

The Evening Herald.

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Evening Herald.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1894.

PLAYED OUT.

The County Commissioners and County Controller are adhering as closely to their policy of reform as they did when it was inaugurated at the beginning of the year. This remark is called forth by their action on Wednesday, when Editor Doyle, of the Sunday News, presented a bill of \$50 for an unauthorized publication of the annual statement. Mr. Doyle was informed that his bill would not be paid, as it had never been contracted, and every fair-minded citizen must applaud the action. To pay the bill would make an exceedingly bad precedent. Every newspaper in the county might have published the statement without authority and what reply could the Commissioners make to the presentation of the bills if they had paid Editor Doyle's? We are somewhat surprised that Editor Doyle should have made such an attempt to defraud the county, but it is hoped he will profit by the experience and hereafter get his contract first and collect his pay after. Some time ago the Herald frequently criticized the News for doing in borough affairs just what it attempted to play upon the County Commissioners, but in such instance the borough officials failed to exhibit the moral courage which the former have shown and paid the bills by losing their eyes to the gross impropriety to which their attention was called. The secret of this, it has frequently been said, was that if the borough officials showed an inclination to protest against the bills the Sunday News people declared in emphatic terms that they would "write up" the officials. Whether or not the latter were in moral dread of what might be divulged in the "write up" was never discovered, but only suspected from the fact that the bills were paid. The practice of telling people to step up to the mark and do certain things, or prepare to take their medicine in the next issue of the Sunday News has also been practiced extensively on other people of this town. We are glad to see there are at least a few people who are not cowardly enough to allow their conscience and good judgment to be warped by it.

FREE TRADERS' ANXIETY.

The decision of the Senate to take up the Seigniorage bill is not necessarily fatal to the Tariff bill. It is still within the power of the majority in the Senate to give precedence to the Tariff bill whenever it is reported. Nevertheless, the obvious anxiety of some Free Traders to avoid the conclusion that the action of the Senate is hostile to their plans excites amusement. One would say it was clear enough that the supporters of the Tariff bill had been compelled to assent to its postponement in order to avoid an adverse vote in the Senate.

It is curious, too, how much indignation is manifested by the extreme Free Traders at those Democratic Senators whose position in this matter has made it necessary to side track the Tariff bill. There are not many of these Senators, and the Free-Trade organs, which print their names and photographs as if they were members of their country, reckon only about ten of them, but the number is at all events quite enough. These men have said from time to time that they were not disposed to vote against a party measure, and that if the Democratic caucus should decide upon a tariff bill, they would not be prepared to oppose it. But it is sometimes easy to defeat a bill without voting against it directly. As these Senators have shown, there are more ways than one to skin a cat, and without voting against the Tariff bill at all have greatly increased the chances of its defeat.

The ordinances against the obstructions of the streets and pavements should be enforced and a beginning should be made with the people who have had the street and pavement on the west side of South Main street blocked for so many weeks. It has caused a number of complaints.

THE TARIFF CHANGES.

The Tariff on Sugar, Coal and Iron Ore Restored.

THE INCOME TAX STILL REMAINS.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the Senate Sub-Committee, Believes That the Bill as Presented Will Produce a Revenue of \$470,000,000 to \$480,000,000.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The more important changes in the tariff bill presented yesterday to the full Finance committee of the Senate are as follows:

Sugar not above 80 degrees polariscope test, 1 cent per pound; for every additional degree or fraction not above 90 degrees, 1.100 cent additional; above 90 and not above 96, 2.100 cents per degree; and above 96 degrees a duty 1-4-10 cents per pound; molasses testing not above 50 degrees by the polariscope shall pay a duty of 2 cents per gallon; molasses testing above 50 degrees shall pay a duty of 4 cents per gallon. Whisky at \$1.10 per gallon, and the bonded period extended from three to eight years. Cigars \$5 a thousand, cigarettes in paper \$1 a thousand, cigarettes in tobacco 50 cents a thousand. Iron ore, 40 cents per ton. Lead ore, 5 cents per pound, including lead mixed with silver ores. Coal, bituminous and shale, 45 cents per ton. Coal, or slack, or cumin, 15 cents per ton. Coke, 15 per cent. ad valorem.

The lead products remain as in the Wilson bill. There is no change in lumber or in the cotton schedule. Collars and cuffs increased from 35 to 45 per cent. ad valorem. The woolen schedule shows few changes. These are about 5 per cent. reductions. Harely and barley for the patent or milled, is raised from 35 to 38 per cent. ad valorem, and barley malt from 35 to 40 per cent.

The income tax retains the rate of 2 per cent. of income over \$4,000, as prescribed in the Wilson bill. The classes of incomes are broadened by adding to rents, profits, salaries, etc., the words "Or from any source whatever," and the persons to whom the tax applies are "Every citizen of the United States and every person residing therein."

Senator Jones, chairman of the tariff sub-committee, said when asked for a statement giving the probable amount of income to be derived from the bill and for an explanation of other features, that an official statement, based upon estimates made by the treasury department, would be given out within a day or two. He was of the opinion that it would be shown that the bill would produce revenue of about \$470,000,000 or \$480,000,000, without taking into account the increased amount which would be the result of the reductions in tariff rates made. This would be in excess of the requirements of the government, which he said, are about \$428,000,000, not including the sum necessary for the sinking fund or made necessary by the recent bond issue. From this amount can be subtracted about \$15,000,000 monthly on account of the sugar bounty, which would, if these estimates are correct, give a surplus of from \$67,000,000 to \$87,000,000 under the operations of the proposed law.

"With a few exceptions," said the senator, "the changes which have been made have been made in the interest of securing revenue. And where it can be shown as it can be in this instance that the surplus, if there shall be a surplus, is the result of increasing the tax upon whisky and kindred articles, where it is accompanied by a general reduction in customs duties, I do not believe that the public will make much objection to an increase of the treasury's contents."

Senator Caffery, who with his colleague, Senator White, has led the fight for a sugar duty, expressed himself as satisfied in a modified degree with the action of the committee.

"The rate fixed on unrefined sugar is," he said, "better than any official proposition than had heretofore been made to us, and while we have not received all that we thought we were entitled to in the way of protection, we feel justified by the result in having made a fight."

In Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The proceedings in the house yesterday were very dull and uninteresting. A bill was reported by the joint commission to investigate the expenditures in the executive departments, to change the method of auditing the accounts of the customs division of the treasury department and abolishing the office of commissioner and assistant commissioner of customs was passed after some debate, and the remainder of the day was devoted to the discussion of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. After the disposal of some unimportant morning business the Senate took up the seigniorage bill which was debated by Senators Sherman, Lodge and Higgins. The bill went over without action. A vote will be taken today.

Governor Waite Restrained.

DENVER, March 9.—On the application of Police Commissioners Orr and Martin, who were removed from office by Governor Waite, Judge Graham granted an injunction restraining the governor from calling out the military and Mayor Van Horn from arming a posse to oust the commissioners. The city police force, acting under orders from the deposed commissioners, are massed at the city hall to prevent their successors, Messrs. Dennis Mullins and S. D. Barnes, from taking office.

Performed the "Passion Play" on Sunday.

NEW YORK, March 9.—District Attorney Noble, of Queens county, has taken steps which may lead to the punishment of those who took part in the amateur production of the "Passion Play" in Newtown last Sunday night. The play was given in St. Mary's hall for the purpose of raising funds for the church. The district attorney has summoned most of those taking part in the performance to appear before him.

Connellsville Coke Workers Organizing.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., March 9.—An investigation has developed the fact to a certainty that the miners, coke drawers and laborers in this region are secretly organizing, and making preparations to demand higher wages, cash pay and uniformity in rates. The work of organization has been going on for several months.

The Derby Winner Disabled.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 9.—Boundless, the Derby winner, was lame in his exertions yesterday, and will be shipped to Field's farm, near Lexington, Ky., and placed in the stud. Those who saw the horse this morning declare that Boundless will race again.

THE QUEEN OF BATTLESHIPS.

The Triumph of Louis T. Nixon's Skill as a Naval Constructor.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The battleship Indiana returned to her dock at Cramp's shipyard after the quickest and most successful trial trip of any vessel ever built by the Cramps. The Indiana is the first of Uncle Sam's new battleships to be completed. She is of a type entirely different from anything now owned by the United States government, and is practically an experiment. The successful outcome of the trial, therefore, removes a load of anxiety from the minds of her builders.

The Indiana's first trip was made under natural draft, and was accomplished at the rate of 14 knots an hour. The second, under half forced draught, showed a speed of 15 knots, and the third, under forced draught, was at the rate of 15.6 knots. The steam pressure limit is 145 pounds, and at no time did the pressure exceed 128 pounds. The highest horse power developed was 8,000, which is 2,000 less than her design calls for. Only ordinary coal was used, and the course over which the ship was speeded is comparatively shallow. Therefore it is fair to presume that with powdered coal and over the deep water official course off the Massachusetts coast the Indiana will accomplish 16 1/2 knots an hour and win a speed premium of 200,000 for her builders.

After her first trip up the course observations were made of her turning capability. In this respect, too, she was found superior. It took her five minutes to turn through 180 degrees. Or, in other words, to reverse her course, with 10 degrees of helm angle. Her rudder can be put over to turn almost within her length.

The Indiana was designed in 1890 by Louis T. Nixon, then one of the youngest of Uncle Sam's force of naval constructors. To him Secretary Tracy assigned the difficult task of preparing plans for three battleships, the Indiana, Massachusetts and Oregon, with the order that they be ready in ninety days. It was necessary to work day and night, but Mr. Nixon accomplished the work. Soon afterward Mr. Nixon resigned from the navy to become chief constructor for the Cramps.

Would Prefer an American Son-in-Law.

NEW YORK, March 9.—William C. Brewster, president of the Plaza bank, is still undecided as to whether he will give the hand of his daughter, Anne Seabury Brewster, to Count Henri de Frankenstein. The count is a nobleman of Russian-Polish descent, a resident of Rome, and has for some days been at the Hotel Waldorf. Mr. Brewster looked today like a man who feels that he has talked too much. "My daughter," he said, "is very much pained at the notoriety she has received. I would much rather have an American son-in-law. I can't make up my mind to allow the match to be made. Ultimately I may give in. This morning my daughter pleaded with me to allow the marriage to go on. The count has some good qualities. The best one is perhaps that he can speak English."

Stika is a Moral Town.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—About twenty months ago an Alaskan steamer arriving in California brought a story to the effect that nearly all of the white men of Stika and all of the crew of the United States steamer Pinta had been jailed for unlawful intercourse, under the Edmunds anti-polygamy act. Yesterday there was received at the navy department a set of indignant denials from officials, who assert that the Pinta's men are of exemplary habits, that none of them have been arrested, and that for morality Stika will compare favorably with any town in the United States.

Held for Cruelty to Children.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., March 9.—"Professor" Albert Nickel, an alleged magician, of Philadelphia, and his manager, Clarence Vecelander, of Pittsburgh, are under arrest here charged with fraud and cruelty to children. They advertised to give a performance for school children at an admission fee of five cents, with a gift thrown in. They crowded a hall containing 250 seats with 800 children, and so closely were the little ones packed in that the windows could not be opened for fear some might fall out. As a result, when the mayor finally closed the show, many of the children fainted.

Charged with Violating Liquor Laws.

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 9.—Clayville is torn up over the arrest of Dr. J. S. Minton, president of the First National bank, of Clayville, on charges of violation of the liquor laws. In addition to his prominent business interests, Dr. Minton has in his varied enterprises a drug business in Clayville, and he is charged with selling whisky at his drug store in violation of the law. The information sets forth that these alleged violations cover a term of several years.

Killed by a Landslide.

ROANOKE, Va., March 9.—The vestibule train on the Norfolk and Western railroad from Washington to Chattanooga was wrecked by a landslide forty-five miles north of this city. Engineer Jake Hardy, of this city, was killed and Fireman Kofsinger was thrown into the James river as the engine rolled down an embankment. He is severely injured. None of the passengers were injured.

Troy's Citizens Urge a Speedy Trial.

TROY, N. Y., March 9.—At an enthusiastic mass meeting of citizens a committee of 100 citizens was appointed to wait upon the governor and urge him to call a special term of court for the trial of the cases growing out of the recent election riot. Resolutions of condolence and sympathy on the death of Robert Ross were also adopted.

Advertisement for Dr. Sago's Remedy, featuring an illustration of a woman and text describing the medicine's benefits for various ailments.

WE CANNOT SPARE

Healthy flesh—nature never burdens the body with too much sound flesh. Loss of flesh usually indicates poor assimilation, which causes the loss of the best that's in food, the fat-forming element.

Scott's Emulsion

of pure cod liver oil with hypophosphites contains the very essence of all foods. In no other form can so much nutrition be taken and assimilated. Its range of usefulness has no limitation where weakness exists.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

Passenger trains leave Shenandoah for... For New York, 7:30, 8:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:57, 4:30, 5:15 p. m., 8:30, 9:15 p. m. For Philadelphia, 7:30, 8:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:57, 4:30, 5:15 p. m., 8:30, 9:15 p. m.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains will leave Shenandoah after the above date for... For Philadelphia, 7:30, 8:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:57, 4:30, 5:15 p. m., 8:30, 9:15 p. m.

WM. J. LLOYD'S

Palace Saloon... and Restaurant, (Under the Palace Theatre), Girardville, Pa.

SYPHILIS

permanently cured in 20 to 30 days by... COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

Professional Cards.

M. S. KETTLER, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office—180 North Jardin street, Shenandoah. JOHN R. COYLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office—Beddall building, Shenandoah, Pa.

Professional Cards.

J. PIERCE ROBERTS, M. D., No. 25 East Canal Street, SHENANDOAH, PA. Office hours—1:30 to 3 and 6:30 to 8 p. m.

Professional Cards.

VIOLIN, GUITAR, BANJO AND MANDOLIN. Having had sixteen years' experience as a teacher of instrumental music giving instruction on the above instruments. Work left at drummer's jewelry store will receive prompt attention.

SNEDDEN'S LIVERY

Horses and Carriages to Hire. Testing of all kinds promptly attended to. Horses taken to board at rates that are liberal.

LORENZ SCHMIDT'S

Celebrated Porter, Ale and Beer. JAMES SHIELDS, Manager Shenandoah Branch.

MUSSER & BEDDALL

No. 38 East Canal Street, SHENANDOAH, PA. FIRST CLASS GROCERY. Our Motto: Best Quality at Lowest Cash Prices. Patronage respectfully solicited.

Delcamp's Livery Stable

E. DELCAMP, JR., Prop., WEST STREET, Between Centre and Lloyds, Shenandoah, Penna.

Lakeside Railway Co.

\$150,000 First Mortgage 30 Years 6 Per Cent. GOLD BONDS Offered to Public Subscription at par

Professional Cards.

These bonds are issued and offered to subscribers in denominations of \$100, \$50 and \$1,000 each, interest payable semi-annually in March and November of each year, until the principal of the bond matures in 1922, unless sooner redeemed. The company will reserve the right to redeem the bonds at any time prior to maturity at \$105, with accrued interest.

POTTSVILLE Soap Works.

Third and Race Sts. Use 5c Ocean Soap. It has no equal for laundry or general household use and can be used with perfect safety on any kind of goods.

5c Borax Soap.

Is unequalled for washing lace, flannel or fine texture goods. Monarch Towel Soap. Is in large bars—a towel with each bar free. It is splendid for general use.

CHRISTIAN SCHMIDT

No. 207 West Coal Street, SHENANDOAH, PENNA. AGENT FOR Lader's CELEBRATED LAGER AND PILSNER BEERS. Porter, Ale and Fine Old Stock Ale.

REMOVAL!

W. J. DECH'S Wheelwright Shop. Has been removed to Pear Alley, Between Centre and Lloyds Streets. Wheelwright work, Carriage and Wagon building, Horseshoeing and General Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to.

DR. HOBENSACK

MOVED TO 658 NORTH EIGHTH ST. Formerly at 200 North Second St., is the oldest in America for the treatment of Scurvy, Diseases and Youthful Errors. Varicose, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood, etc. Treatment of all a specialty. Communications strictly confidential. Send stamp for book. Hours, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; 8 to 9 p. m.; Sundays, 9 to 12 m.

RETTIG'S Beer and Porter.

I AM AGENT for the Chas. Rettig's Celebrated Beer and Porter in this vicinity, also Bergner & Engel's celebrated India Pale Ales and Old Stock. Orders will receive prompt attention. Finest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

SOLEMON HAAK

120 South Main Street. RAG CARPET WEAVING. If you want a good piece of rag carpet, well woven, take your rags and have them woven in carpets. It will save you in the long run. All kinds, with or without stripes, made to order; beautiful rainbow stripes. Low prices.

TEMPERANCE DRINKS

—AND MINERAL WATERS.— Weiss Beer a Specialty. Also bottles of the Finest Beer. 17 and 19 Peach Alley, SHENANDOAH.

RELIABLE - HAND - LAUNDRY

139 South Main Street, Shenandoah, Pa. All work guaranteed to be first-class in ever respect. We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. Goods called for and delivered. Milk ties and Lace Curtains a specialty.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal COMPLEXION POWDER. POZZONI'S. Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

149-11 of Girardville, Pa.