EVENING HERALD

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THE EVENING HERALD,
Shenandoah, Penna.

Evening Herald.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1894.

WHEN the chickens did come home to roost what a lot of them there were.

BIG TOM REED seems to be on top once more. The Speakership of the next House is already determined.

A GREAT victory was won on Tuesday. But the good work then begun must be kept up. Let there be no relaxation of effort.

THEY put crape on the doors of the Cobden Club just as soon as the news from Chairman Wilson's district reached London.

NEW JERSEY appears to be thoroughly redeemed. The revolution begun last year has been carried to a successful issue. There are apparently not enough Democrats left in the state to stand up and be counted.

WHEN the political coroner goes down to attend to the business awaiting him in Chairman Wilson's district he will probably find that the latter's boom died of indigestion, caused by too many London Free-Trade dinners.

THE Republican Thanksgiving turkey this year is the biggest, fattest, juiciest fowl of his species ever served upon the people's dinner-table. He is large enough to provide a toothsome slice for every one of those courageous Democrats who have declined the invitation to sit down in the dismal cross-feast of their own party.

TIME and the avenging logic of events have lined up a solid Republican North to resist the assaults of Southern Free Traders upon American industries. A sectional Tariff bill enacted by a sectional party at the dictation of sectional leaders has forced the Northern states into a compact Republican alliance for the defence of native industries.

IN the midst of the gloom that surrounds him, it must be some comfort to Springer to reflect that if his claims to the place taken by Wilson had been allowed, things might not be quite as bad as they are. But there is no use in keeping that Tariff bill of his any longer, the one he carried in his pocket when he set out for Washington at the opening of the special session last year.

FEAR for self-government belongs to the past. Last Tuesday proved the right of the millions to rule. Two years ago they had a freak of foolishness and were deceived. It has cost them in two years more than the four years of civil war. Never has there been a more elaborate effort to cheat the people, for they have been told every day since last June that disaster and loss were the result of Republican laws. Their verdict is as terrible to Democrats as the party itself. In one day the people have wiped out a National party as a schoolboy would sponge his slate. The Monopolist rule for quarters is the American rule for politicians: Pockets full if you keep in well, heads off if not.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The Republicans have elected so many members of Congress that it would not be out of order for some leading Democrat to move that it be made unanimous. There is not a Northern state left to the proud party which swept the country in 1892, and at least three Southern states have turned against it. Delaware has elected a Republican Governor and Legislature, and will elect a Republican Senator. The Congressional delegation from at least twenty-eight of the forty-four states will be Republican, and this puts an end to the rascally scheme of electing a President in 1896 by a Democratic and Populist alliance throwing the election into the House. That dangerous plot goes into the limbo of knaveries which the people were wise enough to beat. With anything like the same vote that was cast on Tuesday, the Republicans will elect a President in 1896 by a majority larger than that given to any Republican President since General Grant.

The Congressional victory saves Northern industries. No one liked to admit, even to himself, how great the danger was that the Democratic Congress, if encouraged by popular support, would walk in the path marked out by President Cleveland and Chairman Wilson, and advance toward Free Trade with long strides. That peril has been escaped. Mills and mines and shops can count with certainty that the worst Free Trade can do has been done. Beaten in his own district, Mr. Wilson will hardly have the desire to take up another tariff fight, and Messrs. Bynum and Holman of Indiana, Bryan of Nebraska, Breckinridge of Kentucky, Johnson and Outhwaite of Ohio, Springer of Illinois, and other tariff tinkers of influence have in like manner been warned by the people to keep still. But if they lift their heads, the session is a short one, and a few Republicans can take ninety days to explain the situation, if necessary.

How Baltimore Abolished Tramps.

Washington and Baltimore have always been favorite cities for tramps. Their mild climate and hospitable tendencies attracted the gentlemen who refuse to bathe or work on principle. It is hard to say which your real tramp hates most—a bath or a job of work. It was by bringing force to bear on these two great prejudices that Baltimore abolished him last winter.

The citizens had been imposed on till they rose in self defense. Last winter promised to be a very hard one, and Baltimore vowed at last that she would no longer feed the horde of human vermin that at the approach of cold weather annually congregated within her limits. During 1893 she had lodged nearly 40,000 persons in her station houses. A great organization was formed from the leading charitable and business societies of the city. The municipal authorities promised to close the station houses to lodgers as soon as provision could be made for them elsewhere. The proviso made was that if tramps would not work they should not have food or lodging.

One charitable lodging house, the Friendly inn, existed already. To this was added the Wayfarers' lodge. The two together accommodated 275 persons nightly. At the Wayfarers' lodge wood sawing and splitting were offered as compensation for meals and lodging. The tramp's stay was limited to three days. He had to take a hot bath under the eye of an attendant every night and had to use a good lot of carbolic soap along with it. His day clothes had to be disinfected, and he had to wear a clean nightshirt to bed.

Permanent work was furnished for the needy in the shape of stone breaking. Two days' work a week was allowed to each one who had others dependent on him. The stone was broken and prepared for macadamizing and road ballasting. The men were not paid by the day, nor by the task—so much work to be done for 50 cents. This was in order that men unaccustomed to the toll would be equal with the rest.

The result shows that the plan worked like magic. Citizens cut off indiscriminate almsgiving. Applicants for meal tickets at the stoneyards were investigated and fraudulent ones weeded out.

As to the Wayfarers' lodge and the Friendly inn, they very shortly had room for all who applied. The police began sending their hotel guests to the lodging rooms as fast as they applied at the station houses. Thus the police quarters were rid of the horrid, vermin covered pack that haunt them in winter. The month of January began with over 300 police lodgers at the station houses. The middle of January the Wayfarers' lodge was opened. The number of police applicants began to fall off. The moment Mr. Tramp found he would be sent to a place where he had to work and take a bath every night that moment he turned his face away from Baltimore as from a pleague stricken city. By Feb. 8 the police stations were nearly cleared of lodgers. At the same time the inn and the lodge since last fall. The average number of lodgers at these houses both together was five a night. Time for actual work in the yards than formerly has never been half so number last winter, although it was probably the worst winter the country has ever known as far as work and wages went.

All applicants were provided for, and the actual cost to charity was only $3,350. The proceeds of the work done by the men covered all but that sum. The money for the experiment was furnished by citizens of Baltimore. Baltimore became known as the town where a gentleman of the road had to take a bath. These gentlemen shunned it. The town was cleaned out. The worthy poor were provided for at comparatively small cost. The plan is well worth trying elsewhere.

The most melancholy and suggestive feature of the affair was that of all the tramps who were thus caught and pilloried four-fifths were able-bodied young men under 30, the very men who ought to have been bearing the brunt and burden of the world's work.

For a pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent a cold from resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by Gruhler Bros.

MEDIATOR CLEVELAND.

The President's Services Tendered to China and Japan.

WILL PROBABLY BE ACCEPTED.

Chinamen Still Offering Little or No Resistance to the Forces of the Mikado. Another Report That the Japanese Have Captured Port Arthur.

TOKIO, Japan, Nov. 12.—United States Minister Dun has communicated to the ministry the substance of an important cipher cable proposition received from Secretary Gresham at Washington. It suggests that if Japan will join China in requesting the president of the United States to act as mediator in settling the war he will exercise his good offices in that capacity. A similar proposition has been sent to China. The cable was received by Minister Dun on Friday, and was presented to a special meeting of the ministry. An answer has not yet been sent.

The proposition presents a grave question to the ministry. They are urged on one hand by the popular sentiment to continue the war and crush China. On the other hand European powers are threatening to intervene. As between these conflicting influences the ministry find great difficulty in reaching a decision on the American proposition, but the prospect is that it will be accepted.

It is learned that four days ago France made a proposition to the United States to intervene.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The cable from Tokio explains the exact terms on which the United States is proposing to act as peacemaker between China and Japan, and it clears up much mystery which has existed as to details. It establishes the fact that the United States has not offered herself as arbitrator, but has suggested that if both China and Japan join in requesting her services as mediator they will be given.

It is the belief here that China will readily accept the mediation of the United States, and that Japan will do so after she is assured of the indemnity China will yield. China has already gone so far as to notify this government that it will join Japan in recognizing the complete independence of Corea, which would result in the Japanese evacuation of Corea and the reestablishment of the former reigning powers. China has also made known to this government that it was willing to pay a cash indemnity to Japan.

As to the amount of cash, it is not likely that Japan will accept the mediation unless $100,000,000 be offered. This will about represent what Japan has actually spent on the war. She does not ask for exemplary or punitive damages, as the term is used in law, but merely the damages which will reimburse her outlay. When France paid Germany an indemnity for the Franco-German war it represented not only what Germany had spent, but exemplary, or punishment, damages as well. Japan does not expect this, but she will insist on actual damages.

CHINA MAKING NO FIGHT.

Two Towns Captured Without Resistance. The Emperor to Leave Pekin.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 12.—Advices from the armies commanded by Field Marshal Count Oyama now operating on the Liaotung peninsula, confirm the reports of Japanese victories at Chinchiu (Kinchau) and Talienwan. On the morning of Tuesday last one brigade of the Japanese forces captured Chinchiu, and on the next day Talienwan was bombarded and also captured. A British warship was in Talienwan during the bombardment. After the place was captured this warship immediately started for Chefoo, which is across the Gulf of Pecihli, some eighty-five miles south of Talienwan.

A dispatch dated Talienwan, Nov. 7, from Admiral Ito, commander-in-chief of the Japanese navy, says that the squadron left Chinsamentauto on Nov. 6 and on the morning of the 7th was near Talienwan. No firing was heard from the forts and the squadron steamed into the bay, when the Japanese flag was seen flying from the fortification, the guns of which were dismounted. An officer landed and found only some Japanese guards, who informed him that the commander of the brigade had returned to Chinimu. The details of the capture of the place were obtained and a steamer was dispatched immediately to telegraph the news of the victory.

The official dispatches of Field Marshal Oyama stated that the Chinese forces at Kinchau numbered 4,000 infantry and 100 cavalry, and at Talienwan 5,000 infantry and 100 cavalry. The Chinese made little resistance at either place. They retreated towards Port Arthur. The Japanese lost only ten men in capturing both places. The Chinese losses were also slight.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Tientsin, dated Tuesday, and coming by way of Shanghai, says that the emperor and his court are preparing to leave Pekin for some inland place. Tuan Kiang Fu, in the province of Kiangsu, about 125 miles northwest of Shanghai, is named that Japan has 30,000 troops and various cutting at Vladivostok.

The correspondent of The Times at Chefoo telegraphs as follows: Tieling Kung, with several military leaders, abandoned Port Arthur on Nov. 6. The mandarins an intimation to surrender. There was no simple fortifying force both at Talienwan and Port Arthur, but there was no general direction of affairs. Chaos prevailed everywhere. A panic prevails at New Chang. Military deserters are fighting for passages on outbound steamers.

Completing the Jeddo Tunnel.

HAZLETON, Pa., Nov. 12.—It is learned that the famous Jeddo tunnel will be completed not later than tomorrow. The discharging of the last blast of dynamite is looked forward to here as the greatest event in the history of coal mining. Behind the barrier of rock now to be blown away is a sea of water which when liberated, it is thought, will open up a mining region wherein several thousand men were formerly employed.

Manufacturer Charged with Arson.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 12.—Benjamin Joachim, proprietor of the Joachim Hat Manufacturing company, 31 Boyd street, was indicted by the Essex county grand jury for arson. On July 29 last Joachim's factory and seven tenements were burned. Joachim, who denies the charge of arson, was arrested and placed under $2,500 bail.

Ex-State Treasurer on Trial.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 12.—The case against William E. Woodruff, ex-state treasurer, for false pretenses and misapplication of funds, was brought up for trial today in Pulaski circuit court.

DEATH BY ELECTROCUTION.

Governor Flower Will Permit an Important Test to be Made.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—Governor Flower is willing to allow experts to make a test to ascertain whether a man killed in the electric chair can be resuscitated. To the Associated Press representative he said: "I am perfectly willing to allow the experiment to be made, if it is in my power under the law. I think it would be a good thing to have this long standing controversy settled at once and forever."

Ever since the adoption of the electrical execution act by the state the Westinghouse people, whose dynamos are used, have declared that electricity was not the cause of death, but that death resulted from the boiling of an autopsy after the body had been taken from the electrical chair. No less authority than Nicola Tesla, the famous electrician, contended that he could bring back to life a man supposed to be killed in an electrical chair, provided the attempt was made immediately after execution.

Mr George Westinghouse has always asserted electrical death was a sham, and that a New York commission, headed by Elbridge T. Gerry, had added the autopsy clause to the law to make it certain that the man was dead. Within the last few weeks the agitation of the subject has again become prominent, and an appeal is to be made to the governor to allow the next man committed to death as a subject to be experimented on.

The attempt, if made, will undoubtedly create great excitement and interest in the scientific world. It will also arouse curiosity among laymen, because if successful it will bring to life a new man who can not be again executed, having once suffered the penalty of death. It will also prove that the state executioners have been the surgeons who have held the autopsy, rather than the state electrician.

Satolli to Collect Peter's Pence.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A letter has been received from Rome by the apostolic delegate, Mgr. Satolli, to be forwarded by him to the archbishops, who are to distribute it to their suffragans. Heretofore the Peter's pence collected each year in every diocese was sent directly by the bishops to Rome. Now these collections must be transmitted to the delegate. Moreover, any individual who wishes to name a more liberal contribution than he would ordinarily put in the diocesan collection may do so by addressing it directly to the pope through the delegate.

Relics of the Napoleonic Dynasty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—M. H. De Young, of San Francisco, director general of the California Midwinter exposition, has purchased for the Memorial museum, which will commemorate the success of that enterprise, one of the most valuable collections of relics of the Napoleonic dynasty the world possesses. The collection is the result of a half century's work on the part of an enthusiastic lover of the antique, and consists of over 800 medals, jetons and coins in gold, silver bronze and copper, and materializes the thrilling events of the Napoleon regime.

Lacked Nerve for Suicide.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 12.—Thomas Murphy, a gardener, aged 25, employed by Victor Value, of North Broad street, this city, attempted to murder Mary Rush, aged 21, a servant employed by the family. He shot her in the left arm, the bullet breaking the small bones and inflicting an ugly wound. Murphy then declared he was going to kill himself and retreated to the barn, but he was too cowardly to carry his threat into execution, as he was found there by the police half an hour later, with six chambers of the revolver in his possession still loaded.

Cook's Pals Convicted.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 12.—Elmer Lucas, a member of the Cook gang, was convicted in the United States court on Saturday of robbing a Frisco train at Red Bank July 18. Curtis Dobson, another member of the gang, pleaded guilty to complicity in the same robbery. Bill Cook, Cherokee Bill and Henry Munson were also engaged in the hold up. Lucas guarded the bandit's horses, and was easily captured, while Munson was killed in trying to escape. The others got away.

Big Suit Against Westinghouse.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 12.—A suit involving $1,000,000 has been filed by Robert S. Waring against George Westinghouse, Jr. It is the result of a stock deal, and Waring asks that Westinghouse be compelled to tell what has become of 10,000 shares of stock of the Underground Cable company, which, it is alleged in the bill, belongs to him. The bill charges that the defendant has used and disposed of the 10,000 shares of stock, and has appropriated the same and the income thereof to his own use.

The Fight Against Bishop Bonacum.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 12.—The trouble in the Lincoln diocese of Bishop Bonacum has broken out. He has suspended Right Rev. Father English, of Devil City, and ordered him before the diocesan court on the allegation that English took church property and failed to return it. English publishes a long reply, and attacks the bishop. The bill case against Bishop Bonacum is not settled, according to a statement published here. Action on the charges is among deferred.

It May be a Murder.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 12.—The dead body of Edward McConnell, aged 48 years, was found yesterday in the Brandywine, near the Diamond State Iron company's works. The body was badly bruised, and the police are at a loss to know whether he was accidentally drowned or murdered. His clothing contained $113. McConnell had been employed as a blacksmith's helper in Edgemoor, and lived at 115 Poplar street, Wilmington.

Killed Himself and Wounded His Mistress.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 12.—Near Fishing Creek Lou Calvert shot and fatally wounded Pearl Lafaire, with whom he had been living, and killed himself. The Lafaire woman had started for Fishing Creek with several friends and Calvert's jealousy prompted the deed.

British Cruiser Calypso Safe.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The admiralty has received a dispatch from Las Palmas saying that the cruiser Calypso, of the British training squadron, concerning whose safety some anxiety was felt, was sighted yesterday six miles north of the Canary islands.

May Go to a Sanitarium.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—John H. Russell, proprietor and manager of Russell's Comedians, is suffering from a serious attack of nervous prostration in this city, and, it is said, he will be taken to Dr. Barstow's sanitarium at Flushing, L. I., for treatment.

Mr. Wm. A. Booth
Indiana, Pa.

Saved My Life

$5 Worth of Hood's Sarsaparilla

Severe Case of Nicotine Poisoning.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I write these lines to certify that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of a most painful disease from which I have suffered the past four years. It appeared in the form of eruptions on my neck and face, spreading over my body, so painful that I could not sleep at night, and could not work in the day time, and when I did lay down and get into a little doze, if I would move just a little, it would start that terrible sensation, and

Blood Would Start

from the eruptions on my legs and body. I had to wear bandages all the time. My eyes were badly swollen, my back in terrible condition. One physician said it was weed poison, another eczema, and the last told me it was

Nicotine Poisoning,

and that I would have to go to a physician who made a speciality of my disease. (I omitted to say that I am a cigar maker by trade.) But Hood's Sarsaparilla had been recommended, and I thought I would try it, and I am heartily thankful that I did. I can truly say that Hood's Sarsaparilla has effected

A Perfect Cure.

I am free from sores, have a good appetite, no dull feelings, and that continual sick headache is gone. This wonderful cure has only cost me five dollars. This small amount of money has rid me of all my sufferings. I am still taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, my faithful friend which has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough."
WM. A. BOOTH, Indiana, Pennsylvania.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Safe and Reliable Horses to Hire.

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The best rigs in town. Horses taken board. Hauling promptly attended to.

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Largest and finest hotel in the region. Finest accommodations. Handsome fixtures. Pool and Billiard Rooms Attached.

SYPHILIS permanently cured in 15 to 40 days. No mercury used. Positive proofs and 1000 testimonials. Positive proofs and 1000 testimonials. Illustrated treatise free to male. Nothing else will cure.
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COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

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133 West Centre Street.

Headquarters for the EVENING HERALD.

PICTURESQUE LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

IN EFFECT MAY 13, 1894.

Passenger trains leave Shenandoah for New Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Lehighton, Slatington, White Hall, Catasauqua, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Weatherly 6.04, 7.38, 9.15 a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27 p. m.

For New York and Philadelphia, 6.04, 7.38, 9.15 a. m., 12.42, 2.57. For Quakake, Switchback, Gerhards and Hudsondale, 6.04, 9.15 a. m., and 2.57 p. m.

For Wilkes-Barre, White Haven, Pittston, Laceyville, Towanda, Sayre, Waverly and Elmira, 6.04, 9.15 a. m., 2.57, 5.27 p. m.

For Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West, 6.04, 9.15 a. m. and 2.57 5.27 p. m.

For Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap and Stroudsburg, 6.04 a. m., 2.57 p. m.

For Lambertville and Trenton, 9.15 a. m.

For Tunkhannock, 6.04, 9.15 a. m., 2.57, 5.27 p. m.

For Ithaca and Geneva 6.04, 9.15 a. m. 5.27 p. m.

For Auburn 9.15 a. m. 5.27 p. m.

For Jeanesville, Levelton and Beaver Meadow, 7.38 a. m., 12.42, 5.08 p. m.

For Stockton and Lumber Yard, 6.04, 7.38, 9.15, a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27 p. m.

For Silver Brook Junction, Audenried and Hazleton 6.04, 7.38, 9.15 a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27 and 8.08 p. m.

For Scranton, 6.04, 9.15, a. m., 2.57 and 5.27 p. m.

For Hazlebrook, Jeddo, Drifton and Freeland, 6.04, 7.38, 9.15, a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27 p. m.

For Ashland, Girardville and Lost Creek, 6.53, 8.1, 9.13, 10.39 a. m., 1.00, 1.40, 4.10, 5.35, 8.32, 9.18 p. m.

For Raven Run, Centralia, Mount Carmel and Shamokin, 9.13, 11.14 a. m., 1.32, 4.40, 8.32 p. m.

For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City and Delano, 6.04, 7.38, 9.15, 11.04 a. m., 12.42, 2.57 5.27, 8.08, 9.35, 10.28 p. m.

Trains will leave Shamokin at 8.15, 11.45 a. m., 1.55, 4.30 5.30 p. m., and arrive at Shenandoah at 9.15 a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27, 11.10 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 6.00, 7.38 9.15, 11.00 11.50 a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 4.10 5.27, 8.08 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 6.05, 7.50, 8.05, 10.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.20, 2.05, 3.40, 5.30, 7.15, 7.55, 10.00 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Hazleton, 6.04, 7.38, 9.15, a. m., 12.42, 2.57, 5.27, 8.08 p. m.

Leave Hazleton for Shenandoah, 7.35, 10.08 11.06 a. m., 12.15, 2.16, 3.30, 7.32, 7.56 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Trains leave for Raven Run, Centralia, Mt Carmel and Shamokin, 6.15 a. m., 5.40 p. m. and arrive at Shamokin at 7.40 a. m. and 5.55 p. m.

Trains leave Shamokin for Shenandoah at 7.55 a. m. and 4.00 p. m., and arrive at Shenandoah at 8.40 a. m. and 4.58 p. m.

Trains leave for Ashland, Girardville and Lost Creek, 9.40 a. m., 12.30 p. m.

For Hazleton, Black Creek Junction, New Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and New York, 8.49 a. m., 12.20, 2.56 p. m.

For Philadelphia 12.20, 2.56 p. m.

For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City and Delano, 8.40, 11.36 a. m., 12.20, 2.55, 4.58 8.00 p. m.

Leave Hazleton for Shenandoah, 8.34, 11.31 a. m., 1.05, 5.36 p. m.

Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 8.00, 8.40, 9.30 a. m., 2.40 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 8.30, 10.40 a. m., 1.35, 5.15 p. m.

ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Genl. Supt., South Bethlehem, Pa.
CHAS. S. LEE, Genl. Pass. Agt., Philadelphia.
A. W. NONNEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

HALF DONE.

Most of the cleaning and dyeing now-a-days is only half done.
No matter where you live, you can send anything you wish cleaned or dyed, by express at our expense, and we will do it at same price as if you delivered it to us in person.

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It LASTS LONGER than other Soaps.
Price FIVE CENTS a bar.

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New discovery. Will make you write a week. Sold with WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power in either sex, Insomnia or Excesses from any cause. If not tested, such troubles lead to consumption or insanity. Positive proof free by mail, 6 boxes for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEARL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by E. P. D. KIRLIN, Druggist, Shenandoah, Pa.