



# THE CASTLES AT HOME.

## Back to Her Native Land from a British Prison.

### A STATEMENT FROM MR. CASTLE.

He Tells of His Travels Through Europe and of the Arrest of Himself and Wife, and Takes Occasion to Express His Gratitude to the Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 27.—Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, with his wife and little boy, and whose troubles in London have been fully told in the Associated Press dispatches from London, arrived here yesterday in the steamer Havai.

During the voyage Mr. and Mrs. Castle mingled freely with their fellow passengers. Both appeared to be in good health and spirits. Just as the Havai reached Quarantine the Castles, who had previously been on deck for some time, went below, and could not be found during the brief time the steamer was in Quarantine undergoing the officers' inspection.

Mr. Castle furnished the Associated Press with the following signed statement, telling in his own language his experiences abroad:

"I left for the continent, after five weeks' stay in England, about the beginning of June. I placed my little boy at school with his cousins during my absence. We visited Paris, where we remained three weeks, and then left for various other points of interest on the continent. During the night run between Devon and Vienna a slight dispute arose between a gentleman in the same coupe and myself with regard to the amount of ventilation necessary. As he was rougher than the occasion demanded it caused my wife to become hysterical, and she immediately contracted a facial neuralgia, or severe attack of toothache, which kept her awake for several nights. On arriving at Vienna I offered to cut the trip short and return to Paris, where I contemplated making a stay. Although she was suffering great pain in Vienna and was under the care of two dentists for ten days without receiving any relief, she would not listen to any curative plan of the trip we had fixed out on, and so we journeyed further, visiting the cities and lakes of Italy.

"On this part of the journey I met many friends from California. In Milan, where, owing to the season and also as the street was torn up in every direction, my wife immediately commenced to complain of pains in her head, back and throat, and having heard of the Italian fever, this frightened us to such an extent that I stayed there only one day, leaving for Switzerland, where we again met friends from California and made most interesting trips to various places of interest in that country, afterwards returning to Paris. I noticed all through the trip an increasing condition of irritability in my wife, a condition which had never been demonstrated to me previously and which I attributed to the rush and unusual excitement.

"During my stay in Paris I received notification on a Saturday morning that there was severe sickness in the family in which my little boy was spending his vacation. I immediately told my wife that I should go and bring him to Paris, and left via Dieppe on a train from Saint Lazare station, telegraphing ahead to my relatives to have him at the station in London, so that I could return immediately. I arrived in London at 7:30 o'clock the same evening, found my boy and left for Paris the same night, reaching there the next morning. My idea in taking this trip was simply to save my wife any annoyance or inconvenience in being left alone in a strange city during her recuperative condition. I brought my wife to London two days later.

"My pleasant visit to London was abruptly terminated by the misfortune which befell me in that month. Two days previous to the 5th I had been introduced by my representative in London to one of the leading wholesale grocery firms in Great Britain, and was most kindly received. On the evening of Oct. 5 I was in my room at the Cecil, concluding the final arrangements for my departure, so as to be entirely free on the evening of the 6th, having invited a large company of friends, principally relatives, to an entertainment at my hotel on that night.

"Between 5 and 6 o'clock there was a knock at the door. Upon responding to the same a number of men entered the room. I questioned them as to their business and what they wanted. They replied: 'It means that you are arrested for stealing furs; come with us quietly, so as not to alarm the house. We will take you to the furrier concerned to explain the matter.' My wife, son and myself entered a cab, and accompanied by the officers, were taken to Marlborough police court. There my wife and I spent the night, my son, however, being released on bail. Next morning my wife and I were arraigned at the police court and remanded for a week to Holloway prison, my boy being discharged.

"Meantime my friends rallied around me from every direction, both at home and in England. Calendars poured in upon me, and I was deluged with kind offers of assistance. One of these offers which most touched me was that of a friend, after we were released on bail, of which he was a leading security, knowing that I wished to secure a retired place with my poor wife pending the trial, offered me the free use of a furnished house.

"I have received hundreds of letters from strangers in all parts of England expressing sympathy with me in my great trouble, and in many cases detailing similar experiences. It was also surprised at the promptness with which the home offices needed to the requests and representations of the embassy and other friends. The embassy had been especially kind to me throughout the entire trouble. My wife's health has been in a precarious condition since her release, and before sailing we were living in the country, where she has been entirely removed from all excitement, under the care of a physician and nurse.

"During several years residence in the far west, I had many opportunities for observing the wonderful effects of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Its efficacy was demonstrated in the alkali regions, where the water produces violent purging. It allayed the attack when all other remedies failed. I repeatedly saw the greatest distress and diarrhoea cured in a few minutes. I used the remedy myself with the most satisfactory results, and can recommend it for the complaints for which it is indicated. H. Y. GILGIBRAM, editor of the Republican, Phoenixville, Pa. This remedy is for sale by Grubler Bros, druggists.

# THEY RIDICULE IT.

## Many People Ridicule the Idea of an Absolute Cure for Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles.

### Ridicule, However, is Not Argument, and Facts are Stubborn Things.

Stomach troubles are so common and in many cases so obstinate to cure that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical, permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such pride themselves on their cautiousness in never being humbugged, especially on medicines.

This fear of being humbugged may be carried too far; so far, in fact, that many persons suffer for years with weak digestion rather than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims of a preparation so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect from ordinary proprietary medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine, no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure castor oil, bismuth, hydrate and nux. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their success.

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stomach troubles because they act entirely upon the bowels, whereas the whole trouble is really in the stomach.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, taken after meals, digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food not digested or half digested is poison as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite and many other troubles which are often called by some other name.

They are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. Address: Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, sent free.

### HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

Cures: Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation, A. A. Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever, B. B. Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism, C. C. Distemper, Nasal Discharges, D. D. Bots or Lice, Worms, E. E. Coughs, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, F. F. Colic or Gripes, Heliocoma, G. G. Hoarseness, Hemorrhages, H. H. Urinary and Kidney Diseases, I. I. Eruptive Diseases, Mange, J. J. — Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis, Single Bottle over 50 doses. .60

### HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. \$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for \$5.00.

### DR. CHASE'S Blood-Nerve Food

WEIGH YOURSELF AND REFUSE TAKING IT FOR WEAK AND RUN-DOWN PEOPLE FROM CHILDHOOD TO OLD AGE.

WHAT IT IS: The richest of all restorative foods... WHAT IT DOES: By making the blood pure and rich... THE DR. CHASE COMPANY, Philadelphia.

### BROM-KOLOA

ALCOHOLIC, NERVOUS AND BILIOUS HEADACHES

### JOHN F. CLEARY,

BOTTLER OF CARBONATED DRINKS, 17 and 19 Peach Alley, Shenandoah

### Pennyroyal Pills

Chamberlain's English Diamond Brand. Original and Only Genuine. Cures: Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc.

### P. J. CANFIELD,

Agent for Shenandoah and Vicinity

---For---

### BARBEY'S Beer and Porter

### Try Barbey's Bohemian Beer.

# OUR COAST DEFENSES

## Explained in the Annual Report of Secretary Lamont.

### RAPIDLY PUSHING THE WORK.

All the Troops Now Supplied with the New Magazine Arms and with Smokeless Powder—The Expenditures for River and Harbor Improvements.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Secretary Lamont's report of the operations of the war department for the year 1896 show total expenditures aggregating \$91,808,208, of which \$13,000,000 was for pay of the army, \$1,488,396 for subsistence, \$1,808,288 for regular quartermasters' supplies, \$80,730 for barracks and quarters, \$3,331,737 for army transportation, \$1,310,304 for clothing, \$1,306,884 for ordnance, \$2,807,404 for sea-coast defenses, \$17,844,860 for river and harbor improvement, \$9,159,181 for national soldiers' homes and \$1,436,796 for salaries and contingencies in the war office at Washington. This last item shows a saving of \$582,790 from the expenditure under the same head for the year 1895.

The aggregate appropriations for this department and turned back into the general fund of the treasury at the end of the last fiscal year was \$1,976,038. For the year 1896 it was \$1,704,407, and for 1894 it was \$1,387,923, an aggregate for three years of more than \$5,000,000.

Much of the report is devoted to a detailed exhibit of the work accomplished and now under way on the coast defenses, as ordered in 1885.

On July 1, 1890, of our modern defense but one high power gun was mounted. By July 1 next we will have in position seventy high power breech loading guns and ninety-five breech loading mortars of modern design, and by the following July, on the completion of work already under way or provided for, 128 guns and 153 mortars. A battery of two or three of these guns takes the place of the former pretentious fort, and is vastly more effective. A 12-inch mortar requires a powder charge of 100 pounds, and throws a filled projectile weighing 900 pounds over five miles.

The defenses now under construction are distributed among the ports of Portland, Me.; Portsmouth, N. H.; Boston, N. H.; New York, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Baltimore, Md.; Hampton Roads, Virginia; Wilmington, Delaware; Key West, Florida; Mobile, New Orleans; Galveston, San Diego, San Francisco, the mouth of the Columbia river and Puget sound.

Secretary Lamont says his predecessors in office at the head of the war department had, during many years, the difficult task of arousing the public mind to a realization of the national deficiencies in the matter of coast defense. As the interest which has been awakened has grown deeper, successive congresses have made more liberal provision for the accomplishment of the accepted scheme.

The total amount appropriated for sea coast defenses, including coast of forts, fortifications and armament since the adoption of the present scheme, is \$23,457,103.33, of which \$9,250,000, or more than one-third, was carried by the act passed at the last session of congress. Therefore, in submitting the estimates for another year, he feels that it is no longer necessary to repeat the arguments that have been reiterated so many times. While earnestly inviting attention to the great work that yet remains to be done, it is also his fortune to have the more grateful duty of exhibiting the important results that have been actually accomplished, as well as the splendid progress which is being made toward the early completion of the work.

The armament of troops with the new magazine arms was completed in May, and the armory is turning out 125 rifles or cartridges per day under the appropriation made last year. All the ammunition for small arms now made is supplied with smokeless powder of American manufacture and of satisfactory quality.

The total expenditures for river and harbor improvements ordered by congress during the year ending June 30, 1896, including those of the Mississippi and Missouri river commissions, was \$17,844,860. Including the amounts appropriated by the act of June 3, 1896, there was available for expenditure on rivers and harbors July 1, \$20,029,674.70. The Mississippi river commission has decided to discontinue the plan to improve the river by bank protection and to adopt the plan of dredging channels in shoal places and maintaining with state and local co-operation an efficient levee system. With this change of policy the minority believe the function of the commission is ended and the work should be turned over to the secretary of war.

Under the new system established by Secretary Lamont the army has for the first time been paid monthly. Over \$14,000,000 was disbursed, and the discrepancy between the money shipped and claimed to have been received amounts to only \$27. The saving to the government by the system is about \$25,000 annually, and it appears to encourage economy among the army soldiers' deposits this year are over \$100,000 more than last year. Desertion in the army is decreasing. Deserters in 1893 numbered 3,578, in 1894 only 1,682, and last year 1,393.

How to Ward Off an Attack of Croup. In speaking of this much dreaded disease, Mr. C. M. Dixon, of Pleasant Ridge, Pa., said: "I have a little girl who is troubled frequently during the winter months with croupy affections. Whenever the first symptoms occur, my wife gives her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the result is always prompt and satisfactory." This remedy is used by thousands of mothers throughout the United States, and in many foreign countries, and always with perfect success. It is only necessary to give it freely when the child becomes hoarse or as soon as the croupy cough appears and all symptoms of croup will disappear. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Grubler Bros, druggists.

Coming Events. Dec. 3.—Twenty-fourth annual supper under the auspices of the Welsh Baptist church, in Robbins' open house. Dec. 21.—Second annual ball of the Patriotic Drum Corps in Robbins' open house. Sealy eruptions of the head, chapped hands and lips, cuts, bruises, scalds, burns are quickly cured by Dr. Williams' Witch Hazel Ointment. It is at present the article most used for piles, and it always cures them. C. H. Hagenbach.

# FREE BIRAR PIPE FOR 25 Gail & Ax's NAVY LONG CUT COUPONS OR GUMMED STICKERS

# BOULTON'S PILL

SURE CURE FOR Dyspepsia, Malaria, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Biliousness, Kidney Diseases, General Debility, Etc.

Ask your Druggist to get them through his jobber, or send a Postal Card to BOULTON HOP BITTERS CO., NEW YORK.

# Free Samples

Sold by P. P. D. KIRLIN, Shenandoah, Pa.

# EVERY WOMAN

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The capsules (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address: J. B. MANLY, Co., Cincinnati, O.

For Sale by P. P. D. KIRLIN, Shenandoah, Pa.

# READING R R SYSTEM Penna. Railroad.

SCHUYLKILL DIVISION.

IN EFFECT NOV. 15, 1896.

Trains leave Shenandoah as follows:

For New York via Philadelphia, week days, 2:10, 5:25, 7:30 a. m., 12:48, 3:00 and 5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.
For New York via Mauch Chunk, week days, 5:25, 7:30 a. m., 12:48 and 3:00 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.
For Reading and Philadelphia, week days, 2:10, 5:25, 7:30 a. m., 12:48, 3:00 and 5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.
For Pottsville, week days, 2:10, 7:20 a. m., and 12:48, 3:00 and 5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.
For Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg, week days, 3:25, 12:30 a. m., 3:00 and 7:25 p. m. Sundays, 3:25 a. m.
For Mahanoy Plane, week days, 2:10, 8:25, 5:25, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:48, 3:00, 5:55, 7:25 and 9:30 p. m. Sundays, 2:10, 3:25 a. m.
For Ashland and Shamokin, week days, 2:10, 7:20, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 7:35 and 9:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.
For Baltimore, Washington and the West via P. O. R. R., through trains leave: Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 12:45, 9:30, 9:30, 11:30, 7:35, 11:20 a. m., 3:10 and 7:25 p. m. Sundays, 2:10, 11:20 a. m., 3:45 and 7:27 p. m. Additional trains from Twenty-fourth and Chestnut street stations, week days, 10:00 a. m., 12:30, 12:15, 8:40 p. m. Sundays, 1:35, 8:25 p. m.

TRAINS FOR SHENANDOAH.

Leave New York via Philadelphia, week days, 4:40, 8:00 a. m., 1:00, 9:00 p. m. and night, Sundays, 6:00 p. m.

Leave New York via Mauch Chunk, week days, 4:30, 9:10 a. m., 1:40 and 4:15 p. m. Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, week days, 4:30, 8:35, 10:05 a. m. and 4:05, 6:30, 11:10 p. m. Sundays, 11:00 p. m.

Leave Reading, week days, 1:25, 7:10, 10:10, 11:35 a. m., 6:05 and 9:20 p. m. Sundays, 1:35 a. m.

Leave Pottsville, week days, 2:30, 7:40 a. m., 12:30 and 6:12 p. m. Sundays, 2:35 a. m.

Leave Mahanoy Plane, week days, 3:35, 8:50, 11:20 a. m., 1:27, 7:30 and 9:42 p. m. Sundays, 3:35 a. m.

Leave Lewisburg, week days, 9:45, 9:2, 11:47 a. m., 2:03, 7:44 and 10:08 p. m. Sundays, 9:2 a. m.

Leave Sunbury, week days, 2:40, 4:0, 5:30, 9:37, 11:50 a. m., 1:12, 2:15, 5:25, 6:26, 7:57 and 10:25 p. m. Sundays, 2:40, 9:0 a. m., 4:32 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, week days, 7:42, 10:10 a. m., 3:45 and 11:41 p. m. Sundays, 11:15 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia Chestnut street wharf and South street wharf for Atlantic City. Weekdays—Express, 9:00 a. m., 2:00, 4:00, 8:00 p. m. Accommodation, 9:03 a. m., 6:30, 10:30, 10:30, 10:30, 10:30 a. m. Accommodation, 8:00 a. m., 4:15 p. m. Returning leave Atlantic City depot, come Atlantic and Arkansas avenues. Weekdays—Express, 7:35, 9:00 a. m., 3:30, 5:30 p. m. Accommodation, 8:15 a. m., 4:32 p. m. Sundays—Express, 1:00, 7:30 p. m. Accommodation, 7:15 a. m., 4:15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all express trains. I. A. SWEIGARD, G. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Superintendant, Gen'l Pass & Ticket Agent.

The Rosy Freshness. And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Potoson's Complexion Powder.