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VOL. XII.—NO 177. SHENANDOAH, PA., MONDAY JULY 19, 1897. ONE CENT

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Everything in the Tonsorial Line Constantly on Hand.

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Latest Styles and Materials from 50 Cents to $1.50.

Remnants of Carpets suitable for Rugs and Lounge covers, &c., at special prices, to make room for fall stock.

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is a way-up point of elevation not easily reached, but : : : :

Columbia Beer!

THE ONLY SHENANDOAH BEER

Is up there, and has been up there ever since its existence. So do not wonder at the popularity of Columbia, but call for Coiumbla and see that Columbia is presented to you.

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WALL PAPERS.

Thomas H. Snyder, 23 South Jardin St., Shenandoah, Pa.

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"DAISY AND MOSS ROSE."

The Highest Grade Flour always uniform. Made from selected Hard Spring and Winter Wheat. Makes light, white, sweet bread and no trouble to bake.

—MADE BY—

AQUEDUCT MILLS.

FOR SALE

Twenty-five Barrels Fresh Ground Old Process Rye Flour.

At KEITER'S.

STABBING AFFRAY.

It Took Place Down "In the Flats" on Saturday Night.

Pay day, as usual, was celebrated with a number of brawls and fistic encounters. The first one to be recorded on the Justice's court docket took place before Justice Shoemaker on Saturday evening. It was a stabbing affray, and occurred in a Lithuanian boarding house "in the flats," on West Coal street. George Slavitski conducts a boarding house in this well known row of flats, while his neighbor, whose name could not be learned, conducts one also. Among George's boarders is one George Grabowskas, who became anxious to participate in the pay day festivities at this neighboring boarding house. He was given permission to do so, but soon became boisterous and was ejected from the place by the front door. He walked around to the rear determined to be admitted again. This door was barred by the combined strength of two men. Karbowskas being a Sampson, forced open the door a few inches, whipped out a large pocket knife in a fit of rage, and cut John Patroczka in the left arm, the wound being 2½ inches in length, several of the arteries being revered by the cut. Had the victim been in an intoxicated condition or left to mourn his own fate without any assistance, he would have bled to death, as the blood flowed like water from the wound. A warrant was sworn out at once for Karbowskas' arrest, who was taken into custody by Constable Phillips. He was held in $300 bail for his appearance at the next term of court.

A BOLD THIEF.

Under the glare of a large arc light which illuminates the front of J. Obelsky's store, West Centre street, Anthony Carroll took a shirt from a box which was displayed on the outside. Night Watchman O'Hara who happened to be in the immediate vicinity gave chase and overtook the thief after a spurt of several blocks. He was arraigned before Justice Shoemaker where he furnished $800 bail for his appearance at court.

TIMELY ARRIVAL.

Shortly after midnight on Saturday night the attention of Chief Tosh and Officer Goodman was attracted to the saloon of William Kuprelewicz, on East Centre street, where trouble was brewing. It appears that the proprietor ejected a man from the saloon at the closing hour, and allowed several more who had entered with him to remain. The police dispursed the crowd which had gathered and ordered the proprietor to extinguish the lights immediately.

AT JUSTICE TOOMEY'S.

Michael Sabolsky and his wife, Elsie, were each held in $300 bail for their appearance at court on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Joseph Washakofski.

Constable Giblon late Saturday night arrested Joseph Lipman for disorderly conduct. He will be given a hearing this evening.

Thomas Collish beat Anthony Waslick on Saturday night and was held in $300 bail for court.

Smith & Bellis Restaurant.

Open all night, basement Titman building.
Cream of tomato, free, to-night.
Hot lunch to-morrow morning.
Hard shell and deviled crabs.

LAID AT REST.

Two of Our Oldest Citizens Borne to the Grave To-day.

At eight o'clock this morning all that was mortal of Mrs. Ellen Welsh were interred in the Annunciation cemetery. Mrs. Welsh died at the home of Mrs. Downey, on West Line street. High mass was celebrated at the Annunciation church. The funeral director was J. J. Franey.

One hour later the funeral of Richard Ormsby, a pioneer resident of town, took place from his late residence on East Centre street. This funeral was largely attended as the deceased enjoyed a wide acquaintance, having resided here for upwards of 31 years. The following gentlemen officiated as pall bearers: Messrs. Mark and Edward Burke, Patrick Monaghan, John Fallon and Thomas and Anthony McHale. M. O'Hara was the funeral director.

The funeral of Samuel Miners, of Wm. Penn, took place from the family residence this afternoon, many friends of the deceased being in attendance. Mr. Miners had attained the ripe old age of 87 years. Services were held at the house. The remains were interred in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. J. P. Williams & Son were the funeral directors.

Quick Meal Restaurant.

Cream of tomato to-night.
Hot lunch to morrow morning.

St. Stephen's Church Jubilee.

The Golden Jubilee of St. Stephen's Catholic Church, of Port Carbon, was fittingly celebrated yesterday. At all of the services there were large congregations, the big church being filled to its utmost capacity. The interior of the church was beautifully decorated. The altars were filled with beautiful flowers and hundreds of lighted wax tapers, while palms and other plants were banked inside the church railing. The parochial residence, the sisters' residence, and the parochial school building were decorated with flags and bunting. The services were of a most elaborate and impressive character and the day was one long to be remembered by the people of the parish.

In the Fight to Stay.

Councilman F. E. Magargle requests us to deny the rumor that he has withdrawn from the contest for the Republican nomination for Sheriff, intimating that the report emanated from his opponents for the purpose of injuring his chances of success. Mr. Magargle says he has inaugurated an active canvass, and will continue in the contest until the last. He claims to have received encouraging reports from other sections of the county, and expects a solid delegation from this town.

His Condition Critical.

Samuel Cobbley, Jr., of Mahanoy Plane, aged 31 years, lies in a critical condition at his home, suffering from appendicitis with inflamation of such a nature in which a surgical operation would prove a dangerous undertaking. The attending physicians say the case is almost a hopeless one, as does also Dr. Biddle, of the Miners' hospital. Mr. Cobbley formerly resided on North Main street.

South African Visitors.

Two of the pioneers of the South African coal fields, James Richardson and R. Jackson, arrived in town yesterday and enjoyed the hospitality of their fellow Scotsman, Mine Inspector William Stein, on West Oak street. They arrived here from Mt. Carmel and left this morning for Washington, D. C. From there they will journey to Alabama and return to Europe and finally to Johannesburg, Africa, where they hold lucrative positions and are prominently identified in mining interests. Mr. Stein accompanied them to Philadelphia.

Don't nauseate your stomach with teas and bitter herbs, but regulate your liver and sick headache by using those famous little pills known as De Witt's Little Early Risers. C. H. Hagenbuch.

EXAMINATION OF MINERS!

The New Law Went Into Effect on Wednesday.

PROTECTION AGAINST INCOMPETENT

Full Text of the Measure Providing For the Examination of Persons Seeking Employment as Miners in the Anthracite Region. Many Changes Made.

The legislative committee of the United Mine Laborers did some effective work at Harrisburg during the sessions of the Legislature, and among the most important pieces of legislation enacted in the interest of mine workers was "An act to protect the lives and limbs of miners from the dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth, and to provide for the examination of persons seeking employment as miners in the anthracite region and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in the anthracite coal mines, and providing penalties for a violation of the same."

The law went into effect on Wednesday last, when Governor Hastings attached his signature. In this county the old examining boards were reappointed by Judge Bechtel, and they will be governed by the provisions of this act in the examination of those applying for miners' certificates.

Representative Miller introduced the bill, and it is an advance on the Gallagher bill. Under the provisions of the new law no one can receive a miners' certificate unless he can answer intelligently and correctly at least twelve questions in the English language pertaining to the requirements of a practical miner. This ought to, and probably will prevent a great many of the abuses that flourished under the old law.

Those working in and about the mines should familiarize themselves with the provisions of this important piece of legislation. The full text of the law follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That hereafter no person whomsoever shall be employed or engaged in the anthracite coal region of this Commonwealth as a miner in any anthracite coal mine without having obtained a certificate of competency and qualification so to do from the "Miners' Examining Board" of the proper district and having been duly registered as herein provided.

Section 2. That there shall be established in each of the eight inspection districts in the anthracite coal region, a Board to be styled the "Miners' Examining Board" of the.....district to consist of nine miners who shall be appointed from among the most skillful miners actually engaged in said business in their respective districts and who must have had five years' practical experience in the same. The said persons so appointed shall each serve for a term of two years from the date on which their appointment takes effect and they shall be appointed upon or before the expiration of the term of the present members of the "Mining Examining Board" for their respective districts and shall hold the office for the term for which they are appointed or until their successors are duly appointed and qualified and sahll receive as compensation for their services three dollars per day for each day actually engaged in this service and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meeting of said Board under the provisions of this act and no part of the salary of said Board or expenses thereof shall be paid out of the State Treasury.

Each of said Boards shall organize by electing one of their members president and one member as secretary and by dividing themselves into three sub-committees for the more convenient discharge of their duties; each of said committees shall have all powers hereinafter conferred upon the Board and whenever in this act the words "Examining Board" are used they shall be taken to include any of the committees thereof.

Each member of said board shall, within ten days of their appointment or being appraised of the same, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before a properly qualified officer of the county in which toey reside that they will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of their office.

Any vacancies occurring in said board shall be filled in the manner herein before provided from among only such as are eligible for original appointment.

Section 3. Each of said examining boards shall designate some convenient place within their districts for the meeting of the several committees thereof, of which due notice shall be given by advertisement in two or more newspapers of the proper county and so divided as to reach as nearly as practicable all the mining districts therein, but in no case shall such meeting be held in a building where any intoxicating liquors are sold.

Each of said committees shall open at the designated place of meeting a book of registration in which shall be registered the name and address of each and every person duly qualified under this act to be employed as a miner in an anthracite coal mine. And it shall be the duty of all persons employed as miners to be properly registered and in case of a removal from the district in which a miner is registered it shall be his duty to be registered in the district to which he removes.

Application for registration only may be sent by mail to the board after being properly attested before any person authorized to administer an oath or affirmation in the county in which the application shall be subject to such regulation as may be prescribed by the boards, but in no case shall any applicant be put to any unnecessary expense in order to secure registration.

Section 4. Each applicant for examination and registration and for the certificate herein after provided shall pay a fee of one dollar to the said board and a fee of twenty-five cents shall be charged for registering any person who shall have been examined and registered by any other said board, and the amount derived from this source shall be held by said boards and applied to the expenses and salaries herein provided and such as may arise under the provisions of this act and the said act, and the said boards shall report annually to the court of common pleas of their respective counties and the Bureau of Mines and Mining all moneys received and disbursed under the provisions of this act, together with the number of miners examined and registered under this act and the number who failed to pass the required examination.

Section 5. That it shall be the duty of each of the said boards to meet once every month and not oftener, and said meeting shall be public, and if necessary, the meeting shall be continued to cover whatever portion may be required of a period of three days in succession and examine under oath all persons who shall desire to be employed as miners in their respective districts, and said board shall grant such persons as may be qualified certificates of competency or qualification, which will entitle the holder thereof to be employed as and to do the work of miners as may be expressed in the said certificate, and such certificates shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration and competency, under this act, and the holder thereof shall be entitled to be registered without an examination in any other of the anthracite districts upon the payment of the fee herein provided.

All persons applying for a certificate of competency or to entitle them to be employed as miners must produce satisfactory evidence of having not less than two years' practical experience as a miner or as a mine laborer in the mine of this Commonwealth, and in no case shall an applicant be deemed competent unless he appear in person before the said board and answer intelligently and correctly at least twelve questions in the English language pertaining to the requirements of a practical miner and be properly identified under oath as a mine laborer by at least one practical miner holding miners' certificates. The said board shall keep an accurate record of the proceedings of all its meetings and in said records shall show a correct detailed account of the examination of each applicant with the questions asked and their answers, and at each of its meetings the board shall keep said record open for public inspection. Any miners' certificate granted under the provisions of this act and the hereinafter mentioned act, approved the ninth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, shall not be transferable to any person or persons whatsoever, and any transfer of the same shall be deemed a violation of this act. Certificates shall be issued only at meetings of said board, and said certificates shall not be legal unless then and there signed in person by at least three members of said board.

Section 6. That no person shall hereafter engage as a miner in any anthracite coal mine without having obtained such certificate as aforesaid. And no person shall employ any person as a miner who does not hold such certificate as aforesaid, and no mine foreman or superintendent shall permit or suffer any person to be employed under him or in the mines under his charge and supervision as a miner who does not hold such certificates. Any person or persons who shall violate or fail to comply with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one-hundred dollars and not to exceed five hundred dollars, or shall undergo imprisonment for a term not less than thirty days and not to exceed six months, or either or both at the discretion of the court.

Section 7. The persons who are now serving as members of the Miners' Examining Board, as created by the act, approved the ninth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "An act to provide for the examination of miners in the anthracite region of this Commonwealth and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in the anthracite mines," shall continue under the provisions of this act to serve as members of the "Miners' Examining Board" until the terms for which they were appointed under the provisions of the said act, approved the ninth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, shall have expired and in the performance of the duties of their office they shall be subject to the provisions and requirements.

Section 8. Nothing in this act shall be construed to in any way excepting as herein provided affect miners' certificates which have been lawfully issued under the provisions of the herein mentioned act, approved the ninth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

It shall be the duty of the several miners' examining boards to investigate all complaints or charge of non-compliance or violation of the provisions of this act and prosecute all persons so offending, and upon their failue so to do then it shall become the duty of the district attorney of the county wherein the complaints or charges are made to investigate the same and prosecute all persons so offending and it shall at all times be the duty of the district attorney to prosecute such members of the miners' examining board as have failed to perform their duty under the provisions of this act, but nothing herein contained shall prevent any citizen, a resident of this Commonwealth, from prosecuting any person or persons violating this act with power to employ private counsel to assist in the prosecution of the same; upon conviction of any member of the miners' examining board for any violation of this act in addition to the penalties herein provided, his office shall be declared vacant and he shall be deemed ineligible to act as a member of the of the said board.

Section 10. For the purposes of this act the members of the said "Miners' Examining Board" shall have power to administer oaths.

Section 11. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

At Kepchinski's Arcade Cafe.

Grand Army bean soup to-night,
Hot lunch to-morrow morning.

Work at the Collieries.

The collieries controlled by the P. & R. C. & I. Co. resumed operations this morning, and it is said will work four three-quarter days. The Lehigh Valley collieries will start up to-morrow morning and will probably work three three-quarter days.

The Packer No. 5 colliery, located at the east end of Girardville, operated by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, will resume operations to-morrow, after being idle since December, 1896. This is one of the largest breakers operated by the company, and almost 1000 men and boys will find employment at the colliery, many of whom have sought employment at Minersville since it suspended.

Wm. Penn colliery will work five three-quarter days this week.

Dickert's Cafe.

Our free lunch to-night will consist of vegetable soup. Boston Baked Beans to-morrow morning.

Spectator Injured.

The Sabbath day was marred by an accident at a base ball game in which John Howe was the victim. Howe, who had been standing rather close to the home plate, was struck above the right eye by the bat, which inflicted a wound 1½ inches in length, exposing the skull. It required 7 stitches to sew up the wound which was done by Dr. W. N. Stein.

Kendrick House Free Lunch.

Grand Army bean soup will be served free, to all patrons to-night.

School Board Meeting.

Notices have been issued by Secretary Hanna calling a meeting of the School Board for Wednesday evening next, at 7:30 o'clock, for the transaction of general business. It is expected the election of teachers will take place. The Democratic members held a caucus Friday night. No changes in the old corps of teachers is expected.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK

MAY VOTE THIS WEEK

On the Tariff Bill as Agreed to by the Conferrces.

THE COMPROMISE ON SUGAR!

Will Probably be Assailed by Democratic Senators, Who Will Also Attack Other Portions of the Amended Bill. The Debate to be Brief.

Washington, July 19.—The indications are that the tariff bill, as agreed to by the Republican conferrees on Saturday, when senators yielded in the main to the house sugar schedule, probably will have passed both houses of congress and be a law at the end of the present week. Delays and complications, now unanticipated, might somewhat prolong the final struggle. The Republican conferrees worked hard all day yesterday consulting and arranging the details of the report, which they now believe there will be able to submit to their Democratic colleagues today. The bulk of this work has fallen upon the shoulders of Senator Allison and Representative Dingley, who are preparing the statements of the effect of the changes made by the conferrees which will be submitted to their respective houses. They had a small army of clerks at work throughout the day in the room of the senate committee on finance, preparing the bill for the printer. It is quite likely that the debate will begin in the house this afternoon.

It is not believed that there will be any disposition on the part of the Democratic members of the conference to delay the bill in full committee, but the Democrats have had no meeting to determine their course of action on this point. One or two of the Democrats are inclined to insist upon a day for deliberation on the changes, but they, of course, realize that they are helpless if the majority desire to report the bill over their protest, and inasmuch as the Republican leaders of the house have decided to give two full days for the discussion of the report in the house, they probably will acquiesce in the decision of the majority to make the report today.

All along the Republican leaders have been disposed to allow but one day for debate in the house, and while they still believe one day would be sufficient, after discussing the question last night they decided, more to disarm the protests the minority would be sure to make and the possible criticism that the report was to be dragooned through the house, to give two full days for debate. The report must, of course, be acted upon by the house before it is considered in the senate. The committee on rules met this morning and prepared a rule which will bring a vote on the report before adjournment tomorrow.

The program in the senate is much more indefinite on account of the wider latitude allowed for debate and the absence of any parliamentry method of bringing the report to a vote. The Democratic senators, it is safe to presume, intend to assail the compromise on sugar to which the conferrees agreed, and to make a pretty stiff fight against the restoration to the dutiable list of cotton bagging, cotton ties, burlaps, etc., which they succeeded, with the aid of the Populists and one or two Republicans, in placing on the free list. They also will make strong opposition to the restoration of white pine to the house rate of $2 per thousand. Some of the Democratic senators discussed the possibility of defeating the report in the senate on the presumption that they might be able to secure as many votes against the report as they did to place those articles on the free list. But no one imagines seriously that the report is in any danger in the senate when it comes to a final vote. And, moreover, the most prominent of the Democratic senators freely express the opinion that the fight in the senate, though it may be spirited, will be brief. They believe a vote will be reached within three days in the senate.

The parliamentary procedure on conference reports may have an important bearing on the course of this debate in the senate. A question has arisen as to the parliamentary practice. It is the established procedure to consider conference reports as an entirety, so that no vote can be taken on a separate feature of the report. This report must be accepted or rejected as a whole. This practice becomes important in view of the desire among those opposing the bill to secure a separate vote on sugar, lumber, cotton ties, cotton bagging and other items which have aroused exceptional interest. One of the conferrees, who is an authority on parliamentary procedure, said this morning:

"There can be no doubt that the conference report must be considered as an entirety. The rulings of Speaker Blaine, Speaker Carlisle and others have placed that beyond controversy, and the same rule has been observed in the senate. The only question before the house is: Shall the report be accepted or rejected as a whole. For that reason no motion relating to sugar, cotton ties, cotton bagging or any other item of the report is in order. The vote will be taken on agreeing to the entire report, and it is only by defeating the report as a whole that it would be possible to reach any special item."

Some of the opponents of the bill in the senate hold that a motion to recommit, with instructions as to separate items, would be in order before the vote is taken on accepting the report as an entirety, but the best parliamentarians in both branches say that the practice is well settled, and that the vote must be taken first on the adoption or rejection of the report. If rejected, then any other motion would be in order.

Neiswender's, Cor. Main and Coal Sts.

Oyster soup, free, to-night.
Clam soup, free, to-morrow morning.
Meals served at all hours.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

STONEWARE SALE!

Come and see the monster crock, 30 gallons, the largest ever brought to Shenandoah.

—o—

The BEE-HIVE

29 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Near Post Office.

Fertilizers.

Telephone to M. Ulrich & Son, Ashland, Pa., when you have a dead animal. They will haul it away at short notice, free of charge. 7-13-1m

Buy Keystone flour. Be sure that the name LESSIG & BARR, Ashland, Pa., is printed on ever sack.

—MID-SUMMER SALE OF—

Millinery Goods!

Largest line of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. Nobby line of Children's Trimmed Hats.

Short Back Sailors, all colors, 25c. Sailor Hats, 10c. Trimmed Sailors, 15c., 20c., 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.15. Black Moire Ribbon, 6 in. wide, all silk, 25c. Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon 4 in. wide, 15c.; 5 in. wide, 25c. a yard. Taffeta Ribbon, all wide widths, 20c. and 25c. per yard.

Infants Lace Caps reduced from 50c down to 25c. Lace Hats, 20c. up. Mourning Veils, 1½ yards long, with border, $1.00 and up. Silk and Grenadine, $1.75 and up. Mourning Bonnets, $1.00. Hats, $1.50 and up. Real Hair Switches, 65c. and up. All our offerings are reduced to bottom.

o—ONE LOT OF—o

CHILDREN'S SUMMER DRESSES!

At Cost to Close Out at Once.

MRS. J. J. KELLY,

26 South Main Street.

Next door to the Grand Union Tea Co.

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They are not always safe to judge by. What you want to do is to get at the facts. When you are buying, quality' counts quite as much as the quantity. Investigate thoroughly and you will find that our ...GROCERIES Will stand any sort of examination. That the prices are very low.

T. J. BROUGHALL,

25 South Main Street.

30 CENTS per yard for OIL CLOTH, 2 yards wide. Others usually sold for $1.00 per yard, 65 cents this week. Remnants very cheap. Call and see them at

FRICKE'S CARPET STORE.

10 S. Jardin Street.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

Kirlin's... Compound... ...Blackberry ...Cordial.

IT NEVER FAILS. - IT NEVER FAILS.

Price 25c per Bottle.

For sale only at

KIRLIN'S DRUG STORE,

6 South Main Street.