Heart Disease 30 Yrs!

Short Breath, Palpitation.

Mr. G. W. McKinsey, postmaster of Kokomo, Ind., and a brave ex-soldier, says: "I had been severely troubled with heart disease ever since leaving the army at the close of the late war. I was troubled with palpitation and shortness of breath. I could not sleep on my left side, and had pain around my heart. I became so ill that I was much alarmed, and fortunately my attention was called to

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

I decided to try it. The first bottle made a decided improvement in my condition, and five bottles have completely cured me."

G. W. McKINSEY, P. M., Kokomo, Ind

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Touch and Go.

Touch the spot in the back, chest, limbs or side, where the pain is, with an

Allcock's Porous Plaster

and the lameness, soreness, stiffness, congestion, will go at once, leaving comfort, health and strength behind.

Imitations are never reliable. Therefore always insist upon having the genuine ALLCOCK'S

Allcock's Corn Shields,
Allcock's Bunion Shields,
Have no equal as a relief and cure for corns and bunions.

Brandreth's Pills

are a marvelous specific for cases of biliousness and indigestion.

AFTER ALL OTHERS FAIL

CONSULT THE OLD RELIABLE SPECIALIST **Dr. Lobb**

329 N. 15th St. Below Callowhill, Philadelphia, Pa.

Thirty Years' Continuous Practice in all special diseases of both sexes. Loss of Manhood, Errors of Youth, and all diseases of the Blood, Nerves, Skin and Kidneys, Debility and Loss of Memory resulting from Abuse, Excess, Imprudence or Inheritance are permanently cured by Dr. Lobb, seek his advice at once. He guarantees a positive and radical cure in every case he treats, bringing back Health and vigor in the most serious cases. Consultation and examination free and strictly confidential. Office hours, daily and on Sundays, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and 6 to 9 evenings. Send or call for free book on Errors of Youth and obscure diseases of both sexes.

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Formerly at 206 North Second St is the oldest in America for the treatment of *Special Diseases and Youthful Errors.* Varicocele, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood, etc. Treatment by mail a specialty. Communications sacredly confidential. Send stamp for book. Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m Sundays 9 to 12 m

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Finest, Purest, Healthest.

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907 West Coal St., Shenandoah.

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Have you Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair Falling? Write Cook Remedy Co., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. Patients cured nine years ago today sound and well. 100-page book free

Your Stomach ! ! !

Cannot stand the same washing that your boots do, and the water you drink isn't even fit for that purpose. Use

Lorenz Schmidt's Beer and Porter.

JAMES SHIELDS,
Manager Shenandoah Branch.

Carpets, Feathers, Mattresses, &c., CLEANED.

The STEAM RENOVATING CO., Shenandoah, Penna. 32 East Coal St.

SEWELL FOR SENATOR.

Chosen by New Jersey Republicans to Succeed McPherson.

HIGGINS NAMED IN DELAWARE.

The Addicks Men, However, Refuse to Join the Higgins Adherents in Caucus, and the Battle Will be Fought on the Floor of the House.

TRENTON, Jan. 15.—The joint caucus of the Republican senators and members of the New Jersey legislature last night, after a two hour session, placed General William J. Sewell in nomination for the United States senate, to succeed John R. McPherson. General Sewell's nomination was decided upon by a vote of 56 out of 70. The opposition to the general was somewhat bitter on the part of a few, but did not materialize very extensively in the matter of votes.

Senator Bradley refused to go into the caucus at all, and after the caucus had been in session about half an hour Assemblyman Olcott, who has been leading in the fight for Franklin Murphy, and Assemblymen Eisele, Drake and Zabriskie left the assembly chamber, where the caucus was being held. They left because of the defeat of a resolution to allow each member to vote in the joint session regardless of the caucus. They were followed shortly afterwards by Assemblyman Voorhees, of Bergen county.

After these gentlemen had left the caucus a motion to adjourn was defeated, with only two votes in its favor, and then the members got down to the business of making the nomination. Senator Voorhees was in the chair, and Leader Storrs, of the assembly, acted as temporary chairman. General Sewell's name was presented by Senator Rogers, of Camden, and was seconded by Senators Stokes, Skirm Hoffman. Senator Ketcham presented the name of Franklin Murphy. With the six absentees the number represented in the caucus was sixty-four. Of these all but eight voted for Sewell when the ballot was taken. The eight were Senator Ketcham, Assemblymen Benedict, Bullock, Duncan, Harrison, George L. Smith, C. A. Schober and Mock.

Immidiately upon the announcement of the result there was wild cheering in the state house corridors, which were crowded with the friends of General Sewell, including the 450 members of the William J. Sewell club, of Camden, which had come to Trenton with two bands of music, on a special train. General Sewell, who had been awaiting the news of the result at the Trenton House, was tendered a serenade and made a speech from the balcony of the hotel. Senator Bradley says he will vote for Franklin Murphy in the joint meeting next week. Mr. Eisele also says he will vote for Murphy, unless requested by the latter not to do so. There are only eleven Democrats in both houses.

NO CAUCUS IN DELAWARE.

Addicks Men Will Make a Fight on the Floor of the House.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 15.—Thirteen of the nineteen Republican members of the legislature assembled in the house at 9 o'clock last night to select their candidate for United States senator. The six absentees, Messrs. Ball, C. L. Moore, Brown, Morgan, Robbins and Handy, failed to put in an appearance, and after waiting a quarter of an hour a committee was sent to wait upon them. The absentees are all Addicks men, and when the committee returned it reported that Mr. Moore, who has charge of Addicks' fight for the United State senatorship, had stated to them that he would "stay away till hell froze over."

The Democratic caucus resulted in the choice of Chancellor James M. Walcott on joint ballot, the vote being: Walcott, 6; John R. Nicholson; 3; E. W. Tunnell, 1; All of the Republican candidates, backed by their adherents, are on the ground, and the town is wild with excitement.

A vote was taken by the Republicans who attended the caucus at 12:30 this morning, which resulted as follows: Higgins, 8; Massey, 1; blank, 2. Speaker McMullen then declared Senator Higgins the nominee, and the caucus adjourned. The six Republicans who are said to favor Addicks refused positively to enter the caucus, remaining at their hotel during its progress. Before the vote was taken they were joined by two others, Representative Fleming and Senator Pierie, against whom there is much bitterness in the Higgins ranks. Those voting were McMullen, Pyle, Reybold, Walker, Jolls, Money, Wilson, Townsend, Burton, Aldrichs and Moore. It is probable that the battle will be fought on the floor of the house.

Pritchard Will be Butler's Colleague.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 15.—After being in session for nearly four hours the Republican caucus last night nominated J. C. Pritchard, of Madison county, for United States senator for the short term. Pritchard was nominated on the first ballot—68 to 21.

Arrested for Manslaughter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Thomas Spriggins, alias John Burns, aged 24 years, was released from Blackwell's Island yesterday, and immediately arrested on a charge of manslaughter. He is accused of having inflicting fatal injuries on Herman Krudop. On March, 1893, Spriggins and two companions were prevented from burglarizing a saloon in First avenue by Krudop, the bartender. That night Krudop was waylaid and wounds inflicted upon him from which he died three days later.

A Novelty at Atlanta's Exposition.

ATLANTA, Jan. 15.—A decided novelty at the Cotton States and International exposition will be the land and water tricycle operated by electricity. The inventor says it will carry eight to twenty people, taking up the load at any part of the grounds and carrying it to the lake, where the tricycle becomes a boat and continues its course through the water by means of air inflated wheels.

Laidlaw Again After Sage.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—In Part I of the supreme court was begun the third trial of the suit of William R. Laidlaw to recover $50,000 damages from Russell Sage because of injuries received from the Norcross bomb. The trial is before Judge Patterson and a jury, and will occupy several days, and it is said will result in the introduction of considerable new testimony.

Five Years for a Bridgeton Burglar.

BRIDGETON, N. J., Jan. 15.—Judge Hoagland yesterday sentenced Chester Carstens to five years in the state prison at hard labor. Carstens was convicted of burglarizing five houses.

BROOKLYN'S TROLLEY STRIKE.

Six Thousand Men Out and Traffic Wholly Suspended.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 15.—Nearly six thousand men, including motormen, conductors, electricians and others employed on the various trolley railroads in this city are on strike. It is the first strike the trolley system has experienced, and is a most thorough and complete one. The only road not tied up is the Brooklyn and Coney Island, better known as the Jay and Smith street line. President Henry W. Slocum had the men's demand under consideration, and when the committee of the district assembly called on him the strike, as far as concerned his road, was amicably settled. An agreement was signed, and now that road is the only one running in full force.

During the day Mr. Lewis, president of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad company, made a public statement in which he said the tie up was without any just cause. He also notified the mayor, police commissioner, sheriff and fire commissioner of the strike, and asked for police protection. He sent a communication to the railroad commissioners at Albany and posted notices of warning at all the car houses notifying strikers to keep away. There were also warnings to keep the peace, but in spite of these numerous cases of interference occurred. There was some delay in transportation of the mails, but the mail cars were guarded by policemen.

At the different power houses throughout the city everything was quiet. A short distance from each one the strikers kept their pickets on duty. The railroad depots were deserted, but pickets kept watch there also. It is expected that the companies will bring men from other cities to take the strikers' places.

The motormen and conductors will, they claim, invoke the law against the companies. District Attorney Ridgeway has promised, they say, to bring the matter of violating the ten hour law before the grand jury. The men declare they are prepared to give testimony that will prove the guilt of the companies.

New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, Jan. 15.—Both houses of the legislature held brief sessions last night. After the announcement of the legislative committees by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house, and the introduction of a lot of bills, both houses adjourned until today. In the senate Senator Winton introduced an amendment to the constitution providing for the equal taxation of all property, railroad and otherwise, the same as the property of individuals is assessed; also providing for biennial sessions of the legislature; making the terms of the governor and senators four years each; prohibiting combinations to control the products of the soil. In the house a concurrent resolution favoring the election of United States senators by popular vote was defeated. Among bills introduced were: Admitting women to practice law; requiring industrial insurance companies to give paid up policies after a certain time.

Twenty Drowned in a Mine.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—An accident occurred at the Bag Lake colliery at Audley, North Staffordshire, by which it is thought that at least twenty persons lost their lives. Two hundred and thirty men and boys were at work in the colliery at noon, when there was a sudden rush of water from the old workings. By 5 o'clock 150 of them had been rescued. Of the eighty who were below it was thought that twenty were in the lower workings when the mine was flooded and that they had been drowned. The rescuers are doing their utmost to save the living and get the bodies of the dead.

North Carolina Farms Inundated.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 15.—The Fear river has been at seventy feet above common water for the past three days, the highest ever known in its history. Farms along the river have been inundated and large losses to the logging camps and mills have been caused. Many of them were under from ten to thirty feet of water. Everything floatable has been washed away. Yesterday afternoon the river commenced falling at a very rapid rate. The steamer Cape Fear struck a bar where she lay and pounded herself to pieces, finally breaking in two amidships.

GRATITUDE OF A SIOUX SQUAW.

Anxiety While Dying of an Indian Woman to Fulfill Her Promise.

A woman on the West Side whose early predilections created a prejudice against Indians is now a friend of the decaying race. It came about in a pretty way, and the incident has also a sorrowful tinge. A Sioux Indian and his squaw, whom the woman's husband had known out west, were returning from Europe, where they had been as attaches of Buffalo Bill's Wild West. When they came to Chicago, they stopped over a day and hunted up the paleface whom they had known out west. He hired a carriage and took them out to his home, which surprised his wife not a little, and there they were entertained. The squaw spoke no language but her own. Her man knew enough English to make himself understood. Both were in their visiting colors. They didn't like the blue points and oysters, but when the roast beef (wo-haw) was brought on the eyes of the squaw bulged out, and she clapped her hands. She devoured it slice by slice and in a manner calculated to shock the wife of the paleface.

After dinner the squaw sang for the paleface woman and her papooses to show gratitude. Then, through her man, she had the paleface woman take off her shoes and stand on a sheet of paper. The squaw took a bit of pencil and drew the shape of the feet. The squaw's man informed the paleface woman that she would make and send her a pair of split bead moccasins from the tepee as soon as they could be made. The Indians went away that night, westward bound, and months passed by. The West Side wife playfully chided her husband about his lavish entertainment of the reds and their mock gratitude. He said, "Wait." In a year from the time of the visit a package was delivered to the house. It was opened, and there were the split bead moccasins made by the squaw. There also was the information that she had died about the time the moccasins were completed.

In a crude sort of way, but all the more tender on account of its simplicity, the Indian explained that his squaw would have sent the moccasins sooner, but she had been sick, and her work had been delayed, and that she was afraid she would not live to keep her word to the paleface woman who had entertained her with such good wo-haw.

There were some tender words spoken in the home of the West Side paleface that night, and even now, when the wife of the paleface tells the incident, there is a slight tremulation in the lips and a moisture about the eyes.—Chicago Times.

THE LINK BREAKS!

The Awful Woe From One Weak Link

In a Chain Apparently Strong and Powerful!

The Giving Way of This One Link Wrecked the Ship.

If Only That One Link Had Been Strong.

Think for a Moment and See What All This Means.

A ship, in a fearful storm, was anchored by a single chain. The chain was large and apparently strong enough to hold. But, in the otherwise powerful chain, was one, single, weak link. The terrible strain was too much for the weak link; it broke, and the ship was dashed to destruction on the rocks.

The strength of a chain is only up to its weakest link. So the strength of a person, whether physical or nerve strength, is only up to his weakest part or organ. If your nerves are weak, or your blood poor, if you suffer from insomnia or have indigestion, dyspepsia, kidney or liver complaint, headache, neuralgia, or rheumatism, there is a weak spot in your system, which, if not cured, will surely cause you to break down.

You will never be well and strong until this weak place or organ is strengthened. It is fearfully dangerous to neglect any such weakness or ailment. Nobody realizes this better than Mrs. G. S. Cobb, a well-known lady residing at 344 Smith street, Providence, R. I.

"For five years I had been troubled with indigestion, kidney and liver trouble, severe nervous headaches and neuralgia. There was a terrible pain and pressure in my stomach, from which there was no relief until vomiting set in, when I vomited a slimy mucus.

"After these spells I would be completely prostrated for three or four days, sometimes for three weeks at a time I could take no nourishment but lime water and milk. I lost forty pounds.

"Severe nervous headaches, at times having a duration of two weeks, would set in. A terrible, piercing pain would shoot in rapid succession through my head. There was a dreadful aching and throbbing through my back between my shoulders.

"In fact I was completely prostrated. I tried prominent physicians without relief, and was entirely discouraged. About this time I heard, through a friend, of Dr. Greene and the wonderful cures which he had wrought with his remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"I secured it and commenced using it, and the change which took place was wonderful. The terrible, racking pains through my head and shoulders have left me. Where I could eat nothing but the lightest kinds of foods, I can now eat anything without the slightest distress of any kind.

"The kidney and liver trouble has left me. In fact, my friends are surprised at my wonderful cure. I thank God and Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for my new life, and would say to all sufferers, gather confidence and try this great remedy and you will surely be cured."

Oh, that persons complaining of any ailment would be guided by this sensible and valuable advice, and take this wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy! If they only knew what a healthy and happy life awaited them after using it, they would not hesitate a moment.

It will make a strong and well person of you just as surely as you take it. It will cure every one of those troubles and weaknesses which have bothered you so much. Just try it and see. Doctors recommend and advise its use.

Why waste time in trying uncertain and untried remedies, when here is a physician's prescription, a discovery made by the greatest living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St., New York city. If you take this medicine, you can consider yourself under Dr. Greene's direct professional care, and you can consult him or write to him about your case, freely and without charge. This is a guarantee that this remedy will cure, possessed by no other medicine in the world.

The New Hungarian Cabinet.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 15.—Baron Banffy has has succeed in forming a ministry, as follows: Banffy, president; Perczel, interior; Lukacs, finance; Erdlyi, justice; Fejervary, war; Daniel, commerce; Festetics, agriculture; Wlassitsch, public instruction and worship.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

J. T. M. Pierce, the Yankton, N. D., swindler, is said to have stolen $8,000,000 from British clients.

Action by the caucus of Democratic legislators of Texas insures the election to the national senate of Horace R. Chilton.

By the wreck of the barge Seth Low off Fire Island, N. Y., Captain Doftinge's son and Cook Joe Johnson were drowned.

United States officers seized $85,000 worth of firearms at Fernandina, Fla., said to be intended for filibustering against Venezuela.

Professor John Robert Seeley Regius, professor of modern history at Cambridge university, England, died yesterday in London, aged 61.

The sub-committee of the national house judiciary committee decided to report in favor of impeachment proceedings against Judge Ricks, of Cleveland.

Judge McClung, of Pittsburg, made a ruling that places all of the clubs of that city who sell liquor to their members under the ban of the Brooks law.

John Harris and his wife, to escape starvation, committed suicide near Flaxton, Mo., by cutting their throats. Their newly born babe was found dead by the mother's side.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

The Ministry of M. Dupuy Steps Down and Out.

THE COURTS VERSUS LAWMAKERS.

The Resignations Brought About by a Perpetual Railway Subsidy Granted by a Former Government, Which the Present Chamber Desires to Amend or Revoke.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The cabinet resigned yesterday, having been defeated in the chamber of deputies on the question of giving priority to an order of the day. Sunday evening M. Barthou, minister of public works, resigned his office for the reason that the council of state had decided against him in the matter of guaranteeing the interest of the southern railway lines. It became generally known that M. Alexandre Millerand, the well known Socialist deputy and editor in chief of The Petite Republique Francaise, would interpellate the government in regard to M. Barthou's resignation, and that the government would reply thereto. Consequently a large crowd gathered in the chamber to listen to the proceedings.

The question which led to the resignation of the ministry, which has precipitated a grave and difficult political crisis, is a wide one. It is really a question of whether the chamber of deputies is superior to the courts of France, and whether the chamber is able to set aside the constitution at will. In 1883 the government made a contract with the Orleans and Midi railways, under the terms of which, in return for certain facilities for the transportation of war material, the government guaranteed the interest on the bonds of the railways. The government held that the guarantee expired in 1914, but the directors of the companies took a different view and construed the agreement to mean that the government guaranteed the interest in perpetuity. Suits were brought in the courts to settle the question.

In June last Mr. Barthou ordered the directors to indorse their bonds to the effect that the guarantee expired in 1914. The directors refused to do so, and the case was then taken to the council of state, which, in such matters, is the final court of appeal. The council on Wednesday last decided that the guarantee was perpetual. This decision, which a majority in the chamber of deputies claimed the right to reverse, was a complete negation of the contention of the cabinet and M. Barthou's action on the railway's guarantee.

In submitting his interpellation M. Millerand said it was not M. Barthou alone who had brought before the council of state the conventions between the state and the railway companies, but the whole cabinet. The decision of the council of state therefore affected the entire cabinet, yet only one minister, M. Barthou, had taken the correct attitude and resigned. The ministry was also to blame for submitting to the council of state a question which purely belonged to the chamber of deputies to decide.

M. Millerand was frequently interrupted during the course of his speech by members of the center. He finally demanded that an inquiry be held to determine whether grounds existed for a criminal prosecution of M. David Raynal, who represents the Fourth district of Bordeaux in the chamber, and who was minister of public works in the Ferry cabinet of 1883, in which year the government entered into the contract with the railways. M. Millerand submitted to the house a resolution censuring the government for putting before the council of state a litigious question, and demanding that an inquiry be made into the conduct of M. Raynal.

M. Raynal agreed to the demand that an inquiry be made into his conduct and said: "I am certain that I shall be able to confound those who are thirsting for scandals and hungering for calumnies."

Prime Minister Dupuy then ascended the tribune and declared that after M. Raynal's acceptance of the demand for an inquiry the government would not oppose it.

After further discussion the motion of M. Millerand was carried by a vote of 253 to 225.

Eleven other orders of the day were submitted. Priority was given by a vote of 266 to 231 to one by M. Joseph Pourquery de Boisserin, Radical Republican, calling upon the government to vigorously defend the rights of the state as affected by the decision of the council of state. Prime Minister Dupuy declared that if this order of the day should be adopted the government would resign. A vote was finally taken on M. de Boisserin's motion, with the result that it was defeated, the vote standing 246 in favor to 264 against.

After several speeches and declarations had been made the chamber voted upon a proposal to grant priority to a motion by Professor Emile Trelat, Republican, which, of all the orders of the day, was the only one accepted by the government. This order of the day declared that the government adhered to the doctrine of the separation of powers and the non-interference of the chamber with the judicial functions of the council of state.

Priority was refused to this motion by a vote of 263 to 241.

When the result of the vote was announced the ministers left the chamber and proceeded to the Palace of the Elysee, where they submitted their resignations to President Casimir-Perier.

After the departure of the ministers the house unanimously adopted a motion made by M. Charles Krantz, Liberal Republican, who was commissioner general of the French section of the Chicago exposition, reserving the rights of the state in regard to the railways guaranteed.

It is generally expected that M. Bourgeois, minister of public instruction in the cabinets of MM. Freycinet and Loubet, and minister of justice in the Ribot cabinet, will succeed Prime Minister Dupuy.

Governor Lewelling Retires.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 15.—The mild, bright weather yesterday made possible the inaugural parade that had been planned in connection with the ceremonies which at noon retired Governor Lewelling and placed at the head of the state affairs of Kansas Governor Morrill and a full complement of Republican officials, which constitute the state cabinet. The ceremonies concluded with a grand ball last night.

The Weather.

For eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair; westerly winds. For Delaware, District of Columbia and Virginia, fair; warmer; southerly winds. Local snows are indicated in the lake regions, and local rains in the lower Mississippi valley. Generally fair weather will prevail in other districts. Higher temperature is indicated in all districts east of the Mississippi.

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COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

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POPULAR : HOTEL!

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Cool Beer and Refreshing Wines,

Whiskeys, etc. Don't forget the place.

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Saving Fund!

SHARES FOR SALE.

The Safe Deposit Building and Saving Association of Reading, Pa., offers for sale a few hundred shares of stock. This is a good, reliable and prosperous association in which to take shares. Having ready sale for all money, the premium received is large, consequently the stock will mature much sooner than associations located in towns where there is no great demand for money, and building operations are very limited. The value of each share is $200 at maturity. Application fee, 25 cents each share. Monthly dues, one dollar per share. Five per cent. interest allowed on all payments made in advance for 6 months or longer. Members may withdraw one or all shares at any time by giving 30 days written notice, and are entitled to the full amount of dues paid, with 6 per cent. interest after one year, thereby making it an 11 per cent. investment. All shareholders are entitled to loans from fund on real estate security. No shares will be forced out.

The fund is run on the same conservative principles as our local funds which have been tried for years and found safe. Any one wishing to invest in a Saving Fund will find it to their interest to call on the local agents and receive full particulars. Rev. H. A. Keyser, D. D., of Mahanoy City, is one of the directors.

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