### EVENING HERALD

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> THE EVENING HERALD. Shenandoah, Peuna.

#### Evening Herald.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1895.

THE country is asking nothing of the present Congress but the passage of the appropriation bills.

As a Presidential possibility, ex-Gov. Pattison is in a state of complete and sider that agriculturists are at all adeeverlasting wiped-outness.

THE whisky trust assets exceed \$38,000,-000 and were evidently not accumulated by trusting anybody for whisky.

THERE were a good many more aspirants for the Mexican mission than for the next Democratic Presidential nomina-

Hit.L's speeches in defense of the Admin istration would be more effective if the country had better reason to credit their sincerity.

CLEVELAND can have a special session of Congress if he wants it, of course, but the country is not hankering for a thing is in not going to the primaries, Mr. of that sind.

THE present Congress will disappear with the unenviable notoriety of having talked more and done less than any other that ever existed.

THE United States marshals in Oklahoma are after Bill Doolin, and there is likely to be a dueling bill to pay if they catch up with him.

first place in the list of blg Republican cities, which is to say that she is politically a larger St. Louis.

to have his former law partner retained

turns has been extended to April 15, but this will not lessen the output of profanity by which they are attended.

dual government in Alabama, but the probability is that such talk on his part line under British auspices, but also go so far as to make over to Great Britain an island in is intended only for advertising pur- the Hawatian group.

THE WAY Congress pushes the appro priation bills these days and neglects everything else furnishes the gratifying assurance that there will be no extra

THE Democrats are hardly to be blamed for opposing the construction of a cable to Hawali, as the news from that country has not generally been of any adwantage to their party.

THE bill to make the lowest rate of pension \$6 per month ought to be passed. Where there is a pensionable disability of any kind, the claimant is certainly entitled to at least that amount.

ernorship proceeds slowly, but with ample assurance that the Democrats are determined to count out the man who received a majority of the votes.

Russia is increasing her forces on the Chinese frontier. The Bear is evidently preparing to grab anything in the Celesgial territorial line he can find any shadow of excuse to lay his paws on.

JEHRY SIMPRON IN going to deliver a series of lectures during the summer to make clear the principles and purposes of the Populist party. Evidently Jerry than a party named Hercules.

IF any proper sense of the fitness of things governs the making of the new bonds, those securities will bear handsomely engraved portraits of Grover Cieveland and John G. Carlisle as a token to the two eminent persons who engineered a financial scheme by which the ciovernment has to pay a higher rate of interest on borrowed money than a private citizen is charged in the same market.

What the flarmer is Up To.

There is one thing the former is dead bent on, Hon Benjamin F. Clayton, president of the Farmers' Mational congress, tells us in The North American ing of his condition financially. He does not care for polities as such in the surrounding towns for Six Cenus partisan sense. He is interested in it precisely to the extent that it will work for or against his material welfare. Small blame to him, too, if his political ideas have crystallized around this center. It shows he is at last learning the doctrines so long practiced with more or less success by his masters, the pol-

Live stock, implements and other farm property amount to nearly \$18,-500,000,000 apart from the land itself. Including the value of the land, agriculture represents 66 per cent of the entire wealth of the nation. To increase this individually and collectively through legislation and through private effort the Farmers' National congress was organized. It is strictly nonpolitical in character, except as by working in a body it seeks to influence national legislation for the good of its members. It has the same number of members as the United States congress, and its delegates hold office two years.

The Farmers' congress does not conquately represented in congress. "The heart of the great agricultural region-Indiana, Illinois and Iowa-has no farmer in either branch of congress," and the other states fare not much better. Mr. Clayton blames the farmer himself for this, since he does not take enough interest in elections to see that candidates friendly to his interests are chosen. Among measures already accomplished in the way of legislation by the Farmers' National congress are the interstate commerce law, the elevation of the secretary of agriculture to be a cabinet officer, the recent movement for irrigation of the arid districts, the pure food law and the laws against contagious diseases among live stock.

The great mistake the farmer makes

#### A Cable to Honolulu.

The Review of Reviews has this to say about an ocean telegraph to connect the United States with Hawaii:

Long before the plan of a cable line from Canada across the Pacific was ever thought of there had been much discussion of a line connecting the Sandwich Islands with California. The United States government has made extensive surveys and soundings in order to discover the best ronte. Ninety per cent of the cover the best ronte. Ninety per cent of the detail business to be transacted over a cable line connecting the islands with North America would probably negratin to the United Actual business to be transacted over a cable line connecting the islands with North America would probably pertain to the United States. The Japanese government has shown some interest in the establishment of a cable line to the United States. The Japanese government has shown some interest in the establishment of a cable line to the United States by way of Hawali, and Japan's new preminence and expansion of policy will unquestionably add very much to this interest. There would seem to be no reason, then, for the sudden abandonment of the long considered plan of a Pacific called from California to Herodulu and thence to Japan, where it would have connection with all parts of Asia. But if the United States should too caparly about the plan of a rable from California to Herodulu and thence to Japan, where it would have connection with all parts of Asia. But if the United States should too caparly about the plan of a rable from New Zealand to the western terminus of the North-American schould form any line, regardless of its proche landing place on the North American schould for the United States. The Japanese government has shown to the United States shown and Japan's new prominence and expansion of policy will unquestionably add very much to the interest in the establishment of a cable from California to Herodulu and Japan's new prominence and expansion of policy will unquestionably add very much to the interest in the United States bown as a fund Japan's new prominence and expansion of policy will unquestionably add very much to the united States shown and Japan's new prominence and expansion of the United States shown and Japan's new prominence and expansion of Hawalit and Japan's new prominence and expansion of the United States shown for Hawalit probably and very much to the United States should device a suid-mandoment of the line of Hawalit probably and very much to the united States have been extended to appropriate to the united States have and Japan's new prominence and expansion of Hawalit probably ser couragement to the

France is wise enough to take plenty of time for her great exposition of 1900. It will be on the site of the one held in 1889, but will take in more ground. offer large prizes to architects for designing suitable buildings. There were architects of the first class. In all America there are not so many native born architects capable of furnishing plans grounds. The largest prizes were of the amount of \$1,200 each, and there are four of these. In all 750 designs were offered, showing again how rich in artistic skill France is. Well, success to the French exposition of 1900. May we all be well enough and rich enough to in the south, still the feeling was upper go to it. Probably by the time it comes THE contest over the Tennessee Gov- of ships will cross the Atlantic in four

It is a pleasant sign of prosperity these hard times to learn that the Match trust has increased its capital and that its dividends are immense. Of course the public that buys its matches has noth ing to my one way or the other and has not a thought given to it in the ter to Mexico. midst of this magnificent piling up of dividends. If, however, it were allowed a word, if it did have a single right in the premises, the public would like to say meekly to the Match trust that it would be eternally grateful if the trust would make at least one match in three that would light and burn. The trust considers himself a great deal bigger man might have the other two and welcome for its additional trouble in the case.

> It was blackmail money that was the matter with the police department of New York city. It is automatic telephone stock that is the matter with the councilmen of Philadelphia. A considerable amount of it disappeared in their direction, and now it seems to be calling

> The difference between the Japanese and Chinese is the difference between honest government and corrupt govern-

ment.

### A CABINET VACANCY.

Postmaster General Bissell Ten- The Whole Truth About the ders His Resignation.

IN HARMONY WITH THE PRESIDENT

The Reasons for His Retirement Wholly Personal-The Rettring Official and the President Talk of Their Cordial Relations Congressman Wilson May Succeed Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Postmaster General Wilson S. Bissell late yesterday after boon placed his resignation as a ber of the cabinet in the hands of Pres ident Cleveland, to be accepted upon the appointment of his successor. Though the rumors of the coming retirement of Mr. Bissell have been rife for some time, the official announcement caused some thing of a sensation. The fact spread rap idly through the hotels and clubs, and the discussion of the chances of congress pass-ing all the appropriation bills quickly gave way to speculation as to who will be

the next postmaster general.

The statements which have been made that a disagreement between the president and Mr. Bissell caused the resignation were known by almost all in official circles to be without the slightest founda-



WILSON & BISSELL

gossip which usually attaches to the re-tirement of a member of a cabinet were entirely lacking in this case, as it was considered by all that only the personal de-sire of Mr. Bissell to resume his lucrative law practice actuated him in taking the step which he did. An Associated Press reporter called on

the postmaster general, and in reply to queries Mr. Bissell said:

"I have placed my resignation in the hands of the president. The reason for so doing is that my professional work as home demands my attention, and I feel that I cannot longer remain away from it.

"The business of the department is in good condition and its transfer to my successor can be made without affecting the public service. I have found my work greeable although at times quite operous confess I leave it with regret, because have become deeply interested in it and had a desire to accomplish something more in the development of the postal service than I have found possible in these two years of effort.

"I deeply regret, also, that I am thus compelled to sever official relations with the president and his cabinet, which have been most satisfactory and cordial through-

"Perhaps, without impropriety, I may between the president and any of his cal-inet have been without foundation. I doubt if ever there was a more harmonion cabinet than the present one, and its mem bers are a unit in support of the president on every public question. Everywhere were heard sincere expres-

sions of regret at Mr. Bissell's retirement At the White House the president said 'It surely is not necessary for me to say that I shall release Mr. Bissell with the utmost regret. All of his associates in the administration will feel that they have lost a colleague who in all respects was a valuable factor in their executive labors. s well as a companion to whom they have become greatly attached. I am no taken by surprise, for I have known for France's first move in the matter was to some time that it was inevitable, because Mr. Bissell's reasons for his action were of a personal nature and were inexorable Still this first break in a cabinet which 108 competitors for the prizes. This has been, in the midst of many perplexing shows how well France is supplied with situations, entirely harmonious, all acceptated by loyal devotion to the public interests and pervaded in a marked degre by the personal attachments which such architects capable of furnishing plans connections cannot fall to create, causes for a World's fair buildings and us all real sorrow. Much gratification awaits Mr. Bissell in the appreciation of his countrymen of his splendid and val uable public service."

Though in the departmental and con-gressional circles the air was filled with the names of possible candidates to succeed Mr. Bissell, from states ranging from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and to Florid most among most of the men in officia life that the president would reward in some way the untiring devotion of Con-gressman William L. Wilson, of West Virginia. And it can be stated that, unless the president changes his mind, Mr. Wilson's name will go to the senate as the successor of Mr. Bissell, and it is more than probable that he will be honored by the senate, as was Senator Ranson days since, when he was appointed minis-

Perhaps no member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet has been a more trusted advisor of the president than has Mr. Bissell. The ident learned his worth as a man of thorough business capacity and adminis trative ability when they were associate as members of the same law firm in Buf-falo. The fast friendship which was then formed remained while Mr. Cleveland suc cessively stepped from the office of mayo of Buffalo to the White House, and when he became president for the second time it was from his personal desire that Mr. Bissell accepted a place in his cabinet.

For Alleged Complicity with Taylor. PIERRE, S. D., Fob. 28.-The city ha been thrown into a fever of excitement by the arrest of Charles T. McCoy for complicity in the defalcation of State Trens-urer W. W. Taylor. Attorney General Crawford swore out the warrant on information furnished by the legislative investigating committee. Conspiracy is also charged against John S. McChesney, of New York, and Daniel K. Tenny and Charles H. Wells, of Chicago, and civil suits will be begun against them.

### SHE TELLS ALL.

Matter Come Out.

All the letils Exactly as They Hap-

And a More Remarkable Thing Never Was Known.

When a woman once make shupther mind to tell the whole truth about a matter, she does so with all her heart, and gives, without reservation or hesitation, all the facts just as they occurred. It is so with Mrs. C. E. Hudson, who resides in Brunswick, Me., from whose lips fell as interesting a story of extraordinary facts, as a newspaper writer ever gleaned for the reading public.

"Last year I was in such a condition that I could not walk or use my hands at all. My husband was obliged to lead me from the bed to the table, and almost carry me, I was so bad off.

"I was taken with the grippe in the form of muscular rheumatism. It took me in the right leg first, and the pain was awful. It was about two years ago that I was taken, and I suffered all the time up to lost fall, when I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve

"I had tried many other kinds of midicines, but steadily grew worse. Last fall I commenced with Nervura. My bones were growing out of shape, and I could not so much as ring out a handkerchief, or stir up a mess of bread, or use my hands at all.

hands at all.

"I took twelve bottles in all. After using the first five bottles I began to gain, and now I call myself well.

"I am so grateful that I have recom-

mended it to many persons and shall continue to do so. It seems almost a miracle to my neighbors and myself, that from being so terribly afflicted as I was lastfall, I should be a well woman to-day, a space of only six months



"For a year and a half I did not get over one and one half hours sleep each night, but after taking the Nervura I began to sleep and as I began to sleep. I began to gain, and after I had gained one hour's sleep more than I had before, I was greatly rejoined.

I was greatly rejoiced.

"My husband has paid out hundreds of dollars for my cure, is each kind of medicine I could name, but nothing helped me until I took Dr. Greene's Nervura

me until I took Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy."
A wonderful story this, and yet every statement is absolutely true. No person ever suffered more than Mrs. Hudson, and no more wonderful cure was ever effected than this marvelous cure by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. If this medicine will cure such a terrible and extraordinary case, it will surely cure anything and everything in the line of rheumatism or neuralgia. How anyone can read about this remarkable cure and not give Dr. Greene's Nersell evers and not give Dr. Greene's Nersell eversell evers and not give Dr. Greene's Nersell eversell everse How anyone can read about this remarkable cure and not give Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy an immediate trial is beyond the comprehension of the writer. In the face of such strong evidence of its curative powers, sufferers who will not at least give it a trial, deserve to continue to suffer. Particularly should it be taken now, as such diseases always yield more quickly and are cured more readily in the spring.

Another reason why this grand medicine can be taken with the utmost confidence, is the fact that its discoverer is our most successful physician in curing nervous and chronic diseases. Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St., New York City, who can be consulted free of charge by all who choose to write him or call upon him.

To Punish Indiana Whitecap

MUNCIE, Ind., Feb. 28.-Judge Behyme nas issued warrants for the arrest of Arthur Schroy, Walter Berry, Elmer Bates and Rolley Wright. This is the outcome of a sensational whitecap attack. Tuesday night at Granville, a small city ten mile northeast, upon Mrs. Amanda Hamflton s widow, aged 35 years, her mother, Mrs Eliza Graham, aged 65 years and feeble and her two sons, Warren and Clay Ham-

Was Lincoln's Law Partner.

Kansas City, Feb. 2s. - General Mason Brayman aged 81 years, ex-governor of Idaho, the oldest Mason in the United lates and former associate in legal prac-ice with Abraham Lincoln, died here yeserday of Bright's disease. The funeral services were held today, and the body will be taken to Ripon, Wis., to be inter red by the side of the deceased's wife.

To Impeach a District Court Judge, Therefor, Feb. 2s.—The house yesterday ofed to impeach Patrick W. Connelly, a layonne district court judge, for falsifying his docket and for committing an aggravated assault upon Lawyer Dewitt Van Huskirk. The resolution favoring the imposedment was passed by a vote of The senate concurred in the action of the house.

To Resume Work on the Hennepin Canal. PRINCETON, Ills., Feb. 28.-As a result of the thaw work will be resumed at once on the eastern end of the Hennepin canal, giving employment to nearly 2,000 men. Work on the lock excavations and found ations will be resumed next week, and it is expected that the first six locks will be completed early in July.

Fleeing From Hot Springs. St. Louis, Feb. 28.—Trains from the south yesterday brought fully 300 badly frightened passengers from Hot Springs, Ark., who left that popular reacrt in a hurry to escape the smallpox. They declare that the disease is epidemic, and that reighboring towns have established a rigid

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Spectator Disgusted with the Disorderly Actions of Legislators.

HARRYSHIES, Feb. 28.—The order of business in the house yesterday was bills on second reading. The entire morning session was taken up in consideration of the measure providing relief and employment for the poor of the commonwealth It provides for the erection of poorhouse in counties not now operating under a special poor law by directors of the poor who shall receive 83 a day. Strong objec-tion was made to the hill by the members from the rural districts on the ground that if it became a law it would compel counties not having poorhouses to either build such institutions or send their poor to countles having poorhouses

Numberless amendments were offered by the opponents of the measure in the ope of killing it, but they were promptly voted down. During the debate Mr. Develin, of Philadelphia, took the chair, and while he presided the house was a ver-itable bear garden. The members cheered and waived their handkerchiefs, to the as tonishment and disgust of the spectators. many of whom were ladles.

The house went wild when Mr. Spang-ler, of Cumberland, arose to speak on the Lytle amendment that the act shall not apply to countles having poorhouses. Every word he uttered was greeted with cheers and clappings of hands. For five minutes pandemonium reigned, while the speaker pro tem. pounded vigorously for order. When order was finally restored Mr. Spangler said the Cumberland county poorhouse and prison were overcrowded, and that the people had to take care of the poor on the outside of these institutions as well as the paupers of other counties. The Lytle amendment was finally de-

Mr. Nickell, of Philadelphia, offered an amendment to the constitution abolishing spring elections.

The senate resolution extending the time of the committee to investigate the state bospitals at Wernersville and Nor ristown from March 1 to April 1 was con-

curred in. In the senate bills passed finally: To authorize school directors or controllers to establish out of the public school treasury free kindergartens for children under d years of age; to authorize the erection of suitable buildings in which to hold elections, store road machinery and transact township business.

A short recess was taken to be occupied in ceremonies incident to the presentation of a magnificent silver service to ex-Lieutenant Governor Watres by h's senatorial friends. The chamber was crowded to its utmost capacity, among those present be-ing many state officials and their wives, including Mrs. Hastings. Senator Mo-Carrell delivered the presentation speech, to which the recipient of the gift responded most feelingly.

New Laws for New Jersey.

TRENTON, Feb. 28.—The house yesterday passed the bill requiring appropriate exercises in the public schools on the days preceding Washington's Birthday, Dees ration Day, Fourth of July and Thanksgiving Day. Also the bill prohibiting the display of any other than the American flag upon state, county or municipal build. display or any other flag upon state, county or municipal build-ings. This bill had been recalled from the governor for amendment. The senatpassed Senator Rogers' bill providing for the formation of a separate colored com-pany of the National Guard in Jersey City, Newark, Camden and Trenton.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 28.—W. F. Allen, contractor, of Jones' Postoffice, McDow ell county, W. Va., was found in Lodge alley at 3 o'clock in the morning, with his skull fractured. He was taken to the city hospital in a dying condition. Detec-tives were at once put on the case, and it was discovered that a gang of negro thugs and robbers had a rendezvous in two dingy rooms at 51 Lodge alley. Allen had been decoyed to this place and assaulted, robbed and thrown into the alloy. Harry Howard and Harry Curtis, two of the thugs, are under arrest.

thering In Election Crooks.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28.—Arrests of ersons indicted for election frauds are seing made slowly. Twelve of the men. however, have voluntarily surrendered themselves and five were arrested yesterday. The bond in each case, which was \$1,500, was immediately furnished. The officers appear unable to locate others, but say that all against whom indictment save been returned, and who are in the city, will be arrested before night

Refused to Arbitrate,

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The state board of rbitration tried to settle the strike of the electrical workers here yesterday, but failed James Strong, president of the Electrical Contractors' association, ap-peared before the board, but would not yield an inch. He said the turn to work at once before the contractor would treat with them at all and that un der no consideration would the eight hour rule be granted.

Fugitive Murderer Arrested.

HAZLETON, Pa., Feb. 28.-James Scharvo was accested here last evening, charged with killing an Italian girl on Luckavanna avenue, Scranton, over a year ago At the time it was thought that the girl's injuries were not serious, and Scharvo wa released under bail. The girl died shortly afterwards and her slayer escaped. A re ward of \$1,000 was offered for his capture

Ex-Chief Justice Brigham Dead. SALEM, Mass., Feb. 28 - Lincoln Flagg Brigham, ex-chief justice of the superior court, died at his home here yesterday aged 65. In 1854 he was appointed district attorney for the southern district of Musmachusetts. During Governor Banks' ad ministration he was appointed on the superior bench, and was made chief justice of the superior court in 1869.

An Illinois Deadlock.

GALVA, Ills., Feb. 28.—The Tenth district Republican convention seems to be in a hopeless deadlock. Eight hundred and forty-five ballots have been taken, the result being the some as on the first ballot: Prince, 33; McKinney, 16; Gest, 80; Ramsey, 23; Hammond, 10.

Delaware's Election Contest,

DOVER, Del., Feb. 28.—The senate yes terday afternoon ordered Sergeant-at-Arms Thomas to bring the sheriff of Sus-sex and the ballot boxes to Dover for the purpose of a recount in the contested election case of Senators Pierce and Moore.

For eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, rain; southwest winds. For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Virginia, rain; west to southwest winds. The temperature has risen or remained nearly staionary in all districts.

## Forecast for 1895



Bor Shenandoah and Vicinity.

Fair trade winds, with increasing velocity in all branches of business, followed by frequent showers of Dollars into the .coffers of the HERALD adver

# Do You Want To be in the ShowerofDollars

Everybody in Shenandoah looks to the columns of



## The $\dots$ Herald

For an advertisement of anything worth bringing to the notice of the public. They rarely waste time over other papers. Do you see the point?

### ..The Moral..

Is that if you have any inducement to hold out to the 17,000 residents and the throngs of strangers constantly visiting the largest town in Schuylkill you should use the columns of the HERALD.

Not only does it guarantee the widest publicity, but its rates are proportionately low.

### Job... Printing

The reputation of our job department for neatness and despatch is well known, as the amount of work turned out will attest.

We have just added to this department all of the latest and neatest faces of type, making it one of the most complete job offices in the county. If you are in need of this class of work leave your order with

## ···The Herald

Market St., btw. Lloyd and Centre.