

**IN paint the best is the**  
cheapest. Don't be misled by  
trying what is said to be "just as  
good," but when you paint insist  
upon having a genuine brand of

**Strictly Pure**

**White Lead**

It costs no more per gallon than  
cheap paints, and lasts many times  
as long.

Look out for the brand of White  
Lead offered you; this one is sure:

**"John T. Lewis & Bros."**

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s  
Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each  
can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of strictly  
Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in  
no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination  
of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to  
mix Strictly Pure White Lead.

A good many thousands dollars have been saved  
property-owners by having our book of painting  
and color-card. Send us a postal card and get  
both free.

JOHN T. LEWIS & BROS., CO.  
Philadelphia.



IN EFFECT MARCH 24, 1895.

Passenger trains leave Shenandoah for  
Penn Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk,  
Leighton, Slatington, White Hall, Catawissa,  
Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Weatherly  
at 6:04, 7:38, 9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p. m.  
For New York and Philadelphia, 6:04,  
7:38, 9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p. m.  
For Quakake, Switzelbach, Garhardt and Hudsandale,  
9:15 a. m. and 2:57 p. m.

For Wilkes-Barre, White Haven, Pittston,  
Laceyville, Towanda, Sayre, Waverly and  
Elmira, 6:04, 9:15 a. m., 2:57, 5:27 p. m.

For Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and  
the West, 9:15 a. m. and 2:57, 5:27 p. m.

For Jeannette, Leiston and Beaver  
Meadow, 7:38 a. m., 12:43 p. m.

For Stockton and Lumber Yard, 6:04, 7:38,  
9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27, 8:08 p. m.

For Silver Brook Junction, Allentown and  
Hazleton, 6:04, 7:38, 9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27  
and 8:08 p. m.

For Scranton, 6:04, 9:15 a. m., 2:57 and 5:27  
p. m.

For Hazleton, Juddo, Drifton and Freedom,  
7:38, 9:15, 11:30 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27  
p. m.

For Ashland, Girardville and Lost Creek,  
4:40, 6:15, 7:30, 9:15, 10:20 a. m., 12:25, 1:40,  
4:10, 6:35, 8:22 p. m.

For Raven Run, Centralia, Mount Carmel  
and Shamokin, 11:14 a. m., 1:32, 4:30,  
8:22, 9:15 p. m.

For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City  
and Delano, 5:50, 6:04, 7:38, 9:15, 11:05 a. m.,  
12:43, 2:57, 5:27, 8:08, 9:23, 10:53 p. m.

Trains will leave Shamokin at 8:15, 8:15,  
11:45 a. m., 1:55, 4:30, 9:30 p. m. and arrive  
Shenandoah at 6:04, 9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57,  
5:27, 11:15 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 6:04,  
7:38, 9:05, 11:05, 11:30 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 4:10,  
5:27, 8:05 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 6:00,  
7:40, 9:05, 10:15, 11:48 a. m., 12:32, 3:00, 4:40,  
5:20, 7:15, 9:40 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Hazleton, 6:04, 7:38,  
9:15 a. m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27, 8:08 p. m.

Leave Hazleton for Shenandoah, 7:38,  
10:05, 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:55, 5:30, 7:25, 7:50,  
9:30 p. m.

**SUNDAY TRAINS.**

Trains leave for Raven Run, Centralia,  
Mt. Carmel and Shamokin, 6:45 a. m., 2:40 p. m.,  
and arrive at Shamokin at 7:40 a. m. and  
3:45 p. m.

Trains leave Shamokin for Shenandoah at  
7:55 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., and arrive at Shenandoah  
at 8:49 a. m. and 4:58 p. m.

Trains leave for Ashland, Girardville and  
Lost Creek, 9:40 a. m., 12:30 p. m.

For Hazleton, Black Creek Junction, Penn  
Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Allentown,  
Bethlehem, Easton and New York, 8:49  
a. m., 12:30, 2:55 p. m.

For Philadelphia, 12:30, 2:55 p. m.  
For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City  
and Delano, 8:49, 11:35 a. m., 12:30, 2:55, 4:58,  
6:05 p. m.

Leave Hazleton for Shenandoah, 8:30  
a. m., 1:05, 5:30 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 5:55,  
8:49, 9:52 a. m., 2:40 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 3:30,  
10:40 a. m., 1:35, 5:15 p. m.

ROLLIN H. WILBER, Genl. Supt.,  
South Bethlehem, Pa.  
CHARLES S. LEE, Genl. Pass. Agt.,  
Philadelphia.  
A. W. NONNEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A.,  
South Bethlehem, Pa.

**Millions of Dollars**

Go up in smoke every year.  
Take no risks but get your houses,  
stock, furniture, etc., insured in first-  
class, reliable companies, as represented  
by DAVID FAUST, Insurance Agent.

120 South Main Street.

Also Life and Accidental Companies.

**HOTEL KAIER,**

(CHAS. BURCHILL, Prop.)

North Main Street, Mahanoy City

Largest and finest hotel in the region.

Finest accommodations. Handsome fixtures  
Pool and Billiard Rooms Attached.

**ED. BRENNAN,**

Cor. Cherry and Gilbert Sts.

Finest Beers, Wines and Liquors.

Choice Temperance Drinks.

Best Brands of 5 and 10c Cigars.

Chobester's English Diamond Brand.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**

Original and Only Genuine.  
Solely for the relief of all cases of  
Biliousness, Headache, Constipation,  
Indigestion, etc. Sold in all drug stores.  
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Bennett, Philadelphia, Pa.

**HOLMES' ENTERPRISES.**

**Skeletons Discovered Which Have  
Been Traced to Him.**

**SAYS HE GOT THEM LEGITIMATELY.**

The Chicago Police, however, believe they  
have the skeletons of two of the alleged  
Wholesale Murderer's Many Victims.  
The Prisoner Kidnades the Charges.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The search of the  
Holmes building was prosecuted yesterday  
by M. C. Chappell, the machinist, who  
says that he articulated the skeletons of  
three of the supposed victims of H. H.  
Holmes. Chappell told the police that  
Holmes had two vats in the cellar. One,  
he said, was in the southeast corner, and  
the other, in the southwest corner of the  
rear cellar. They had since been walled  
up, he said. One of the vats, according to  
Chappell's statement, was used as a vessel  
in which the flesh was eaten from bones  
by the use of acids. The other was for the  
purpose of bleaching the bones.

Twelve laborers worked all day digging  
out the two corners designated by Chappell,  
and were about to give up the search  
as unsuccessful when one of the men at  
work on the southeast corner struck his  
spade against something which gave forth  
a metallic sound. The metal object  
proved to be a huge tank in the shape of a  
boiler. It was located just outside the  
cellar wall, and its top was four feet from  
the ground's surface. Work for the night  
was stopped before the tank was fully un-

covered, but apparently it is eight feet  
long and three feet in diameter.  
The police yesterday secured a skeleton  
which they believe to be one of the alleged  
victims of Holmes. Chappell took two  
detectives to the house of a West Side  
physician, where the complete skeleton  
was found. Chappell says that he got the  
bones from Holmes. After examination  
the police decided that the skeleton is  
probably that of Miss Cigrand, the Indiana  
girl. It had been sold to the Hahnemann  
Medical college by Holmes, the police  
claim. Yesterday's find, with the  
trunk discovery of Sunday, makes two of  
the three skeletons which Chappell claims  
to have articulated for Holmes, and the  
police are in hopes of finding the third  
very shortly.

Beside these matters the police have secured  
the trunk which Holmes said he had  
used in sinking Anna Williams in the  
lake. There are plenty of signs that it  
once held a body freshly mutilated, and  
Chappell says Holmes brought the trunk  
to his home with the remains of Anna Williams  
in it.

"In this way," said Inspector Fitzpatrick,  
"we are told four victims of the Englewood  
house were disposed of. This witness took  
away the skeleton partly cleaned and asked no  
questions. He got \$30.50 for each. One of the bodies was  
that of a man. We have not been able to  
conclude who he was. There is only a  
suspicion that this was Robert E. Phelps,  
who was supposed to have married Miss  
Miss Cigrand. Holmes said he wanted  
him to take care of the bodies of two children.  
One witness says he refused to  
mount the bones of any children, but he  
does not say anything to explain what  
distinction he saw between children's  
bodies and any others if his business was  
legitimate and he had no knowledge of  
fool play. You see, it is all very suspicious."

One of the many theories that has been  
advanced concerning the Holmes case,  
and the many uses to which it was put is  
to the effect that Holmes was a professional  
"procurer." The presence of so  
many young girls about the premises at  
various times has led to the suspicion that  
Holmes added this to his other nefarious  
crimes. In this way the disappearance of  
some of the unfortunate creatures is ac-  
counted for.

**A STATEMENT FROM HOLMES.**

He Says He Procured Skeletons as a  
Lucrative Business.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Holmes' at-  
torney gave out another statement today,  
purporting to come from the arch  
conspirator, and relating to the statements  
made by Charles Chappell, of Chicago, to  
the effect that he had articulated four  
skeletons for Holmes.

In the first place, Holmes declared that  
any medical man who failed to make a  
living by the practice of his profession  
could do so in many other ways by calling  
into play his scientific knowledge. Accepting  
this idea himself, he said, he resolved to  
procure a number of skeletons, and when  
he found them expensive he concluded  
that to deal in the ghastly articles would  
be a lucrative business. Thereupon  
he procured a number of corpses and had  
them scraped and articulated, but the  
supposition that he had murdered people  
to obtain them he scouted as arrant nonsense.  
"I got them in a legitimate man-  
ner," he continued, "and I am prepared  
to prove it when the time comes."

Chappell may have done some work for  
him in this line, and he believed he had,  
Holmes went on, but his prices were so  
high that he was obliged to drop him.  
"Chappell knows nothing of my affairs,"  
he said in conclusion, "and there is not a  
soul living in Chicago who can prove that  
I had anything to do with the disappearance  
of this aggregation of people whose  
murders I am accused of."

**Durant Prevents a Dramatic Production.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The principal  
feature of the Durant case yesterday was  
the defendant's application for a judicial  
order to prevent the production of a play  
called "The Crime of a Century," based  
upon the Emanuel church murders. The  
prisoner alleged that the performance  
would inflame popular feeling against  
him. The prosecution joined with the  
defendant in the request for a restraining  
order, which was granted. The work of  
securing a jury proceeds slowly.

**Expect to Avoid a Strike.**

CLEVELAND, July 30.—The striking rod  
mill men gave out today that a general  
strike of their craftsmen will probably  
not be ordered Aug. 1, as has been threat-  
ened. They say they have received every  
assurance that the mill owners will meet  
them at least half way. The Cleveland  
Rolling Mill company yesterday granted  
their rod mill men an advance amounting  
to from 10 to 15 per cent.

**Germans Applaud Cleveland.**

BALTIMORE, July 30.—The Baltimore  
county Democratic convention chose a  
majority of German delegates to the state  
convention and adopted resolutions very  
strongly commending President Cleve-  
land, "under whose fearless, patriotic and  
conservative leadership prosperity and  
stability are assured the country."

**WHEN HOPE FADED**

**Mrs. White, a Citizen of Ithaca, Was  
Saved.**

(From the Ithaca Herald.)

Our representative, hearing of the case  
of Mrs. H. T. White, called to see her at  
Seneca and Plain streets. We publish their  
conversation in the following interview:  
"Mrs. White, I hear you have some-  
thing to say about a new remedy for back-  
ache and kidney disorders. Will you give  
me your statement for publication?"

"Yes, I am quite satisfied to do so. I  
think the public should know when a really  
good remedy is to be had, it is the least  
I can do in gratitude for my recovery."

"Tell me about your complaint."

"About a year ago I had the grippe, and  
since then my back has pained me con-  
stantly in the region of the kidneys; a dull  
pain at times, and at other intervals, sharp,  
darting pains piercing through me, were  
almost unbearable. I seemed to be giv-  
ing out as the pain in my kidneys grew  
worse, and at last I had to stay in bed the  
greater part of the time. Finally, I gave  
up altogether. I had terrific headaches,  
and suffered so much pain my appetite  
left me."

"Did the disorder affect the bladder?"

"Finally, it did. The urine was highly  
colored, and varied in suppression and ex-  
cess. I often told my friends I believed I  
should go insane from the pain. I heard  
of Doan's Kidney Pills, and began their  
use. After taking them two or three days  
I began to feel their good effects. I con-  
tinued, and now am perfectly well."

"Am I to understand that Doan's Kid-  
ney Pills have entirely cured you?"

"Yes, that's the truth. I have no more  
headaches or pains, and my appetite has  
returned. Before using Doan's Kidney  
Pills I found it very trying to go up and  
down stairs, or to sleep on my back; but  
now I can do so without a single pain. I  
feel completely cured, and I wish the man-  
ufacturers every possible success."

For sale by dealers. Price—50 cents.  
Sold by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,  
N. Y., Sole Agents for the U. S.

For Sale at Kirlin's Pharmacy.

**READING R. R.  
SYSTEM.**

IN EFFECT JUNE 20, 1894.

Trains leave Shenandoah as follows:  
For New York via Philadelphia, week  
days, 2:10, 5:25, 7:20 a. m. and 12:35, 2:55,  
5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.

For New York via Mauch Chunk, week  
days, 2:10, 5:25, 7:20 a. m. and 12:35, 2:55,  
5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.

For Reading and Philadelphia, week days,  
2:10, 5:25, 7:20, 9:15 a. m. and 12:35, 2:55,  
5:55 p. m. Sundays, 2:10 a. m.

For Pottsville, week days, 2:10, 7:20 a. m.  
and 12:35, 2:55, 5:55 p. m. Sunday 2:10 a. m.

For Tamaqua and Mahanoy City, week  
days, 2:10, 5:25, 7:20 a. m. and 12:35, 2:55,  
5:55 p. m. Sunday, 2:10 a. m.

For Williamsport, Sunbury and Lewisburg,  
week days, 3:25, 11:30 a. m. and 1:50, 7:20 p. m.  
Sundays, 3:25 a. m.

For Mahanoy Plane, week days, 2:10, 3:25,  
5:25, 7:20, 9:15 a. m. and 12:15, 1:50, 2:55,  
5:55, 7:20, 9:35 p. m. Sundays, 2:10, 3:25  
a. m.

For Ashland and Shamokin, week days,  
3:25, 7:20, 11:30 a. m. and 1:50, 7:20, 9:35 p. m.  
Sundays, 3:25 a. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West  
via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading  
Terminal, Philadelphia, (P. & R. R. R.)  
at 3:20, 7:55, 11:26 a. m. and 3:45, 7:27 p. m.  
Sundays 3:20, 7:50, 11:26 a. m. and 3:45, 7:27  
p. m. Additional trains from Twenty-fourth  
and Chestnut streets station, week days, 1:50,  
5:41, 8:23 p. m. Sundays, 1:55, 8:23 p. m.

**TRAINS FOR SHENANDOAH.**

Leave New York via Philadelphia, week  
days, 8:00 a. m., 1:30, 4:00, 7:30 p. m. and  
12:15 night. Sundays, 6:00 p. m.

Leave New York via Mauch Chunk, week  
days, 4:30, 9:10 a. m. and 1:10, 4:30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal,  
week days, 4:20, 8:35, 10:00 a. m. and 4:00,  
6:02, 11:30 p. m. Sundays, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Reading, week days, 1:35, 7:10,  
10:05, 11:50 a. m. and 5:55, 7:57 p. m. Sun-  
days, 1:35 a. m.

Leave Pottsville, week days, 2:35, 7:40 a. m.  
and 12:30, 6:12 p. m. Sundays, 2:35  
a. m.

Leave Tamaqua, week days, 5:15, 8:50,  
11:25 a. m. and 1:20, 7:15, 9:23 p. m. Sundays,  
3:35 a. m.

Leave Mahanoy City, week days, 2:45,  
9:21, 11:47 a. m. and 1:51, 7:39, 9:54 p. m.  
Sundays, 3:45 a. m.

Leave Mahanoy Plane, week days, 2:40, 4:00,  
6:30, 9:37, 11:59 a. m. and 12:35, 2:06, 5:20,  
6:20, 7:53, 10:10 p. m. Sundays, 4:30, 4:00  
a. m.

Leave Williamsport, week days, 7:42,  
10:10 a. m. and 3:35, 11:15 p. m. Sundays,  
11:15 p. m.

**ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION**

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut St. Wharf  
and South Street Wharf for Atlantic City,  
week days—Express, 9:00 a. m., (Sat-  
days only 1:30), 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00 p. m.  
Accommodation, 8:00 a. m., 5:45 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 a. m.  
Accommodation, 8:00 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

**RETURNING LEAVE ATLANTIC CITY**

Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues,  
week days—Express, 7:00, 7:45, 9:00 a. m.,  
3:15 and 5:30 p. m. Accommodation, 8:15  
a. m. and 4:32 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 4:00, 5:15, 8:00 p. m.  
Accommodation, 7:15 a. m. and 4:15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

L. A. SWENBERG, C. G. HANCOCK,  
General Superintendent. Gen. Pass. Agt.

**JOHN DALTON,**

AGENT FOR

SHENANDOAH AND VICINITY

—FOR—

**BARBEY'S**

**Beer and Porter.**

TRY

Barbey's Bock Beer.

**THE STRIKING TAILORS.**

Both Sides Determined—Sixteen Thou-  
sand Workers Already Out.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The strike of the  
Brotherhood of Tailors is in full swing.  
Sixteen thousand hands are out, and of  
the total number on strike 8,000 were un-  
til Sunday morning employed in this city.  
Meyer Schenfeld, the general organizer  
of the United Garment Workers, who led  
the Brotherhood of Tailors in their suc-  
cessful strike last fall, is directing the  
strikers' movement, and is sanguine of  
success.

"The strike was forced upon us," said  
Mr. Schenfeld, "but we will win, as we  
did last year. We then agreed to a week  
of sixty hours, with a minimum scale of  
wages, ranging from \$9 to \$15 a week. We  
now demand a fifty-nine hour week, as all  
our men are Hebrews, and we require an  
hour on Friday night to do necessary shop-  
ping to prepare for the day observance of  
our Sabbath. Our men in Chicago, Balti-  
more and Boston will also strike, and in-  
sist on the same hours as we do."

The strikers are most determined, the  
women, who number a third of those now  
unemployed, being as steadfast in their  
refusal to go back to task work as the  
men.

The Clothing Contractors' Mutual Pro-  
tective association held a meeting last  
evening, at which 350 contractors were  
present. Resolutions were adopted, con-  
senting to accede to the demand of a fifty-  
nine hours' week, provided the contractors  
be in a position to judge who are entitled  
to the existing scale of wages, and also de-  
clining to allow walking delegates to in-  
terfere with the contractors.

Secretary Witherspoon, of the contrac-  
tors' association, denies that the men were  
locked out. He says the brotherhood is  
responsible for the strike. "We have," he  
said, "been always willing to meet the  
men half way, but we cannot accede to  
the demands they now make."

A meeting of the garment trades coun-  
cil of the Knights of Labor, composed of  
fifteen local assemblies, was also held.  
Afterwards the secretary, Abraham  
Kuntz, made a statement regarding the  
policy of the council. "The members say  
frankly that they distrust the leaders of  
the brotherhood, and want nothing to do  
with them, but if necessary they also will  
go out to help the strike along, and to  
enforce the agreement of last July."

A Knight of Labor began an argument  
with a number of the strikers in a saloon  
adjoining Wall-hall hall. He was at once  
seized upon and badly beaten.

A small riot also occurred outside the  
tailor shop of Jacobs & Sons, Grand and  
Orchard streets, where several non-union  
men are employed. The strikers threat-  
ened to do up the "boss" and the "scabs."  
When their manifestations of violence  
became apparent they were driven off by  
the police.

The striking tailors of Brooklyn met to  
determine what course to pursue, and ex-  
pressed their determination to remain out  
until the master tailors granted their de-  
mands. About 1,000 strikers assembled  
on Siegel street and paraded through that  
thoroughfare. They stopped in front of  
several boss tailor shops and tried to in-  
duce those who had not already joined to  
come out. They were generally success-  
ful. There was some rioting yesterday,  
and several non-unionists were severely  
beaten.

**Many Governors to Meet.**

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Chica-  
mauga park commission has received  
notice of the contemplated attendance of  
twenty governors of the states with their  
staffs at the dedication Sept. 18, 19 and 20.  
Most of these will be accompanied be-  
sides by leading elective officers of the  
state governments and representatives of  
the legislatures. The state commissions  
of twenty-six states are also expected. The  
twenty-governors concerning which this  
information has been received are Massa-  
chusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Ver-  
mont, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio,  
Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota,  
Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Mississippi,  
Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee  
and South Carolina.

**Advance in Welsh Tinworkers' Wages.**