

The Herald

ESTABLISHED 1870.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published every evening, except Sunday, at 8 South Third street, Shenandoah, Pa.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

The Herald is delivered in Shenandoah and the surrounding towns for six cents a week, payable to the carrier. By mail \$3.00 a year, or 25 cents a month payable in advance. Advertisements charged according to space and position. The publishers reserve the right to change the position of advertisements whenever the publication of news demands it. The right is reserved to reject any advertisement, whether paid for or not, that the publishers may deem improper. Advertising rates made known upon application. Entered at the post office at Shenandoah, Pa., as second class mail matter.

Evening Herald.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1909.

OUR COUNTRY: First, Last and Forever.

There's an opportunity at Harrisburg for a man who will insure the brick houses of legislators against bribery investigations.

If the beef investigators will stop with the beef packers long enough, they will be convinced that Chicago embalmed beef is the only fit thing for a king to eat.

The electric method of thawing water pipes could not have had a better season than this to demonstrate its utility and convince the country of its staying qualities.

The wages of the iron workers at the great plants throughout this and other states are being advanced 10 per cent. and in some instances more. The tide of national prosperity has set in everywhere.

It is now said that the reported immense coal combination will not be a formal combine, on account of legal complications which would arise if papers were to be signed and a single corporation formed. There is to be, however, an understanding among all the corporations concerned, which it is expected will be as effective as a formal combine. This the law cannot touch.

It is delightful to observe that when the Marine Band serenaded the British Guards Band it first played "God Save the Queen" and then "America." The visitors somehow or other knew which was which, and they stood at salute while the English hymn was in progress and broke into cheers for the President when the tune—well, say changed, though so far as laymen know the two are just alike. The professional ear is very keen, however, and perhaps the programmes helped. They often do!

Bishop Potter and Saloons.

Bishop Potter, of New York, has written a letter to Dr. Lyman Abbott about saloons which has attracted much attention. The Bishop is a liberal-minded person, and usually strikes from the shoulder. In the course of his talk he says "It is the old situation—as old as the religion of Jesus Christ—with the Scribes and Pharisees on the one hand, the Sadducees on the other, and over against them, the Truth." He then proceeds to read the prohibitionists a severe lecture, charging them with "holding one meagre fragment of the truth to their eyes, and denying great and fundamental facts in human nature, in their foolish and futile endeavor to remedy the perversion of human instincts by extirpating them; true children of the mediaeval systems of monastic asceticism, which they would fain substitute for the freedom of regenerated manhood. The grotesque hypocrisy of the prohibition system, from Maine to Kansas, is a sufficient commentary upon their theories."

Continuing the learned Bishop says "the endeavors of wiser men and women to better the condition—the homes, the domestic life, the recreations—of their less favored brethren go untouched of these fit successors to the Pharisees." He acknowledges, however, that men of wealth who have dismissed the "saloon" question as hopeless and insaluble, have in recent years grappled with the larger problems of the housing and bettering of wage-earners in all the various aspects in which these problems present themselves, and have done noble and generous things along the line of a wiser and more brotherly consideration for their fellow men.

"In the larger aspect of a vast question," concludes the Bishop, "the saloon is a mere incident. It causes, its phases, its relation to the home life as well as the individual life of communities, the evils that feed it, the miseries that support it; a whole host of questions such as these wait for a consideration which as yet they have hardly had. "Meantime it may be well to relieve the minds of fanatical and hysterical people by saying that there is no one sure for so vast a mischief as the saloon stands for; and, generally, that, in dealing with humanity and its perverted instincts and appetites, the Divinest Teacher that the world has had would seem to have taught us a law of transformation, as that for the regeneration, whether of society or of the evil instincts of individuals—not extirpation."

NEW JERSEY GLASS WORKERS.

Now Thoroughly Organized, They Will Demand the Union Scale.

Philadelphia, March 14.—The executive board of the Glass Bottle Blowers' association, which has had under consideration for the past few days the labor situation among the non-union glass blowers of south New Jersey, yesterday practically concluded its work with the announcement that the glass blowers of that section are thoroughly organized, and will present their demands to the manufacturers within a few days for payment at the union scale of wages.

President D. A. Hayes, of the Bottle Blowers' association, in confining the above said: "We do not anticipate a strike, but the question of such a contingency depends entirely upon the recognition by the manufacturers of their workmen's organization and their acceptance of the union scale of wages. In the event of a strike the glass blowers of south New Jersey will be supported by the Bottle Blowers' association."

At the session of the board it was stated that the New Jersey workmen now receive from 25 to 30 per cent less wages than elsewhere in the country, and are further burdened to a great extent by the prevalence of company stores. The abolishment of the latter, it is said, will also be demanded.

A Carr.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. A. Wasley, C. H. Hazenbuch, Shenandoah Drug Store, and P. W. Hierstein & Co. 11-14 33rd St.

A Fatal Flash of Lightning.

Milford, Pa., March 14.—A wind storm of unusual velocity swept over a large section of Pike county Sunday night, causing considerable damage to property and injuring a number of persons. At Deep Hollow, about 13 miles from here, lightning struck the home of Elijah Vandemark, sheriff of the county. Mrs. Vandemark, her seven children and Maurice Young, a relative, escaped from the house safely, but were thrown to the ground. Joseph, one of the children, aged 11 years, was badly injured and will die. Young received severe concussion of the brain. Every building on the farm was destroyed, and three cows were killed.

The Beef Investigators.

Chicago, March 14.—Rapid progress was made yesterday by the government court of inquiry investigating the beef controversy. Nearly a dozen witnesses were examined, three of them being inspectors of the government bureau of animal industry and the rest of them employes in various capacities at several Chicago packing houses. Colonel Davis, recorder of the court, stated that he was unable to approximate the length of time it would take to examine the list of Chicago witnesses, but it seems likely that two or three days will be required and probably the entire week before the members of the court can leave for Kansas City.

Sampson's Request to Secretary Long.

Washington, March 14.—Secretary Long has received a letter from Rear Admiral Sampson in which the admiral, after referring to the allegations that the list of officers recommended for promotion for gallantry off Santiago had failed of confirmation because it included his name, asked the secretary to immediately reappoint these officers, omitting his own name. Secretary Long will not accept the suggestion made by Admiral Sampson. The matter will be allowed to remain just as it stands until the next congress meets, and then all of the nominations will be sent in precisely as they stood at the end of the last session.

Volunteers Coming Home From Cuba.

Washington, March 14.—The war department has determined to muster out and bring home all the volunteers now in Cuba with the exception of the volunteer engineers and immunes. The necessity for immediate action has been brought to the attention of the war department on account of the quarantine regulations against Cuba, which go into effect about the 1st of May, and which are especially strict at all southern ports. When the troops are brought to this country they must, under the law, be mustered out in the United States camps, and they no doubt will be brought to camps nearest their homes.

America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

because it was originated in America, and is still prepared by competent, experienced and educated pharmacists from the best known alterative, diuretic, anti-bilious remedies and stomach ach tonics, by a combination of processes unknown to other remedies and giving Hood's Sarsaparilla its peculiarly unequalled history of medicinal success. It has cured many cases of skin diseases, when all other medicines failed, and even when cure seemed impossible, and really was impossible by any other medicine than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has effected cures of rheumatism, sciatica, salt rheum, psoriasis, blood poisoning, boils, pimples, the urticaria, catarrh and other troubles originating or promoted by impure state or low condition of the blood. It has cured thousands of cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach and other kindred troubles. It has given nerve, brain and mental strength in cases of nervous prostration and nervous debility, cured that tired feeling and loss of appetite.

WHEATON'S ONWARD MARCH.

Passig, Gandolope, San Nicolo and Pateros Captured by Our Troops.

Manila, March 14.—General Wheaton attacked and captured the city of Passig, east of Manila, yesterday afternoon. The enemy made a stand for an hour, but at the end of that time were forced to retreat. The loss of the Filipinos was 50 killed and 10 prisoners. Of the United States forces one man was killed and eight wounded.

Supported by the Oregon volunteers, the advance force of cavalry opened a heavy fire on the rebels. The response was feeble and desultory, apparently coming from a handful of men in every covert. With the aid of the heavy machine guns, the United States forces swung towards the town of Passig, the left advanced, pouring volleys into the bush. A small body of rebels made a determined stand at Gandolope church, but the enemy was unable to withstand the assault. Our troops advanced, inflicting heavy losses on the rebels. First the villages of Gandolope, San Nicolo and Pateros were captured one after the other. At Passig the insurgents made a stand for an hour, but Scott's battery shelled the town vigorously and at the end of that time they retreated again, and Passig fell into the hands of the Americans.

GENERAL RIOS' PROTEST.

Spain's Philippine "Commander" Proposes an Appeal to the Powers.

Madrid, March 14.—General Rios, the Spanish commander in the Philippines, in an official dispatch acquainting his government with the fact that Major General Oria has stopped the negotiations for the release of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the rebels, says: "I protest in the name of humanity, and believe the time has arrived to appeal through the consuls to the great allies of the powers."

The dispatch says also: "I am told that the Philippines are at war with the Americans and that the prisoners cannot be ransomed for money, as that would improve the position of the insurgents."

A copy of the dispatch was sent immediately to Senor Silveira, the proconsul, who had a long conference with General Polavieja, minister of war. Both admit the gravity of the situation, and the dispatch will be submitted to the cabinet council.

The government is perplexed at seeing no clear solution of the difficulty. The plan of negotiating with Aguinaldo direct, without reference to Washington, has been abandoned, however, and Senor Silveira, in his capacity of minister of foreign affairs, will probably not await the decision of the cabinet regarding the dispatch before communicating with the American government.

Buckley's America Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or, as they are called, hemorrhoids. Guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Wasley.

Request to Have a Civil Trial.

Paris, March 14.—Colonel Piquart, in accordance with the decision of the criminal section of the court of cassation, has been handed over for trial on a forestry charge to the civil authorities, and has been transferred from the Cherche Midl military prison to the La Santo civil prison.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

Italy Presented No Ultimatum.

Rome, March 14.—The Italian asserts that Italy has not delivered an ultimatum to China. On the contrary, the Italian government has disavowed the action of Signor Martino regarding the San Min bay affair and has recalled him, confiding Italy's interests to the Italian minister in Peking, Sir Claude Macdonald, until the successor of Signor Martino arrives there.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mytic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Shenandoah drug store, Shenandoah.

Murderer Murray Executed.

Pittsburg, March 14.—Dr. Charles E. Murray, the young physician of Sewickley who shot and killed his father's colored butler, John Jennings, Sunday night, and then fled, was arrested yesterday at the home of his uncle, three miles from Sewickley, and is now in jail here. He refused to assign a reason for the murder.

I suffered for months from sore throat.

Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours. M. S. Glat, Hawawick, Ky.

Anxiety For Orphaned Transport.

Savannah, Ga., March 14.—Some anxiety is felt by the quartermaster's department for the safety of the army transport Kittrick, formerly the Michigan, from Cuba with troops. She left Havana on March 9, having on board the Marine volunteers, and is expected to return to the United States on Saturday. The Kittrick was due here on Saturday, but nothing has yet been heard from her.

The Homeliest Man in Shenandoah.

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c and 50c.

Matrimonial Agent Sues a Prince.

Vienna, March 14.—A matrimonial agent is suing Prince Schenkburg-Waldenberg before the Klagenfurt courts for the recovery of commissions which, he alleges, the prince promised him for negotiating his marriage with the daughter of Don Cato, and which, after the marriage, the prince refused to pay.

Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy—Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Alleged Abductor Held For Trial.

New York, March 14.—Malcolm Dickerson, the electrician of this city who was arrested on the charge of abducting 15-year-old Nora Saville from her home in Northampton, Pa., was yesterday held in \$2,000 bail. The girl was handed over to the Gerry society. Dickerson is 31 years old, and married.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure you. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

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Three Democrats Arouse Indignation by Voting For Addicks, and Are Roundly Hissed—The Next Legislature Will Elect Two Senators.

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The final ballot, the 14th of the day, and the 13th during the session, was as follows: John Edward Addicks (Union Republican), 21; Colonel Henry A. Dupont (Republican), 9; John Biggs (Democrat), 6; ex-Congressman L. Irving Handy (Democrat), 5; ex-Senator George Gray (Democrat), 4; Willard Saulsbury (Democrat), 3; ex-Senator Anthony Higgins (Republican), 2.

The time decided upon for adjournment sine die was 3 p. m., and when the 14th ballot was completed it lacked 18 minutes of that hour by the house clock, which was six minutes slow. The Democrats then adopted filibustering tactics in earnest, although they prolonged the balloting during the afternoon by moving, after each ballot, that the houses separate, and upon which notions aye and nay votes were always necessary. The filibustering was led by Representative F. C. Rose, a Democrat, and it had for its purpose the assumption of time in order to prevent an election. The scheme was successful, and with Rose on the floor making an address on the floor in the room and his other pretended themes, the presiding officer, President Pro Tem, Charles H. Salmon, Democrat, of the senate brought down his gavel with resounding whacks as the clock pointed to the hour of 3. The chamber was in a uproar in an instant and it was some time before quiet was restored. Democratic members and regular Republican members who are opposed to Addicks cheered loudly, many of the legislators jumping on their desks and waving their hats while cheering. The scene will long be remembered by those who saw it.

The final session was productive of surprises, intense excitement and all other elements that go to make up a gathering of such importance. The surprises were the action of Senator E. F. Farlow and Representative J. B. Clark and W. F. King, Democrats, in going over to Addicks. Farlow and King, who were looked upon as steadfast Democrats, bolted on the first ballot yesterday and Clark followed on the next ballot. Pressure was brought to bear by ex-Congressman Handy and other leading Democrats upon the three bolters, but they were undaunted and would not "return to the fold." This made Addick's vote 21, or 66.6 per cent of the total. The election being unanimous, the Democrats were hissed by the spectators every time they voted for Addicks, but the protest had no effect upon them. It was feared Addick's vote would be increased by the desertion of several regular Republicans, reports to this effect having been current for several days, but nothing of the kind occurred, and the 21 votes were his maximum. At no time during the 14 ballots was there any prospect of an election.

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The defeat of Addicks at the session first ended marks his second unsuccessful effort to reach the senatorship in this state. In 1895, after failing in an election, four of his followers held out to the last, and thus prevented the absolute election of Colonel Henry A. Dupont, who was subsequently refused admission by the United States senate.

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CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c per bottle.

To Elect New G. A. R. Commander.

Cincinnati, March 14.—W. C. Johnson, senior vice commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, yesterday issued a call for the executive committee of the national board of administration of the Grand Army to meet at the Continental Hotel, in Philadelphia, on Wednesday, April 12, to select a commander-in-chief to succeed the late General James A. Saxton. Senior Vice Commander Johnson will be a candidate, as will General Black, of Illinois.

PARSNIP COMPLEXION.

It does not require an expert to detect the sufferer from kidney trouble. The hollow cheeks, the sunken eyes, the dark, puffing circles under the eyes, the yellow parsnip-complexion indicates it.

A physician would ask if you had rheumatism, a dull pain or ache in the back or over the hips, stomach trouble, desire to urinate often, or a burning or scalding in passing it; if after passing there is an unsatisfied feeling as if it must be at once repeated, or if the urine has a brick dust deposit or strong odor. When these symptoms are present, no time should be lost in removing the cause. Delay may lead to gravel, catarrh of the bladder, inflammation, causing stoppage, and sometimes requiring the drawing of the urine with instruments, or may run into Bright's Disease, the most dangerous stage of kidney trouble.

The treatment of kidney and bladder disease is a positive remedy for such diseases. Its reputation is world-wide and it is so easy to get at any drug store that no one need suffer any length of time for want of it. However, if you prefer to first test its wonderful merits, mention EVENING HERALD and write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, March 14.—Flour: soft winter superfine, \$2.50; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$2.65; city mills, extra, \$2.50; Rye flour quiet and steady at \$2.30 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat strong; No. 2 red, March, 74 1/2¢; No. 3 red, March, 74¢; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 69 1/2¢; No. 3 yellow, 67 1/2¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 76¢; No. 3 white, 75 1/2¢; choice timothy, \$1.10 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$15.00; pork, \$12.00; lard, \$10.00. Live stock: do. creamery, 15¢; do. factory, 12¢; Eggs, 24¢; imitation creamery, 12¢; New York dairy, 18¢; do. creamery, 16¢; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 22¢; do. wholesale, 21¢; Cheese steady; large, white, 12¢; small, do., 11¢; larger, colored, 12¢; small, do., 10¢; light skins, \$4.00; part skins, 75¢; full skins, 85¢; Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 24¢; southern, fresh, 24¢; southern, 19¢; Potatoes steady; New York, \$1.25; Long Island, \$1.00; Jersey sweet, \$1.25; Tallow firm; city, 5¢; prime crude, 3¢; do. yellow, 2 1/2¢; Cabbage quiet at 40¢ per 100.

Baltimore, March 14.—Flour dull; western, \$2.50; do. family, \$2.50; winter, wheat, \$2.50; spring do., \$2.50; 45¢; spring wheat, straight, \$2.50; Wheat steady; No. 2 red, March, 74 1/2¢; No. 3 red, March, 74¢; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 69 1/2¢; No. 3 yellow, 67 1/2¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 76¢; No. 3 white, 75 1/2¢; choice timothy, \$1.10 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$15.00; Pork, \$12.00; lard, \$10.00. Live stock: do. creamery, 15¢; do. factory, 12¢; Eggs, 24¢; imitation creamery, 12¢; New York dairy, 18¢; do. creamery, 16¢; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 22¢; do. wholesale, 21¢; Cheese steady; large, white, 12¢; small, do., 11¢; larger, colored, 12¢; small, do., 10¢; light skins, \$4.00; part skins, 75¢; full skins, 85¢; Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 24¢; southern, fresh, 24¢; southern, 19¢; Potatoes steady; New York, \$1.25; Long Island, \$1.00; Jersey sweet, \$1.25; Tallow firm; city, 5¢; prime crude, 3¢; do. yellow, 2 1/2¢; Cabbage quiet at 40¢ per 100.

Live Stock Markets.

New York, March 14.—Beef steers slow; lower all around; medium to prime steers, \$1.00; oxen, \$1.00; bulls, \$1.00; cows, \$1.00. Calves active and firm; common to prime veals, \$5.75; tops, \$7.75; fed calves, \$3.00. Sheep firm; lambs firm to do. higher; common to good sheep, \$2.00; choice, \$2.50; fair to choice lambs, \$2.00; clipped do., \$1.50; spring lambs, \$2.75. Hogs slow at \$4.00.

East Liberty, Pa., March 14.—Cattle

steady and unchanged. Hogs easy; best medium, \$1.00; best heavy hogs, \$2.50; heavy Yorkers, \$2.50; light Yorkers, \$2.50; pigs, \$2.50; southern, \$2.50. Sheep firm; choice wethers, \$4.00; 4.50; common, \$2.50; choice lambs, \$4.00; common to good, \$2.50; fed calves, \$2.50.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cures all

throat troubles. Why wear out your throat by incessant coughing, when this reliable remedy can be bought for only 25 cents a bottle?

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PARSNIP COMPLEXION.

It does not require an expert to detect the sufferer from kidney trouble. The hollow cheeks, the sunken eyes, the dark, puffing circles under the eyes, the yellow parsnip-complexion indicates it.

A physician would ask if you had rheumatism, a dull pain or ache in the back or over the hips, stomach trouble, desire to urinate often, or a burning or scalding in passing it; if after passing there is an unsatisfied feeling as if it must be at once repeated, or if the urine has a brick dust deposit or strong odor. When these symptoms are present, no time should be lost in removing the cause. Delay may lead to gravel, catarrh of the bladder, inflammation, causing stoppage, and sometimes requiring the drawing of the urine with instruments, or may run into Bright's Disease, the most dangerous stage of kidney trouble.

The treatment of kidney and bladder disease is a positive remedy for such diseases. Its reputation is world-wide and it is so easy to get at any drug store that no one need suffer any length of time for want of it. However, if you prefer to first test its wonderful merits, mention EVENING HERALD and write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, March 14.—Flour: soft winter superfine, \$2.50; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$2.65; city mills, extra, \$2.50; Rye flour quiet and steady at \$2.30 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat strong; No. 2 red, March, 74 1/2¢; No. 3 red, March, 74¢; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 69 1/2¢; No. 3 yellow, 67 1/2¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 76¢; No. 3 white, 75 1/2¢; choice timothy, \$1.10 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$15.00; pork, \$12.00; lard, \$10.00. Live stock: do. creamery, 15¢; do. factory, 12¢; Eggs, 24¢; imitation creamery, 12¢; New York dairy, 18¢; do. creamery, 16¢; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 22¢; do. wholesale, 21¢; Cheese steady; large, white, 12¢; small, do., 11¢; larger, colored, 12¢; small, do., 10¢; light skins, \$4.00; part skins, 75¢; full skins, 85¢; Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 24¢; southern, fresh, 24