EVENING HERALD

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Evening Herald.

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1895.

THE Gilkeson-Quay fight is now assuming a shape that seems to leave Quay a walk over.

IF the pumping station at Davis' Run proves as effective when in full operation as it looks the people of Shenandoah will be justified in placing great pride in it. It is certainly a very pretty plant.

THE approaching Republican state delegate elections are not stirring up much wind. But they may be like a smouldering fire and break out in a great blaze a few days before the day of battle arrives.

WHEN the HERALD reported several weeks ago that the people of Girardville were making soundings for a water works plant Becker's Item contradicted the report and said the people had dropped such ideas. It now appears that the HERALD was right, as the borough has secured an option for a site for a reservoir at Gordon. Friend Becker should keep better posted on home events.

IT seems paradoxical to all see liquor dealers league appealing for a strict enforcement of the Brook's high license law. The members of the league can bring about a compliance without any trouble. If they obey the law, dealers who are not members will be afraid to violate it. It is hoped special attention will be given dealers who sell liquor to children.

"My Sweatheart of Years Ago,"
is a beautiful waltz song and chorus. Published for Piano and voice, also Mandolin and Guitar; Mandolin and Piano, Full Band and Orchestra. By way of introduction, either of the arrangements will be mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in stamps when ordered direct from ISAAC DOLES, (Pub.,) Indianapolis, Ind. Regular price, 50 cents each. 7-30-1t

A Large Waist
Is not generally considered a necessary adjunct to the grace, beauty or symmetry of the womanly form. Within the body, however, is a great waste made necessary according to the condition of things—continually in process and requiring the perfect action of all bodily functions to absorb or dispel the refuse. When there is irregularity or inaction, ladies who value a clean, pure, healthy body will take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—the only remedy for woman which being once used is always in favor.

To those about to become mothers, it is a priceless boon, for it lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens labor, promotes an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child and shortens the period of confinement.

Dr. Pierce's pellets cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache, indigestion, or dyspepsia, and kindred diseases.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded. This Company puts up

A cure for every disease

SILVER DEBATE ENDED.

Final Utterances in the Great Financial Controversy.

OUR NATION'S SILVER PRODUCT.

Both Disputants Agree That It Is Small in Comparison with the Wealth of the World — Mr. Horr Says Free Silver Would Drive Gold from the Land.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The last day of the Horr-Harvey debate opened yesterday afternoon. The day's attack was directed at the question of the feasibility of independent action by the United States for the remonetization of silver and its free and unlimited coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1 with gold, regardless of the acts of other nations, Mr. Harvey arguing for such action, Mr. Horr against it.

Mr. Harvey presented a table showing the coinage of gold and silver from 1792 to 1873. He did this to show that silver did not seek the mints for the first fifty years of the nation's existence, and that silver did not from that time till 1873.

Mr. Horr declared it was useless to try and fix the relative value of any two substances by legislation. The law of supply and demand stepped in there, and the history of the world's legislation showed that it was impossible to maintain a fixed ratio between the precious metals.

Mr. Harvey said that gold was irregularly produced and was hoarded by the few rich. Silver, on the contrary, when more valuable than gold, was hoarded by the mass of the people, thereby conferring a general benefit. It was for this reason that silver had been a more stable metal in the past than gold.

Referring to Mr. Harvey's statement that the remonetization of silver would

WILLIAM H. HARVEY.

reduce debts by one-half, Mr. Horr said that by far the largest part of the debts in the United States were less than one year old. The short time debts were contracted under the exporting gold basis, and to reduce them one-half would be to repudiate that one-half.

Mr. Harvey said the gold advocates feared that debts contracted in gold would be paid in silver, and the man who had stipulated to pay in gold would have to buy it at a premium. This was fallacious. If at the next general election a bimetallic congress should be elected, the rubicon would be passed the next day. Silver would at once begin to appreciate and gold to depreciate, but it would be at a parity before the meeting of congress.

Mr. Horr said that the savings bank depositors had $1,712,000,000 on deposit, which it was proposed to cut in two. Building and loan associations had 1,725,000 depositors, with an aggregate of $525,832,000 due them. In addition to these were the trust companies, life insurance companies and state banks, all of which were to be allowed to pay in depreciate money. All of this for the benefit of 20,000 silver men. Why, their output was not worth half as much as the eggs yearly laid by the hens of the United States, and was about equal in value to the peanut crop. But the worst feature, he asserted, would be the destruction of all credit. It would bring about the worst panic the nation ever saw.

Mr. Harvey thanked Mr. Horr for the illustration as to the small amount of silver in the United States. That was the claim of the silver men. There was no danger but that the demands would soon absorb it. The nation could take all the silver which nations of the world would bring to us in exchange for products in a single year.

ROSWELL G. HORR.

Mr. Horr, in turn, said he spoke before not of the quality of silver in the country in comparison with eggs, but of the annual output of silver. There was a considerable difference in the staying qualities of silver and of eggs.

The trouble, Mr. Horr declared, was that with free silver coinage gold would leave the country and our business would be on a basis different from the rest of the world.

Mr. Harvey declared he was in favor of independent action by this country because it would right a great wrong.

Mr. Horr then proceeded to argue in behalf of the single standard of money, saying that the stability was its chief merit, and a stable measure could not be maintained with two standards. Gold, he said, was the standard of the world, and has come to stay.

Turning to Mr. Harvey, Mr. Horr said he wanted to reciprocate the courtesy of Mr. Harvey in presenting him (Mr. Horr) with a silver dollar. Mr. Horr said he proposed to present Mr. Harvey with two coins of different metals, because Mr. Harvey was a bimetallist. Mr. Horr then handed over two Chinese coins, one of silver worth twenty cents, and one of copper worth one mill, and proceeded to say that the nation which struck these coins had a silver standard. Its laborers were paid $2 per month; its people did not ride in carriages; its civilization had gone to sleep. The silver coin presented him by Mr. Harvey was struck by a progressive nation. It did very well then, but the growth of civilization and commerce had since demanded a change in the standard. That standard should be gold.

Mr. Harvey, rising for his closing address, said he accepted the present from Mr. Horr of the Chinese coins. He objected, however, to the references of Mr. Horr to the silver coin. The United States was the chief producer of silver. Until 1873 it was the most sacred metal of our coinage. It was the measures of all values. In 1873 it was struck down, as Cæsar was, by the dagger of an assassin.

In closing Mr. Harvey denounced the president's foreign policy and financial policy, and declared that the friends of silver were fighting the battle of the people of the world. He declared that a second declaration of independence in the United States was needed.

It should be said that the attendance at the sessions of the discussion was by card only, and was limited to the capacity of the hall, which was about 200. This space was generally fully occupied.

Mr. Rockefeller's General Denial.

CLEVELAND, July 30.—The answer of John D. Rockefeller, who was garnisheed in the of $425,000 several weeks ago by the American Steel Barge company, was filed in the common pleas court yesterday. The defendant claims that he did not at the time of the service have any money belonging to Alfred or Leonidas Merritt, nor was he indebted to them in any sum whatever. It will be remembered that the Merritts recovered a judgment for almost $1,000,000 against Mr. Rockefeller in the Minnesota courts, and as soon as the judgment was rendered the barge company, who claimed that the brothers owed them $425,000, garnisheed Mr. Rockefeller.

Says She Was Hypnotized.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 30.—Dolly Agnew, the young woman confined in the county jail on a charge of larceny, only one of many similar previous escapades, has made the startling claim that she is subject to hypnotic influence. She claims that William Woodward forced her to steal in spite of herself. When she is released here she will be taken to Tacoma to answer charges of wholesale thievery from lodging houses, hotels, etc., and her friends will endeavor to show in defense that the young woman's criminal career of the past two years is due to the peculiar power exercised over her by Woodward, her accomplice in some of the robberies.

The Cunarder Aurania Detained.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Cunard line steamer Aurania, which sailed from Liverpool July 20 and Queenstown July 21, and was due at this port on Sunday, has been sighted by three vessels, two of which she signalled that her machinery was disabled. On July 27 the Aurania was spoken by the North German Lloyd steamer Saale. Captain McKay reported a light defect of the engine. Repairs were being made, and he hoped soon to be able to resume his voyage. What the nature of the damage was Captain Maller was unable to ascertain, but it was not serious.

BODICES AND HATS.

Silk Crepons With Oriental Designs—Poppies, Roses and Bluets.

Bodices continue to be highly fantastic, in strong contrast with the severe simplicity of the overfull skirts, few of which have any trimming whatever. Many bodices are different both in color and material from the skirt and sleeves, silk or velvet being favorites for this purpose in the brightest colors.

A new material for theater jackets, tea gowns, blouses and bodices is a silk crepon printed with designs principally oriental. The effect is as of hand painting on crinkled gauze, and the hang of the fabric is quite perfect, soft, graceful and artistic. There is a great future for this new fabric, and we may expect to see much of it.

Blouses made of white chiffon over white silk are exceedingly pretty for evening

CAPOTE.

wear. Plain chiffon is preferable to the embroidered sort as being more delicate looking.

Poppies and roses are succeeding violets among fashionable millinery flowers, as the latter have been so universally worn that they have lost all individuality, not to say novelty. Large bluets are also among the newest blossoms produced by the artificial flower maker.

Large meshed veiling is now worn by the majority of women as being more becoming to the complexion than the fine nets formerly popular.

Some of the prettiest summer capes are those made of cloth having an all over pattern of cut embroidery. These are made exceedingly full and have a silk lining of a contrasting color, and sometimes a frill or fine plaiting of silk matching the cloth is added around the edge. A full ruche of ribbon covers the collar.

A great deal of ornamentation is employed for some of the bouffant summer sleeves, shirring, tucks and plaited frills giving an elaborate effect to the already large balloon.

The sketch shows a dress bonnet of coarse russet straw, with sprays of mauve dahlias, with their foliage, at the back and front. On the right side is placed an aigret of ivory lace, while on the left a dahlia is arranged to fall upon the hair.

Nerves
Are like Fire.
They are
Good Servants
But make
Poor Masters
To keep your Nerves steady,
Your Head clear,
Build up your Strength,
Sharpen your Appetite,
You must have
Pure Rich Blood
The Best Medicine to Vitalize and Enrich the Blood, is
Hood's Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier
Prominently in the Public Eye.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

Gilmore's Aromatic Wine

A tonic for ladies. If you are suffering from weakness, and feel exhausted and nervous; are getting thin and all run down, Gilmore's Aromatic Wine will bring roses to your cheeks and restore you to flesh and plumpness. Mothers, use it for your daughters. It is the best regulator and corrector for all ailments peculiar to womanhood. It promotes digestion, enriches the blood and gives lasting strength. Sold by

A. Wasley,
106 N. Main Street,
Shenandoah, Pa.

After All Others Fail
CONSULT THE FAMOUS SPECIALIST **Dr. Lobb,**
329 N. 15th St. Below Callowhill, Philadelphia.

To secure a positive and permanent cure of Errors of Youth and Loss of Manhood and of all diseases of the Blood, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin and Nervous System consult at once Dr. Lobb. He guarantees in all cases caused by Excesses, Imprudence or Inheritance to restore to Health and Strength by building up the shattered nervous system and adding new life and energy to the broken down constitution. Consultation and examinations free and strictly confidential. Office hours, daily and Sunday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. and 6 to 9 evenings. Read his book on errors of Youth and obscure diseases of both sexes. Sent free.

THE MILD POWER CURES
Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for nearly half a century by the people with entire success.

SPECIFIC FOR
1—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations..
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic....
3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo..
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods...
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..
15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.
20—Whooping Cough.....
27—Kidney Diseases .....
28—Nervous Debility.....
30—Urinary Weakness.....
34—Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria....

"77" for HAY FEVER

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1., (may be assorted, except 28, $1. size only. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (Enlarged & Revised), MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.—A good girl of experience for general housework. Apply at the HERALD office. 7-4-1w

BAKER.—Situation wanted. Steady situation as first or second hand by a sober, industrious and experienced young man. Address "J. F. T.," care of HERALD office, Shenandoah, Pa. tf

FOR SALE.—Three double dwellings, situate in best part of Mt. Carmel, will be sold, single or as a whole. One of the best paying properties in town. Address L. S. Watters, Mt. Carmel, Pa. tf

FOR SALE.—A large book case. Can be bought on reasonable terms. Apply at the HERALD office. tf

ESTRAYED.—From the premises of Anthony Siragis, 13 North West street, a white and black cow, with short tail and one turned horn. Left about one week ago. A suitable reward will be paid for its return. 7-29-1w

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Lawson and P. A. Cherrington, under the firm name of Cherrington Bros., has this day been mutually dissolved, the former having withdrawn from the firm. All moneys due the firm are to be paid to P. A. Cherrington.
LAWSON CHERRINGTON,
P. A. CHERRINGTON.
Shenandoah, Pa., July 25, 1895.

PROPOSALS.—Proposals will be received by the School Board of Shenandoah, Pa., until 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, August 7th, for the laying of a flag stone and tar pavement on the north, east and south sides of the Jardin street school building. The flag stones must not be less than 5 feet long and 4 feet wide, and the thickness must be given. Prices must be given on both blue and red flagstones per square foot; also on the tar pavement per square foot. It will require 800 feet of flagstone and 800 feet of tar pavement, more or less. A bond of one-half of the total cost of contract must be furnished, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the work, and said work must be completed within 30 days after the contract is awarded, or the bond will be forfeited. All bids must be marked, sealed and sent to the secretary of the School Board. The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved by the board.
BUILDING COMMITTEE.
Shenandoah, Pa., July 27th, 1895 j27,30,a1,3,5,6

AN AERONAUT'S PLAN.

He Will Start for the North Pole in a Monster Balloon.

EMINENT SCIENTIST INTERESTED.

Dr. Elkholm, the Swedish Meteorologist, Will Accompany M. Andree in His Bold Enterprise, and Predicts Its Success—The Expedition Will Start Next July.

LONDON, July 30.—The session of the international geographical congress was occupied with the discussion of polar explorations. Dr. Neumayer and Mr. Joseph Hooker, a survivor of the Artic expedition headed by Sir John Ross, 1829-33, urged that fresh expeditions be equipped, and Dr. Murray, leader of the Challenger expedition, argued in behalf of the theory that the Antarctic continent was not a succession of volcanic islands and that investigations in the Antarctic ocean ought to be undertaken by the navies of the world and not as a result of private enterprise. A committee was appointed to draft a resolution in favor of further explorations.

Most of the interest of the day centered in a paper read by M. S. A. Andree, proposing a balloon route to the north pole. The idea seemed as feasible as proposed by the explorer. The only difficulty appeared to be how to make sufficient gas for the balloon. Then, again, prominent geographists seemed to think the proposal would fail without the use of boats, with much provisions, to rely upon in case of accident. The general impression of the congress, however, was that the proposal was lacking in practical application.

M. Andree has secured the sanction of the Swedish Scientific society to his balloon project, and has received a liberal donation to help defray expenses from King Oscar of Sweden. Sufficient funds have, in fact, been obtained, and the attempt is assured, but M. Andree naturally desired the approval of so authoritative a body as the international geographical congress. He explained that M. Yon, of Paris, has entered into a contract to make the machine of double silk, of which about 5,500 cubic meters will be required, the cost being £2,200. The balloon is to be capable of carrying three persons, with the necessary instruments and ballast and four months' provisions. It will be sufficiently gas tight to hover in the air for thirty days at a height of 250 meters.

M. Andree calculates that 1,700 to 1,800 cylinders filled with gas, under a pressure of 100 to 200 atmospheres, will be required for the expedition, in order to refill the balloon from time to time. He believes he will be able to guide the machine by a system of sails and ropes, acting as a brake in case of need by dragging on the earth. The car is to be spacious enough to contain a sledge, a sailing boat, several weapons, with ammunition, and a photographic camera.

Early next spring it is proposed to erect a balloon house, and after filling the balloon to start on the aerial voyage for the pole in July, with a fresh south or nearly south wind. The duration of the voyage must, of course, largely depend on the strength of the wind. It might possibly last only five or six hours, but M. Andree expects it will take at least forty. Thirty days, he believes, will suffice for cruising about the central polar basin in all directions, and taking a complete survey of it.

The return journey is to be made towards the inhabited parts of North America or northern Siberia. With a wind of average velocity, M. Andree says the balloon can make 19,400 kilometres in thirty days, whereas the distance from Spitzbergen to the Behring straits, via the pole, is only 9,700.

Dr. H. Wichmann, of Gotha, one of the most prominent German geographers, in commenting on the project, says:

The execution of this bold enterprise may, of course, be materially influenced by many unforseen contingencies. The project is by no means a fantastic one, but has been naturally and cautiously worked out in the light of science. This is best proved by the fact that Dr. Elkholm, the eminent meteorologist, who was in charge of the Swedish observatory in Spitzbergen in 1882 to 1883, has announced that he will take part in the expedition, and he predicts entire success.

Last evening Hon. and Mrs. George N. Curzon gave a reception to the International Geographical society at their mansion.

The Weather.

For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, showers; southerly winds, becoming westerly. For District of Columbia and Maryland, slightly warmer; southerly to westerly winds.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Speculation on the Stock Exchange was very active today, and the trading generally strong in tone. Closing bids:

Del. & Hudson	130⅝	N. Y. Central	101¾
D., L. & W.	—	N. Y. & N. E.	55½
Erie	19⅝	Pennsylvania	54⅝
Lake Erie & W.	27½	Reading	18
Lehigh Nav	46⅝	St. Paul	71⅝
Lehigh Valley	38	W. N. Y. & Pa.	4¼
New Jersey Cen.	16⅝	West Shore	105½

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—Flour firm; winter superfine, $2.50@2.65; winter extras, $2.70@2.90; No. 2 winter family, $2.90@3.10; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.15@3.50; Pennsylvania roller, straight, $3.40@3.70; western winter, clear, $3.20@3.50. Wheat strong, higher, with 74c. bid and 74¼c. asked for July. Corn dull, firmer, with 48⅝c. bid and 48¾c. asked for July. Oats quiet, firmer, with 31½c. bid and 32c. asked for July. Hay firm; choice timothy, $17.50@18. Beef steady. Pork dull. Lard firm; western steam, $6.67½. Butter firm; western dairy, 10@13c.; do. creamery, 12@18c.; do. factory, 8½@18½c.; Elgins, 18c.; imitation creamery, 11@14c.; New York dairy, 11@17c.; do. creamery, 17½@18c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, fancy, 20c.; exceptional lots higher; do. fair to choice, 17@19c.; prints jobbing at 21@24c. Cheese quiet; New York large, 5¾@7¾c.; small fancy, 6½@8¼c.; part skims, 2@5½c.; full skims, 1½@1¾c. Eggs quiet; New York and Pennsylvania, 13½@14½c.; western fresh, 12@13½c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Steers higher; corn and grass fed, poor to prime, $3.75@5.50; Texans, $3.50@3.85; common to choice stillers, $4.10@4.70; stags and oxen, $2.75@3; bulls, $1.50@4; dry cows, $1.25@2.75. Calves active, higher; poor to prime veals, $4@6.50; grassers and buttermilk calves, $2.75@3.37½. Sheep in fair demand; lambs active, higher; poor to prime sheep, $3@3.87½; common to strictly choice lambs, $3.87½@6. Hogs steady at $5.25@5.50.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., July 29.—Cattle steady; prime, $5.40@5.50; butchers, $4.20@4.40; bulls, cows and stags, $1.75@3.40. Hogs steady; light grades, $4.50@5.55; fair, $5.30@5.50; roughs, $3.50@4.40. Sheep and lambs strong at Saturday's prices.

BABY HUMOURS
Instantly Relieved
And Speedily Cured by
Cuticura
WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS
A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, (ointment), will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent cure of the most distressing of itching and burning skin and scalp diseases, after all other methods fail.
Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 1, King Edward-st., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

Pennsylvania R. R.

SCHUYLKILL DIVISION.

July 6th 1895.

Trains will leave Shenandoah after the above date for Wiggans, Gilberton Frackville, New Castle, St. Clair, Pottsville, Hamburg, Reading, Pottstown, Phœnixville Norristown, and Philadelphia (Broad street station) 6 08 and 11 45 a. m. and 4 15 p. m. on week days. For Pottsville and intermediate stations 9 10 a. m.

SUNDAY.

For Wiggan's, Gilberton, Frackville, New Castle, St. Clair, Pottsville at 6 08, 9 40 a. m. and 3 10 p. m. For Hamburg, Reading, Pottstown, Phœnixville, Norristown, Philadelphia at 6 00, 9 40 a. m., 3 10 p. m.

Trains leave Frackville for Shenandoah at 10 40 a. m. and 12 04, 5 04 7 42 and 10 27 p. m. Sunday 11 13 a. m. and 5 40 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah at 10 15, 11 48 a. m. and 4 40, 7 15 and 10 00 p. m. Sunday at 10 40 a. m., 5 15 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia (Broad street station) for Shenandoah at 5 57 and 8 35 a. m., 4 10 and 7 11 p. m. week days. Sundays leave at 6 50 a. m.

Leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, for New York. Express, week-days, 3 20, 4 05, 4 50, 5 15, 6 50, 7 33, 8 20, 9 50, 10 30 (Dining Car) 11 00, 11 14, a. m., 12 noon, 12 35 (Limited) 1 00 and 4 22 p. m. Dining Cars) 1 40, 2 30 (Dining Car), 3 20, 4 00, 5 00, 5 50 (Dining Car), 6 00, 6 50, 8 12, 10 00, p. m., 12 01 night. Sundays, 3 20, 4 05, 4 50, 5 15, 8 12, 9 50, 10 30 (Dining Car), 11 03 a. m., 12 35, 2 30 (Dining Car), 4 00 (Limited 4 22), 5 20, 5 56, (Dining Car), 6 35, 6 50, 8 12, 10 00 p. m., 12 01 night.

Express for Boston, without change, 11 00 a. m., week-days, and 6 50 p. m. daily.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

For Baltimore and Washington 3 50, 7 20, 8 31, 9 10, 10 20, 11 18, 11 38 a. m. (12 31 Limited Dining Car), 1 12, 3 46, 4 41, (5 16 Congressional Limited, Dining Car), 6 17, 6 55, (Dining Car), 7 40 (Dining Car) p. m., and 12 05 night week-days. Sundays 3 50, 7 20, 9 10, 11 18, 11 38, a. m., 1 12, 4 41, 6 55, (Dining Car), 7 40 p. m. (Dining Car), and 12 05 night.

Leave Market Street Ferry, Philadelphia,

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Express 5 00, 8 20 9 30 a. m., 1 00 (Saturday only), 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 20, 500 5 40, p. m. week-days. Sundays, Express, 6 00 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 900, 9 45 a. m. 4 30, p. m. Excursion, 7 00, a. m. daily.

FOR CAPE MAY, ANGLESEA, WILDWOOD, AND HOLLY BEACH.—Express, 8 00, 9 00 a. m. 2 30, 4 05, 5 00, p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8 20, a. m. Cape May only 1 30 p. m. Saturdays. Excursion, 7 00, a. m. daily.

FOR SEA ISLE CITY, OCEAN CITY AND AVALON.—Express, 9 10 a. m., 2 30, 4 20 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8 50 a. m. Excursion, 7 00, a. m. daily.

FOR SOMMERS POINT.—Express, 8 20, 9 30, a. m., 2 00, 3 00, 4 00 5 40, p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8 00, 9 00, 9 45, a. m.

A. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass'g'r Agt.

Lauer's
Lager and Pilsner Beers,
Finest, Purest, Healthiest.
Chris. Schmidt, Agent
207 West Coal Street, Shenandoah.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Atlantic City's Favorite Summer Resort.
THE BRADY HOUSE.
Location South Arkansas avenue, Atlantic City, N. J., near the ocean; rooms airy and pleasant; handsomely furnished; good board; large garden and lawn. Send for circular. Rates moderate. P. O. Box 207.
JAMES BRADY.

The Schuylkill Valley Cottage
Owned by Peter Griffiths, Girardville.
122 SOUTH MISSISSIPPI AVENUE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Two and one-half squares from P. & R. station half square from beach. Repainted, repapered and refurnished. Everything complete for convenience of patrons. MRS. M. A. GRIFFIN, Proprietress