

EVENING HERALD.



VOL. IX.—NO. 205.

SHENANDOAH PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1894.

ONE CENT.

REFRIGERATORS.

BABY CARRIAGES.

Large Assortment—Low Prices.

WILLIAMS & SON.

Ribbon Sale! Get Your Ribbons Now.

FORMER PRICES.	RIBBON SALE PRICES.
1 inch wide, 10c.	1 inch wide, 5c.
1 1/2 inch wide, 12 1/2c.	1 1/2 inch wide, 7c.
2 inch wide, 15c.	2 inch wide, 9c.
2 1/2 inch wide, 18c.	2 1/2 inch wide, 11c.
3 inch wide, 22c.	3 inch wide, 14c.
3 1/2 inch wide, 26c.	3 1/2 inch wide, 16c.

This sale will certainly not last very long.

116-18 N. Main St.

Wm. Williams

Girvin's

You will have to MOVE QUICK,
If you want some of those slightly imperfect

Vegetable Dishes,

At 5 and 10 Cents, worth double.

Also odd Cups, excellent for preserves, at ONE CENT.

Chas. Girvin,

Successor to GIRVIN, DUNCAN & WAIDLET.

8 South Main Street.

M. P. CONRY,

31 South Main St.

Monongahela whiskey.....50c a qt.
Pure rye whiskey, XX.....\$1 a qt.
Fine Old Bourbon, XXX.....\$1.25 a qt.
Superior Blackberry Brandy.....\$1 a qt.
Superior Cognac Brandy.....\$1.00 a qt.
Imported Jamaica Rum.....\$1.50 a qt.

Retail Liquor Store

YUENGLING'S Stock and Fresh Ale, Draught Porter and Wiener Beer.
Best brands of 50 Cigars and all kinds of Temperance Drinks.

Billinger & Bro.,

We are prepared to guarantee artistic work which will give you satisfaction, and at very reasonable prices. Call and see our latest style crayons.

Photographers

19 West Lloyd St., Shenandoah.

Pure Vinegar.

If you want Strictly Pure Old Apple Vinegar,

Strictly Pure Grape Wine Vinegar,

Strictly Pure Raspberry Vinegar,

Soured by age and guaranteed to keep pickles, and are willing to pay a fair price for it,

GO TO KEITER'S.

If you want low priced vinegar,

Without regard to quality, go somewhere else.

AT KEITER'S.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL.

The President's Friends Urging Him to Sign it at Once.

THE STEERING COMMITTEE.

Considering What Shall be Done With the Supplemental Tariff Bills Passed by the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The tariff bill is expected to reach the president some time tomorrow, after which he will have until a week from next Tuesday if he desires in which to consider it before returning it to the senate. It can be stated with almost absolute certainty that the bill will become a law, either by the president's signature or by his retaining it ten days without action, the presumption being largely in favor of the latter alternative. The president has repeatedly told his friends that he could not sign the bill, but many of his closest personal and political friends have urged him to sign the bill without delay. Several reasons were urged, among them the fact that the opening of fall trade was close at hand, and that a delay of ten days might result in serious loss of customs revenue.

Another reason stated was that congress was extremely anxious to adjourn. With the exception of two months, the members had been in constant attendance for over a year, and it was represented that now that their work was practically accomplished it would be hardly fair to compel them to remain here in idleness when no positive good could be accomplished thereby. He was advised to forget his scruples in the matter, sign the bill, and return it with a message which would leave no room for doubt as to his views thereon.

It is estimated that during the next ten days the receipts from internal revenue probably will amount to between \$10,000,000 and \$15,000,000, and the government will lose the increased whisky tax to this extent. In view of the depleted condition of the treasury this argument probably will have weight with the president. It is known, though, that up to this time the president has not changed his determination to permit the bill to become a law by retaining it the necessary ten days without action.

The Democratic leaders of the senate have occupied a considerable portion of the day in trying to determine what course to pursue with reference to the supplemental tariff bills. The Democratic steering committee was in session for two hours yesterday after the senate adjourned trying to determine upon the most advisable policy, under the circumstances, and previous to the meeting the conservative senators had a consultation on the same subject.

It is understood that the conservatives advocate the reference of the bills to the finance committee, while the steering committee is apparently somewhat divided on the question. Appearances all indicate, however, that a large majority of the Democratic senators would like to have the bills passed if they could feel assured that their passage would not reduce the governmental revenues to too great an extent. The interest in these bills, as in the main tariff bill, is in the sugar question, and it is to the free sugar bill that they are giving their principal attention. There is an evident tendency on the part of a majority of Democratic senators toward amending the sugar bill so as to make it a revenue bill pure and simple. A leading member of the steering committee expressed the opinion that a duty of 25 or 30 per cent. on sugar would afford all the revenue from that source that would be needed.

It would appear that, so far, the only definite arrangement is for the discussion of the bills at today's session. It would be impossible, in the face of a single objection, to force the bills to a third reading today and it is probable that a large part of the day will be given up to debate on a motion to refer to committee. This will serve to develop the real intentions of the Republicans toward the bills and possibly to develop what differences there may be in the Democratic party.

What little interest there was in the proceedings of congress yesterday centered in the senate, the house not being in session. The only event of note was the reception of the four special bills passed by the house Monday night, putting coal, iron ore, sugar and barbed wire on the free list. These were laid before the senate and read once, their second reading being objected to. Mr. Hill offered an amendment to each of these bills, providing for the repeal of the income tax.

Balding Criminals in Brussels.
BRUSSELS, Aug. 15.—The police yesterday raided some low lodging houses and arrested forty-seven persons classed as dynamiters and thieves.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

The rush for work on the part of the strikers at Pullman, Ill., still continues. Democrats of the Seventh Indiana district nominated William D. Bynum to congress.

Mrs. Rebecca Bond, a Mexican widow, died at Oceanville, Ala., yesterday aged 102 years.

Two negroes who assaulted 14-year-old Miss Potts in Lafayette county, Fla., were caught by a mob and lynched.

Hon. John Quincy Adams, a descendant of the presidents, died at his home at Mount Wollaston, Mass., yesterday.

A blast of 300 pounds of giant powder exploded by railroad workmen near Sheridan, Wyo., loosened a pile of rock, which killed four of the men.

The whisky trust has advanced the price of liquor three cents all around. This was due to the big increase in the demand for the product caused by the passage of the senate bill.

NOT A POISONER.

Sensational Ending of the Murder Charge Against Mrs. Hayes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The most sensational development in the Minard poisoning case, which has increased in interest at each hearing, occurred yesterday afternoon. Edward O'Brien, the attorney prosecuting Mrs. Mellinery Hayes for the alleged murder of her son-in-law, W. C. Minard, charged the lawyer for the defense, W. S. Cummings, with an attempt to procure perjured evidence in behalf of his client.

The charge of murder against Mrs. Hayes was dismissed on motion of the prosecution at the close of the afternoon hearing. When Attorney Edward O'Brien, for the prosecution, failed to put on the stand Professor Salisbury, who had made a scientific examination of W. C. Minard's stomach for poison, and entered a nolle prosequi in the case, Attorney W. S. Cummings, for the defense denounced O'Brien and Detective C. H. Wiggins, who had given damaging testimony against the defense.

"This whole prosecution was a cooked up affair, and O'Brien was and is at the bottom of the affair," shouted Attorney Cummings. "Why don't you put your chemist on the stand? We dare you to do it. We demand that he be put on the stand and we will prove by him that there was enough arsenic found in the organs of W. C. Minard to kill fifty men. It was put there after the body was exhumed. We could also show that Professor Salisbury was approached with an offer to tell a story on the stand which was manufactured. Why did you not put him on the stand?"

"Because within the last twenty-four hours we learned that too much arsenic had been found in the remains. How it got there, we have no means of knowing," said Attorney O'Brien.

After some hot wrangling between the attorneys the case was dismissed by the court.

The Claim Against Stanford's Estate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—There is reason to believe that the government's claim against the estate of ex-Senator Leland Stanford will be tested in the courts before there has been any actual default in the payments. Attorney General Olney's notice to the executor of the government's claim, has interfered somewhat with the closing up of the estate, and may result in the closing up of the university. Under these conditions the attorney general proposed that if the executor would waive any right he might have by reason of the premature bringing of the suit he would gladly consent to have proceedings begin at once. It is believed that no objection will be made to that course.

Murdered on a Train.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 15.—James Douglas, a colored laborer, was shot and instantly killed by a fellow laborer of his own race, on the Washington accommodation of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, just as the train was approaching Gastonville. The murderer escaped. The train had a load of negroes and aliens en route to mines of the Pittsburg and Chicago Gas Coal company at Gastonville. The two men became involved in a quarrel over some trivial matter, which soon led to a fight, during which the fatal shot was fired. Both men came from the coke region.

Charged Against Strikers.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 15.—Dr. Davis, who was killed from ambush near Montgomery last week, is now believed to have been shot by the men who took part in the recent riots of the striking coal miners. He attended many who were shot at the Eagle mines last March and several who have since been wounded in skirmishes with the authorities and operators. His life had been threatened. As he was to have gone to court on Monday, it is believed he was killed to prevent his doing so.

Brakeman Hurt in a Wreck.

EASTON, Pa., Aug. 15.—A bad wreck occurred on the Central railroad at "Black Dan's" cut, near here. A west bound mixed freight train parted while descending a grade, and the rear section ran into the first section. Twenty-five cars were wrecked. Brakeman John St. John, of Phillipsburg, was knocked from the car and had his spine so badly injured that he has become paralyzed. Five tramps, who were stowing a ride in a box car, escaped injury.

The Salvation Army's New Home.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—With appropriate ceremonies and the firing of many "volleys," the Salvation Army last evening laid the corner stone of the Mrs. General Booth memorial building, which is to be erected in Fourteenth street, near Sixth avenue. Commander Ballington Booth, son of General Booth and chief of the army in the United States, laid the main corner stone with a silver trowel presented by the officers of the Salvation Army.

Alabama Strikers Wenken.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 15.—The Tennessee Coal and Iron Railroad company announces that their miners, who have been on strike for four months, have agreed to go back to work on the company's terms, which means 37 1/2 cents per ton for mining coal. This gives 2,000 men employment in this district in addition to those already at work.

Cheap Rates to Europe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Notwithstanding all reports to the contrary, steamer tickets for Southampton, Queenstown or Liverpool can be purchased for \$10. The American line is making the rate, and is doing a rushing business. British lines are still holding to the \$15 rate and allege that they have all the business they can handle.

Getting Liquor Out of Bond.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—The passage of the tariff bill raising the tax on spirits from 60 cents to \$1.10 per gallon had the effect of rushing the distillery men down to the internal revenue office to pay the tax and take their goods out of bond. From now until the bill becomes a law it will be a race to get the spirits out of bond.

A COUNTY SEAT LETTER.

Reflections on the Doings of the Convention.

MAJOR LOSCH'S FUTURE!

A Prediction That the Bald-Headed Statesman's Loyalty Will Carry Him to the Front Ranks Before Long.

Special HERALD correspondence.

POTTSVILLE, Aug. 14.—The Republican conventions are over, the delegates have pressed the buttons, and the voters at large must now do the rest. Much has been said concerning this and that candidate, prognostications have been numerous (the majority being wide of the mark) and the pyrotechnical vocal displays have been dazzling, but the delegates have withstood them all. Most of the predictions were undermined by the exposure of the plans of certain combinations which went out of business.

I regret the defeat of certain candidates because I know they were worthy men, yet I must admit that all the nominees on the Republican ticket are also worthy and will receive the united support of the party. Some may differ with me on this, because I have heard it said that one of the nominees will fall an easy victim to the Democratic candidate, but that does not alter my opinion. I believe that time will make the ticket stronger than it is even to-day.

I supposed at one time that all the cuckoos were in the Democratic ranks, but I have learned that in this I was mistaken. Not many days since there were several loud-mouthed Republicans who declared they would go to Salt Lake before they would swallow this or that man, but when other opposition to the man they denounced loomed up the loud-mouthed people wilted and swallowed the medicine, nauseous as it was, and were the first to desert new friends and again go to the rescue of those they had so vehemently condemned. But such is the nature of politics.

In nominating Hon. Charles N. Brumm, of Minersville, the Republican convention adhered to the wishes of the people. This was clearly shown by the primaries, not in saying "I do not wish to be understood as saying that the other candidates would not have filled the bill. Mr. Losch has been roundly abused, but I am convinced he deserved it less than other Republicans who have been frequently rewarded in the recent past. And I will also say that were the whole truth known it would perhaps be discovered that Mr. Losch had excellent reasons for kicking. It is my firm belief that he is still as true and loyal a Republican as any in the country, and it may be decided upon that he will be found at the front next fall battling for his old enemy, Brumm, and the whole ticket. I will also predict that it won't be long before Losch is at the head of the Republican party in this county again.

The nomination of Orms, Schriek and Brumm for the assembly from this district over Haring, Quill, Cox and others, was somewhat surprising. Cox's name was not mentioned in the convention. He evidently forgot to get some friend to shout it at the proper time.

Hon. J. J. Coyle's nomination in the 30th district with little opposition was a surprise to many down this way. It was expected that there would be an eleventh hour astonisher that would doom the ex-Representative. Kautner evidently was not as strong as some thought he was, and his opposition presented a very weak plant from so much quiet gardening. With so much kicking in Shenandoah and Mahanoy City outsiders were indulging in great expectations.

Mr. Coyle's friends must not think that gentlemen will have a walkover in his contest with Mr. King. The latter gentleman has won more than one campaign and has many influential friends among the Republicans who will not doubt do a turn for him. It is true Mr. Coyle will receive many Irish-Democratic votes, but he will need a great many to make his election certain. Mr. King is as wily as he is strong, and the Republicans will have to hustle to elect Mr. Coyle, and not depend upon the latter's pull from the other side.

There is a lively sentiment in favor of a change in the method of the Republican party of this county for nominating candidates and the establishment of the Crawford county system. The system would no doubt meet with popular favor, as it would do away with the election of delegates and the people could vote directly for their choice. It would save annoyance, bickerings and money and has long been declared the only fair and safe system in existence.

McElhenny's Bill of Fare.

Snapper soup,
Oyster and clam soup,
Hard shell crabs,
Devilled crabs,
Devilled clams,
Lobster salad,
Little neck clams,
Fresh and salt oysters.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

Summer Travel is Swelling the Treasuries of the Several Lines.

The excursion season has not been so lively for many years and the railroad companies ought to make money this year.

Baltimore will try to beat the World's Fair in 1897 and the railroad companies propose to profit by the many mistakes made last year.

We hear little concerning railroad strikes now. It will take many dollars from the taxpayers to make good the loss sustained by the railroad companies in the West.

One by one the old employees of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, barred out by the strike, are getting back to their old places. The travel to Niagara Falls this year is very gratifying to the Lehigh Valley Railroad management. The company will reap a big harvest.

The Reading Railroad Company will probably be re-organized before the close of the year and taken out of the hands of the receivers. Everything is working favorably in that direction.

RAILWAYS AND PARKS.

Chat About Affairs Interesting to the Reading Public.

"If the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad was in the hands of the Pennsylvania officials," said an ex-railroad man yesterday, "it might not be long before payments could be made on the P. & R. company's indebtedness." The remark was inspired by the complaint of a shipper that it had recently taken the P. & R. railroad five days to haul a car of coal from near Myr Carnel to a point on the Catawissa division. "The Pennsylvania company," he continued, "operate on the principal that turning wheels are earning money. A report of the arriving time of each car is made from division points every twelve hours. If a car is side-tracked some one responsible for the delay is required to tell a superior official why, and this makes every yardmaster anxious to have the car get out of his territory before the wheels are cold. In this way one car kept active for five days will make as much for its owner as five others that are allowed to occupy five days in making a one-day trip and the purchase of a great quantity of rolling stock is made unnecessary."

Enough money has been spent in making and repairing small parks in districts adjacent to Shenandoah to equip one beautiful pleasure resort that would attract visitors and picnic parties the summer round. None of the new or the old parks have drawn from the popularity of Lakeside, although the Columbia and High Point places, for instance, are as rich in natural beauty, nearer, easier and cheaper to reach than the latter resort. But these places lack one thing—a pretty sheet of water, a big attraction in itself. A small lake beside some wooded nook, made attractive by boats, swings, a dancing pavilion, flying horses and a small band, and easily accessible by cars from Mahanoy City and Shenandoah would draw crowds every night during the warm season and could be made profitable from the refreshments sold, or a five-cent admission. The railway companies would be heavy earners and to them the project really belongs. Turning the park into a population to draw from than Shenandoah and Mahanoy City, is making lots of money for its lessors and the railway.

General Manager Ash, of the Schuylkill Traction Company, has the park scheme in view for next summer, but the location is most too far from Mahanoy City and Shenandoah and lacks the lake. The proposed site is on the hill top between Holmesville and Big Mine Run. It is high, clean and airy with much foliage, and is free from nine breeches. Features will be merry-go-rounds, music and free dancing.

The Schuylkill Traction Company will be equipped with new and improved open cars next spring. The old cars will be renovated and all painted a rich, dark blue. The road may then receive the aristocratic title of "Blue Line." A system of curves near Holmesville have been replaced by one curve of greater radius that lies several yards back from the embankment, allowing an increased speed and adding to safety in travel.

KERR'S RECEPTION.

The State Councilor of the Jr. O. U. A. M. Coming Here.

Present indications point to a large gathering in Ferguson's Theatre on Friday evening, next. On that occasion William T. Kerr, of Pittsburg, who is at the head of the Jr. Order United American Mechanics of this state, will appear before a Shenandoah audience for the first time. He will be accompanied by C. N. Raymond, of Middletown, whom Mr. Kerr succeeded as State Councilor. Both these gentlemen are eloquent and fine speakers, and on their present tour of the state are greeted everywhere by large and enthusiastic audiences. Mr. Kerr's prominence is accounted for in a great measure by the stand he took in the public school controversy at Pittsburg and Galitzin, where he secured injunctions prohibiting nuns wearing the garb of their religion from teaching in the schools.

Besides speeches by these two leaders of the order, the program will include selections by the Grand Band, and the United Choir and a glee club will also favor the audience with vocal music. Other attractions will make the evening a pleasant one for those who attend. The admission will be free. Large delegations are expected from near-by towns, and the reception to these officials of the order will no doubt be a heavy and enthusiastic one in every respect.

Mrs. Bridgman's classes in piano, cello and violin will open September 1. 8-15-4m

Appointed Superintendent.

Capt. George W. Johnson has been appointed superintendent of the Minersville washery, formerly owned by the Sidney Coal Company and now controlled by Madala, Hill & Co., of Philadelphia. Mr. Johnson celebrated his 55th birthday to-day.

Practice Begun.

Prof. F. Zeitz last night took charge of the Grand Band and put it through its first practice for the grand concert the band is to give at the Academy of Music in Philadelphia in September.

Steam Renovating Co. call for, clean and deliver Ingrain and Brussels at 2c per yard; heavier carpets 4c. 32 E. Coal St.

If You Want

Large, coarse, seedy Pickles,

Go Somewhere Else!

But when you want finely flavored, crisp little ones, come to

Graf's

122 North Jardin St.