

Published daily, except Sunday by HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

The Herald is delivered in Shenandoah and surrounding towns for Six Cents a week, payable to the carrier.

Advertisements charged according to space and position. The publishers reserve the right to change the position of advertisements whenever the publication of news requires it.

The office at Shenandoah, Pa. David H. Jones mail matter.

Favorite Remedy cures all or inflammatory rheumatism; diseases brought about by impure blood.

Fire Alarm Boxes. The following list shows the location of the alarm boxes of the Shenandoah fire department:

- 15—Coal and Bowers streets.
21—Bowers and Centre streets.
24—Bridge and Centre streets.
25—Main and Centre streets.

It is hard to raise fire enough to keep warm by, but experience is showing it easy to raise enough to burn houses down.

It is reported that the President is determined to keep the Treasury gold from ever again getting down to the present low level.

It is said that if the country should come to a silver basis people with money would buy everything they could get hands on and put up prices.

We are afraid that Lillinkalani is sickle. One day she has her residence filled with guns, pistols, swords and dynamite with which to destroy the Dole Government.

The discharging of employes simply because they are serving in the National Guard in an emergency, should be punished as treason to the state.

There is a good deal of force in the suggestion of a recent writer that the government is at a disadvantage in dealing with the trusts and other large interests by reason of the fact that it does not conduct its affairs with due regard for the value of expert knowledge.

While the passengers were considerably worried on account of the delay, there was never a panic among them.

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

LA GASCOGNE SAFE

The Anxiety Over the French Liner at Last Relieved.

HER ARRIVAL AT NEW YORK.

The Steamer Twice Delayed by Breaks in Her Machinery.

ALL ON BOARD WELL AND HAPPY.

On the Third Day Out One of the Vessel's Main Piston Rods Was Broken, Necessitating a Delay of Sixteen Hours and Subsequent Slow Progress—On Tuesday of Last Week the Machinery Again Broke Down—The Passengers at No Time Alarmed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Not since the Cunard liner Umbria was reported two years ago after a perilous voyage across the Atlantic with a broken shaft has there been such excitement in this city as last evening.

In every hotel, in every club, in almost every house in the city the sole topic of conversation was the arrival of the overdue steamer La Gascoigne, the hope of whose rescue from the terrific storms which have caused such terrible disasters in the maritime world had almost deserted the minds of the most sanguine.

Her arrival was naturally greeted with a feeling of joy at what was considered by all as nothing less than a miracle.

The officers of the French line were packed with excited people having relatives or friends on board the disabled steamship so anxiously expected for eight days past, and almost given up for lost.

A. Forget, the agent of the line, was huddled, punched and slapped, and actually kissed by those whose joyful feelings overflowed.

One old gentleman who had three daughters on board the La Gascoigne, and who lost a dearly loved child only a month ago, wept as if his heart would break.

Over a thousand people decided on staying at the dock until the La Gascoigne arrived, and it was only when a conspicuous announcement was posted on the outside of the company's pier that she would not leave Quarantine until this morning that the anxious watchers slowly went to their homes.

At 8 o'clock last night the tug Edwin M. Millard carried a party of newspaper men down to Quarantine, where the vessel lay at anchor with three red lights hanging from her foremast as a signal that she was disabled. Her passengers were all on deck, some of them singing and most of them cheering, as persons are wont to do when their minds are suddenly relieved of a heavy strain.

For thirteen days of a voyage lasting sixteen days the ship had been disabled, one of her main piston rods having broken on her third day out from Havre.

Delayed for Sixteen Hours. For sixteen hours on that fateful third day the vessel was hove to while the break was being repaired. It was comparatively good weather when the break occurred, but the disabled steamer was fated to run into some of the nastiest weather of her voyage.

When the break had been repaired the steamer proceeded on her way, but under greatly reduced speed. When near the banks of New Foundland La Gascoigne ran into a gale that increased to hurricane force.

While off Sable Island, Feb. 8, the machinery broke down again, and the steamer again was hove to, this time for forty-one hours. During all that period the engines did not make a single revolution. When the second repairs had been made the steamer started once more, and headed toward Long Island coast.

It is a remarkable fact that during the entire voyage across the Atlantic La Gascoigne did not sight a steamer until she passed one bound for Philadelphia late on Sunday. Late yesterday afternoon the French steamer signalled Sandy Hook light-ship.

While the passengers were considerably worried on account of the delay, there was never a panic among them. They knew that their ship was a staunch one and they had every confidence in their captain. And besides, they knew the ship was not totally disabled. But they were nervous and apprehensive at times, and they halted the continuation of their voyage with joy. They cheered the captain and they cheered the crew and they cheered the newspaper men who went to meet them.

Following is a copy of the official log of La Gascoigne, copied by one of the passengers and thrown overboard in a bottle. It shows the number of miles sailed of every twenty-four hours:

Jan. 27, 419 miles; Jan. 28, 407; Jan. 29, 380; Jan. 30, 66; Jan. 31, 215; Feb. 1, 355; Feb. 2, 280; Feb. 3, 213; Feb. 4, 196; Feb. 5, 163; Feb. 6, 190; Feb. 7, 181; Feb. 10, 79; Feb. 11, 15.

Statement of a Passenger. At the request of a reporter Mr. Mix, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, one of the cabin passengers, hastily wrote out the following statement, which he threw aboard the tug:

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

All went well until Jan. 29, three days after sailing from Havre, when the ship was stopped, and the passengers, on inquiry as to the cause, were informed that the operations of the government are not carried on according to such a theory.

IT STOPPED THE FITS.

And no Sign of Them Ever Returned.

What a Bright and Original Woman Succeeded in Doing.

Fits Are Terrible Things But There is One Sure Way to Conquer Them.

Every time a child has a fit it takes a fearful stride towards the grave. They snuff the very life's blood and drag from the wasted nerves the foundation of life itself.

It is just here that the peculiar and wonderful action of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is so nervously seen. The disease simply cannot resist it.

The child who has fits, St. Vitus' dance, or other nervous diseases, generally has poor blood. Right here again comes Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

South Boston, Mass., who had employed physicians unsuccessfully, finally determined to give her child Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"At ten years of age," said Mrs. Learmonth, "my daughter became affected with a nervous condition which soon developed into St. Vitus' dance. It was pronounced by the attending physician to be a very severe attack."

"The month would be drawn spasmodically far to one side, the hands and arms were restless and constantly twitching. Her limbs also were weak; her ankles bent under her so that it was almost impossible to walk."

Another Missing Steamer. NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Considerable anxiety is felt in this city and Jacksonville for the safety of the steamer City of St. Augustine, Captain Gaskill. Since she sailed from Jacksonville on Jan. 30 no word has been received about her.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president yesterday sent a message to congress in response to a senate resolution requesting Behring seal correspondence. The message and correspondence is accompanied by a letter from the secretary of the treasury in which he puts the number of seals killed by pelagic hunters in the north Pacific ocean and Behring sea during the season of 1894 at 149,000, and says that of this number 60,000 were killed in Behring sea and on the American side of the north Pacific.

He also states that 15,000 seals were taken on the Pribilof islands by the North American Commercial company. The official figures place the number of killed on the Commander islands at 27,285.

Pacific Cable Bill Introduced. WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A bill to incorporate the International Pacific Cable company for a cable from California to the Hawaiian islands and thence to Japan and other points in the Pacific and the main lands of Asia and Australia was introduced in the house yesterday by Representative Charles W. Stone, of Pennsylvania. Nothing in the act shall be construed to commit the United States to any financial liability. The bill includes an authorization for 5 per cent. bonds to the amount of \$20,000,000, to constitute a first lien on the property, and provides for an annual report of the company's affairs to the secretary of the treasury.

Murder and Suicide by Drowning. PITTSBURGH, Feb. 12.—Mrs. Amelia Seibert, wife of William Seibert, of Corcoran, was drowned yesterday, together with her two children, a girl and a boy, aged respectively 5 years and 6 months. The coroner's jury decided that, instead of an accident as at first reported, the calamity was murder and suicide. Mrs. Seibert was laboring under temporary aberration of mind.

Death of a Confederate Brigadier. ALEXANDRIA, Va., Feb. 12.—General Montgomery D. Corse, who served in the Confederate army during the war of the rebellion, died in this city yesterday, aged 79 years. General Corse commanded a brigade in Pickett's division in the expedition against Knoxville, and was captured at Sailor's Creek, Va., on April 6, 1865.

Lynn's Striking Shoemakers. LYNN, Mass., Feb. 12.—The hand turn stitchers at Faunce & Spinnery's shoe factory voted not to return to work until the trouble in the shop has been adjusted. This closes the factory, the other employes having struck last Friday afternoon. About 500 hands are out now.

Burglars Blow Open a Safe. PITTSBURGH, Kan., Feb. 12.—The office of the Long Bell Lumber company, in this city, was entered by burglars early in the morning, the safe blown open and \$15,000 in notes and mortgages stolen. There was no money in the safe. The work heretofore of being done by professionals.

North Adams Strikers Weaken. NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Feb. 12.—The Joylock strikers gave up yesterday and will return to work at once at the old scale of wages.

HE LOOKED LIKE A DUDE.

But Then There Are Occasions When Appearances Prove Deceptive.

People who ride down town in a certain electric car on Washington avenue the other day are inclined to think that they received a liberal return for the investment of a nickel apiece.

In addition to being carried, safely and expeditiously, to their destination, they were given an opportunity of becoming acquainted with the bravest young man in all St. Louis. That, at all events, is the light in which they regard him.

He was a good looking, stylishly dressed, boyish young fellow, and next to him sat a shabby woman holding in her lap a whining, unattractive baby. Something about the young man's appearance seemed to please the baby, and it stopped whining long enough to smile brightly and extend its arms toward him. The young man blushed furiously, and two or three girls on an opposite seat tittered, which made the young man blush still more.

He edged away as far as possible and tried, with indifferent success, to look unconcerned. When the baby renewed its attention, he refused to respond to them, and the mother, annoyed and embarrassed, made an effort to distract its attention.

But the baby was not to be put off. It liked that young man and wanted to see more of him. When it became evident that there was a combination to prevent it doing so, the little one fell back upon childhood's last resort and cried lustily.

Valley the mother tried to soothe her whining assurance that "she was a Whispered assurance that "she was a good girl" had no effect. Endearing epithets made her cry more loudly. She turned to the man, who did not seem to return her affection. She cried as if her heart were breaking.

And then the young man rose to the occasion. Calmly ignoring the broadening smiles of a car full of passengers, he took the child from his mother, rocked it a moment in his strong arms, then walked forward and sat down. Instantly the baby's wail gave way to laughter. Her twisted little head was laid upon her new friend's shoulder, her arm was about his neck, and not once again until Broadway was reached did she utter a sound, save in glee. The mother didn't quite know what to make of it. Neither did the young man himself, for that matter, and, as for the girls who had tittered, why, it was entirely beyond their comprehension.

And the strangest part of the story is that the young man looked like a dude. One of the girls, however, explained that as she left the car.

"Of course he can't really be a dude," she said to her companions, "because he has lots of sense and a great big heart. He just dresses like a dude to deceive people. I wonder why he does it!"—St. Louis Republic.

Railroad Men Must Have Good Watches. The matter of time is receiving more attention now from railroad officials than in the past. This refers to watches carried by various employees, such as depot masters, engineers, firemen, switchmen, brakemen, conductors—in fact, everybody who has anything to do with the moving of trains. Up to quite recently it was a go as you please matter about the class of watch carried and the condition of its machinery. It has been found that delays and even accidents have often been made possible by a small difference between the time indicated on the watches of different trainmen, and to remedy this several roads have adopted a system of strict supervision over all the watches carried by employees. The Michigan Central a short time ago got in line with the movement. No special make of watch is made compulsory, but all must be up to a certain standard. Every month a each employee must submit his watch to an examiner, who makes careful note of its condition and fills out a card giving full particulars. These cards are deposited at the depot in a box and are all examined by an official of the road. In this way the watches of all employees are kept in proper shape, and nobody is permitted to carry one that is out of condition.—Detroit Free Press.

A Trolley Telephone. Passengers riding on the electric railway between West Farms and Mount Vernon have the privilege of listening to an acoustic manifestation that in a remarkable manner illustrates some of the earlier experiments in developing the telephone. The track is a single one, and the potential of the current is high. Its amperage is also considerable. As a result, when a car is waiting on a switch, for one coming in an opposite direction, the approach of the latter is audible at the distance of a mile to the passengers in the waiting car. The sound vibrations are carried along the wire, through the trolley, to the wooden roof of the car. This acts as a diaphragm, which faithfully reproduces the rumble of the approaching car. A mile away the noise of the wheels is distinctly audible, and at the distance of 1,000 feet the sound becomes a loud roar. Outside the car, however, practically nothing is heard until the moving car is within a few hundred feet of the switch.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Throatlo. In his declining years it was one of Owen's favorite amusements to observe the habits of birds which frequented his garden. Of the throatlo he says: There are a few old cherry trees in the garden, one of them a Bigarreau. This I netted in my first summer's possession to preserve the tempting fruit. When the dish came to table, I thought of the frequent pleasures which the morning and evening warblings of the little robbers had given me and felt ashamed at fencing off what I could cheaply get, as fresh and better, from neighboring market gardens. I never repeated the practice, but left the Bigarreau with the other cherries as "salary of the orchestra."—Life of Richard Owen.

Georgia's Accomplished Poultry. A little 12-year-old daughter of a hotel keeper at Baxter, Ga., has a pet hen that sings to a piano accompaniment. The little girl will get into the yard, pick up the hen, bring her into the parlor, place her on the piano and commence playing something lively, and the hen will sit back on her dignity, raise her head and sing like her life depended on the effort. Georgia leads in the poultry business as well as in everything else.—Atlanta Constitution.

Accidentally Overheard. "Maud, are you going to the psychology lectures?" asked one very nice chieftain of another as the two went swishing past a knot of men on the sidewalk. "Yes, sire!" replied Maud, "you bet I'm going to grab all the culture that goes by."—Chicago Tribune.

Against Their Will. "Believe me, women do not like those sleeves." "Greatness thrust upon them, as it were."—Detroit Tribune.

BAKED BEANS. Why You Can't Get the Genuine Outside of New England. The reason why baked beans outside of New England are so unlike the genuine article is that they are not properly cooked, and more especially because they are not cooked in the old-fashioned down east bean pot. There are probably no real bean pots on sale outside of New England. They are all about the same in appearance and are made of potter's clay, which is the material dowerpots are made of. For some reason beans baked in any other utensil are unlike those baked in a bean pot. Just why this is so is hard to determine, but the fact remains. Possibly the thick pottery ware affects the beans in a similar manner as a meerschaum pipe affects the flavor of tobacco.

Any one can have nice baked beans if he secures a bean pot and follows these directions: First get your beans. The large red kidney variety is largely used, but the small white pea bean is more generally popular.

One quart of beans is sufficient when cooked for two meals for an average family. They should be soaked in cold water for an hour or so. Then salt and pepper should be added, together with half a teaspoonful of mustard and half a teaspoonful of molasses. The molasses gives the beans a delicious flavor, and at the same time it is not too pronounced, nor is it possible to detect the molasses. When the beans are in the pot, half or three-quarters of a pound of pork, well streaked with lean, should be placed on top and then enough warm water poured into the pot to just cover the beans.

Beans should be baked in an oven of even temperature for either a day or a night, or, in other words, about 12 hours. It is better to bake them in the daytime, for then they can receive more attention. As the water gradually evaporates more should be added from time to time, but care should be taken to keep the beans covered. This must be done until the beans are nearly ready to be taken out, when no more water should be added, so that they will not be so moist as to become mushed or broken.

The pot can remain in the oven, where it will simply keep hot, for an indefinite time without injury. Beans should be served in a covered dish. Beans that have been left over are delicious warmed up in a stewpan with a little water added, and many bean epoures think the more times beans are warmed over the better they are.

BEYOND THE MOUNTAINS. CORA LEARMONTH. "She was so nervous that she would scream almost like a maniac and then have fits of crying. After two months' treatment without a cure, I concluded to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy."

"Three bottles entirely cured her. She is now thirteen years old and has been well ever since, and to day is a picture of health."

Fits will never stop themselves. Remember that. The one sure way to permanently cure them is to use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It quickly and completely cures St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, hysteria, and all manner of nervous spasms and convulsions as well as that nervous irritability which often results in fits. If your infants or children are restless or sleepless, cry out, or grit their teeth at night, they are in great danger of nervous troubles. Give them Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will make them strong and well. This remedy is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless for children of any age. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy and consult him at any time.

MUNYON AT THE HEAD

The New Discoveries of Interest to Everyone.

The Learned Professor a Leading Authority—The Truth of His Statements Proven by the Success of His Methods.

Mr. J. Baumer, 48 E. Twenty-first St., Bayonne, N. J., says: "Eighteen months ago I was so crippled with rheumatism that I could not dress myself. I tried all the doctors in Bayonne, but they gave me up as hopeless. I also tried numerous preparations, but failed to find any relief. At last I heard of Dr. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure and began using it. The effect was marvelous. I improved at once, and found that less than two bottles were sufficient to cure me completely, as I have not had a twinge of rheumatism since."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure rheumatism in any part of the body. Acute or muscular rheumatism cured in from one to five days. It never fails to cure sharp, shooting pains in the arms, legs, sides, back or breast, or soreness in any part of the body. It is from one to three hours. It is guaranteed to promptly cure lameness, stiff and swollen joints, stiff back, and all pains in the hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured.

Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Company, of Philadelphia, put up specialties for nearly every disease, which are a bottle.

AMUSEMENTS. FERGUSON'S