

EVENING HERALD

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THE EVENING HERALD,
Shenandoah, Penna.

Evening Herald.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1894.

Republican State Ticket.

- For Governor, GENL. DANIEL H. HASTINGS, Centre county.
- For Lieutenant-Governor, WALTER LYON, Allegheny county.
- For Auditor-General, AMOS H. MYLEN, Lancaster county.
- For Secretary Internal Affairs, JAMES W. LATTA, Philadelphia county.
- For Congressmen-at-Large, GALENA A. GROW, Susquehanna county, GEORGE F. HUFF, Westmoreland county.
- County Ticket:
 - For Congress, CHARLES N. BRUMM, Of Minersville.
 - For Senator, 30th District, JOHN S. COYLE, Of Mahanoy City.
 - For Representative, 1st District, JOSEPH WYATT, Of Shenandoah.
 - For Sheriff, ALEXANDER SCOTT, Of Frackville.
 - For Director of the Poor, REBE DETLECK, Of Wayne Township.
 - For Jury Commissioner, THOMAS J. RICHARDS, Of Reilly Township.

It is a sign of Brazilian prosperity under her new Government that sixty new locomotives of the first class from American works are now on the way thither. It is also a gratifying token that she can buy her railway materials and equipments better and cheaper in our markets than those of England which, until recently, have enjoyed a practical monopoly of her trade in this direction.

If the President has decided to play the baby act and permit the tariff bill to become a law without his signature he will well deserve the righteous indignation of the country not only for his poltroonery, but for the heavy loss which is accruing every day to the National Treasury of the revenue which would come in under the bill when a law, as well as for the much greater loss inflicted upon general business by the uncertainty. The delay has only been profitable to the Whisky Trust in permitting it time to get its property out of bond and escape the payment to the Government later on of the increased tax. Imports of many articles meanwhile are at a standstill until the bill goes into effect and the Government as a consequence is not getting the money which it needs so badly.

The common supposition is that in the present war China has a vast advantage over Japan in the matter of financial resources. It is true that China is by far the richer, because she is ten times as big as Japan; and Japan has, moreover, lately been in financial straits. Yet it is announced that the Chinese Government has been unable to make a domestic loan of even so little as 1,000,000 taels, or \$750,000, and that amount furnished by the Empress for the prosecution of the war amounts to only 12,000,000 taels, while on the other hand the nobles of Japan have voluntarily raised and loaned to their Government without interest the splendid sum of \$80,000,000. The intelligent and ardent patriotism of the Japanese seems a far better backing than the stolid indifference and disaffection of the Chinese.

HUMILIATED.

It is a strange spectacle. Flushed with triumph two years ago, the Democratic party is to-day humiliated by the consciousness of unpeppable shame and astonishing failure. It wanted retrenchment of expenditures, this body of voters, but its lawmakers have passed and its President approved, or suffered to become law without signature, appropriations for the coming year larger than those of the "Billion Congress" at its first session. It wanted free coinage of silver, this great

body of voters, and its lawmakers and President have not only refused silver coinage, but have stopped purchases of silver. It wanted abolition of protective duties, a tariff for revenue only and destruction of trusts and monopolies. Its Congress and President have surrendered to the trusts and monopolies and have enacted a tariff of which scarcely one out of a thousand duties is not graduated with the intent to protect, or with the profession that it will protect. It is safe to say that never in whole history of the country has the intention of the people in electing a new President and Congress failed more completely and disgracefully.

ADJOURNED.

Both Houses of Congress adjourned today, which is the best thing they have accomplished since their existence under the present Administration. If such a joint resolution had been passed months ago it would have been better for the country, and better for the dominant party in the National Legislature. Its sessions have been ones of turmoil—its legislative acts were generally of more harm to the country than good. The tariff bill passed is not only at war with the American principle, but is a crude, blundering enactment that will injure the party and the President who are responsible for it, as much as it will harm the true interests of the country.

Cranberry Hogs Destroyed by Fire.

CRANBERRY CENTRE, Wis., Aug. 28.—The losses of Cranberry growers from fires have been enormous. In and about Mather, where there have been many acres of burning marsh, there is almost nothing left. The peat has burned down in the sand in places to the depth of two feet. Many of the tracts of land will never be used for growing cranberries again, and will revert to the county as useless land.

Nicaragua Outrage Officially Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Admiral Ramsey received a dispatch from Captain Sumner, of the Columbia, relative to affairs at Bluefields. It relates very briefly to the story of the arrest of the American Vice Consul Hatch and some of the Americans who participated in Clarence's uprising against the Nicaraguans, and gives a short summary of other happenings already described in recent news dispatches.

Drowned in Hundreds of Feet of Water.

WATKINS, N. Y., Aug. 28.—A young man named Eighart, aged 21 years, was drowned at North Hector. With six other persons he was in a sailboat, and in some manner fell overboard. He failed to catch the line thrown out and sank in several hundred feet of water. The accident occurred in the middle of the lake, and it is very probable his body will never be recovered.

Admiral Skerrett Seriously Ill.

DENVER, Aug. 28.—Rear Admiral Skerrett, recently commanding the Asiatic Squadron, who has been appointed to succeed Rear Admiral Irwin, retired, arrived in Denver yesterday. He is lying quiet in the Brown Palace hotel, and may not be able to resume his journey eastward for several days.

Killed Four People and Himself.

MELBOURNE, Aug. 28.—A settler at Rothelme, having become involved in desperate financial troubles, shot the throats of his three children, shot a neighbor who tried to interfere, and then took his own life.

Success of the Dynamite Guns.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—General Flagg, chief of ordnance, has just returned to the city from Sandy Hook, where he witnessed the test of the dynamite guns. He says that the guns have done everything that was required of them. This statement warrants the assumption that they will be accepted by the government.

A Boulder Causes a Fatal Wreck.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 28.—Passenger train No. 1, east bound on the Baltimore and Ohio branch, ran into a huge boulder near Cairo. The engine was thrown from the track, killing Fireman Shaughnessy, of Grafton, and injuring Engineer Flannery fatally.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

It is officially admitted that cholera from Crasov has reached Silesia. James Mather, a prisoner in jail at Media, Pa., committed suicide by hanging. A dispatch from Auckland, N. Z., announces the death of T. W. B. King. The strike of the miners in the Massillon (O.) district has developed into a lockout. There are 2,500 idle miners. The Venezuelan minister at Washington has received a dispatch announcing that everything is tranquil in Venezuela. A disastrous fire is sweeping through the forest near Fallmouth, Mass., and has already burned over 1,000 acres of woodland in Sandwich forest. Believing he had killed Mrs. Nehling who refused to elope with him, John D. Fisher, a glassblower, of Brooklyn, N. Y., killed himself. Mrs. Nehling was injured.



A BAD WRECK.

—of the constitution may follow in the track of a disordered system, due to impure blood or inactive liver. Don't run the risk! The proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery take all the chances. They make a straightforward offer to return your money if their remedy fails to benefit or cure in all disorders and affections due to impure blood or inactive liver. The germs of disease circulate through the blood; the liver is the filter which permits the germs to enter or not. The liver active, and the blood pure, and you escape disease. When you're run down, debilitated, weak, and your weight below a healthy standard, you regain health, strength, and wholesome flesh, by using the "Discovery." It builds up the body faster than nuxvomiting Cod liver oils or emulsions. There wouldn't be any cases of Chronic Catarrh if everyone used Dr. Sage's Remedy. There's \$500 reward for an incurable case.

CLEVELAND EXPLAINS.

Why the New Tariff Became Law Without His Signature.

NOT WHAT THE COUNTRY WANTED.

The Measure, However, Presents a Vast Improvement on Existing Conditions, and Will Lighten Many Tariff Burdens That Now Rest Heavily on the People.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The president yesterday sent the following letter to Representative Catechings, of Mississippi, who consented to its publication in view of its public character and importance: Hon. T. C. Catechings: My DEAR SIR—Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clark, of Alabama, a few days ago in regard to my action upon the tariff bill now before me, I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature. When the formulation of legislation which it was hoped would embody Democratic ideas of tariff reform was lately entered upon by congress nothing was further from my anticipation than a result which I could not promptly and enthusiastically endorse. It is therefore with a feeling of utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege. I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party, nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of this law, I ought to bear as a member of the Democratic organization. Neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of tariff legislation, which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to Democratic effort. But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform, and it contains inconsistencies and crudities which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind. Besides, there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through the congress which made every sincere tariff reformer unhappy, while influences surrounded it in its later stages and interfered with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in Democratic reform councils. And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes and all the bad treatment it received at the hands of pretended friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but it furnishes a vantage ground from which must be waged farther aggressive operations against protected monopoly and governmental favoritism. I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party who believe in tariff reform, and who know what it is, who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill at the close of the war, who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of Republican protection, and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the consents of the brave in their hour of might. The trusts and combinations—the communion of self—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserved, should not be forgotten nor forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and if then the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's representatives or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey, we will accept and set to that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of American institutions. I love the principles of true Democracy, because they are founded on patriotism and on justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the efforts made by the house of representatives to supplement the bill already passed by further legislation, and to have engrained upon it such modifications as will more nearly meet Democratic hopes and aspirations. I cannot be mistaken as to the necessity of free raw materials as the foundation of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent to which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features, but it is vexatious to recall that, while free coal and iron ore have been denied us, a recent letter of the secretary of the treasury discloses the fact that both might have been made free by the annual surpluses of only about \$700,000 of unexpended revenue. I am sure that there is a common habit of undervaluing the importance of free raw materials in tariff legislation, and of regarding them as only related to concessions to be made our manufacturers. The truth is, their influence is so far-reaching that if disregarded a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff reform cannot be successfully inaugurated. When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials we nudge American enterprise and ingenuity, and these will open the doors of foreign markets to the reception of our wares and give opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor. With materials cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges the cost of their product must be correspondingly cheapened. Thereupon justice and fairness to the consumer would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a readjustment and modification of the tariff upon their finished goods as would secure to the consumer the benefit of the reduced cost of their manufacture and shield the consumer against the exaction of inordinate profits. It will thus be seen that free raw materials and a just and fearless regulation and reduction of the tariff to meet the changed conditions would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living. The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against treachery and half-heartedness in their camp. Tariff reforms will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the future to the benefit of a patient and long suffering people.

Yours very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

WILES OF THE SHARP

THIS ONE PLAYS POOL AND NIPS THE SELF CONFIDENT MAN.

Master in Bunco, He Offers Himself as an Easy Mark at the Pool Table Bill Bets Are on the Game, and Then He Lets Himself Out and Fleeces His Lamb.

"See that man over there!" remarked the manager of an up town pool and billiard room to a friend one night last week, pointing to a well dressed, apparently intoxicated, young man, who was idly knocking the balls around a pool table. "Well, he's what we call a pool sharp. You may notice that he is making frantic efforts to knock the balls into the pockets, and it may also occur to you that he is very drunk. But he is not drunk, nor is he trying to put the balls into the pockets. He is setting a part, and if you watch him for a little while you'll see one of the cleverest bits of swindle you ever saw in your life." Nine out of ten persons who saw the young man would have wagered their lives that he was drunk. He seemed scarcely able to stand on his feet, and every jab he made at the balls with his cue seemed to go wild. When he did manage to sink a ball, he would let out whoop of exultation. He would then begin to brag about his ability to beat anything on two legs, and in other ways made it look as though he were a foolish young man waiting to be robbed. No one took up the man's challenge, to play, but he finally managed to get into a game with two other young men, who evidently thought they had an easy thing of it. "Now you'll see the fun," remarked the manager. "Just watch that fellow." Two or three games were played, in each of which the inebriated young man was ignominiously beaten. Defeat seemed to enrage him, and pulling out a roll of bills he offered with drunken enthusiasm to play for any amount. For two or three games the others ignored his offers, but finally one of them became exasperated at the man's blatant remarks and said: "You're doing an awful lot of talking. Now, if you really want to gamble, we'll make a pool of \$5 each, the winner of the game to take all."

A couple of onlookers protested that it was not right to take advantage of a drunken man, but the game went on. The drunk man's game improved wonderfully. His position playing was magnificent, but somehow or other he didn't seem to get any balls. Finally a point of the game was reached when the others had five balls apiece, while he had but one. It was the stranger's shot, and he made a wonderful combination. Then, without much effort, he got the other four balls, tying the game. So exultant did he become that he would bear of nothing but what each one should add \$5 more to his stake. "This was done, and the game began. The drunk man straightened up considerably now and played like an expert. Before either of the others had a ball he had eight and was still making them when the manager of the house stepped up to him, touched him on the shoulder and remarked, "You git."

"Why, what do you mean?" demanded the man indignantly. All the signs of intoxication had disappeared, and the onlookers began to realize that they had been witnesses to an exceedingly clever bunco game. The two victims began to look angry, and in another minute there would have been trouble, but the manager took the stakes from the stakeholder, gave each man back his \$10 and then marched the sharp to the door, through which the latter had no time in disappearing. "That's a sample of the pool sharp," remarked the manager when he came back. "There are any number of them around New York, but Brooklyn is the place where they flourish most. Some of them ought to make their fortunes on the stage, for the way they set their part would put many a member of the profession to shame. They are men who have as complete control over pool balls as it is possible for a man to have. They are almost masters of the game, and can win at any stage if they want to."

The ruse you saw is only one of many that they employ. A favorite method is to get into an open game, and then induce one or two of the other players to withdraw to some other table. Every billiard room has one open game of pool. That is a game where any and everybody may play, be they strangers or friends. Sometimes there are as many as a dozen playing at an open game. The sharp will get into this game and will manage to lose in a most systematic manner. Then when two or three games have been played he will approach one or two of the other players who have been losing and say: "We haven't got a chance in this game. Let's go to another table." Nine times out of ten this will work, and then the next step is to get playing for money. They rarely fail to secure a bet, these fellows, and although they occasionally run against a snag, they win 99 times out of 100.

There are probably few games which bring a man's natural weaknesses to the front quicker than pool. A man learns to play the game, and he immediately thinks he is a world beater. When he makes a poor shot, he attributes it to hard luck. In fact, there are almost as many hard luck stories told about pool games, as there are about horse races. Every stranger that you play pool with will insist that he knows nothing about the game, and then, when he has demonstrated that fact, will proceed to tell how much better he was able to play at some time in the dim past. The pool sharp is a student of human nature. He knows all these things and works his knowledge to his advantage. A drunk man who has been beaten at pool always wants to bet, and consequently is a mark for the sharp. Why, I've seen some of those fellows pick up \$100 in less than two hours.—New York Sun.

Cage Blindness.

"Cage blindness" is the western name for a peculiar affliction to which Montana miners are subject. After working in deep mines for a good many years some miners, when they come to the top to work, imagine they see the best light suspended in the shaft ready to lower them down to the bottom. The illusion is so absolutely perfect that the poor, deluded man, if alone, is sure to try to step into the basket, and he shoots through the shaft to an awful death.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Silent Partner.

Nibbit—That woman who just went out is the partner of your joys and sorrows, is she not? Rufus—She's partner to my joys all right, but when it comes to my sorrows she slips over to see her mother.—Boston Courier.



Mr. Geo. H. Dietterich

The Plain Facts

Are that I have had Catarrh 10 Years. No catarrh's cure did me any good, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures scurvy, impure blood, skin eruptions, itching humors, and all diseases of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing my wife a world of good for that Tired Feet. Hood's Pills are efficient and gentle. 25c

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IS THE BEST. FRENCH MANUFACTURED. \$3.50 FINE OAK & KANGAROO. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 2 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.50 2 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. \$1.50 2 ADIES' BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes. Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold every where at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by Joseph Hall, Shenandoah, Pa.

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The only Genuine Specialist in America, notwithstanding what others advertise. NERVOUS DEBILITY AND THE RESULTS OF INDISCRETION. Specific Diseases and Strictures. Permanently Cured in 5 to 10 days. BLOOD POISON. Primary or Secondary. Cured by our special method in 10 to 30 days. 6 years' European Hospital and 20 years' practical experience, as Certificate and Diplomas prove. Send two 2-cent stamps for book. "THEEL" is the only book exposing Quack Doctors and others who give out special methods. The most thorough and dispassionate analysis of the most famous and dangerous cases collected. Write or call on us. Hours: 9-11 P.M. Wed. and Sat. eve's 6-10 P.M. Success in treatment by mail.

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Is an Improvement in Soap.

In the Trolley Soap old methods and materials are superseded by new ones. The Trolley Soap leaves the clothes sweet and clean and lasts longer than other soaps.

Ask Your Grocer for It.

If he does not keep it send us order for 20 BARS FOR TRIAL FOR \$1.00, or for a Box 100 cakes 75 pounds \$4.50.

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Formerly at 204 North Second St. is the oldest in America for the treatment of Syphilis, Gonorrhea and Venereal Diseases. Varicella, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood, etc. Treatment by mail a specialty. Communications secretly confidential. Send stamp for book. Hours: 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 9 to 12 m.

DR. J. GARNETT MERTZ,



Oculist and Optician, 110 W. Centre St., Mahanoy City, Pa.

Eyes examined and glasses prescribed. Special attention to difficult cases.

Professional Cards.

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H. B. KISTLER, M.D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office—120 North Jardin street, Shenandoah.

JOHN R. COYLE. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office—Bodall building, Shenandoah, Pa.

M. M. BURKE. ATTORNEY AT-LAW. SHENANDOAH, PA. Office—Room 3, P. O. Building, Shenandoah, and Estery building, Pottsville.

J. PIERCE ROBERTS, M. D. No. 25 East Coal Street, SHENANDOAH, PA. Office Hours—1:30 to 3 and 8:30 to 9 p.m.

D. J. S. CALLEN. No. 31 South Jardin Street, Shenandoah. OFFICE HOURS: 1:30 to 3 and 6:30 to 8 p.m. Except Thursday evening. No office work on Sunday except by arrangement. A strict adherence to the office hours is absolutely necessary.

D. H. WENDELL BEBER, Successor to DR. CHAS. T. PALMER, EYE AND EAR SURGEON, 301 Mahanoy Street, Pottsville, Penna.

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In Postage, we will send a Sample Envelope, of either WHITE, FLESH or BRUNETTE.

POZZONI'S POWDER.

You have seen it advertised for many years, but you have not tried it. It is not—you do not know what an Ideal Complexion Powder is.

POZZONI'S

Best toilet soap acknowledged beautifier, the most refreshing use. It prevents chafing, itching, and all skin eruptions, and is as fragrant as rose-water and desirable protection to the face during hot weather. It is sold by all druggists. For sample, address J. A. POZZONI CO. St. Louis, Mo. MENTION THIS PAPER.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

IN EFFECT MAY 13, 1894.

Passenger trains leave Shenandoah for: Haver, Juniata, Mauch Chunk, Lehighton, Slatington, White Hall, Catawissa, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Weatherly. 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m.; 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For New York, Philadelphia, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m.; 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Quakake, Switchback, Gerhardt and Hudsonland, 6:04, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57 p.m. For Wilkes-Barre, White Haven, Pittston, Laceyville, Towanda, Sayre, Vatterly and Elmira, 6:04, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West, 6:04, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Biltmore, Delaware Water Gap and Stroudsburg, 6:04, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Lambertville and Trenton, 9:15 a.m. For Tunkhannock, 6:04, 9:15 a.m.; 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Ithaca and Geneva, 6:04, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57 p.m. For Auburn, 9:15 a.m. and 2:57 p.m. For Jacksonville, Lehigh and Beaver Meadow, 7:30 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Stockton and Summer Yard, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Silver Brook Junction, Anderton and Hazleton, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Scranton, 6:04, 9:15 a.m., 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Hazleton, Jeddo, Drifton and Freeland, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Ashland, Girardville and Lost Creek, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Haven, Mt. Central, Mount Carmel and Shamokin, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City and Delano, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m. Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 12:43, 2:57, 5:27 p.m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Trains leave for Haven, Mt. Central, Mt. Carmel and Shamokin, 8:45 a.m., 2:40 p.m. and arrive at Shamokin at 7:40 a.m. and 1:35 p.m. Trains leave Shamokin for Shenandoah at 7:45 a.m. and 1:35 p.m. Trains leave for Ashland, Girardville and Lost Creek, 8:45 a.m., 12:30 p.m. For Hazleton, Black Creek Junction, Penn Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and New York, 8:45 a.m., 12:30, 2:55 p.m. For Philadelphia 12:30, 2:55 p.m. For Yatesville, Park Place, Mahanoy City and Delano, 8:45, 11:55 a.m., 12:30, 2:55, 4:50, 8:05 p.m. Leave Hazleton for Shenandoah, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 1:50, 5:30 p.m. Leave Shenandoah for Pottsville, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 1:50, 5:30 p.m. Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah, 6:04, 7:30, 9:15 a.m., 1:50, 5:30 p.m. ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Genl. Supt. CHAS. S. LEE, Genl. Pass. Agt. A. W. NONNEMACHER, Asst. G. P. A., South Bethlehem, Pa.

WARREN J. PORTZ, Piano Tuner.

Pianos and organs repaired. Orders left at 21 North Main street, Shenandoah, will receive prompt attention.