

EVENING HERALD

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Evening Herald.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894.

Republican State Ticket.

- For Governor, GRNL. DANIEL B. HASTINGS, Centre county. For Lieutenant-Governor, WALTER LYON, Allegheny county.

County Ticket.

- For Congress, CHARLES N. BUEHM, Of Mineersville. For Senator, 30th District, JOHN J. COYLE, Of McHenry City.

To-NIGHT's cent.

should show an overwhelming majority for the Protectionist candidates.

There is little doubt that there are heavy frosts in the camps of the Free Traders to-day.

IS INDIA a native can get board and lodging for about six cents a day.

If natives or naturalized could do that here the sweat shops would not be so bad.

TO-DAY tells the tale. The voter carries the solution of the country's distress in his hands.

Ballots cast for the Republican candidates for Congress will bring about prosperity again.

ADRIAL NELLY called President Peixoto of Brazil a thief, but did not cause half the commotion that Goff did when he called Commissioner Sheshay a thief.

Peixoto considered the source, but Sheshay did not dare to.

The people are putting the screws on Tammy and Free Trade to-day and when the sun rises to-morrow morning his bright rays will sparkle with the promise of pure government and protection to American industries.

BURGESS who went through the house of an Allegheny man and took his pocket book, thoughtfully left him his naturalization papers and a deed to a lot in the cemetery.

They probably believed him a Democrat and not likely to see anything worth living for after to-day.

Don't wait until the last moment before going to the polls to-day. Every Republican has secured time to perform and that is to cast his ballot in condemnation of the Free Trade policy of the Democratic party.

Let him cast the ballot before the sun sets and the sun rising will be glorious.

MONEY AND BUSINESS.

After to-morrow several hundred journals will be able to see facts to which they are now obstinately blind.

One of the facts they will see is that business though a little better than a year ago shortly after the great panic, is far behind that of a prosperous year.

The actual payments through clearing-houses in October were \$4,254,000,000 in twenty-seven working days this year, against \$4,043,000,000 in twenty-six working days last year, and \$3,430,000,000 in twenty-four working days in 1892.

The daily average was, therefore, 158.7 millions, against 150.2 millions last year, and 226.0 millions in 1892, so that just 70 per cent. of the business of 1892 was transacted in October, against 60 per cent last year.

The gate is encouraging, but it is not quite enough to justify the shouting of some politicians.

Part of the depression is expressed in lower prices, both for farm and other products, which have been 7.5 per cent. lower than last year and 10.7 per cent. lower than in 1892.

Taking this into account, the volume of all business expressed in quantities is 78.5 per cent. of the business in 1892, whereas last year it was 71.1 per cent.

In other words, there is work—at low wages—for a little over four-fifths of the working force two years ago, though since that time the people who ought to be at work have increased in number about 3 per cent.

These are the uncomfortable facts which men have to ignore who talk about the great revival of business.

Failures are much less important than a year ago. Dun's Review making the liabilities for four weeks only \$8,300,892, against \$23,480,786 for the same weeks last year, but the aggregate is much larger than it was two years ago, and the number of failures in four weeks has been 964, against 1,449 last year and 824 in 1892.

A thousand failures in a month hardly denote general prosperity.

The unnaturally low prices, lower in October than ever before, are driving a great many traders and manufacturers out of business, and those who survive have, on the whole, less to do and smaller profits than in the years of prosperity.

For thirty years people have been stuffed with Democratic theories, but this year they have some Democratic experience, and do not enjoy it.

The theory that cheaper goods would come with lower duties, but that lower wages would not come, was delightful and soul-fulfilling when it was nothing but a theory.

It is not body-fulfilling nor pleasant when tried. The voters who were cheated by it are now the voters to resist and punish it when they know that it is costing them about \$2,000,000,000 a year.

The 30,000,000 who did earn an average of \$300 each, and now earn, counting loss of time and of work, less than \$100 each, will consult their experience when they vote, and not fables.

ELECTION PREDICTIONS.

How Political Managers Evolve Satisfactory Figures.

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Confident claims are made by both sides on the local issue. The supporters of the Committee of Seventy ticket predict that Tammany will be drowned by a tidal wave, and say that for this reason all estimates of figures on the local result are worthless.

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How He Counts a Republican Majority in the Next Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Chairman Barbock, of the Republican congressional committee, addressed a dispatch to Vice Chairman T. D. Awoley, of Hudson, Mass., claiming for the Republicans the certain election of 111 members of congress, four more than a majority of the house, and the probable election of 411 Republicans.

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If Their Votes Counted the Prohibition Candidates Would be Elected.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Nov. 6.—The first election ever held in this country at which women only cast a ballot for candidates for county and state officers has been held in southern California, and French, the Prohibition candidate for governor, is probably elected.

The movement which originated in San Bernardino two months ago soon spread, not only all over this county, but women in adjoining counties caught the idea, and in Riverside, in Los Angeles, and in San Diego counties have been marching up to, or rather at, the polls and putting in a ballot which might indicate their rights as citizens.

"For God and home and native land" was the motto everywhere in sight about the polling booths.

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They have nominees for all the offices to be filled. The Democrats will elect their congressional candidates in the First, Second, Fourth, Sixth and Eighth and probably in the Seventh. The latter is Brookridge's district, in which Owens is the Democratic nominee, and Judge Denny the Republican.

Owens is doubtful, because the friends of Brookridge have refused to support him. The feeling between these factions is intense and bitter. The really doubtful districts are the Third, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh, the chances being about evenly divided.

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The Democrats claim that Becker will be elected by 5,000 or more, that part of the state ticket will follow him, and that at least two congressmen will be Democrats. The Populists claim the election of Sydney M. Owen for governor, express confidence in the re-election of Congressman Boon, and assert that they will hold the balance of power in the legislature.

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Dr. Davis' Murderer Convicted.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 6.—The trial of Ben Glendon, charged with murdering J. Davis near Montgomery, Aug. 1, resulted yesterday in his being convicted of murder in the first degree. A new trial was asked. It was established that the killing of Davis was the result of a conspiracy on the part of miners who took part in the battle with Wyatt's men at Eagle during the strike there last March. Many men were wounded, and Dr. Davis was their physician. They feared his testimony against them, and he was waylaid on a lonely mountain road and shot as he passed.

Found Dead in a Chair.

CHARLES, Pa., Nov. 6.—Dr. Frank Hartzell, of Churchtown, aged 70 years, a well known physician, went to the Churchtown hotel and fell asleep in a chair. A few minutes later, when the landlord went in to arouse him, he found that the doctor was dead.

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