

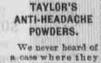
genuine welcome awaits you at.

JOE WYATT'S SALOON,

Cor. Main and Coal Sts.

Pool roo mattached. Finest whiskeys, been porter and ale constantly on tap. Choice tem perance drinks and cigars.

张共央共和共共共共共共共共共共共共共共共共共共 Headache Cured. A quick cure, a certain cure, the best cure is



We never heard of a case where they falled. We never expect to hear of one. Don't be afraid to take them. They are harmless. They do not contain one single atom of any dangerous drug. For this we reason it is well to be shun all other headache medicines a Avoid risk by instat-ing on getting TAV-LOR'S. Our powders a can easily be disting

can easily be distinguished by the de-lightful oder and pleasant taste, and they look like ground coffee. Best of all, they cure almost instantly.

TAYLOR DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.. THENTON, N. J.

GO GRUHLER BROS.

Lauer's

Lager and

Pilsner Beers.

Finest.

Healthlest.

Chris. Schmidt, Agt.,

207

West Coal Street.





CURED TO STAY JURED.

Does This Mean Asything to You?

If your trues don't hold you or is causing min, see us at once. It may save you years of unferting. We have cured insufreds of people of Pennsylvania, and can refer you to patients ured in your own town. Our treatment is armiess and will not keep you from your ally labor. Call suit have a talk with our octor. It will cost you nothing. We guarance relief, after the first freatment, and our rices ard reasonable.

The Dr. Miller Co., Philadelphia. See Our Dector Every Tresday at WION HOUSE, Ashland, Pa.

Ne

BARON DE HIRSCH DEAD.

The Noted Philanthropist Falls a Victim to Apoplexy.

HIS PRINCELY BENEFACTIONS.

For Years He Had Given Fortunes Annually in Charities, Mainly to People of His Own Perseented Race-His Many

VIENNA, April 20.—Baron Maurice de Hirsch, the great financier and philanthro-pist, died yesterday morning on his estate at Presburg, Hungary, from a stroke of apoplexy.

The millionaire railroad builder and

philanthropist, Baron Maurice de Hirsch de Gerenth, was a native of Bayaria, and though it has usually been supposed that his colossal fortune was entirely made by himself, this is not so. Though, to be sure the ampler means he inherited grew in his hands much faster than the accumulations of either his father or grandfather had. If he had not augmented his inheritance so greatly he would never have been classed by the leaders of European society among the objectionably newly rich, and have had the doors of many of the great clubs closed to him.

The grandfather of the philanthropist

at the close of the French



an ordinary but prosperous shopkeeper in Wurzburg, that old Franconian city of Bavaria. Previous to the revolution Wurz-burg and a considerable portion of Fran-conia was ruled by bishops who had the rank of princes. Napoleon changed all this, and many of the estates accumulated by monks and nuns were selzed and sold. Among these was the Rottendorf property near Wurzburg. This was of-fered for sale, but no purchase appeared, as many thought the title would not prove good, and others had religious scruples. So it went begging until Joseph Hirsch bought it for a song. It proved extremely valuable, as the purchaser acquired, be-sides the real estate and houses, almost priceless works of art and jewels. These he sold, and so began the Hirsch fortune.

His son, Joel Jacob, the tather of the philanthropist, became a banker and also an extensive dealer in cattle. He became very rich, as fortunes were reckoned in the first half of the Nineteenth century. He was made a baron by the king of Ba-varia on account of his wealth and the extensive estates he owned as the heir of the original Jacob. He was on friendly terms with the king, and it is related of the old menarch that he once put these questions to the baron:

"How comes it that you are so rich? Your acquaintance with la haute finance large a fortune dealing in cattle?"
"Easily enough, your majesty," was the

ready answer, "I dealt not only in cattle, but with cattle."

When the first baron died, his son, who was born in 1836, became a member of the well known European banking firm of Bischoffsheim & Goldsmidt, and also married Miss Bischoffsheim, the daughter and hairess of the head of the house. Baron heiress of the head of the house. Baron de Hirsch was much bolder than his confore was compelled in his very largest en-terprises, those from which he made a princely fortune, to go alone. To build

If this letter will do any good you may lines of railroads from central Europeinto the farther east seemed too hazardous an undertaking for the money kings of Vi-enna, Frankfort, Paris and London.

Therefore, when Baron de Hirsch pro-jected a line from Buda Posth in Hungary to Varna on the Black sea, he was com-ands who have been cured of dyspopsia, in-pelled to do without the assistance of those digestion and stomach troubles by the reg-After years of incessant toil all obstacles were overcome and the system of roads finished. The building of these roads enriched De Hirsch bayond the dreams of They should be taken immediately after reported. of the Austrian empire.

Some fifteen years ago Baron de Hirsch had completed this great work, and found himself at the aged of 45 with more money than he knew what to do with. He had no children to inherit his wealth, and he and his wife were of one mind as to what should be done. A man who has spent twenty-live of the best years of his life in conducting most exciting business ven-tures cannot be iffe, and so the baron chose to keep busy in doing what good he could find to do. In his rallway operations he had seen throughout the east how badly off the people were for schools. He therefore established editeational and industrial schools in Egypt and in European and Asiatic Turkey. These he had since looked after and maintained. To the schools in

Gallacia he gave \$2,000,000. Years ago Iv saw the tendency to op-press the Jews in Russia, and he made an offer of \$10,000,000 to the Russian government for schools, with the one proviso race or religion. This generous and mu-nificent offer was refused by the Russian government, and shortly afterward began that active oppression which is driving the Hebrew peasants out of the czar's domin ions and to the four quarters of the earth

Large though his fortune was, it was entirely inadequate to provide for all of these people. He therefore saw that he must enlist the assistance of other rich Hebrews in the cause. About this time he met in Conthe cause. About this time he mee'n Con-stantinople's wealthy American Hebrow, Oscar S. Straus, then United States minis-ter to Turkey. After many and long con-ferences it was decided that as many of these Russian refugees as could be pro-vided with homes and made self supporting should be assisted to come to the United To this end Baron de Hirsch gave a fund of \$2,400,000, to be paid in monthly

installments of \$10,000:
Of this scheme the public in America
has heard much. It has had successes and

failures. Of the general result it is too turiy to speak. There were very many American Helitawa who did not think the American Hebrawa who did not think the solicino a good one because they know that every farm of assisted embrasion proviously tried had failed. They saw no reason why this should be an exception. But when the refugees began to arrive and these American Hebrawa saw the pitlfulness of their general condition, their poverty, their lack of health, their Ignorance and debasement, they did not hold back, but have given a genuine and hearty supbut have given a genuine and hearty sup-port of the plan, even though they had not approved. Schools were established both for young and old, and agricultural colonies founded. Whatever may be the result of the experiment as to the grown men and women who have been forced from Russia and brought to the United

States, the effect on the children, the men and women of the next generation, cannot be other than good.

But Baron de Hirsch learned from the reports of his agents and colleagues in the United States that it would be very easy to overdo the thing in bringing out Rus-sian Hebrews. It would be unwise, they thought, for them to come faster than they could be prepared to support themselves. So the baron sent agents to South America and Mexico to negotiate for the purchase of large tracts of land. In the Argentine Republic negotiations were con-cluded and the government looked very favorably upon the colonization scheme. But the people were bitterly opposed to it, and made such manifestations of angry hostility that the plan had to be abandoned. Then Mexico was sotiled upon, and President Diaz promptly gave his assurance of co-operation. These are the large benevolences that engaged the re-

cent years of this Jewish millionaire. Since 1800 Baron de Hirsch's expenditures for charity had exceeded \$15,000,000 a year. He had established offices in all the capitals of Europe on the system of charity organization societies. The committee in charge of each of these offices has authority to investigate each case of poverty pre-sented to it, and to deal with it as it, may sented to it, and to deal with hours every think proper. He devoted six hours every think proper. He devoted six hours overy day, before considering anything else, to his charitable enterprises. He was con-stantly overwhelmed with requests for aid, and sometimes received as many as 400 begging letters a day. He never gave a penny, however, without first investi-gating the need and character of the appricant, and was utterly opposed to indis-criminate charity.

The Hirsch fund for the assistance of the Bussian Jews has a capital of ten millions.

It is operated by a stock company known as the Jewish Colonization association, and is a limited liability company. The shares are \$500 each, and all but ten were owned by Baron de Hirsch. The American branch of the Hirsch fund holds 82, 400,000 of the baron's money in trust. The income is \$125,000 a year, and this is devoted to establishing colonies and educating the Russian Jews in republican principles and the ways of the country. One of the largest colonies is located at Woodbine, N. J.

A WOMAN'S SUFFERING.

Interesting Experience of Mrs. Lounsbury, of Olympia, Washington.

The practice of publishing medical testi-nomials is certainly not a new one; in fact, the subject is well nigh threadbare, the columns of every paper being full of them.

Neverthless, occasionally a case appears of so interesting and remarkable a character as to merit special attention. Of such a character is the experience of Mrs. E. L. Lounsbury of Olympia, in far off Washington, who now resides at No. 111 Maple Park, in that city.

Mrs.Lounsbury's trouble was an aggravated case of stomach trouble. She says: I was very and the chamber and would oblige the and the chamber and would oblige the the subject is well nigh threadbare, the col-

case of stomach trouble. She says: I was very weak, could not sit up in bed more than an hour at a time, no appetite, eating the juice is perfect. How could you have made so of mre beef. My husband would have to read to me until two or three o'clock in the morning before sleep would come, my heart was weak and troublesome, gas would collect in my stomach so that a number of times

I saw the new stomach remedy, Stuart's tian Herald of Detroit, and even now after taking but one box I am a good advertisement cervative associates in this house, and his operations in railroads soon made them for them; I sleep good, have a good appetite, fear that he would wreek them. He there-

If this letter will do any good you may publish it in the Christian Herald, as I have many friends who read that paper.

where hope of recovery was nearly gone. The case of this lady is but one of thous upon whom he would most naturally rely. ular use of Stuart's Dyspepsis Tablets-a common sense remedy, which cures by causavarice. They also have done more than meals and their beneficial effects are speedany other agency to develop the resources ily apparent in the increased strength of stomach and nerves. They cure palpitation of the heart by removing the cause; they increase flesh and appetite by digesting the food before it has time to ferment, sour and

poison the blood and nerves. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets not only cure indegestion, but they are so safe and pleasant that they are also perfectly adapted to children and invalids.

They are sold by druggists at 50 cents for full sized packages.

A useful book on stomach diseases will be mailed free by addressing Stuart Co., Mar-

DR. CHASE'S Blood Nerve Food Weigh Yourself TAKING The Sefer Weak and Run-Down People from Childhood to Old Age.

WHAT IT IS! The richest of all restoration soils, because it replaces the same situations the based and between that are extranated in most two if the private fluids by disease, in direction. what it boes! By making the bloo THE DR. CHASE COMPANY.

HAVE YOU Sore Tareat, Pumpus. Copper-licers in Mouth, Hair-Kalling With Code REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple. Chicago, Ill., for proofs of curs. Capi-chicago, Ill., for proofs of curs. Capito 35 days. 100-page book free-

Another Attempt to Force Out the Bourgeois Ministry.

THE CHAMBER AGAIN CONVOKED.

The Premier, Instead of at Once Resigning on the Senate's Postponing the Madagascar's Credits, Determines That the Two Legislative Bodies Shall Fight It Out.

PARIS, April 22.-In spite of the protests of the premier, M. Bourgeois, the sonate yesterday adopted a motion to postpone the vote on the Madagascar credits until a cabinet is formed which enjoys the confidence of both chambers. An official note has been issued explaining the attitude of the cabinet in face of the crisis pre-

cipitated by the senate. The note says:
"The cabinet holds that, in face of the senate's vote, it is impossible to continue the direction of affairs. But it considers that it ought not to resign in the absence of the chamber. Therefore the chamber should be convoked without delay to enable the ministers to impart to them the reason for their decisions. M. Bourgeois has acquainted President Faure with this resolution, and has also requested M. Bris-son, president of the chamber of deputies, to convoke the chamber forthwith. M. Brisson has accordingly telegraphed to the

deputies to meet on Thursday at 2 o'clock."
The news of the resolution of the cabi net to convoke the chamber was circulated last evening. The chamber would not meet in the regular order of things until May 19.

The refusal of the senate to grant the Madagasear credits to the Bourgeois cabi-not is regarded as a well devised tactical move against the cabinet in the conflict between the two branches of the govern-ment, which involves the French consti-tution itself. It was believed that the cab-inet would feel itself driven into a corner and would be compelled to resign, and it was expected that this would occur today. The cabinet's reply in summoning the chamber seems the best that could be made to the senate's move, and virtually refers the conflict to the chamber, which has twice refused to concur in a vote of cen-sure of the cabinet passed by the senate. If the newly summoned chamber persists in this attitude a constitutional crists would be threatened.

It is believed that the cabinet has been convinced for some time past that it must relinquish office, but has been maneuvering for advantage of position for its appearance before the country. The real conflict is between the Conservative element in politics represented by the senment in politics, represented by the sen-ate, and the Radical and "Socialistic ele-ments represented in the Bourgeois cabinet, which seek constitutional changes looking to the control of the senate itself, and the doing away with its obstruction to the radical program in France. The present cabinet's income tax measure is a main feature of that program, uncompromising-ly opposed by the senare. The latter body has adroitly evaded making an issue with the cabinet on the income tax measure, and has apparently concluded that the

and the chamber and would oblige the senate to find some mode of surmounting similar opposition in the future.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very bost. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at A. Wasley's Drug Store.

Skiff Upset and Three Drowned. CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 22. - Yesterday, while leaving work at a tock, a skiff which contained nine men upset and three were drowned. The dead are: Henry Mahan, colored, Gallipolis, O.; Richard Dickinson, colored, former home un-The tablets have done wonders for me, known; Jordan, white, aged 16, other six swam ashore.

Five Hundred Were Killed.

SUAKIM, April '22.—Further advices re-ceived here from Berber say that in the recent fight among the members of the khalifa's body guard, at Omdurman, 506 men were killed, instead of fifty, as first

May 30.—Ice cream festival under the auspices of the 22 Club, in Robbins' opera

house.

Grip-Colds-Headache.

Why siffer with Coughs, Colds and La Grippe when Laxative Bromo Quinine will care you in one day. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price, 23 cents. For sale by Kirlin's Pharmacy.

Peace Negotiations Broken Off.

Massowall, April 22.—King Menelik has written to General Baldissora, the commander-in-chief of the Hailan forces, asking him to return his letters regarding.

sking him to return his letters regarding the peace proposed. This is interpreted as indicating that there has been a rupture

of the negotiations for peace between Italy and Abyssinia. Canada's Ministry to Resign. OTTAWA, April 22 - Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the premier, has announced that the resignations of the ministers will be handed in in a few days. It is expected that Sir Charles Tupper will be the new

For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware: Generally fair, but local showers are probable; cooler; northwesterly winds.





The Large Piece and High Grade of "Battle Ax" has injured the sale of other brands of higher prices and smaller pieces. Don't allow the dealer to impose on you by saying they are "just as good" as "Battle Ax," for he is anxious to work off his unsalable stock. こうとうとうののでしている

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BAR-CAIN." MARRY A PLAIN CIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO



For sale by P. P. D. KIRLIN, Shenandonh, Pa.

READING R. R. SYSTEM PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

IN EFFECT MARCH 15, 1806.

Tratos leave Shenandosh as follows: For New York via Philadelphia, week diays 10, 5 25, 7 20 a. m., 12 38, 2 55 and 5 55 p. m 2 10, 5 25, 7 20 a. m., 12 58, 2 55 and 5 55 p. m.

For New York via Manch Chunk, week days.
5 25, 7 20 a. m., 12 58 and 2 55 p. m.

For Reading and Philadelphia, week days.
2 10, 5 25, 7 20 a. m., 12 58, 2 55 and 5 55 p. m.

For Pottsville, week days, 2 10, 7 20 a. m., and
12 58, 2 35 and 5 55 p. m. Sundays, 2 10 a. m.

For Taimagua and Mahanoy City, week days.
2 10, 5 25, 7 20 a. m., 12 58, 2 55 and 5 55 p. m.

Sundays, 2 20 a. m.

For Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg,
week days, 2 25, 11 20 a. m., 1 50 and 7 20 pf m.

Sundays, 3 25, 11 20 a. m., 1 50 and 7 20 pf m.

Sundays, 3 25, 11 20 a. m., 1 50 and 7 20 pf m.

Sundays, 3 25 a. m.

For Mahanoy Plane, weekdays, 2 10, 3 25, 5 26, 7 20, 11 30 a. m., 12 58, 1 50, 2 50, 553, 7 20 and 9 36 p. m. Sundays, 2 10, 3 25 a. m.

For Ashland and Shamokin, week days, 3 26, 7 20, 11 30 a. m., 1 30, 7 20 and 9 35 p. m. Sundays, 3 25 a. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via R. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, (P. & B. R. R.) at 3 20, 7 35, 11 26 a. m., 3 46 and 7 27 p. m. Sandays, 3 20, 7 00, 11 26 a. m., 3 46 and 7 27 p. m. Additional trains from Twenty-fourth and Chestnut streets station, week days, 1 50, 5 41, 8 23 p. m.

Sundays, 135, 8 23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR SHENANDOAH.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for outs, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corus, and all skin eruptions, and positively cores piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or mony refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Wasley.

Coming Event,

April 22.—Annual super under auspices of Welsh Congregational church, in the church building.

Weist Congregational church, in the church building.

April 33.—Grand concert and ball by the Lithunnian band in Robbins' opem house.

May 30.—Ice cream festival under the m., 335 and 1141 p. m. Sundays, 1 15 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.



SCHUYKILL DIVISION.

APRIL 20, 1896.

Trains will leave Sheinandonah affer the above date for Wiggans, Gilberton, Frackville, Dank Water, St. Clair, Pottsville, Immiurg, Reading, Pottsown, Phoenizville, Norristown and Phinadelphia (Broad street station) at 6.05 and 11.45 a. m. and 41.5 p. m. on week days. For Pottsville and intermediate stations 2.10 a. m.

SUNDAY. For Wiggans, Gilberton, Frackville, Dark Water, St. Clair, Pottsville, at 608, 940 a. m. and 3 10 p. m. For Hamburg, Beading, Pottstöwa, Phoentxville, Norristown, Philadelphia at 600, 940 a. m., 340 p. m. Trains leave Frackville for Shenandoah at 10 40 a. m. and 12 14, 504, 742 and 10 27 p. m.

Trains leave Frackville for Shenandeah at 10 40 a.m. and 12 14, 504, 742 and 10 27 p. m. Sunday, 13 13 a.m. and 5 40 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandeah at 10 15, 11 48 a.m. and 4 40, 7 15 and 10 00 p. m. Sunday at 10 40 a.m., 5 15 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, (Broad street station), for Shenandeah at 5 57 am 5 35 a.m., 4 10 and 7 13 p. m. week days. Sundays leave at 5 50 a.m.

Leave Broad street station, Philadelphia, nor Sea Girt, Ashury Park, Occan Grove, Long, Branch, and intermediate stations, 6 50, 8 25, 11 35 a.m., 3 30, 4 00 p. m. week-days. Sundays (stop at Interlaken for Ashury Purk), 8 35 a.m., Leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, FOR NEW YORK.

FOR NEW YORK.

Express, week days, 3 20, 4,00, 4,50, 5 15, 6 50, 7 33, 8 30, 9 20, 9 50, 10 50 (1)ming Car), 17 00, 11 14 a. m., 12 noon, 12 55 (1.1mited 1.00 and 422 p. m. Dining Cars) 1 40, 230 (Dining Car), 3 29, 4 00, 5 00, 5 56 (Dining Car), 6 00, 6 03 9 12, 10 00 p. m., 12 0 night. Sundays, 3 20, 4 05, 4 50, 5 15, 8 12, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30 (Dining Car), 11 03 a. m. 12 35, 2 38 (Dining Car), 4 06 (Limited 4 22, Dining Car), 5 30, 5 56 (Dining Car), 6 35, 5 56 (Dining Car), 6 35, 6 50, 8 12, 10 00 p. m., 12 01 sight.

dght.

Express for Boston, without change, 11 00 a.

b. week days, and 6 50 p. m. daily. WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH

For Baitimore and Washington, 5 20, 7 20, 8 21
5 12, 16 20, 11 23 a. m., 12 09 (12 31 Limited Dising Car), 14 2, 3 18, 4 41 (5 19 Congressional
Limited, Dining Car), 5 17, 6 55 (Dining Car),
7 40 (Dining Car) p. m., and 12 00 night
week days. Sundays, 3 50, 7 20, 9 12, 11 23 a.
m., 12 09 1 12, 4 41 (5 18 Congressional Limited,
Dining Car), 8 55 (Dining Car), 7 40 p. m.
(Dining Car) and 12 05 night.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Leave Brond street station, Philadelphia (via Delaware river bridges), express, 9.05 a. m. and 7.00 p. in. daily.

Leave Market street Ferry, express, 8.50 a. m., 2.10.(2.10 Saturdays only), 4.10, and 5.00 p. m. sweek days. Sundays, 5.65 and 9.15 a. m. (4.09, 4.50 p. m. accommobilities).

For Cape May. Anglesses, Wildwood and Holly Beach.—Express, 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m.

For Sen Isle City, Osean City and Avalon.—Express, 2.00 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.07 a. m.

For Sundays, 9.07 a. m.

For Sundays, 9.07 a. m.

For Sundays, 8.07 a. m., and 4.10 p. m. week days.

Sundays, 9.07 a. m.

For Sundays, 9.07 a. m.

S. M. Purveer, J. H. Wood,

Gen'l Manuager.

Gen'l Pass'g's Ag3

Millions of Dollars

Go up in smoke every year. Take no risks but get your houses, stock, fur-niture, etc., insured in first-class re-liable companies as represented by

DAVID FAUST, Insurance Agent, Also Life and Accidental Companies.

JOHN F. CLEARY,

17 and 19 Peach Alley, Shenandoah.