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FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1896.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, WILLIAM MCKINLEY, OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, GARRET A. HOBART, OF NEW JERSEY.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR-AT-LARGE, GALUSHA A. GROW, OF SUSQUEHANNA.

SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, OF OTTAWA.

It would not surprise us very much if some member of the School Board introduced a resolution to investigate Attorney General McCormick and Supt. Schaeffer for their attitude on the school superintendency question before the matter is finally disposed of.

To Bostonians who are used to baked beans there is considerable apprehension that the heavy dinners now being given the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company by the British, may prove more serious in their effect than the pills George III prescribed for their ancestors at Bunker Hill some years ago.

It's an ill wind that blows nobody good, and so it is with the recent rains. While it has caused much less and disappointment to pleasure parties, it has been of very great benefit to the streams supplying towns with water, and so far as this town is concerned, there need be no fears of a drought for the next several weeks.

A GENTLEMAN just in from Chicago states it as a fact that Altgeld, the anarchist Governor of Illinois, who dominates the Democratic party at present, is the owner of a large business building in Chicago and in his leases with his tenants specifies that the rent is payable in gold. With Altgeld it is not do as I do, but do as I say.

VICE PRESIDENT STEVENSON has the Presidential bee in his bonnet, and it buzzes loudly enough to make him hunt up his record as a silver man. True he had to go back as far as 1878 to find anything encouraging, but he appears to have extracted a little comfort from the fact that he was elected to Congress in that year because of his advocacy of the re-monetization of silver.

THE Spaniards were not pleased with the utterance of the Republican party on Cuban affairs, and despatches from Madrid note the fact that they are apprehensive that the Democrats will be no more friendly to them. The people of the United States desire Cuba to be free from Spanish bondage and the Republican party only gave expression to the public idea in its platform.

NEW YORK people who are interested in the submarine boat now building for the navy in Baltimore wish to know whether the Navy Department will authorize the construction of another craft of like type. This does not seem probable, although the matter depends entirely upon the results attained with the boat now under way. Most naval officers have little faith in this type of war craft. The foreign submarine boats are operated without much accident, and there is no reason, theoretically, why the American craft, an admittedly superior boat of its type, should not be a success. Whether it will have the tactical value claimed for it by the inventor remains to be seen. It is reasonable, however, to suppose that a boat navigating under water, out of sight of an enemy, would be capable of doing more damage than a more powerful boat, the movements of which were known to the antagonist. The latest naval appropriation act allows the Secretary of the Navy to have built two more submarine boats if the Baltimore one proves satisfactory. If it shall succeed in meeting all the requirements, which are numerous and severe, the battle fleet will have an important ally.

THE EASTERN QUESTION. The situation in Crete is said to be very critical and the Sick Man of Europe needs to be doctored up again to prevent his kingdom from going to pieces. The Turkish empire is tottering, and disorders in some part or other of it are of daily occurrence, and were it not for the jealousies of the great powers of Europe it would have been dismembered ere this. The troubles in Crete, like those in Anatolia, are due to religious persecution of the Christians by the Mohammedans, which, if not incited by the government of the island, were winked at. Unlike the Armenians the Cretons were able to offer considerable resistance, and actively aided by the Greeks, aroused such opposition that the Porte was forced to recall the Mohammedan governor and replace him with a Christian. The agitation has, however, grown to such proportions, and the Greeks are formulating it so that it is probable the active intervention of the great powers will be necessary to quiet it, and if this is long deferred it may involve all Europe. In one form or other the Eastern question has kept Europe apprehensive for fifty years and will likely continue to do so until the Turk and his miserable pretense of a government is driven out of Europe entirely. He is entirely out of place there and his religious fanaticism is not in accord with the spirit of this enlightened age, and the sooner he is driven back to the wilds of Asia the better for the world at large.

POTTSVILLE LETTERS.

Lengthy Arguments Frequent in the Lyon-Dunn Contest.

POTTSVILLE, July 10. Mr. Whitehouse caused some surprise yesterday in the Lyon-Dunn contest by attempting to divert the proceedings into an inquiry as to bribery. He asked a witness if he had been offered, or had received, any money to work and vote for Judge Lyon and supplemented the question with a statement to the effect that Judge Lyon may not have offered any money, and he did not think he did, but he could prove by two witnesses that the witness on the stand was offered \$1000 to work for Lyon. The question was stricken out.

Mr. Berger stated that inasmuch as court will adjourn after this week until the middle of August, the contestant wished to get hold of as many voting and ballot check lists as possible, which were locked up in the ballot boxes. For this reason subpoenas have been issued for the Judges of Election of several districts so as to produce the boxes. He also said that they desired to do this on Friday, and asked that Kline township witnesses be discharged from their subpoenas. Court made the order and then adjourned until 10 this morning.

This morning Mr. Berger said he was ready to call their witnesses and Jacob C. Metz, Judge of Election of the Second ward of Ashland, was called to show that the ballot and voting check lists had not been returned to the Prothonotary's office as required by law, but that they were sealed up in the ballot box. Mr. Whalen argued that the fact of contestant's desire to obtain the papers is not sufficient authority for the opening of the ballot boxes, as such is exercising the highest prerogative and should be resorted to only when absolutely necessary.

Mr. Schalk also protested against this mode of procedure and Mr. Whalen quoted from the Act of May 1896, in reference to the registry list and said that the contestant's list is good and even better evidence than the lists which the contestant desires to obtain from the ballot boxes. Court asked a question whether it would not be well to rely on the word of counsel. This brought Mr. Schalk to his feet and he said that this case must be tried just like any other trial and emphatically objected to relying on the word of counsel for the other side.

Mr. Whalen said that the contestant wanted the lists so as to prepare additional bills of particulars during the vacation and to present them when court convenes in August or September, and again insisted that the best evidence of registration was the original registry book. Right here Mr. Whitehouse said to court that for his argument he would ask court a question, which was, 'Are your Honors trying a case, or getting one ready for trial?'

Mr. Whalen said that contestant had attached 130 election districts out of 143 in the county. The court overruled the objection and directed that the ballot box be brought in and opened, to ascertain whether the affidavits of non-registered voters were in the box and to have them placed in their proper place in the Prothonotary's office. The box of the 2nd ward of Ashland was brought in and identified by Mr. Metz, and the papers were found.

Mr. Berger wanted to have the box opened in order to find any other papers that ought by law to be on record. This was not allowed and court said the box should be opened, and directed the Judge of Election to take out the affidavits of new registered voters. This was done and Mr. Berger, spying some Election officers' oaths in the pile of papers, wanted to have them put on record. Court overruled this offer.

J. H. Pritchard was next called. He said he was Judge of Election of the Fourth ward of Ashland. That he placed the affidavits of non-registered voters in the log and took it home, along with the box, and gave the box to the collectors when they came for it, but retained the bag. He said the reason he kept it was that at the time there was no Justice of the Peace to keep it and he was directed by Mr. Beitz to take care of it. At 11:30 a. m. the box of that ward was brought in and witness identified it.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

'Mystic Cure' for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause of the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by C. H. Hagenbach, Druggist, Shenandoah.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and gives refreshing sleep.

YESTERDAY'S BASE BALL GAMES.

National League. At Louisville—Louisville, 19; Philadelphia, 8. At Cleveland—Cleveland, 7; Baltimore, 6. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 9; Boston, 7. At Chicago—Chicago, 9; New York, 1. At Pittsburgh—Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 5. Eastern League. At Buffalo—Buffalo, 13; Rochester, 7. Atlantic League. At Hartford—Hartford, 2; Hartford, 1. At Wilmington—Newark, 8; Wilmington, 4. Pennsylvania State League. At Lancaster—Pottsville, 14; Lancaster, 8. Women as Highway Robbers. WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 10.—Residents of Warrior Run and Sugar Notch, near here, have been alarmed during the last three weeks by a series of daring 'hold ups,' all at night, committed by three highway robbers, who in some cases have obtained considerable booty. Another robbery occurred on Tuesday night, when the discovery was made that the highway robbers were women. The discovery was made by Harry Fisher, who was held up by the trio and made a determined resistance. Fisher was robbed of his watch, pocketbook and some change, and the thieving Amazons escaped.

DAY OF BIG BOOMS.

(Continued from First Page.)

and attacked the plank opposing the tenure of office being frequently applauded. The gold delegates climbed upon their chairs and joined the galleries in their demonstration in honor of their champion as he descended from the platform and resumed his seat in the New York delegation. Senator Vilas and ex-Governor Russell followed in opposition to the platform as read.

The demonstration that greeted Mr. Russell from the platform was submerged beneath the storm of cheers that greeted the appearance on the stage of William J. Bryan, 'the boy orator of the Platte,' whose star as a presidential possibility had for twenty-four hours burned brightly on the convention's horizon. He had been called for more from the beginning of the convention than any other man, with the solitary exception of Hill.

More than half the men were standing, and the air was full of newspapers and hats. Four times the applause seemed to have spent itself, and each time it rose again with the roll of an advancing wave. Bryan stood with a smile playing on his face, and an uplifted arm, waiting for silence. He was in face and figure a Roman on the stage—the likeness of one stepped from the tragic statue.

Even the attention given to Tillman and Hill did not equal the breathless eagerness with which the thousands peered forward to catch the first sentence of this young man whose foremost westerners appraise as their foremost orator. They were not disappointed. He spoke depressingly of himself. 'But,' he added, 'the humblest citizen in the land when clad in the armor of righteousness, is stronger than all the hosts of error.' This struck a keynote which sounded to the rafters and thereafter the silverites went up gall after gall of the deepest delight after every striking period.

The Nebraska Orator Introduced. The cause of silver, he declared, was the cause of liberty of humanity; therefore, he deprecated any denunciation of President Cleveland, because the issue was not to be brought down to the level of a personality. To the complaint of the east that the silver men would not discuss the question he replied that the convention was assembled merely to render a judgment ordered by the plain people. But greatest of all was the enthusiasm inspired by his comparisons of business men, culminating with the comparison of the men who went down a thousand feet into a mine and him who in a back room cornered the money of the world.

There are fighting the demons of our homes, our firesides and our families,' proceeded Bryan, as the assemblage rose for another wild demonstration. 'Our petitions have been scorned, but now we have no petitions to offer, for we are strong in our might and we defy them. They ask us if a Kobesparie will arise. No, instead of that the people need an Andrew Jackson, to do as Jackson did in resisting encroachments against the people.'

Turning to the income tax question Mr. Bryan declared that it was not unconstitutional until one judge had changed his mind, and the great economic principle of an income tax could not rest upon the change of mind of a single judge. Comparing the banks he said they claimed that the government should go out of the governing business, but he answered with Jefferson that the banks should go out of the governing business. The speaker paused for a moment as if to close, when from all sides came shouts of 'go on,' 'go on.'

The Republicans have nominated at St. Louis William McKinley, of Ohio,' Mr. Bryan proceeded. 'He is the man who used to boast that he looked like Napoleon.'

There was half a minute of derisive laughter, and then the speaker continued: 'Yes, they nominated him on the money vote of the battle of Waterloo, and already we can hear with distinctness the beating of the waves on the shores of St. Helena.'

'The American nation was able to legislate on every question, without the aid or advice of any other nation on the globe. On such an issue, made in this platform, the Democratic party would carry any single state in this Union. The speaker referred to the merciless domination of the gold power in the past, and added: 'But I warn them they shall not crucify the Democratic party on a cross of gold.'

Starting of Bryan's Boom. The conclusion of Mr. Bryan's speech was marked by the most enthusiastic demonstration of the convention yet to that time. The whole convention springing to its feet, and twenty thousand throats roared while twice twenty thousand arms waved frantically. Handkerchiefs and flags flew wildly. Hats were hurled aloft. Umbrellas were waved. Men shouted like maniacs. From every quarter of the hall came the hoarse roar. Suddenly a member of the Texas delegation uprooted the banner of the Lone Star state and carried it to where stood the standard of Nebraska. Above the roar rose piercing shrieks, which sounded like a volley of shot guns above the continuous rattle of ten thousand small arms. Other delegates grasped the staffs of their delegations and pushed their way to the Nebraska delegation.

Soon the staffs of two-thirds of the states were grouped about the purple standard of Bryan's state. Only the standards of Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, Maine, Minnesota, New York, New Jersey, New Hampshire, Vermont, South Dakota, Rhode Island and Pennsylvania were left standing when the demonstration was at its height. Meantime the awful roar from the galleries continued. The band played, but the music could be heard above the Niagara-like tumult of sound. Delegates fairly jumped for joy. Some of them took possession of the aisles and marched. Suddenly the state standards clustered at Nebraska were borne away in single file through the aisles of the pit.

When in the uproar the procession of banners bearing the names of the different states was started there was a rush of Nebraska men for the Illinois delegation. The Illinois standard was torn loose and a delegate started off with it. Before he had gone ten feet Governor Altgeld saw him and ordered the standard brought back. 'You cannot stampede us,' he coolly said. 'We have declared for Bland.' The banner was replaced.

A moment later the banner of Missouri appeared in the line. 'Now you can take it,' said Governor Altgeld. 'Missouri is in line and I guess we can afford to join.' Then turning to the delegates who surrounded him the governor said: 'That was the greatest speech ever made. I had rather be able to make that speech than be president. Common men are sometimes made presidents, but it takes talent and brains to talk like that.'

The Tremut Substitutes.

After fifteen minutes of this turbulence the crowds sank back exhausted. When all were seated Delegate Saulsbury, of Delaware, climbed back on his chair. He and his three silver colleagues in that state gave three cheers for Bryan, which were answered with a shout from the gallery of 'What's the matter with Bryan for president?' The recipient of all this honor made his way with difficulty from the stage. For ten minutes his friends and fairly smothered him with congratulations. When at last he reached his chair on the floor he leaned back seemingly exhausted. One of his colleagues fanned him while the others of the delegation hung affectionately over him and wrung his hand.

The transaction of business was started again by Senator Hill, of New York, but not without considerable difficulty. The

Senator fought his way down the aisle toward the platform and then appealed to a tall policeman who cleared the space and enabled the New York statesman to make the formal motion for the minority report from the committee on resolutions. The convention voted the previous question, and then the clerk read the substitute for the platform's financial plank. The eyes on the question were not loud, but the noses gave a great shout, whereupon Senator Hill, with uplifted hand, demanded the call of states.

In behalf of Alabama Chairman Bankhead announced that but for the untimely five delegates would vote for the substitute. Delaware cast one silver vote on the question—that of John F. Saulsbury. Three Massachusetts votes were announced for silver. Delegate O'Sullivan, a young man who has distinguished himself throughout the convention by frantically waving a cow-boy's hat on silver provocation, challenged the vote. 'I challenge on the ground that one man here has no right to vote—Governor Russell,' he said.

In Russell's behalf, another delegate stated that the governor sat as proxy for Charles E. Russell, who was ill, and after consultation with George Fred Williams, Mr. O'Sullivan, withdrew the challenge. Michigan swung her twenty-eight votes for silver for the first time since the contesting delegates were seated. Two Pennsylvania delegates were for silver, but under the unit rule their votes counted for the other side.

Hill's Amendment Voted Down. The announcement of the vote, says 698, gave the silver men grounds for applause, because it was the first test vote directly on the financial question, and showed six more than the necessary two-thirds to nominate.

Mr. Hill waived a vote by states on his two amendments, one relating to the impairment of contracts and the other declaring that the advocacy of free coinage was based on the belief that the two metals would be maintained at a parity, and pledging the party if it failed to secure further aid. He demanded a vote, however, on another resolution, which he offered to commend the national Democratic administration for its economy, honesty, fidelity and courage. This was defeated by a vote of 564 to 357. A few of the delegates declined to vote.

Upon Mr. Hill's demand the vote was taken by states on the adoption of the platform. It was taken in almost total silence. As New York and Pennsylvania cast their big block of votes against the platform, however, there was considerable cheering.

The result was announced, 928 yeas, 301 nays, with one absent, and the revised Democratic creed had been signed, sealed and ratified. The silver men gave a cheer and immediately at 4:50, the convention took a recess until 8 p. m.

The night session furnished all the preliminary incidents of the most dramatic act of the convention. It was by long odds the most spectacular, for the great banks of seats were filled with the biggest crowd which has yet secured admission, for the first time filling the galleries, and attaining to the Chicago standard of bigness. It was 8:22 before Acting Chairman Richardson rapped for order, and ten minutes later before a semblance of order was secured. Then Senator Jones moved the nomination of Cleveland for president and Senator Vest, of Missouri, who made the speech placing Richard Parks Bland in nomination. Senator Vest's first mention of the name of Bland brought out a short demonstration. He spoke in part as follows:

Vest Speaks for Bland. Revolutions do not begin with the rich and prosperous. They represent the protest of those who are suffering from present conditions, and whose demands for relief are demanded by the beneficiaries of unjust and oppressive legislation. When a profound sense of wrong evolved from years of distress, fastens upon a public mind in a free country, and the

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.



THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration. Rev. J. P. Koster, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ill., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: 'Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 30 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand.' Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee. First bottle will benefit or money refunded.

COTTOLENE.

Advertisement for Young Mrs. Phye's Cottolene. Includes an illustration of a woman and a can of Cottolene. Text: 'Young Mrs. Phye is a model wife. And a right good cook is she. Such bread and cake as she do make. 'Twould gladden your heart to see. And doughnuts brown—the best in town. Her pies are fit for a queen! And her success, as you might guess, is due to COTTOLENE.' 'COTTOLENE the most healthful as well as the most economical shortening and frying medium known.'

FIFTY POINTS.

Happenings Throughout the Region Chron-icled for Hasty Perusal. Three hundred Poles of Springfield, near Shamokin, have formed a labor union. The Kelley Run colliery employees will be paid next Friday. Rev. Harris, of Coal Dale, has accepted the call of the Congregational church of Mt. Carmel. Ashland and Danville have dropped out of the Central Pennsylvania base ball league and only Williamsport, Milton, Sunbury and Shamokin are left. The State Teachers' Association will be addressed at Bloomsburg by Governor Hastings next Wednesday evening. The Mountain Grove camp meeting will begin on August 5th. Miss Katharine Dressman, of Ashland, and Otto J. Miller, of McKeesport, Pa., were married at the former place. There are only about 1,000 tons of pea coal at the Reading's Port Richmond wharves. The balance has been shipped to various points. There has not been for years such a small quantity of coal at Port Richmond. The L. V. R. R. has erected a large coal storage yard at Chicago with a capacity of 225,000 tons. The work of opening up at Ebervale is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible and the company expect to be able to ship coal by Sept. 1st. Wasley Bros., this morning became possessors of a fine Cleveland racing bicycle. The wheel weighs 21 pounds and is geared at 68. The St. Clair Coal Co., has purchased the double-acting hoisting engine used at Linden and Skeer's No. 8 colliery near Hazleton. The Hazleton dog-catchers captured two pups belonging to an Italian woman living on Donegal Hill. Rather a curious mix of animals, persons and names, that. The agents of the Pure Food Commission are in the coal region actively pursuing all violators of the Pure Food laws.

Grip-Colds-Headache.

Why suffer with Coughs, Colds and La Grippe when Laxative Bromo Quinine will cure you in one day. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents. For sale by Kirlin's Pharmacy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, lice, salt rheum, fever sores, better chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Wasley.

Teams to Hire.

If you want to hire a safe and reliable team for driving or for working purposes James Shields' livery stable a visit. Teams constantly on hand at reasonable rates. JAMES SHIELDS, No. 410 East Centre street. Opposite Reading railroad station.

P. J. CANFIELD, Agent for Shenandoah and Vicinity

BARBEY'S Beer and Porter

Try Barbey's Bohemian Beer. CHARLES DERR'S Barber Shop! 12 West Centre Street. Our Hot Towel Shave becoming popular. You will like it. We make a specialty of hair cutting.

RUPTURE CURED TO STAY CURED.

Does This Mean Anything to You? If your truss don't hold you or is causing pain, see us at once. It may save you years of suffering. We have cured hundreds of people in Pennsylvania, and can refer you to patients cured in your own town. Our treatment is harmless and will keep you from your daily labor. Call and have a talk with our doctor. It will cost you nothing. We guarantee relief after the first treatment and our prices are reasonable. The Dr. Miller Co., Philadelphia. See Our Doctor Every Tuesday at UNION HOUSE, Ashland, Pa.