

EVENING HERALD

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THE EVENING HERALD,
Shenandoah, Penna.

Evening Herald

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1895.

TREASURY crisis appear to be gone for
good. For this relief business will re-
turn thanks.

THE Forestry exhibit at the Cotton
States and International Exposition at
Atlanta, Ga., will be very complete. The
forest resources will be shown, aside from
maps and charts, and other graphic illus-
trations, as their amount and distribu-
tion, by a series of twenty monographic
displays, showing each one of the econom-
ically important tree species, which
form the bulk of the lumber production
of the South. Here will be seen, in
monster frames, made of the trees them-
selves, a full description of the tree, in its
foliage and fruit, its timber, its range of
distribution, and all information desir-
able regarding the nature of the wood
and its application in the arts.

It is possible that no other item, in all
the wide range and variety of national
affairs, is as important as the steady in-
crease in imports of manufactured arti-
cles, and especially of dry goods. Each
week and each month the returns show a
change which is relatively large. But
most readers do not notice these returns,
or grow familiarized by habit with an
increase the effect of which is not entirely
realized. It may help to comprehend
the situation if it is stated that for ten
weeks the increase in importations of
dry goods alone has been at the rate of
\$84,000,000 a year at New York and in
January and February the increase in all
dutiable imports was at the rate of \$170-
000,000 a year. Whoever stops to consider
how that increased indebtedness is to be
paid, will perceive that the matter is of
the utmost importance.

THE Democratic tariff policy of
"perfidy" and "dishonor" is fast exerting
its malign influence. According to Govern-
ment statistics for the three months
ended on Dec. 31, 1894, the United States
is now buying merchandise from abroad
at the rate of \$85,000,000 a year in excess
of last year. The Federal census shows
that the average wages in manufactures
in this country in 1890 was substantially
\$485 per annum. As the value of the pro-
ducts of labor is made up almost ex-
clusively of wages, this increase in
imports means that the jobs of over 175-
000 Americans have been directly handed
over to workers on the other side of the
ocean. Reckoning five persons to a family,
this transfer of employment means that
nearly one million people in the United
States have been deprived of support for
the benefit of foreign manufacturers and
laborers.

THE bill introduced into the Illinois
Legislature to tax bachelors who have at-
tained the age of 32 years and over, and
proceeds to go to the establishment of an
old maid's home, is a measure of retribu-
tive justice and one which is likely to
have a powerful support. In its behalf
will of course be arrayed all the women
unmarried and single, because those who
have made a match themselves are only
less interested in making another for
some dear female friend. Again, there
will be the married men who are doing
their full duty in cherishing and support-
ing some good woman and who will see
no good reason why their selfish man-
brother should not do likewise, especially
if they have a lot of marriageable daugh-
ters with poor prospects of matrimony
under the present dispensation. But,
seriously speaking, the woman who gets
a husband by reason only of legislation
will get a very poor bargain. The man
who gets married merely to save taxes
will not be a desirable person to have
around the house. The woman, however,
have a higher and better remedy for
bachelorhood than any law could give
them. Let them cultivate such high
qualities and such wisdomsness that
even the most timid man will be inspired
with courage to strive to capture them,
and the most sordid will prize their affec-
tion above all wealth or pleasure, and
then there will be no need of any old
maids, homes, and consequently no neces-
sity for any tax on bachelors to support
such.

VENEZUELA DEFIANT.

She Grants to Americans Territory
Claimed by England.

ANOTHER DIPLOMATIC SNARL.

Should Great Britain Attempt to Prevent
the Operation of the Concession Uncle
Sam May be Obligated to Twist the British
Lion's Tail.

FARIBAULT, Minn., April 3.—Donald
Grant, a wealthy contractor of this city;
W. H. Fisher, late manager of the Du-
futh and Winnipeg railroad, and J. A.
Bowman, a Grand Rapids (Minn.), banker,
have just returned from Venezuela, where
they obtained a concession of land at the
mouth of the Orinoco running 125 miles
south and from 31. on to fifty miles east-
and-west. It is rich in minerals, mahog-
ny, rosewood and dye woods. They also
have the right to mine asphalt on a small
island near Trinidad. The syndicate will
invest a good deal of capital in working
the concession, and Mr. Fisher is to be
the manager.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—There is a great
deal more in the news from Faribault
of the grant of a concession by Venezuela
at the mouth of the Orinoco than indicated
in the dispatch. This concession may be-
come more or less famous in the history of
the diplomacy of the United States and
Great Britain. The concession is well
calculated to bring to an acute stage the
most troublesome diplomatic question be-
fore the state department, and one which,
as stated heretofore, has caused the ad-
ministration more real concern than the
Allinca affair, the late Guatemalan-Mex-
ican dispute and other international epi-
sodes.

The concession is in the heart of the ter-
ritory long in dispute between Venezuela
and Great Britain, and Ambassador Bayard
for some time has vainly striven, in
accordance with a resolution recently
adopted by congress, to persuade Great
Britain to submit the whole dispute to ar-
bitration, Great Britain being willing to
arbitrate only beyond what is known as
the Schomburgk line. There have been in-
formations that the administration, in the
event of a physical conflict over the dis-
puted lands, might deem it necessary in
the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine
to follow up the moral aid it has tendered
Venezuela with more substantial and pre-
sented assistance. The fact that citizens of
the United States, by this concession, are
about to speak, between Great Britain
and the United States, considerably in-
creases the measure of this country's re-
sponsibility.

Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister
at Washington, when seen concerning the
Faribault paragraph, said that he had
no official confirmation of the grant of the
concession, but added that he does not
doubt its correctness, as it is in line with
reports that such concessions would be
made.

The land included in the concession, he
said, is the vital point of conflict between
Great Britain and Venezuela. The Orinoco
is the great commercial artery of South
America, running far inland, through
Venezuela, Brazil and other countries.
Whoever controls the mouth of the river,
Minister Andrade said, will control this
great commerce. Great Britain has taken
possession of Punta Barina, at the mouth,
which is to the Orinoco what the Island of
Gibraltar is to the Mediterranean. She
has also equipped a naval station on Trin-
idad Island, just off the mouth. Her
claims embrace both banks of the stream
at the mouth. It is part of this important
strategic territory that Venezuela now
grants the United States citizens. The
concessions near Trinidad Island is be-
lieved to be the Island of Palos. It is very
near to the British naval station, and par-
ticularly rich in asphalt.

The present concession is the most em-
phatic declaration of ownership Venezuela
has made since 1854. In that year a con-
cession was made to Messrs. Fitzgerald and
Turball, citizens of the United States,
of part of this Orinoco territory. It was
about to be operated by a United States
company known as the Manoa company,
when Great Britain entered such an em-
phatic protest that Venezuela cancelled
the concession. Since then the conflict
between Great Britain and Venezuela has
been waged through diplomatic chan-
nels. Now Venezuela reasserts her rights,
and turns them over to United States citi-
zens. The interesting question thus arises
whether Great Britain will endeavor to
prevent the United States syndicate from
operating its concession.

Written Ballots Must be Counted.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 3.—The su-
preme court of Illinois handed down an
opinion in the celebrated case of Sanner
versus Patton, in which the court holds
that a voter has a legal right to write the
names of candidates upon a ballot, and
such ballot must be counted.

REV. I. W. HILL.

Pastor Methodist Church, Accord, N. Y.,
Says Cancerous Diseases Can
be Cured.

ACCORD, N. Y.—Under the old school
method it was believed that any disease
of cancerous growth could never be cured.
The surgeon's knife was resorted to, but
the old trouble was sure to break out
again.

Since the discovery of Dr. Kennedy's
Favorite Remedy, all this has been
changed—the action of Favorite Remedy
upon the system leaves no trace of poison
in the blood, the seeds of disease are ex-
pelled and lost health restored.

A notable case of the efficacy of Dr.
David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is that
of the Rev. I. W. Hill, of this town. Some
years ago he was suffering with a
cancer of long standing, on his lip, and
finally concluded to have it removed. In
speaking of his case, Pastor Hill said:
"About three weeks previous to having
the operation performed, I purchased Dr.
David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and
continued taking it for some time after
the cancer was removed. Ten long years
have passed since then and no trace of the
ugly thing has returned. I speak with
knowledge in the highest terms of Dr.
Kennedy's Favorite Remedy as being
able to cure the troubles for which it is
prepared."

One of our local physicians said, in ex-
plaining the demand for Dr. Kennedy's
Favorite Remedy: "It acts as a nerve
and blood food, and to my knowledge it
has made many permanent cures of Ner-
vous debility, sleeplessness, dyspepsia,
rheumatism and of the sickness peculiar
to women, where other treatments have
failed. For headaches, constipation and
the run down condition, one often suffers
with, there is nothing else so good."

Pure Blood

It is absolutely necessary in order to have
good health. The greatest affliction of the
human race is impure blood.

There are about 2400 disorders inci-
dent to the human frame, the large
majority arising from the impure or
poisonous condition of the blood.

The best remedy for all blood dis-
eases is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Its remarkable cures are its loudest
praise. It is not what we say but
what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that
tells the story.

'No remedy has ever had so marked
success, or won such enormous sales.

Scrofula in its severest forms yields
to its potent powers, blood poisoning
and salt rheum and many other diseases
are permanently cured by it. For a
general Spring Medicine to remove
those impurities which have accumu-
lated during the winter, or to overcome
That Tired Feeling, nothing equals

"I wish to say that 3 years ago we had a
beautiful boy born to us. At the age of 11
months he breathed his last, a victim to
impure blood. On Aug. 4, 1891, another
boy was born, who at the age of two
months became afflicted with the same
disease. We believed the trouble was con-
stitutional, and not common sore mouth.
I procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla
and commenced to give it regularly to
both mother and baby. Improvement be-
gan at once. We have succeeded in eradica-
ting the scrofulous blood from the system
and today we are blessed with a nice, fat
baby boy, 18 months old—the very

Picture of Health,
all life and full of mischief—thanks to
Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am a minister in
the Methodist Protestant church, and it
affords me much pleasure to recommend
Hood's Sarsaparilla to all as a safe, sure
remedy. Even my wife, after taking
Hood's, became healthy and fleshy and has
the bloom of girlhood again." REV. J. M.
PATE, Brookline Station, Missouri.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

DEATH OF EDITOR STONE.

The Veteran Journalist Whose Paper Was
Suspended by President Lincoln.

NEW YORK, April 3.—David M. Stone,
who for forty-four years was editor of the
New York Journal of Commerce, died last
night at his home in Brooklyn. His death
resulted from a complication of heart
troubles, after an illness of about a
month. Mr. Stone was a native of Con-
necticut, and was 77 years of age.

An important event in the history of The
Journal of Commerce was its suppression



DAVID M. STONE.

by the government, in 1864, and the arrest
of some of its editors, for publishing a
proclamation, purporting to have been
issued by President Lincoln, calling for vol-
unteers to serve in the war and appointing
a day for fasting and prayer. The procla-
mation had been left at the newspaper of-
fices about 3 o'clock in the morning, after
the responsible editors had departed. The
government, learning of the mistake, with-
drew the troops from the newspaper office
and the editors were released from prison
and the paper from suspension.

GIANT POWDER EXPLODES.

The Fate of Two Men Imprisoned in a
Mine as Yet Unknown.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., April 3.—One hundred
pounds of giant powder exploded in the
Ohio mine of the United States Mescal
Mining and Milling company late yester-
day afternoon. The mine is located nine
miles from Prescott, and the particulars
are very meager, as the courier left im-
mediately after the explosion to secure medi-
cal aid for the five men who were working
in the drift where the powder was stored.
Three men had been rescued seriously in-
jured, James Newlin, the foreman of the
mine, being the most seriously hurt. The
explosion caused a cave of 100 or more tons
of rock, and whether the other two men
were killed and buried beneath the debris
or in the drift behind the cavern of rock
could not be determined when the mes-
senger left. The miners set at work im-
mediately to remove the rock from the
drift to reach the imprisoned or buried
men.

The Nicaragua Canal Commission.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—It was expected
that the cabinet yesterday would select
the members of the Nicaragua canal com-
mission, but the subject was not consid-
ered at the meeting. Not one of the three
commissioners has yet been selected. Sec-
retary Herbert has recommended the ap-
pointment of Civil Engineer Endicott as
the naval representative, but Secretary
Lamont has not presented the name of an
army engineer, and no determination has
yet been reached as to the "civilian" mem-
ber. It is said at the White House that
the appointments probably will be made
during this week.

Another Big Steel Mill.

LOMAINE, O., April 3.—The fires were
started Monday night in the big steel
mill of the Johnson company, at this
place, the construction of which was be-
gun nine months ago. This was simply a
test of the big furnace which is to convert
pig iron into Bessemer steel. The test
was successful, ten tons of steel being
poured from the blast yesterday. The
machinery will be set in place as soon as
possible.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

Reports from Havana state that the
smallpox has broken out among the Span-
ish troops in that city.

The hundredth ballot for United States
senator was taken at Dover, Del., yester-
day, with the result still unchanged.

A cold wave prevailed in Tennessee yester-
day, and the temperature dropped about
40 degrees. There are indications of frost.

A cyclone swept across Boone county,
Ky., last night. Many houses were un-
roofed and the roads blocked by fallen
trees.

A Berlin cablegram says that the em-
peror of China has instructed Li Hung
Chang to ask an audience of the mikado,
and to thank him for granting the armis-
tice.

An Armistice Until April 20.

SHIMONOSEKI, April 1.—Koyama Rokun-
osuki, the young Japanese who attempted
to assassinate Li Hung Chang, has been
sentenced to penal servitude for life. The
armistice established by order of the
mikado extends to April 20, but it will
terminate if the peace negotiations are
broken in the meantime. According to
the terms of the armistice the movement
of troops and the transportation of con-
traband of war by sea is forbidden. The
new distribution of troops not intended
to augment the armies in the field is
allowed.

Will Report in Favor of Turney.

NASHVILLE, April 1.—The investigation
into the charges and counter charges of
fraud in connection with the gubernator-
ial election has progressed so far that it
is possible to make an estimate of what
the result will be. The committee will
report a majority of between 4,000 and 6,000
votes in favor of Turney, Democrat and
hold over, whereas the face of the returns
gave Evans, Republican, a majority of 700.

A Maryland Forest Fire.

BALTIMORE, April 3.—A destructive
forest fire has been raging in Anne Arundel
county, Md., since Sunday. Beginning at
Marley bridge, which spans Marley creek,
the flames swept over 600 acres of timber
land belonging to the Curtis Creek Mining
and Manufacturing company and Thomas
A. Crowell and Osborne P. Humphrey.
No buildings of importance have been
burned, although the town of Glen Burnie
was threatened. The residents and a for-
tunate change of wind saved the village
from destruction.

Mexico-Guatemalan War Averted.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 3.—The Guate-
malan boundary question is settled. Presi-
dent Diaz has formally signed with the
Guatemalan ministry the official docu-
ment which prevented the threatened open
rupture between the two countries, and
congratulations are heard on all sides for
the stand taken by the president, Foreign
Minister Mariscal and Mexicans gener-
ally at a time full of danger and menace to
the nation's safety and dignity.

Big Sugar Refinery Shuts Down.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The Havemeyer &
Elder sugar refinery in Brooklyn has
closed down temporarily. Secretary
Scourie, of the American Sugar Refining
company, would not state the reasons, but
it is given out from reliable sources that
the shutdown was due to overproduction
and stagnation in the trade. It was also
stated that other refineries in the com-
pany would follow suit for the same reasons.

Anti-Semite Gains in Austria.

LONDON, April 3.—Special dispatches
from Vienna all dilate upon the alarm
caused by the victory of the Anti-Semites
in the municipal election, they having
gained a dozen seats from the Liberals.
The result of the election had a depressing
effect on the boers, as it is supposed that
the Anti-Semite gains herald similar vic-
tories in the elections for members of the
reichsrath and provincial diets.

Hovas Expel French Merchants.

BERLIN, April 3.—The Tageblatt pub-
lishes a telegram stating that the Hovas,
the ruling tribes of Madagascar, have ex-
pelled the French merchants from Maro-
hava. The French squadron, co-operating
with the land forces, has captured Maro-
voay, Lisipica, Mahambo and Beiziboka.
The Hova commander-in-chief was killed.
There were no casualties among the
French forces.

Trolley Collision Near Gloucester.

GLoucester, N. J., April 3.—Two trol-
ley cars of the Camden, Gloucester and
Woodbury railway collided at the entrance
to Newton creek bridge yesterday. The
cars were badly smashed and several pas-
sengers injured. D. W. Pierce, of Cramer
Hill, had an arm broken, and the others
received less serious injuries.

The Presidential Family at Woodley.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The president's
family left the White House after lunch-
on yesterday and took up their residence
at Woodley, their suburban place, where
they were joined by the president later in
the afternoon.

New York's Latest Murder Mystery.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mrs. Madira Rob-
inson, who has charge of the ladies' room
in the D. L. and W. railroad station at
Hoboken, called at the morgue yesterday
afternoon and positively identified the
body of the negro woman found murdered
on Sunday as that of a woman who arrived
at the station on Tuesday morning last.
The young woman told Mrs. Robinson
that she, in company with several other
colored girls, had come from Hesterville,
Va., to look for work. She said she had
been sent north by a white man. Super-
intendent Byrnes said he had a number of
clues as to who committed the murder,
but refused to make them public on the
ground that the ends of justice would be
defeated.

SLANDERED GERMAN ROYALTY.

Arrest of the Mysterious Individual for
Whom Count Von Kotze Suffered.

ALBANY, Pa., April 3.—A youth
who was about to join the army has been
arrested here on the charge of being the
author of the series of anonymous com-
promising letters addressed to various
members of the imperial family during
recent years. The evidence against him,
it is said, is conclusive, and it is reported
that he has confessed.

The arrest of this young man brings to
mind the Von Kotze scandal, which fur-
nished gossip for thousands of tongues.
Count Von Kotze was the royal court
chamberlain, and the scandal in which he
was the principal figure shook Berlin so-
ciety to its foundations. His arrest in
June, 1894, was the result of four years of
police investigation. During that period
members of the highest German aristoc-
racy were in receipt of anonymous letters
and postal cards, making vile personal ac-
cusations against them, their relatives or
friends. In a number of cases irrefragable
evidence was obtained.

Some of the recipients of the slanderous
missives placed them in the hands of the
police, and as a result Count Von Kotze
was arrested. He protested his innocence,
although the proof against him was seem-
ingly overwhelming. After his arrest it
was thought that the era of scandalous
anonymous letters had been brought to a
close. It was not, however, and letters
making all sorts of outrageous charges
continued to be received as before. These
last mentioned letters were in the same
handwriting as the previous ones, and fur-
ther inquiries resulted in Von Kotze's in-
nocence being legally established.

Shot Through a Car Window.

ATLANTIC CITY, April 3.—John E.
FANNICE, ex-speaker of the Pennsylvania
house of representatives, was accidentally
shot yesterday afternoon while riding
from Camden to Atlantic City. The shoot-
ing occurred at West Collingswood. John
Richardson, Gilbert Hubert and Robert
Swain, aged respectively 14, 15 and 19
years, were standing on the embankment
next to the railroad shooting birds with
an air gun. When the train approached
Richardson had the gun at his shoulder,
and, according to the story told by him in
jail, the bank of earth on which he was
standing gave way as the train passed, his
arm was jolted and the weapon was dis-
charged. Mr. Fannice was sitting by a
window reading a newspaper, and the
charge entered his neck below the base of
the brain. While the wound is painful it
is not considered dangerous. The boys
who live in Camden, were all arrested.

Alleged Express Thieves Arrested.

JERSEY CITY, April 3.—Herbert C. Har-
ling, aged 25, and Clarence Warbeck, 29,
are under arrest here, charged with rob-
bing the United States Express company.
Both were employes of the company, and
a number of others are implicated. Har-
ling had a systematic method in his in-
vestigations. He would remove the direc-
tions on packages he stole and put on instead
those of the persons who were in league
with him. The latter would dispose of the
plunder and remit to Harling his
share of the proceeds. The stolen articles
were given to Warbeck, who would send
them off by other express companies. The
loss to the company is said to be \$25,000.

His Spotless Reputation Blamed.

FOXBORO, Pa., April 3.—Hon. Elias J.
Hale, judge of probate for Pheasantville
county, who committed suicide by shoot-
ing himself on Thursday last, is now
thought to have been a defaulter to the
amount of \$75,000. Judge Hale had been
trustee for thirty years. Since his
death holders of notes in sums all the way
from \$1,000 to \$10,000 have been presenting
claims, and it appears that he had hired
these sums at different times in the town's
name, but the town books contain no re-
cords of such transactions. Judge Hale
was universally respected and bore a spot-
less reputation. He was not required to
give bond as town trustee until last year.

Get Pure Blood

For it is the basis of health. Not only is the origin of most diseases impure blood, but the first step to a cure in all is to purify the blood. This can be most quickly, thoroughly and gently effected

By Using

the best preparation of that greatest natural blood purifier and tonic—Sarsaparilla. At this season of the year especially, health can most surely be obtained and retained by a thorough course of the one remedy that prevents disease as well as cures it.

DANA'S Sarsaparilla.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.
Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (gratis) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lauer's

Lager and Pilsner Beers

Finest, Purest, Healthiest.

Lauer Bock Beer

On tap at all the leading saloons.

Chris. Schmidt, Agt

207 West Coal St., Shenandoah.

Safe and Reliable Horses to Hire.

SNEDDEN'S LIVERY

Pear Alley, Rear Coffee House. The best rigs in town. Horses taken to board. Hauling promptly attended to.

HARTMAN STEEL PICKET FENCE



Is the cheapest and best fence made. Cheaper than a wooden fence for residences, lawns, cemetery lots or any kind of fencing. M. H. MARTIN, the agency and carries it in stock at the marble and granite works. 127 N. JARDIN ST.

HOTEL KAISER,

CHAR BURCHILL, Prop. North Main St., MAHANOY CITY.

Largest and finest hotel in the region. Finest accommodations. Handsome fixtures. Pool and Billiard Rooms Attached.

JOHN F. CLEARY,

Temperance Drinks. Mineral waters, Welsh beer. Bottler of the finest lager beers.

17 and 19 Peach Alley, Shenandoah, Pa.

THERE is but one

way in the world to be sure of having the best paint, and that is to use only a well-established brand of strictly pure white lead, pure linseed oil, and pure colors.* The

John T. Lewis & Bros.

brand is standard "Old Dutch" process, and is always absolutely

Strictly Pure White Lead

* If you want colored paint, tint this strictly pure lead with National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free.

JOHN T. LEWIS & BROS., CO., Philadelphia.

HUMPHREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures BRUISES, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORN, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures BOILS, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CANKERED BREASTS and SORE N