

A SERIOUS SUBJECT

That Will Well Repay Our Citizens to Carefully Consider.

Kidneys can't talk, but if you don't treat them right you will hear from them. They have a language of their own - this is how they tell you. When you work too hard what follows? You are tired, aren't you? It's just the same with the kidneys; they get out of order. They have so much to do. You call this over-exertion. You cannot sleep when night comes. Your back aches. Your head aches. Often you see all over. Oh, you say it's because I'm tired out. Now this is not right; it's because your kidneys are tired. They can only do just so much, and the living, though resting or exerting has retarded their action. The heart has pumped the blood into them faster than they could filter it. The filter is overtaxed and becomes clogged. They cry for assistance in many ways that follow. It starts the kidneys working so quietly as to be almost imperceptible. It is useless to take them for any disorder of the stomach or derangement of the liver; it merely adds to the trouble by throwing off some of the effects or waste matter of the body through the kidneys; but the kidneys will never complain any more than they will when they are overworked. They are non-painful, easy to take, convenient to carry; they produce no reaction, and can be given to the weakest.

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Cures general or special debility, weakness, nervousness, indigestion, constipation, general debility, loss of vitality, etc. It is a powerful tonic, and restores the system to its normal condition. It is a powerful tonic, and restores the system to its normal condition.

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ANSY PILLS

For various ailments including constipation and general debility.

THE NATION'S ABLE RULERS

(Continued from First Page)

to his apartments, which were guarded against intruders. Mr. McKimley received a few friends, but there was no semblance of a public reception. Last night President and Mrs. Cleveland entertained the president-elect at dinner. The invitation was extended through Secretary Porter several days ago, but it was doubtful whether or not it could be carried out, owing to the illness of the president-elect.



JOHN D. LONG, SECTY.

The indisposition of President Cleveland, word came to Mr. Porter at the White House, about 5 o'clock that the president had so far recovered from his rheumatic attack as to be able to carry out the engagement, which was renewed in pressing form. Therefore a handsome brougham, with a driver and footman, was sent to the president-elect from the station to his hotel, about 7 o'clock. Half an hour later the president-elect emerged from the hotel, and was greeted with cheers by the crowd which formed on either side of a lane on the sidewalk. He took his seat in the carriage, in company with Secretary Porter, and was driven in a few minutes to the White House. It was expected that Mrs. McKimley would accompany her husband to the dinner, but owing to the exhaustion that followed the exciting events of the journey from Canton and the day in Washington, she was unable to do so.



JOSEPH MCKENNA, ATTORNEY GENERAL

At the White House Mr. Porter left the president-elect at the inner doorway, and the latter entered at once the Red parlor, where he was greeted cordially by President Cleveland, who had been in waiting with Mrs. Cleveland for the purpose. Without delay dinner was announced, and the party retired to the private dining room, where a suitable repast had been prepared. Freed from the restraining influence of others, the retiring and incoming presidents and Mrs. Cleveland chatted with informality. While President Cleveland was extending this courtesy to his successor the vice president-elect was entertaining Secretary Porter and some other friends at dinner at the Arlington. Secretary Olney also provided a bountiful dinner, and invited some friends to meet two members of the new cabinet, Messrs. Gary and Gage.



JAMES A. GAGE, SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

How to find out. Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stands limpid it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order. WHAT TO DO. There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fills every void in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or local effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention EVERETT'S HERALD and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmor & Co., Birmingham, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

FREE CURE FOR MEN.

A Suffering Man Offers to Send His Discovery Free.

There is always more or less suspicion attached to anything that is offered free but such is not the case with this discovery which I cannot rest until my discovery is known to the world, in order that my fellow men may profit by what I have discovered. It is upon this principle that a resident of Kalamazoo, Mich., desired to send free to mankind a prescription which will cure them of any form of nervous debility; relieve them of all mental suffering, and restore to them such as are peculiarly liable to and restores the organs to normal size and vigor. As it costs nothing to try the experiment, it would seem that a man who is suffering with the nervous troubles that usually attack men who never stopped to realize what might be the result, ought to be deeply interested in a remedy which will restore them to health, strength and vigor, without which they continue to live an existence of untold misery. As the remedy in question was the result of many years research as to what combination would be peculiarly effective in restoring to men the strength they need, it would seem that all men suffering with any form of nervous weakness ought to write for such a remedy at once. A request to H. C. Oils, Box 1712, Kalamazoo, Mich., stating that you are not sending for the stock, fasten out of life curiosity, but that you wish to make use of the medicine by giving it a trial. The prescription is sent free and although some may wonder how Mr. Oils can afford to give away his discovery, there is no doubt about the effect. Send your name, address and send to Mr. Oils so that he may know how you came to write him. 12-28-78



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Millions of Dollars. Go up in smoke every year. Take no stock in any company unless you are sure of its reliability. James Shields, No. 410 East Centre street. Also Life and Accidental Compt and Teams to Hire. If you want to hire a safe and reliable team for driving or for working purposes pay Shields' livery stable a visit. Teams constantly on hand at reasonable rates. JAMES SHIELDS, No. 410 East Centre street. Grocers can tell you when used as an admixture to ordinary coffee makes a delicious drink.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1 Cures Fever. No. 2 " Worms. No. 3 " Infants' Diseases. No. 4 " Diarrhea. No. 5 " Neuralgia. No. 6 Cures Headache. No. 10 " Dyspepsia. No. 11 " Delayed Periods. No. 12 " Leucorrhoea. No. 14 " Skin Diseases. No. 15 Cures Rheumatism. No. 18 " Malaria. No. 20 " Whooping Cough. No. 27 " Kidney Diseases. No. 30 " Urinary Diseases. No. 77 " Colds and Grip.

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DECLARES IT TO BE UN-AMERICAN.

Washington, March 2.—The president last night sent to the house of representatives a message vetoing the immigration bill. The principal points of the message are as follows: "A radical departure from our national policy relating to immigration has been proposed. It is a measure which has welcomed all who came to us from other lands, except those whose moral or physical condition or history threatened danger to our national welfare and safety. A century's stupendous growth, largely due to the assimilation and thrift of millions of sturdy and patriotic adopted citizens, attests the success of this generous and free-handed policy. It is said that the quality of recent immigration is undesirable. This time is quite within recent memory when the same thing was said of immigrants who, with their descendants, are now numbered among our best citizens. It is said that too many immigrants are ignorant and uneducated. It is said that their children are a burden to the community. This is certainly a disadvantage. It cannot be shown, however, that it affects all our cities, nor that it is permanent; nor does it appear that this condition, where it exists, demands as its remedy the reversal of our present immigration policy. The claim is also made that the influx of foreign laborers deprives of the opportunity to work those who are better entitled than they to the privilege of earning their livelihood by daily toil. So far as this condition now exists among our people, it must be conceded to be a result of phenomenal business depression. With the advent of settled and wholesome financial and economic government, the consequent encouragement to the activity of capital, the misfortune of unemployed labor should to a great extent at least be remedied. In the meantime those most willing and best equipped to be able to secure the advantages of such work as there is to do. I cannot believe that we would be protected against these evils by limiting immigration to those who can read and write in any language twenty-five words of our constitution. In my opinion it is infinitely more safe to admit a hundred thousand immigrants who, though unable to read and write, seek among us only a home and opportunity to work, than to admit one of these uneducated and ignorant immigrants who, though able to read and write, are a burden to the community. The prohibition against the employment of aliens upon any public work of the United States is in line with other legislation of a like character. It is quite a different thing, however, to declare it a crime for an alien to come regularly and habitually into the United States for the purpose of obtaining work from private parties. If such alien returns from time to time to his native country, he is not to be regarded as a criminal. The prohibition against the employment of aliens upon any public work of the United States is in line with other legislation of a like character. It is quite a different thing, however, to declare it a crime for an alien to come regularly and habitually into the United States for the purpose of obtaining work from private parties. If such alien returns from time to time to his native country, he is not to be regarded as a criminal.

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