Evening Herald.

VOL. XI.—NO. 286. SHENANDOAH, PA. THURSDAY NOVEMBER 19, 1896. ONE CENT

:-: GREAT BARGAINS :-:

IN

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

Mattresses	$2.50	and Upwards.
Bedsteads	1.75	" "
Cupboards	3.75	" "
Sideboards	5.75	" "
Kitchen Tables	1.90	" "
Cradles	.75	" "

J. P. WILLIAMS & SON,

13 SOUTH MAIN STREET, SHENANDOAH, PA.

SPECIAL

A suit of fine medicated red flannels, at $1.45.

Natural wool suits at $1.75.

Extra fine camel hair suits at $2.15.

BIGGEST BARGAINS KNOWN.

MAX LEVIT,

UP-TO-DATE HATTER and GENT'S FURNISHER

15 E. CENTRE STREET.

GOLD STANDARD REACHED

AT

...J. J. PRICE'S RELIABLE STAND...

Where on the same basis you can find a full and complete line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

COATS - AND - CAPES

Of the very latest and best styles. Prices and quality guaranteed.

J. J. PRICE'S, North Main St., Shenandoah, Pa.

COLUMBIA : BREWING : COMPANY

BREWERS OF

Lager Beer, Porter and Ale.

All the product of this brewery are made of pure malt and hops of which we buy the best and endeavor always to

MAKE THE BEST

that can possibly be produced.

Reduction in Wall Paper.

From 25 cents to 20 cents; from 10 cents to 8 cents. All other grades accordingly. This stock must be disposed of at once, in order that I can enlarge my store. These bargains will hold good for a short time ly. Come at once and take advantage of the reduction.

Thomas H. Snyder, PAINTER, PAPER HANGER AND DEALER IN WALL PAPER.

23 S. Jardin St., Shenandoah, Pa.

GOOD BREAD

...Can Only be Made From Good Flour

Owning my own mill, remodeled and fitted up with the latest improved machinery, and using the best qualities of spring and winter wheat, I can guarantee OUR OWN BRANDS to give full satisfaction in every case. Our Popular Brands are DAISY, MOSS ROSE, OUR LILY, LEXINGTON.

MINCE PIES are now in season. For good mince pies use our Pastry Flour, our strictly pure kettle rendered lard and our best mince meat. Remember we sell only one grade of mince meat and that is THE BEST.

For Health use our "Old Time" Whole Wheat Graham Flour.

Try our OLD TIME RYE FLOUR and Granulated Corn Meal. OUR CHOP is straight goods. We use no corn cobs or oat hulls in our feed.

NEW FRUITS. New Evaporated California Prunes, Peaches and Apricots. New Raisins, Currants, Citron and Lemon Peal.

New Mackerel—This Season's Catch—White and Fat—Large and Small.

Fancy Creamery Butter and Full Cream Cheese

For a strictly Pure Soap that will not hurt the hands and therefore cannot injure the clothes use

...Keiter's Old Time Family Soap

In three pound bars.

WE SELL GOOD LAUNDRY SOAP—10 pieces for 25c.

We receive this week another lot of new Floor Oil Cloth. New Patterns and Low Prices.

RAG CARPETS—Our stock is large and prices low.

G. W. KEITER,

SHENANDOAH, - PENNA.

BOGART CASE GOES OVER.

The Judge Announced He Was Too Ill to Proceed.

ACCUSED STOOD READY FOR TRIAL.

The Case is Now Deferred Until the December Term of Court--The "Herald's" Special Representative Visits Knoxville and Furnishes Some Facts.

Special to EVENING HERALD.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 19, 11:30 a. m.—No little surprise was occasioned to Superintendent Bogart, his lawyers and friends this morning when the certainty of a trial of his case was suddenly changed into a postponement until the next term of court.

At 9:30 this morning all the principals, lawyers and witnesses appeared in the court room and the case was called, but the Judge announced that he was ill and he did not know when he would be able to proceed.

Superintendent Bogart's lawyers were ready and anxious to proceed, but they were powerless to do anything in face of the court's announcement and the District Attorney stated that the case would go over to the next term.

Special to EVENING HERALD.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 18, 7:30 p. m.—By persistent efforts on the part of the counsel for Prof. C. D. Bogart, the Commonwealth has at last consented to bring the case to trial. It will be called the first thing to-morrow (Thursday) morning, and the jury will be selected from a full panel of sixty. The counsel for the defense will, if necessary, take advantage of their constitutional right of challenge.

The friends of Prof. Bogart have become dissatisfied with the manner in which the Commonwealth has delayed the case, and the information received late this evening to the effect that it would be called first to-morrow was received by them with a great deal of satisfaction.

This agreement was reached this afternoon as a result of a conference between the attorneys of both sides. The District Attorney may be excused somewhat in the delay by the fact that the criminal calendar has been large, and that the Judges are anxious to close the term this week. For this reason it was thought that the Bogart case would go over until the December term, but that has now been avoided, and the trial will proceed to-morrow. For this all parties interested are devoutly thankful. The case will probably occupy but one day, going to the jury to-morrow night.

The HERALD representative has interviewed a number of the citizens of Knoxville in reference to the charges preferred against Superintendent Bogart, and finds the statements of Messrs. Price and Beddall, in their report to the Shenandoah School Board last July, to be substantiated in every particular. The five members of the School Board of Knoxville are especially emphatic in denial of certain statements made by the other side. Whatever may be the outcome of the trial, it is certain that Messrs. Price and Beddall made a true and impartial statement to the Board. This your representative has fully substantiated by personal interviews with the parties concerned on both sides.

In conversation with James C. Ewing, a member of the Knoxville School Board who is a highly educated gentleman and stands high in Knoxville, he stated to-day that the only charge that can successfully be made against Prof. Bogart is that of indiscretion; that, in the opinion of himself and four other members of the School Board, the Superintendent was innocent of the charges preferred.

In this conversation Mr. Ewing said: "When Clara Vates made the statement to her parents, Mr. Vates was very indignant, and before reporting the matter to the Board repeated the child's story in the presence of outsiders. In a very brief time exaggerated and scandalous statements of the story obtained circulation. Mr. Vates appeared before our Board and, after a thorough discussion of the matter by the members, requested that the matter be dropped, and that no further action be taken; that his daughter's subsequent statements did not agree with the first one she made on the morning subsequent to the evening on which the supposed crime was said to have occurred. This the Board refused to do, owing to the story having gained circulation. Prof. Bogart,—at his own suggestion and that of some of the members of our Board,—tendered his resignation, which was accepted, owing to the exaggerated rumors having been given such publicity.

"This action was taken, owing to the belief that Prof. Bogart's usefulness here would be greatly impaired by the reports as circulated.

"With the single exception of Director Bayly (who had a personal grievance against Bogart) not one other member of the Board believes the Superintendent guilty. I, for one, would never have allowed him to resign had we believed otherwise, but would have dismissed him without ceremony. Prof. Bogart is an exceptionally capable Superintendent, and during his two years with us brought our schools from the second lowest in the county to a very high state of efficiency, and we were loth to part with him. His character has always been above reproach, and has never given us grounds for a contrary opinion. Had not the enemies of Mr. Bogart—made so because of his rigid enforcement of the school rules without favor—taken advantage of these rumors and exaggerated them, he would still be in our schools, and for the good of the schools I sincerely regret that such is not the case. It is also to be regretted that the malicious circulation of these stories has reached your town. You will find in Prof. Bogart an exceptionally fine disciplinarian. His educational qualifications are of the best."

Mr. Ewing greatly impressed his interviewer and was very emphatic in his utterances. The above statement, at least the material points, were fully substantiated by conversations had by the HERALD representative with other citizens of Knoxville. Mr. Ewing also vouchsafed the information that he had been approached in an intimidating manner by some of those opposed to Prof. Bogart. He was requested to meet the party at a subsequent time, which he refused to do. He would not say, however, who the party was that approached him.

Yesterday a trip was made to Knoxville for the purpose of corroborating, if necessary, the report of Messrs. Price and Beddall. It so happened that when I boarded the trolley car, we found Mr. and Mr. Vates and their daughter, Clara, who prefers the charges, Mr. and Mrs. Baily, the personal enemies of Prof. Bogart, and one or two others. From the conversation had with these people, it is evident that Messrs. Vates and Baily have been misled by stories told them. Mr. Baily introduced his wife as "the old hag," explaining that Mr. Bogart had used that term in reference to her in Shenandoah, quoting the Coal street sheet as his authority, and said the paper is being sent to him regularly since the trouble began. It will be remembered that Superintendent Bogart, when he first appeared before the Board, did say that stories concerning him were circulated by "an old hag who lived down in the hollow," and this remark was so published in the HERALD at that time. He could not have referred to Mrs. Baily, however, for she does not reside in that locality. She would not be persuaded, however, and said she saw it in the Coal street sheet.

During the journey on the trolly car Mrs. Vates was inclined to be abusive, and said your representative was a friend of Prof. Bogart, notwithstanding I stated that I was not particularly such, but that my mission was to see that justice should be done the accused man in view of the interest the people of Shenandoah had in the matter. The Vates family is just as represented to the School Board at Shenandoah by Messrs. Beddall and Price in their report after a visit here; and they did not exaggerate their statements an iota concerning the family. Mr. Vates treated me courteously, but he is evidently dominated by his wife, who took him from me and would not allow him to talk after arrival at their home.

I visited the school building at Knoxville, making a special examination of the room in which the assault is alleged to have been committed, both inside and from the street, and it is clear to my mind that no sane man would attempt an assault in such a place.

I also met the School Directors of Knoxville and they say the resignation of Superintendent Bogart was not demanded. They are in attendance at the court to appear as witnesses on the trial.

Chrysanthemums, 16 South Main street.

We have the biggest line of 50 cent new puff ties ever shown in Shenandoah. At MAX LEVIT'S, 15 East Centre street.

Wrecked by Dynamite.

A one-story house near the P. & R. station at Lost Creek was wrecked by dynamite at about seven o'clock last evening. One stick of the explosive had been placed in a stove and another with fuse attached under the building. A number of young men used the structure as a club house. No clue has been secured to the detection of the parties responsible for the explosion.

At Breen's Rialto Cafe.

Oyster soup will be served as free lunch to-night. Plenty for everybody.

Hot lunch to-morrow morning.

Meals served at all hours.

Chrysanthemums, 16 South Main street.

Producing a Cantata.

The Union Sunday School of Lost Creek last night produced a cantata entitled "The Jolly Farmers" in its rooms last night before a large audience. The production was a success and will be repeated to-night.

Brennan's New Restaurant.

Pepper pot to-night.

Fried oels to-morrow morning.

Chrysanthemums, 16 South Main street.

Birthday Party.

Miss Sodie Lingham last evening celebrated her 18th anniversary and entertained a number of friends at her home on South Jardin street. A supper was served.

Umbrellas, big stock just received, at Brunn's.

Still Selling Them.

Neiswender, the veteran horseman, yesterday sold a fine pair of bays to the Pottsville Oil Company, and a big gray horse and a black mare to Alfred Hitting, of Hingtown. He claims he can out rival any of his competitors.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

MR. WATTERSON'S WISDOM

The Kentucky Editor Talks About the Recent Election.

ATTITUDE OF GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Watterson Asserts That Their Alliance With Republicans Cannot be Permanent—Past History a Lesson.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Hon. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, who was prominently urged for the nomination for the presidency at the Indianapolis convention, but whose name was formally withdrawn, has remained in this city since the election. His views upon the result of the national campaign just closed have been furnished in the following revised interview:

"The election of McKinley," said Mr. Watterson, "is but the beginning of the end of the struggle which one way or another has been going on in the United States for twenty years. It began in the west and south with a demand for fiat money. No sooner was the Greenback party disposed of than the Free Silver party took its place.

"The leaders of the fiat money movement, reinforced by the silver mine owners, finally made an incision into the Republican party and got possession of the machinery of the Democratic party. This culminated in the nomination and defeat of Mr. Bryan. With that defeat ends the free silver frenzy and the danger of a 16 to 1 kind. But the elements of disorder it has called into being and the agrarian issues it has set in motion are left upon the scene, and we may be sure that these will continue their assaults upon the life of the nation and the integrity of the people until they are swept out of existence in 1900. Mr. McKinley's election settles nothing. It merely removes fiat money and depreciated silver dollars."

Mr. Watterson was asked if the union between the gold Democrats and the Republicans could last, and he replied:

"I do not see how it can. The differences are too doctrinal and radical. Mr. McKinley is an extreme protectionist. The sound money Democrats are sincere reformers. Certainly statesmanship is largely an affair of compromises. But to be effectual and beneficial the compromises must be logical and just. Nothing could be more desirable than a union among all law abiding, order loving citizens against whatever and whoever threaten the interests of the country. The Bryan men did produce such a union. Bryanism was simply mobbism, and before such an issue, whenever raised, party distinctions must vanish from the minds of patriotic men. But the immediate danger over, the original disagreements are bound to reappear.

"The Republican party cannot rest its case upon the doctrine of protection. Neither as a policy, nor as a theory, nor as a keynote, can protectionism hold its own or stand alone. It is at war with the genius of American institutions. It should be no longer necessary, if it ever was truly necessary, to the American manufacturer. It is the father of paternalism and the godfather of Populism. It sets examples to those who imagine that wealth may be created by legislation.

"Thoughtful men should not be lulled into fancied security because we have overcome the dragon of repudiation. The gorgon of agrarianism is yet abroad. The Bryan movement was most dangerous because it affected to speak in the name of the people. The whole people must come to see that there have been mighty changes going on in the world.

"In 1800, and under the leadership of Thomas Jefferson, the principle of Democratic government began its real fight for life. The issue then was, 'are the people capable of self government?' If Jefferson had failed the Federalist party would have gone on suppressing individual liberty and consolidating the central power until we should have had a republic only in name. But Jefferson succeeded, and the written law of the land, strictly construed, was secured to the people.

"In 1900 we shall have to face the same question in a new form, and the issue will be, under existing conditions, 'Are orderly governments and popular government concurrent possibilities? If we are to have many presidential campaigns like the one just ended they are not.

"In 1800 we were a few millions of people and we loved liberty. In 1900 we are nearly a hundred millions of people, and we love money. Moreover, individually and collectively, we have a great deal of money. Most of this money is invested in what are called corporations. From a handful of individuals we have become a nation of institutions. The individual counts for less and less, organizations for more and more. It is the idiosyncracy of the age we live in. We may tear down the house, but cannot at one and the same time both destroy it and occupy it. That is what Mr. Bryan and his followers are persuading that they can do.

"Among a people so great in numbers and occupying such a vast territorial extent sectional distinctions, growing out of conflicting local interests are inevitable. We had a north and a south. Now we are beginning to hear of an east and a west. The demagogue is always astride, and there is even a chance to stir up strife between rival communities. A few resolute, self confident leaders may, and often do, compel the reluctant acquiescence of a timid, vacillating majority, and thus whole communities are driven like herds of cattle down the mountainside, they know not how or why, by a sort of unconscious impulsion.

"If human experience goes for anything and is ever to count for much the world ought to be wiser for the lessons it has had. I am afraid, however, that organized wealth and power have not yet grown wise enough to scent danger before it is upon them. The eastern section of our country is already in danger. I have an impression that it does not see this. Yet it might, with profit to itself and to us all, read a chapter out of our own history and take a hint in time from the experience of the south.

"The institution of African slavery was thought to confer great benefits upon its possessors. It produced in the south a distinct caste. Recognized by the constitution, property in man came to take on a kind of divine right, and at last its supporters went to war to defend it. Let the east take to itself the lesson of the south. In its concentration of the wealth of the country and its ostentatious display of this wealth, in the gradual cultivation of caste, in the tendency to hug its vast riches, and in the finding of means to keep its millions at home, let it behold a danger it will do well to consider in the light of both ancient and modern history."

SPECIAL SALE

Of Plain White Toilet Sets (12 pieces) at $2.50. Only 1 dozen of them.

(Lower Store.)

A few decorated Toilet Sets worth regular, $4.95. Now at $2.95.

(Lower Store.)

Fifty kinds of glass, hand and stand lamps. Very cheap.

(Upper Store.)

Watch for our Circulars for bargains in other lines.

GIRVIN'S,

4 and 8 South Main Street.

Kendrick House Free Lunch.

Pea soup to-night.

Special hot lunch to-morrow morning.

Died at the Almshouse.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wagner, who has been an inmate of the almshouse since 1885, died there yesterday, aged 87 years. She was one of the pioneer residents of St. Clair. Thirty or more years ago her husband was the owner of a saloon on Wagner's Hill and prospered. The husband has been dead many years.

Bickert's Cafe.

A special hot lunch will be served at our cafe to-morrow morning.

Married Last Evening.

Simon Czernecki and Miss Mary Zeamialis were united in marriage last evening at 5:30 o'clock in the Lithuanian church. Both people are prominent and well known in Lithuanian circles. They were tendered a serenade by the Lithuanian band at the residence of the bride on West Apple alley.

At Kepchinski's Arcade Cafe.

Mock turtle soup to-night.

Hot lunch to-morrow morning.

Granted a Pension.

Henry Keene, of Fern Glen, was yesterday granted a pension of $12 per month, dating from May 7, 1896, for services rendered in the late war. Application was made through ex-Justice W. H. Shoemaker.

We have the finest 25 cent silk neckwear in the market. All of the very latest patterns. At MAX LEVIT'S, 15 East Centre street.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

DON'T DO A THING

Until you have seen our handsome line of holiday offerings which are now being placed on sale. Nothing we ever had compares with this season's goods. Come and inspect the grand assortment.

Games, Dolls, Drums, Wagons, Horses, Magic Lanterns, Steam Engines and Boats, Mechanical Toys, Tea Sets, Kitchen Sets, Banks, Zithers, Blocks, Trumpets, Baby Rattles, Iron Trains, Sulkys, Fire Engines, Clock and Ladder Truck, Sad Irons, Milk Wagons, &c. Celluloid novelties in Dressing cases, Work and Manicure Boxes, Albums, &c.

Every article filled through and through with attraction, merit and worth. Those who come early will reap the best and that with your money. Our goods are on display. Look at them, examine them, price them. It will cost you nothing. We cordially invite you to call.

F. J. Portz & Son,

SHENANDOAH, PA.

A CHOICE ARTICLE

--OUR--

BEEF WINE AND IRON

At 50c Per Bottle.

ONLY AT

KIRLIN'S DRUG STORE,

6 South Main Shenandoah, Pa.