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Evening Herald.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1894.

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S banking scheme thus far seems to have the unqualified endorsement of John G. Carlisle.

The elaborate preparations for the collection of the income tax bring to mind the query of the elder Weller in reference to learning the alphabet—whether it was worth while to go through so much an' get so little.

By some mysterious mental process as yet altogether unknown, the South, which is suffering from the overproduction of cotton, seems to have concluded that she can find relief for the consequent distress in the restoration of state banks and a de-based currency. Trying to restore prosperity in unsettling values and inducing speculation is a good deal like trying to restore a paralytic to health by bleeding him.

ONLY madness, surely, can longer keep the Chinese government from suing for peace in an humble and straightforward manner. Nor can it complain of excessive harshness in thus being humbled. It was the aggressor. It began the war. And its tone then was indescribably arrogant and cruel. Now it is beaten, and it must suffer the fate of the vanquished, and of the vanquished in a bad cause. Japan will be merciful when China sues for mercy. Until that time she will pursue the policy of Grant when he said to Donelson, "I propose to move immediately upon your works."

MUCH credit is given to President Cleveland by some admirers for his shrewdness in diverting attention to the state bank scheme, when he saw that the tariff and other issues had brought defeat upon his party. Doubtless the President himself, and many of his admirers, consider it a particularly cute thing. How far the momentary agitation which the President has begun will make trouble no one can judge just yet. Gold exports began quite appropriately so soon as his policy was announced, and the continuing distrust of foreigners in the financial future of this country is likely to cause large selling of stocks and out-goes of gold for some time to come. The Administration will be properly held responsible for the consequences of this agitation also, whether it ends in any disastrous change of law, or only in prolonged and depressing uncertainty. It was a very unwise thing for any statesman to attempt a general reconstruction of the monetary system, at a time when the business of the nation was so severely tried, but it was a thing particularly unfit and almost indecent, for the leaders of a party which had just been overwhelmingly condemned in the election, to seize the three remaining months of power for an attempt to change the people's will by such a device. All this the voters are quite able to comprehend, and it is not with great patience that they witness a new attempt to force obsolete Democratic theories upon the country after the voters have entered their verdict against them. In a moral sense, it is an impudent usurpation of power, after such a defeat, to use a trust which the people have withdrawn for the purpose of carrying out objects they have emphatically condemned. The effort will not be to revive confidence in the party thus defying public opinion. President Cleveland will discover, it is safe to predict, that his endeavor to bring back wildcat state banks to cause the country again will prove not more popular than his income tax or his prostration of home industries. If the President faces that this or any other subject will lead the workmen to forget that a large share of them have lost employment for a year or more, and that nearly all have had their wages reduced, when greater prosperity was promised to them as a result of Democratic victory, he will learn better. Every wage-earner is reminded every time he draws his wages that the Democratic party stole success in 1892 by lying to him, and has inflicted upon him the most serious industrial reverse the country has seen for fifty years.

COMPERS' SUCCESSOR.

John McBride Heads the American Federation of Labor.

SOCIALIST CANDIDATES BEATEN.

They Receive Few Votes in Their Efforts to Capture Minor Offices—Gompers and P. J. McGuire Will Represent the Federation at the Cardiff Congress.

DENVER, Dec. 18.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor did more business yesterday than in any preceding day. There were some surprises in the day's session, the most important of them being the defeat of President Gompers for re-election. Mr. Gompers' election as fraternal delegate to the British labor congress is intended as a sort of evidence that the convention recognizes his loyalty. The selection of Indianapolis as national headquarters was also in line of a general revolution in the federation. It was a



JOHN MCBRIDE.

declaration by the western delegation that they propose hereafter to control the organization. It is expected that the work of the convention will be finished today.

The first business before the convention yesterday was to determine the future location of the headquarters of the federation.

Indianapolis and Washington were the only contestants. The vote resulted: Indianapolis, 1,200; Washington, 925.

The resolution to make Indianapolis the location for three years was amended to make it five years and referred to the committee on laws.

The election of officers was then taken up. Mr. Gompers and John McBride, president of the United Mine Workers, were the only candidates for president. The vote resulted: McBride, 1,102; Gompers, 957.

The nominees for first vice president were P. J. McGuire of Philadelphia and T. J. Morgan of Chicago. McGuire winning by 1,375 to 225. James Dunbar of Baltimore was made second vice president by a vote of 2,182 to 91 for Charles Hechtold of St. Louis, who was said to be connected with the Knights of Labor. For third vice president James Bretzell and Ruddy Keneshan of Denver were nominated. The result was: Bretzell, 491; Keneshan, 714. For fourth vice president Harry L. Lloyd of Boston, W. D. Mahon of the Street Car Employees, and T. J. Elderkin of the Seamen's union, were nominated. Lloyd withdrew after the first ballot, and Elderkin was chosen on the second, the vote resulting: Elderkin, 1,218; Mahon, 910.

The election of secretary was next in order. J. W. Brainard of Denver, J. Mahon Barnes of Philadelphia, A. McGrath of Boston, Richard H. Metcalf of Indianapolis, Chris Evans (present incumbent) of J. Lincham of St. Louis were placed in nomination. The result was: Evans, 1,666; Lincham, 548. The election of McGrath was made unanimous.

For treasurer John B. Lennon, the present incumbent, was nominated and elected by acclamation.

Mr. Gompers took the floor and announced his satisfaction upon being released from the responsibilities of the presidency of the federation. He said he had been made an old man in his comparative youth by the burdens of the office, but he felt that he represented a principle and would not lie down. He preferred to be moved down. He concluded: "If any man or men shall try to drag down John McBride he will find me a harder fighter for him than I have been for myself."

For the place of next meeting of the federation, New York and St. Louis were placed in nomination. The result was: New York, 1,336; St. Louis, 535.

Delegate Lennon moved that two fraternal delegates be sent to the British trade congress to be held in Cardiff, Wales. It was carried and Samuel Gompers, P. J. McGuire and P. H. Penne were placed in nomination, the two former being selected.

A dispatch was read from John McBride in response to a telegram notifying him of his nomination, accepting the honor conferred upon him.

After committee reports of minor importance the convention at 6 o'clock adjourned to meet this morning.

In regard to the work of the convention President Gompers said: "I think the work of the convention is highly satisfactory, and I regard the outlook as equally so. The determination of the federation to direct their efforts to securing an eight hour day in 1901 will have a good effect. Personally I feel relieved at the election of a man to succeed me in the arduous duties of the presidency. I ask, and shall continue to ask, every trades unionist—every person who has been and is still our personal or official friend—to give Mr. McBride their undivided and unqualified support."

AN ABLE LEADER. Sketch of John McBride, Who Succeeded Samuel Gompers.

COLUMBUS O., Dec. 18.—John McBride, the new president of the American Federation of Labor, has just turned his 40th year. He was born and raised in the mining region of northeastern Ohio. Fortunately he secured a common school education before he entered the mines, and at 18 he became secretary of the local lodge of the Miners and Mine Laborers' association. Shortly afterwards he was elected secretary of the Tuscarawas Valley Miners' association, and at once came to the front as leader among men of his craft. In 1882 he was elected president of the Ohio Miners' association, and continued at the head of that organization for seven years. The memorable strike in the Hooking Valley in 1884 was a severe test of his resources and demonstrated his exceptional ability as a labor leader.

In 1884-85 he represented Stark county

in the Ohio legislature, and secured to himself a number of votes in the election of 1885. In 1887 he was nominated on the Democratic ticket for secretary of state, but was defeated. In 1891 he secured a majority in the election for secretary of state, but in fulfilling the duties of that office together with an interest in agriculture for the maintenance of wages, which was advocated by the Indians and Illinois operators in 1892 and received as a result of the great strike last spring. In 1893 Mr. McBride received from active leadership among the miners when the Miners' Progressive union and N. E. A. 155, K. of L., were consolidated under the title of the United Mine Workers of America.

Mr. McBride served as state labor commissioner under Governor Campbell for two years, and in 1893 was elected president of the United Mine Workers, which position he has since held. Last spring he organized and conducted the greatest strike in the history of the country, in which upwards of 150,000 miners were involved, and which was successful beyond his greatest expectations. He was instrumental in the organization of the American Federation of Labor, and presided at the first meeting in this city in December, 1888, when he was elected president, but declined to serve.

Pritchard Knocked Out in Two Minutes. LONDON, Dec. 18.—The match for £200 between Frank Craig, the "Harlem Coffee Cooler," and Ted Pritchard was pulled off last night at Central Hall, Holborn, in the presence of 4,000 spectators. After maneuvering for a time Craig led, but missed, Pritchard ducking out of reach. Before he recovered his position he received two blows on the back of the head. The men then clinched, but broke away. These tactics were repeated, but directly the men were separated Craig drove Pritchard into the ropes. When the latter came up again Craig led with his right, landing a smashing blow on Pritchard's jaw and flooring him. Pritchard remained down until he was counted out, Craig winning the fight in less than two minutes.

The Vote on the Carlisle Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Speaker Crisp and his associates on the house committee on rules determined yesterday on a special rule by which Secretary Carlisle's bill for currency revision will be debated and voted on in the house of representatives. It was arranged that the general debate should begin today and continue until the recess at the end of the week. When congress reassembles Jan. 7 the currency debate will be resumed, the fifth and sixth hour given to debate under the five minute rule. The vote will probably be taken on Monday, Jan. 7, at noon.

A Grave Robber Shot Dead. CINCINNATI, Dec. 18.—Mount Hope, Ky., a small village twelve miles from Walton, sends news of the shooting of a grave robber caught in the act. There has been robbery at this cemetery, and when Miss Morris was buried there on Saturday her betrothed husband determined to watch her grave. Near midnight two men came and began digging. A dozen shots were fired at the robbers, and "Smiley" Jordan, a colored firm hand in the neighborhood, was shot dead. The white man escaped.

Killed by a Falling Scaffold. CANTON, N. Y., Dec. 18.—A scaffold on the building of Williams & Clark's fertilizing works here was blown down yesterday afternoon, and three men who were on it at the time were hurled to the ground, a distance of fifty feet. John Moriarty, 33 years old, of Canada, was instantly killed, and the others were so badly injured that their recovery is considered doubtful. They are Frank Morgan, 46 years old, of Newark, and Morris Malick, 39 years old, of Elizabeth, N. J.

Not Murdered for Plunder. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 18.—The double murder of Mrs. Sherman and her daughter at Bust on Saturday is still unsolved. Robbery does not seem to have been the motive for the crime, as hanging on the wall of the room in which the women were killed were two gold watches in plain view. In the bureau was \$600 in cash, which old man Sherman kept tied up in a handkerchief. This was not touched.

General Harrison Denies a Report. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 18.—On Sunday there was printed in out of town papers a story that ex-President Harrison, W. H. Miller and John C. Williams, general manager of the Vandall road, had formed a partnership for the practice of law, and would open an office here the first of the year. Mr. Harrison authorized the statement today that there is no truth in the story.

Was Defeated in the Supreme Court. WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Chief Justice Fuller announced the decision of the court in the ex parte case of Isaac L. Rice, who asked for writs of mandamus and prohibition upon the circuit court of the eastern district of Pennsylvania in the matter of the reorganization of the Reading Railroad and Coal and Iron companies. Both requests were denied.

Montreal's Unemployed Demanding Bread. MONTREAL, Dec. 18.—Three thousand unemployed workmen invaded the city hall yesterday, demanding bread. The mayor and aldermen present promised that they would try to do something for them, and the crowd dispersed shouting: "If we don't get bread by Wednesday we'll take it."

Murdered by Robbers. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Winifred Sherman and her daughter, Mrs. Clinton Davis, who lived on a farm near here, were murdered by unknown persons. Mrs. Sherman's husband had gone to attend the funeral of his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Myron C. Sherman, who were killed by a train a day or two ago, and on his return found his wife and daughter lying dead in the house. There is no clue to the perpetrator of the crime although it is apparent that the motive was robbery.

GRAVE ENGINEER LLOYD.

His Remains of Hand and Heirloom Saved Forty-six Days.

WILMINGTON, Pa., Dec. 18.—The presence of mind of Thomas Lloyd, the engineer of the Stevens railway at West Pittston, saved the lives of forty-six others yesterday. The engine house, a small frame structure, caught fire, and as the interior was dry and saturated with oil the flames rapidly spread. The only person to the building at the time was Lloyd, who attempted to extinguish the blaze with a few buckets of water, but in less than five minutes the flames had completely overtaken the fan house. The destruction of this building meant the shutting off of the air current, which would have been fatal to the forty-six miners who were at work in the mine, 500 feet below.

Without losing an instant's time Lloyd ran to the telephone and told the foreman at the bottom of the shaft to hurry through the mine and give the alarm to the men. Notwithstanding the foreman's haste it was more than twenty minutes before all the men could be gathered together at the bottom of the shaft preparatory to being hauled to the surface. In the meantime the engine house was completely enveloped by fire. The flames surrounded the engine, but he bravely stood at his post, waiting for the signal to hoist the men from the mine.

At last the bell rang, and in a few minutes the carriage containing eighteen men had reached the surface. A second perilous trip brought eighteen more up, and by this time the roof of the engine house had fallen in, but Lloyd, with hands and face badly burned, still clung to the lever. Finally the carriage was hauled up for the third time, with the remaining ten men in it. Lloyd fainted the moment his brave task was ended. His burns, though painful, will not prove fatal.

Pugilist Bowen's Funeral. NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 17.—The funeral of Andy Bowen, the pugilist who died from the effects of a blow given by George Lavigne in their prize fight last Friday night, took place today, and was largely attended. Lavigne was arraigned in court and held in \$10,000 bail. All the accessories—Duffy, Constance, Murphy, "Jim" Hall, Spitzfalden and Layton—were held in \$5,000 bail. Coroner Lawrakow, who conducted the inquest, said that the death of Bowen was probably caused by his head striking the barbell, for if it was caused by the blow his neck would have been broken. Bowen's death has put an end to pugilism in New Orleans for years to come. The mayor at once issued an order prohibiting the Dempsey Ryan fight scheduled for Saturday night.

Death of Minnesota's Chief Justice. ST. PAUL, Dec. 17.—After an illness of several weeks, Chief Justice James Gilliland, of the Minnesota's supreme court, died yesterday, in his 93rd year. He served with distinction through the Indian wars and during the rebellion. When the war closed he was commanding a division. In 1869 he was appointed by Governor Marshall to fill the vacancy on the supreme bench caused by the retirement of Justice Thomas Wilson, and again in 1875 he filled a term by appointment, but since that time has been regularly re-elected. The cause of death was kidney troubles. Mrs. Gilliland and six children survive him.

Arsenic in the Bread. BURLING, Dec. 17.—Great excitement has been caused at Freiberg, Saxony, by what appears on its face to be either criminal negligence or a wholesale attempt at poisoning. One hundred and fifty persons were suddenly stricken with all the symptoms attending arsenic poisoning. An investigation showed that all had partaken of rolls from a certain bake shop, and an analysis revealed that all the rolls contained arsenic. One child has died from the effects of the poison. The family of the baker who sold the rolls did not escape, some of the members being quite ill.

Alleged Incendiarist Acquitted. CLEARFIELD, Pa., Dec. 17.—The case of the commonwealth vs. James Gail, coachman, Henry Walker, Samuel Patterson, Robert Patterson, Patrick Vall, Joseph Swansborough and Thomas Blake, miners, charged with conspiracy and riot, and which has attracted much interest throughout the coalfield, ended in a verdict of acquittal of all the defendants. The men were charged with burning a triple of the Conditio Coal company situated in Decatur township, Clearfield county, during the recent strike.

Seely Pleads Guilty. NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Samuel C. Seely, the former bookkeeper of the Shoe and Leather National bank, charged with aiding the late Frederick Baker in robbing the bank of \$54,000, was arraigned in the United States circuit court, pleaded guilty and was remanded for sentence. He will probably be sentenced next Monday.

Given Up for Lost. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18.—That the steam colliers Montezuma and Keweenaw have been lost at sea with all on board is now considered almost a certainty. The Montezuma, Captain Blackburn, carried a crew of twenty men, and the Keweenaw, Captain Jenkins, carried a crew of thirty.

Dismissed for Having Opinions. SIOUX CITY, Ia., Dec. 18.—A number of engineers, firemen and conductors have just been laid off by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad. The men say the action is equivalent to a discharge, and that it was brought about because the men sympathized with the strikers.

Suspected Poisoning of Students. BRIDGEWATER, Me., Dec. 18.—It is learned that more than a dozen students at Bowdoin college are now under the doctor's care as a result of having eaten food supposed to have contained poison at a recent banquet.

NUGGETS OF NEWS. The death of Eugene Kelly, the venerable New York banker, is expected at any moment. Pugilist Fitzsimmons is anxious to fight Corbett for a \$50,000 purse offered by the Kinetoscope company. It is believed that as a result of the Banco Romano scandal, Signor Crispi, Italy's prime minister, will resign. Peter Schuler was found murdered at his home in Stafford, Va., his head being severed with an ax. Robbery was the motive. Murderer John Cronin was hanged in the state prison at Weatherfield, Conn., at 1:30 this morning. The new automatic gillows was used, and was wholly successful. Polly Bradenough, 14 years old, who was criminally assaulted by an unknown negro near Conway, Ark., died from her injuries. The brute may be burned at the stake if caught.

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THEATRE CAFE formerly kept by Thos. Gibbons. Main and Oak Sts., Shenandoah. Hours 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m. Phone 100. Proprietors: CASTELLO & CASIDY.

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IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Bill to Protect Forest Reservations Passed the Senate Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The bill (H. R. 11,111) to protect forest reservations, which was passed by the House of Representatives on December 15, 1894, was passed by the Senate yesterday. The bill provides for the protection of forest reservations, and for the purpose of securing favorable conditions of water flow. It gives the secretary of the interior authority to make regulations for protection against fire and degradation. It also gives him authority to prescribe regulations under which such dead or mature trees may be removed as may be necessary to preserve the remaining timber. Under this authority he is empowered to sell such timber in limited quantities to each purchaser. He is also authorized to make a detail of troops for the protection of reservations. The bill further provides for the restoration of agriculture and mineral lands in forest reservations to the public domain. The remainder of the day was devoted to the army appropriation bill, which was passed without amendments.

Home treatment of ten prevents the necessity for hospital treatment. Every wise housekeeper keeps an Allcock's Porous Plaster on hand for immediate use for congestion arising from taking cold, for lame back, sore muscles, sprains and all sorts of pains and aches. There are imitations by the score. Beware of them. Get the genuine Allcock's. Allcock's Corn Shields, Allcock's Bunion Shields. Have no equal as a relief and cure for corns and bunions.

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