Without Securing a Juror.

San Francisco, July 20.—The retrial of Patrick Calhoun, president of the United railroads, on a charge of offering a bribe to a supervisor to gain a privilege for his corporation, was adjourned until tomorrow, the first panel of twenty-five citizens being exhausted without any result.

District Attorney W. H. Langdon is the chief prosecutor. The previous trial, after five months of jury making and testimony, resulted in a disagreement four weeks ago.

SIX HURT IN TRAIN CRASH.

Long Branch Express Strikes Line of Empty Coaches.

Philadelphia, July 20.—Six persons were slightly injured and three empty passenger cars were wrecked when an express train bound for Long Branch struck a draft of empty passenger coaches that were being backed into the Pennsylvania railroad station at Broad street.

Mrs. D. W. Renssavage of Washington had her nose cut and suffered from the shock. Mrs. A. M. Inness of Ocean Grove, N. J., also suffered from a nervous shock.

TO MEET OVER BOUNDARY.

French and German Airships to Make Simultaneous Ascents.

Metz, Germany, July 20.—M. Kapferer, the pilot of the French airship Ville de Nancy, and the crew of the German dirigible Zeppelin will probably meet just before dark tonight on the frontier.

The plan is to have the two airships make simultaneous ascents and for them to proceed to the border line between France and Germany, there to exchange handclaps while hovering over the boundary.

END OF LONG CHASE.

New Yorker Wanted on Forgery Charge Caught in San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 20.—After being pursued from ocean to ocean Preston Labaw, wanted by the New York police on charges of forgery, is in the city prison.

He will be taken east by Detective Fitzsimmons of New York, who, working in conjunction with the police of this city and Los Angeles, caused his arrest.

CALLED BY TAFT.

Tariff Conferees to Gather at White House Board.

WILL HEAR REPORT TOMORROW

House to Take Up Urgent Deficiency Bill Today, With Members In Excited State Over Previous Tiffs.

Washington, July 20.—The house will start in at noon today with the urgent deficiency bill before it, the members probably in no happy frame of mind, as a result of the many charges and personal tiffs interrupted by adjournment.

House leaders say the president has no doubt of votes enough in the house to pass such a measure as the tariff conferees have promised him, provided he would see to the passage of the bill. The attitude of the senate still gives him some concern, it is said, but he is hopeful that even these members will be willing to put matters to a vote without long filibustering or debate.

All of the Republican members of the tariff conference have been invited by President Taft to take dinner with him tomorrow night at the White House. It is assumed that he expects to be ready to report progress in getting votes for the abolition or reduction of duties on raw materials.

When the conferees meet about the White House board it is probable that the president will be informed just what concessions can be made without jeopardizing the passage of the conference report.

Circulating about the capitol is a persistent rumor that the president will not be satisfied with free iron ore and oil and reduced duties on coal, hides and lumber. Many senators appear to believe that he will insist upon hides and coal being placed upon the free list.

That the report of the conferees on the Aldrich and Payne tariff bills will be presented to the two branches of congress not later than Thursday or Friday is the general opinion about the capitol.

House members generally are pleased at the action of the conference committee on the tariff bill in agreeing to accept the senate's corporation tax amendment. The agreement was not reached, however, until after the provision had been redrafted by the attorney general and many changes had been made. The most important change was the reduction of the tax from 2 per cent on net earnings of corporations to 1 per cent.

The corporation tax amendment will take the place of the house provision for an inheritance tax, which, according to the agreement, will go out of the bill.

The house transacted a general assortment of business. It passed an omnibus bridge bill, then listened to an apology by Mr. Hobson of Alabama for having last February made some uncomplimentary statements about Ambassador O'Brien at Tokyo and further considered the urgent deficiency bill.

There were several lively tiffs, one of which culminated in an announcement by Mr. Macon of Arkansas that he would resign his seat if it could be proved that he was a legislative obstructor.

The air was surcharged with crimination and recrimination, but the most serious discussion centered about Francis J. Heney, special assistant to the attorney general. Chairman Tawney of the appropriations committee made the statement that Mr. Heney had received during the last year \$23,000 for services he did not render.

Mr. Clark of Missouri went after the "scalps" of some United States attorneys and without being specific alleged that a good many of them were incompetent, necessitating the employment of special counsel to render their work effective.

An amendment was voted down prohibiting the payment of any part of the deficiency appropriation toward the employment of special counsel to assist in extraditing Delavan Smith of the Indianapolis News or Joseph Pulitzer of the New York World in connection with the government's libel suits growing out of the Panama canal purchase.

Kills Himself to Die in America. Philadelphia, July 20.—Despondent because his relatives intended to send him back to Italy and asserting that when he dies he wants to die in free America, Nikola Naroia, ninety-two years old, stabbed himself four times in the heart with a pair of tailors' shears. He will die.