

Semi-Weekly Founded 1908 Weekly Founded, 1844

The Citizen

Wayne County Organ of the REPUBLICAN PARTY

66th YEAR.

HONESDALE, WAYNE CO., PA., FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1909.

NO. 56

SHAH IS BESIEGED

Insurgent Forces Surround His Palace In Teheran.

HE REFUSES TO MAKE TERMS

Russian General Offers In Writing to Surrender Persian Forces Under His Command on Easy Conditions.

Teheran, Persia, July 15.—The Royalist forces apparently have had enough of fighting and are prepared to admit the supremacy of the Nationalists. The secretary of the Russian legation arrived at the Nejliss building in behalf of General Liakhoff and submitted written proposals for the surrender of the Persian Cossacks under his command. He asked first that the Nationalists should cease attacking the Cossacks, that the Cossacks should be allowed to continue service under the future Persian government and that their safety should be guaranteed if they laid down their arms. Siphandar and Sardarasad replied that the officers and the Cossacks were free



SHAH OF PERSIA.

to return to their homes as soon as they surrendered their arms, that their safety would be guaranteed as far as possible and that, as the constitutional government required trained troops, the Cossacks would be taken into service and would receive the usual pay. The action of General Liakhoff followed a long day of fighting. The Cossacks, who are still besieged in the central square of the city, and those outside the walls kept up a continuous rifle and artillery fire on the parliament building, while with sharpshooters they endeavored to dislodge the Nationalist sharpshooters from the roofs of houses. Their fire was erratic, and a number of the shells struck the telegraphers' houses close to the British legation. The British and Russian masters have urged the shah to arrange terms with the Nationalists, but the shah has refused. Mohammed Ali Mirza is now besieged in the Sultanabad palace, which the Nationalists have surrounded.

AGED WOMAN MURDERED.

Attacked in Her Home and \$300 Taken by Slayer, Who Escapes. Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 15.—Miss Emma Brooks, aged seventy-two, was found in her lonely home near Highland with her throat cut from ear to ear and \$300 which she had in a pocket of her wrapper had been taken. The authorities believe she was murdered by a tramp berry-picker, who had been driven off her little fruit farm. The sheriff of Ulster county has started a search, and Deputy Sheriff Manning Cleveland has sent his bloodhounds to try and track the murderer, who is reported to have fled into the hills.

BABY SHOT DEAD BY BOY.

Lad Who Fired Revolver Says He Didn't Know It Was Loaded. Revere, Mass., July 15.—Leveling a revolver with the exclamation, "Watch me shoot the kid," seventeen-year-old Fred H. Egner, fired point blank at thirteen-month-old Annie Pasquale as she lay in her baby carriage in the street here. The bullet lodged in the child's brain. Egner, when arrested, said he did not know the revolver was loaded.

FLYNN DEFEATS PAPKE.

Middleweight Has Much the Worst of Ten Round Fight at Los Angeles. Los Angeles, Cal., July 15.—Billy Papke, the middleweight, who recently gave Stanley Ketchel a hard fight for twenty rounds at Colton, Cal., but lost the decision, was defeated by Jim Flynn, the light heavyweight from Texas, in a ten round fight before the Pacific Athletic club here. First Round.—Papke landed on Flynn's nose with terrific right and left and drew blood. Papke rained blows to Flynn's face without return. Second Round.—Papke sent a terrific right to Flynn's eye and caught him with a left to the face. Flynn continued to rush, but Papke did far cleverer work. Flynn put a right to Papke's face, and Papke deliberately hit Flynn in the stomach after the bell. Third Round.—Flynn with a right to the head and a left to the body sent Papke through the ropes. With half of Papke's body outside the ring Flynn sent a hard right and left to the body. Flynn took a right and left to the face in order to land a right to Papke's head. Papke got two rights to the stomach in close quarters. Fourth Round.—Flynn landed a hard right to Papke's chin. Papke landed on Flynn's face with several straight lefts. Fifth Round.—A hard right to the face, followed by a right and left to the stomach, dazed Flynn. Flynn put a right and left to Papke's head, and they fought viciously, with Papke against the ropes as the gong sounded. Sixth Round.—Flynn knocked Papke through the ropes with a right to the nose and then helped him back. Papke put a right to Flynn's jaw, and they clinched. Papke appeared distressed. Seventh Round.—Flynn rushed Papke to the ropes, and a left to the face caused Papke to slip to the floor. Flynn sent a straight right to Papke's stomach, and Papke sent a hard right over Flynn's heart and a left to his face. Flynn put three terrific rights to the kidneys. Eighth Round.—Flynn got to the face with a hard right and then landed a left to the jaw. Papke landed a hard left to Flynn's face. Flynn put a hard right and left to Papke's face. Ninth Round.—Flynn made Papke run away. In Flynn's corner they fought head to head, Papke planting a right on Flynn's badly swollen left eye. Flynn fought Papke to the ropes, but the German held his own. Tenth Round.—Flynn put a hard right to the face and rushed Papke to the ropes. A right uppercut caught Papke in the mouth, and Flynn hammered hard on the kidneys. They were fighting in the center of the ring at the end of the round.

MRS. THAW IN COURT AGAIN.

Justice Mills Intimates She May Answer as to Death Threat. White Plains, N. Y., July 15.—Evelyn Thaw was again in court today ready to testify for the state in opposing Harry K. Thaw's attempt to prove himself sane and his confinement in the asylum for the criminal insane illegal. The state's attorneys argued that they would show that the much disputed conversation between Thaw and his wife at the asylum, which Thaw threatened to kill her when he got out was not privileged, and in before young Mrs. Thaw's testimony on this point could be admitted. Justice Mills intimated to Thaw's counsel that unless further legal reason was advanced for excluding Evelyn Thaw's testimony he would be inclined to admit it. The court is inclined to hold that a threat of a husband against his wife or any kind of abuse is not a confidential communication. Thaw's mother, his two sisters, Mrs. George L. Carnegie and the former Countess of Yarmouth, and his brother Josiah sat near him during the proceedings. Evelyn Thaw's attitude toward her husband is puzzling. It is generally believed she would rather see him confined as a lunatic than set free. It is reported that in the event her testimony goes against Thaw his attorney will call witnesses to show that she had remarked that she was glad to see him in Mattewan. No member of Harry Thaw's family is now on speaking terms with her. They pass her in court without a look of recognition.

TRUST CO. ROBBED OF \$100,000.

Official Said to Have Confessed That He is a Defaulter. New Orleans, July 15.—Wyatt H. Ingram, Jr., trust officer of the Hibernia Bank and Trust company, was arrested here on the charge of embezzlement and forgery. It is alleged that he is \$100,000 short in his accounts. The trust officer is said to have confessed to Vice President Pool of the Hibernia bank that his defalcations would amount to \$100,000. Ingram has stood high in business and social circles in New Orleans. He is a prominent clubman and has been a leader of commercial organizations.

Japanese Sealing Schooner Seized.

Seward, Alaska, July 15.—The United States revenue cutter Percy seized the Japanese sealing schooner Taki with eighteen men while they were killing seals within three miles of the Pribilof Islands. The Taki and her crew were taken to Unalaska.

Earl Granard to Rule in Canada.

London, July 15.—The Earl of Aberdeen will shortly retire as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and the Earl of Granard, who recently married the daughter of Ogden Mills of New York, will succeed him.

PRESIDENT MOVED

He Inquires as to Dropping Corporation Tax.

CALLS LEADERS TO WHITE HOUSE

Some of the Senate Conferees Not Averse to Killing Clause Relating to the Tax on Earnings.

Washington, July 15.—Reports that there was dissatisfaction in the tariff conference with the corporation tax amendment and that it might be dropped out of the bill reached the ears of President Taft, and in consequence Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne, the leaders of the senate and house in matters connected with tariff legislation, were called to the White House. The conference lasted two hours. When Messrs. Aldrich and Payne left for their homes they would not discuss what had transpired beyond admitting that the proposition to tax net earnings of corporations had been the chief subject of consideration. The president undoubtedly made it clear that he has not changed his mind about the advisability of taxing the earnings of corporations for the purpose of producing additional revenues. He is reported to have said as much to a number of congressional callers and to have interrogated a number of leaders as to the foundation for the report that this feature might be dropped out of the bill. Lukewarm support of the proposition is not confined, it is said, to the conferees representing the house. While all of the Republican senate conferees voted for the measure when it was put in the bill, it is known that some of them would not be averse to dropping it in conference. The big disputes over the tariff bill will be fought out between Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne, acting for the senate and house respectively, with President Taft serving as umpire so as to prevent any drawn battles. This was decided by the conference committees appointed by the two branches of congress. No formal action was had in conference giving to the two leaders special jurisdiction to make up the tariff bill, but after an informal discussion it was said that such schedules as lumber, coal, hides, oil, iron ore and similar raw materials could best be adjusted by the two leaders, who know the tempers of their respective houses concerning these disputes. Of course any decisions reached by Messrs. Aldrich and Payne will be reviewed by the full conference. Strenuous objections were raised by the house members of the tariff conference to the senate provision in the tariff bill which gives the president authority to employ such persons as he may desire to aid him in enforcing the tariff laws. This opposition was all that prevented the adoption of practically all the sections dealing with administration. The provision which provides for the establishment of a court of customs appeals was adopted. It is intended that this court shall deal with all cases of appeal from the board of general appraisers and that its judgments shall be final. The salaries of the five judges were fixed at \$10,000 instead of \$7,000 as provided by the senate amendment.

MOVE FOR EASIER DIVORCE.

British House of Lords Decides Upon Inquiry on the Subject. London, July 15.—Lord Gorrell, former president of the divorce court, moved in the house of lords that county courts be given the power to grant divorces, as only the rich can afford to sue in the high court, the only tribunal in England empowered to deal with divorce. Lord Gorrell urged that much immorality resulted from the present law, as the poor, instead of being legally separated, simply drifted apart. The archbishop of Canterbury, opposing the motion, cited the experience of the United States as evidence against making divorce easier. The house of lords finally decided to institute an inquiry into the question.

Two Killed in Auto Explosion.

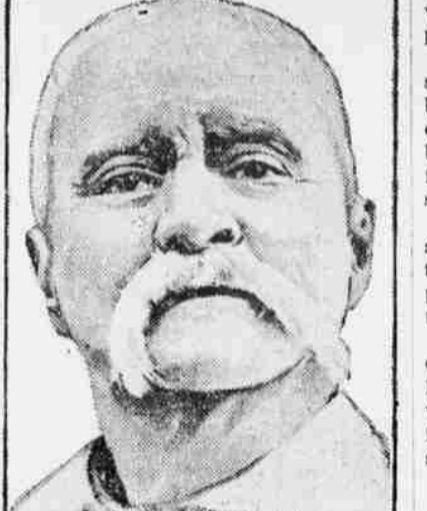
Sylvania, Ga., July 15.—Miss Fannie Mills and Hewlett Hall were killed. Mr. and Mrs. George M. Hall were fatally injured and three others were seriously hurt as a result of an explosion of the gasoline tank on the touring car of George M. Hill, at Jack-sonboro bridge, near here.

BASEBALL RESULTS.

Table with columns for National League, American League, Eastern League, and Western League, listing games played and results.

WESTON FINISHES WELL.

Five Days Behind Schedule on Arrival at San Francisco. San Francisco, July 15.—Edward Payson Weston, who started on March 15 to walk from New York to San Francisco in 100 days, finished his long tramp five days over his schedule. His last lap from Benicia, thirty-four miles out, was in good time. Weston has lost twenty pounds on his journey across the continent, but



EDWARD P. WESTON.

he looks well and declares he is ready for the return trip of 3,897 miles. In the last two weeks of March he walked 623 miles. In April he walked 1,046 miles, in May 967 miles, in June 810 miles and since the first of July 450 miles. He had very bad weather on about fifty of the 105 days he was on the road. He did not walk on Sundays.

HOLLWEG MADE CHANCELLOR.

Von Bulow Leaves Office With Thanks of the Kaiser. Berlin, July 15.—Prince von Bulow, chancellor of the empire, retired from office and was succeeded by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg. He is the first German chancellor compelled to leave office because of an adverse parliamentary majority. The change is regarded by the Liberals as a long step toward ministerial responsibility to the reichstag. The emperor presented Von Bulow with the Order of the Black Eagle set in diamonds and with it a cordial letter expressing his majesty's reluctance at parting with his chancellor and subscribing himself "Your grateful sovereign."

HIBERNIANS APPEAL TO TAFT

Want to Be Consulted as to Barry Monument Design. Atlantic City, N. J., July 15.—The executive board of the Ancient Order of Hibernians at a special meeting here passed resolutions calling on President Taft to give consideration to the desires of the United Irish society in the selection of the design for the statue to Commodore John Barry about to be erected by the government. One of the objections to the design given first prize by the national commission headed by Secretary of War Dickinson is because of nude allegorical figures intended to represent phases of Irish history.

STRIKERS IN RIOT

2,000 Men Attack Workers In Steel Car Mills.

SHOTS FIRED; MISSILES THROWN

More Than a Hundred Nonunion Men Injured In the Melee.

Entire Pittsburg Plant Is Closed Down.

Pittsburg, July 15.—Following the striking of about half the force of the Pressed Steel Car company's employees at McKee's Rocks, near here, the entire plant was closed down, immediately after which rioting commenced between 2,000 strikers and those employees that had remained at work. When the first of the workers reached the outer gates of the plant they were attacked by strikers armed with pieces of slag, iron and other missiles, and special watchmen stationed there commenced to fire revolvers over the heads of the crowd. One man was wounded by a bullet and another arrested. He was rescued by friends, and the watchman was compelled to flee for his life. Several thousand strikers gathered about the gates of the company later, and fights and rioting continued. More than a hundred nonunion men were more or less seriously injured by the strikers, and only the arrival of a sheriff's deputy and a squad of special officers prevented serious loss of life. A hundred deputy sheriffs armed with Winchesters and 200 state constabulary are guarding the plant of the Pressed Steel Car company. The company attempted to bring a number of strike breakers by steamer to the works, but the rioters lined the banks of the river armed with bricks, slag and revolvers. Their fusillade was returned by sheriffs on the boat, but the landing of the men was prevented by the rioters. Several guards attempted to leave the plant for a nearby restaurant, but were set upon by the strikers and compelled to beat a hasty retreat. In a later attack upon nonunion men six strikers were seriously wounded by deputies bullets, and fifteen workers were injured by missiles thrown by strikers. The guards lined up and fired a volley into the ranks of the strikers. The striking men allege that since a pooling system of pay has been introduced they have been receiving less pay for the same number of hours they worked previous to the change. On the other hand, the Pressed Steel Car company asserts that it is paying higher wages than before the pool wage system was in effect and is willing to open its books for public inspection to prove its assertions.

MEXICO TO BAR RACING.

Concession For Track Near San Diego Will Be Rescinded.

Washington, July 15.—The concession granted by the Mexican government to a syndicate of horse race promoters in California for the establishment of a race course at Tia Juana, a village in lower California just over the boundary of the United States, will be rescinded. When the granting of the concession became known the people of San Diego protested in strong terms to the state department and requested this government to get it revoked. The state department told President Diaz that the encouragement of horse racing at Tia Juana, which had become outlawed in the state of California, would be an offense in the eyes of the people of that state. It expressed the hope that the Mexican government would rescind the concession. The state department has assurances that its request will be willingly complied with.

PRICE OF WHEAT RUSHED UP

James A. Patten Manipulates Another Corner on Chicago Market. Chicago, July 15.—James A. Patten, who controls about all the small available stocks of wheat in the west, has manipulated another corner in the current July option. Speculators who have been selling wheat short for two months on the theory that the new crop would come rushing in awake to find themselves in a hole, with Patten in command of the situation. The price went up 7 cents a bushel, due to buying by shorts. It would have gone much further if Patten had not let go of enough to keep the market at \$1.27. As a result of the sharp advance in wheat, flour was marked up 10 to 20 cents for the best descriptions of old wheat variety, while new wheat flour was advanced 10 cents a barrel.

CARDINAL GIBBONS REPLIES.

Takes Issue With Former Supreme Court Justice on Divorce.

Baltimore, July 15.—Cardinal Gibbons in an interview here replied to remarks of former Supreme Court Justice Henry B. Brown on the subject of divorce made before the Maryland Bar association as follows: "Justice Brown has taken exception to my views on divorce and remarriage. He referred to the founder of the Christian religion as an 'idealist' whose sentiments are not adapted to this enlightened age. 'The learned jurist will permit me to say that the teachings of Christ have been the basis of all Christian legislation for nearly 2,000 years and continue to be the light and guide of hundreds of millions of souls. 'We are indebted to this divine legislator for the Christian civilization that rules the destinies of Europe, North and South America, Australia and large portions of Asia and Africa. Neither Solon or Lycurgus, nor Justinian nor Napoleon nor any other framer of laws ever exerted a tithe of the influence which the gospel of Christ exercises on the human races. And there is no subject which he treats more fully and clearly than the question of marriage. In three of the gospels he proclaims the unity of marriage and permits separation of a married couple only in the cause of adultery. 'I don't see why a law that has been enforced and cordially accepted in every age and country where Christianity dominates should be considered obsolete or impracticable in the United States. 'Divorces are multiplied not because ministers willingly assist at ill assorted marriages, but because loose legislation on matrimony renders it easy for married parties to annul the marriage bond.'"

INDIAN LAND FOR SETTLERS.

Government Opens 700,000 Acres in Idaho to White Men.

Coeur d'Alene, Ida., July 15.—With the opening of today's mail by James W. Witten, government superintendent of land opening in this place, the first step was taken in the throwing open to white settlement of more than 700,000 acres of agricultural and grazing lands in the northwest. The government offers to settlers three Indian reservations—that of the Coeur d'Alene Indians in northern Idaho, that of the Spokanes in Washington and that of the Flatheads in Montana. Registration begins today and will continue until Aug. 5. About 3,750 farms will be opened for settlement. For several months the land office has been receiving from 806 to 1,000 letters a day from prospective settlers inquiring as to the conditions governing the lottery. Only 3,000 or 4,000 people can hope to receive the prizes. It must be understood that the lands are not to be given away, but must be paid for within five years on terms fixed by the government, at the rate of from \$1.25 to \$7 per acre. The farms to be sold measure 160 acres each.

PLATT 76 YEARS OLD TODAY.

Ex-Senator Picks Bingham as Candidate For Mayor of New York.

Freeport, N. Y., July 15.—Former United States Senator Thomas C. Platt celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday here today. He declined to proffer his opinion on national politics, saying, "I'm only a looker on now, you know." He had no hesitancy, however, in naming General Theodore Bingham, who was recently removed as commissioner of police by Mayor McClellan, as the best candidate for the next mayor of New York. "I think he would make a strong run," said the veteran politician. "He would have the great advantage which comes of being thrown out of office by McClellan."

HAFFEN DECLARED GUILTY.

Governor Hughes' Commissioner Urges Borough President's Removal.

Albany, N. Y., July 15.—Declaring that Louis F. Haffen, president of the borough of the Bronx of New York city, has subordinated his duty as a public official to his political friendship and personal interests, Wallace MacFarlane, appointed by Governor Hughes as commissioner to investigate charges against the borough president, in a report to the governor finds that President Haffen has been guilty of misconduct in office which should subject him to removal. The charge that Haffen has wasted public funds in the maintenance of highways and sewer systems, public buildings and offices and that he has appointed inefficient and incompetent subordinate officers and employees are declared to be sustained. Charges against Haffen alleging misconduct in office were filed with the governor last fall at the instance of Mayor McClellan of New York, based upon an investigation by the commissioners of accounts.