Evening Herald.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1894.

THIRD EDITION

BROWNSVILLE.

James Curley circulated among Centralia friends on Sunday.

M. J. Thompson, of the Brownsville House, accompanied by Edward Hope, took a sleigh ride to Girardville on Tuesday evening behind a bay trotter.

Mrs. James Brennan presented her husband with a 25-pound baby girl, and James said if the Wilson bill passes he will name her after Baby Roth.

Michael Brogan, of Shenandoah, special correspondent to the Pennsylvania *Grit*, expects to be married in the near future. The lucky one is a Pottsville fair belle.

E. F. Braslin contemplates going to Kansas City in the spring to run an electric engine.

Martin Finn transacted business in Hazleton.

Brownsville is overrun with insurance agents.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dr. Rasmus, the celebrated French specialist for eyes and ears, has moved his office from the Commercial hotel to 223 North Chestnut street, Shenandoah. 2-27-tf

FRACKVILLE.

Mrs. James attended the funeral of her sister-in-law, Mrs. James, in Tamaqua today.

Mrs. Joseph Goff is on the sick list.

E. F. Dolan, of Gilberton, passed through town Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Freidly visited friends in Pottsville.

Mrs. Richard Fonney was the guest of Shenandoah friends Wednesday.

Patrick McLaughlin, of Broad Mountain avenue, is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Murphy have returned from a visit to Pottsville.

A new stack, 44x50 feet, is to be placed on the new engine house at Lawrence colliery.

Charles Schaeffer, our new postmaster, received his appointment Monday.

Your children are liable to Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough which often results seriously. Prompt treatment saves many innocent little sufferers. Try Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. It's pleasant, safe and sure. 25 cts. Sold at P. P. D. Kirlin's drug store.

Fried oysters a specialty at McElhenny's.

Buy *Keystone* floor. Be sure that the name LESIG & BAER, Ashland, Pa., is printed on every sack. 3-7-1taw

Go and See It.

Keagey, the photographer, has a great $3.00 bargain. Go and see it.

For the best photographs go to Wonder's, Southeast Cor. Market and Centre streets, Pottsville. 2-26-tf

Have you tried McElhenny's fried oysters?

Coupon No. 44.

"Masterpieces From the Art Galleries of the World."

Numbers Changed Daily

Send or bring to the office of this Paper one Coupon, together with ten cents in money, and you will receive the great Portfolio of Art.

Series No. IV.

The Magic City

Coupon No. 32.

Cut out one of these Coupons and mail or bring them in person to the office of the HERALD, with ten cents in silver, or two nickels, and Portfolio No. 1 of the Magic City will be delivered to you.

Voyage Around The World!

Part IV. Number 33.

Numbers change daily.

Cut this coupon out and keep it until seven different numbers are accumulated, then bring or forward them together with **Seven Cents** to this office and you will receive the portfolio as advertised. Call and see sample.

Cut This Coupon Out.

60 CENTS PER YARD

For all-wool I-grain Carpets.

50c, 45 and 50c per yard for Home-made Rag Carpets that will wash &c.

C. O. Fricke's Carpet Store,

10 South Jardin Street.

THE BOROUGH WATER

Tedious Progress of the Construction of the Plant.

SOME STARTLING FACTS.

The Actual Cost of Work Done Tenfold Greater Than the Original Estimates. Facts Which Prove That the Plant Cannot be Completed for Less than $200,000

It is now nearly two-and-a-half years since the movement to erect a borough water works was inaugurated, and almost two years since the creation of a bonded debt of $65,000 for the purpose was authorized by the taxpayers of the borough, and the work actually commenced. Any undertaking of the magnitude of this enterprise must necessarily consume time in its completion, but the progress of the work in this case has been even more tedious and uncertain than the most unrelenting opponent of the project could desire. When the scheme was first projected its advocates declared, and honestly believed, perhaps, that the plant would be completed in much less time than has already elapsed. They made little or no allowance of either time or money in their estimates for the delays that were certain to result from causes then apparent to every dispassionate and impartial observer of the conditions under which the enterprise was launched. One obstacle after another has arisen in the path of the project and one law suit after another has resulted from the alleged trespass of the borough upon the vested rights of others until today the project is entangled in

APPARENTLY ENDLESS LITIGATION.

The promoters and backers of the enterprise will probably reply to this by saying that if they had not been restrained by the injunctions of the Shenandoah Water and Gas Company the borough plant would be completed long ago. It may be admitted that the work would be further advanced than it is at present if the water company not the taxpayers opposed to the scheme had offered no resistance, but, for reasons that will appear further on in this article, it will be seen that it could not have been completed. The legal and moral right of the water company to contest every inch of the ground is conceded by every fair-minded and intelligent citizen of the borough, though it may be denied by persons who advocate the doctrine that might makes right. On the part of the Shenandoah Water Company the contest has been one for the preservation of vested rights—a struggle for existence and the maintenance intact of a valuable property. They have done only what any other individual or association of individuals would have been perfectly justified in doing under the same circumstances. The trouble seems to be that Council and the water committee did not make the proper allowance for the delays that were certain to be occasioned by these injunctions, all of which were foreshadowed before the work of construction was commenced or the increase of debt authorized.

But it is not the delay in the construction of the plant that has

EXCITED PUBLIC COMMENT

so much as the discrepancies in the estimates of the cost of the plant, made by Council and the water committee, and the difficulty with which any information regarding the progress of the work is obtained. For some reason or other neither Council nor the water committee has seen fit at any time since the commencement of the work to publish any sort of statement of its progress or in any other manner convey to the taxpayers an idea of what is being done. Their information has been the HERALD, and it has been able to glean but little from time to time of the actual progress of the work.

In withholding from the taxpayers this information we believe both Council and the water committee have been actuated by worthy but mistaken motives of public policy. The obstacles that have arisen to impede the progress of the work and the actual cost of work done in excess of the original estimates have been deeply discouraging to the management of the enterprise. We can readily understand how under these conditions, they might defer to a later period the publication of a statement, in the hope that somewhere in the construction the actual cost will fall below the estimate and furnish a partial offset to the bad showing this far made. We are fully convinced by experience, however, that this hope is unfounded and that the longer the real facts in the case are concealed the worse the showing will be when it is finally made. It is this condition of things and the frequent inquiry which it has aroused that has prompted the HERALD to investigate the matter, and it is a sense of public duty that impels us now to lay before the taxpayers of the borough an impartial statement of the facts as they exist, so far as we have been able to ascertain them.

STARTLING DISCREPANCIES.

It will be remembered that when the movement was being agitated several estimates of the probable cost of the plant were published. These estimates ranged from $80,000 up to $200,000, and some persons went so far as to claim that the cost would not be less than $250,000. The principal estimates, however, were furnished by Council and the water committee, and by A. B. Cochran & Son, engineers, of Pottsville. Both of these estimates were itemized. The total of the former was $82,805 75, including all expenses incurred up to June 1892, and the exhibit was used as a campaign document at the election in June, 1892, when the increase of debt was voted on and decided. The latter estimate was made under oath and fixed the total cost at $150,000. Messrs. Cochran, however, declaring that they would not care to take the contract and guarantee a good plant for that amount of money.

What is especially interesting just now is a comparison of the actual cost of the items thus far completed with the estimates of Council and the water committee. These comparisons will show that if the same ratio of excess of actual cost over original estimates shall continue throughout the entire cost of the plant will exceed even the most extravagant estimate ever made even by those who opposed the movement. The first item in the estimate of Council and the water committee is one of $900 for 20 acres of land upon which the pumping station is being erected. This land is owned by William L. Torbert. It has been condemned and taken possession of by the borough, but Mr. Torbert refuses to convey a title for the consideration offered. He is willing to relinquish his claim to the property, but insists that he has the right to fix the price at which he shall part with it and names $15,000 as the figure. The borough has possession, but the

BOROUGH IS A TRESPASSER,

and the result must be another law suit and additional costs and counsel fees. The end of this must be a verdict by a jury that will probably take the liberal view of the matter that Mr. Torbert is the best judge of the value of his own property, that the borough is well able to pay and that if it insists on taking property which the owner is not anxious to sell it must pay the price that he demands. Instead of $900 for this item the probable actual cost is likely to be nearly $16,000, including costs and counsel fees, and certain not to fall below $10,000, or eleven times the amount of the original estimate.

The next item in the estimates with which a comparison of the actual cost can now be made is that of the reservoirs. Mr. Cochran placed the cost of the reservoir at Davis' Run at $3,800. Council and the water committee lumped the cost of both reservoirs and put the figure at $10,500. It is not definitely known what their estimate of the reservoir at the pumping station was, though it is semi-officially declared to have been $2,500. That reservoir has been constructed. It is the only part of the work completed, and its cost, when compared with the original estimates, shows that those who made the latter knew nothing about the work. Instead of $3,800 (the Cochran estimate) or $2,500 (the water committee's estimate) the actual cost has been $10,209.52. That amount has been paid to Quinn and Kerns, the contractors in the following instalments:

April 20, 1893	$ 1,000 00
July " "	1,250 00
August 8 "	2,878 70
September 12, 1893	3 113 57
October 10, 1893	2 887 90
November 1, 1893	4,779 35
December 28, 1893	1 500 00
Total	$19,209 52

What the cost of the completed plant will be, if this ratio of excess of actual cost over original estimates shall continue throughout any taxpayer can determine by taking the figures in the water committee's estimate and multiply them by 8 or 10.

SOME OBVIOUS REASONS.

There are in addition a number of items of considerable expense that were not included in any of the estimates, among them being the salary of an engineer to superintend the construction of the works, the salaries of two watchmen at Davis Run, whose duty it is to see that the stream of water does not escape, counsel fees and extra fees allowed the borough officials for the additional duties imposed through the prosecution of this work. Here are the items:

Womelsdorf, engineer	$1 000 00
Watchmen, 28 months at $90	2,520.00
James Ryan, att'y fees	200 00
A. W. Schalck	250 00
J. H. Pomeroy, extra services	100.00
T. F. Breslin, extra services	150 00
T. J. Coakley, extra service	50.00
Total	$4 320.00

It may be well to observe also that the $1,000 paid to Mr. Womelsdorf, the engineer, is but a portion of the compensation he is to receive for superintending the construction of the plant. We are not certain as to how his compensation is fixed, but have a vague recollection that he is receiving a percentage on the cost of the plant. This is the way architects and engineers on public works are usually employed, and as their salaries depend on the cost of the work they seldom fail to run the cost up to the limit. The $150 paid to Messrs. Ryan and Schalck are presumably retainers, and only a tithe of the fees they will have to be paid for the suits they have now in charge and that are yet to come.

An exhibit of the actual cost of work thus far done as compared with the estimate furnished by the water committee two years ago is of interest now. Here it is:

	Original Estimate.	Actual Cost.
Twenty-seven of land	$ 900 00	$15,000 00
Reservoir at Davis Run	2,500.00	10,209 52
Two watchmen		2,520.00
Engineer, Womelsdorf		1,000 00
Counsel fees		450 00
Extra services		550.00
Totals	$3,400.00	$28,529.52

A $60,000 RESERVOIR.

This is an extraordinary showing. It is a plain statement of undisputed and indisputable facts calculated to startle the confiding taxpayers who honestly believed that the plant could be constructed for a less sum than $100,000. What the cost of the storage reservoir will be, if it is ever built, can only be conjectured now, though it is entirely safe to say that it will be fivefold greater than the estimate of $8,000. Mr. Womelsdorf's estimate of the probable cost of this reservoir is $60,000, and if it is to be in keeping with the one erected on the stream in the valley it will probably cost that much. But let us admit that it can and will be built for $40,000—and the estimate is a conservative one in view of the cost of the small one—where will we be at when it is completed? Presuming that Mr. Torbert will have to be paid $15,000 for the 20 acres of land at Davis' Run, the cost of the two reservoirs, with incidental expenses, will amount up to $78,529.52, or within $4,000 of the water committee's estimate for the plant complete. Other liabilities that have been incurred and not enumerated here will probably consume most if not all of the remaining $16,000, and leave nothing to pay for machinery, pipes and other items which in the original estimates were seven-tenths of the entire cost of the plant.

A pertinent question to ask now is: What will the water committee and Council do when the $95,000 authorized to be borrowed for the purpose is spent and the water works is less than half completed? If the work goes on that question is certain to arise. Will they go back to the people and ask for a further increase of debt? And if they do will the people vote another $65,000 into the enterprise? Two hundred thousand dollars debt means $10,000 a year interest, and the people may hesitate before placing such a burden unnecessarily on their own shoulders.

ADDITIONAL DISCREPANCIES.

This reminds us also that in the original calculations the rate of interest to be paid on borough bonds was 4 per cent. while the bonds now being sold are 5 per cents., which will make the annual interest $5,000 instead of $4,000, or the aggregate difference, if the bonds run 30 years, just $30,000.

The wide difference between promise and performance was never more clearly or forcibly demonstrated than in the undertaking and construction of this enterprise. One of the arguments advanced by its advocates to catch the unthinking citizen and taxpayer was that the wages paid to labor would be paid to local workmen and that it would be distributed among local business men. Aside from the wages paid the watchmen there has not been a dollar of the money thus far paid out received by a local workingman. The contractors who built the reservoir have their own laborers and they have not come into the local market for workmen. The money has therefore not been earned by citizens of the borough, nor has it been distributed among local merchants.

There is to be a joint meeting of Council and the water committee this evening, and it is not improbable that some sort of a statement of the present condition and future prospects of the water works project will be forthcoming. It would seem that some explanation of the discrepancies between the actual cost of the work already done and the original estimates would be now in order. The question no longer is, when will the plant be completed, but,

WILL IT EVER BE COMPLETED?

It cannot be done with the money now available for the purpose, and the question arises whether it is better to go to the people for more money or to abandon the project before any more money is lost. The enterprise is a daring and sorrowful failure, and the farther it is pushed now the greater the wreck is sure to be. This fact, we think has been clearly demonstrated to the satisfaction of every intelligent and impartial citizen who can dispassionately review what has already been accomplished.

There seems to be one probable way to yet escape from the impending disaster that threatens the project, but the opportunity must be seized now if the borough is to have the advantage of it. That is to sell the pumping plant and $30,000 reservoir on Davis' Run to the Shenandoah Water & Gas Company at the best terms that can be obtained and abandon the entire project, lawsuits and all. The Water Company would doubtless be willing to entertain a proposition of this kind, as they would have use for the pump in dry seasons. An arrangement of this kind would give the town an abundant supply of water and save the enterprise now in the hands of Council from inevitable and ruinous failure. It must be clear to every person now that the borough water works, if ever completed, will cost a sum exceeding $200,000, and it must be equally clear that it would never pay the operating expenses and interest on that amount of money.

HOW TO AVOID DISASTER.

This suggestion is not likely to be received in a very friendly spirit by members of Council or the water committee who have been backing the project from its inception, and who are probably determined that it shall go through at any cost. We want to say, however, that it is made in good faith and in the belief that it is the only way irretrievable failure and serious loss to the borough can now be prevented. We have no assurance that the water company would entertain the proposition if it were made, further than the knowledge that if they are to continue to supply the borough with water they must make provision for the dry seasons when their present supply runs low. We feel that if the Council and the water committee is to be guided in the future by the experiences of the past and the proper spirit shall prevail between them and the water company, an arrangement can be effected that will be mutually advantageous to both and that will assure the town an abundant supply of water without incurring the risk of an enormous debt of $200,000 or more. We believe, however, that if a proposition of this kind is to be made it should come from Council and the water committee, and not from the water company. Council may find it hard to entertain the thought, but partial failure now is preferable to disaster in the future.

GIRARDVILLE.

Miss Nellie Campbell, of New York City, is visiting friends in town.

Chrissie Phillips, an interesting child of Joseph Phillips, of Mahanoy avenue, lies dangerously ill.

William Devers, of the Columbian Social Club, is confined to his home with an attack of grippe.

Misses Matilda Poger and Alice Price, two of Ashland's belles, visited friends in town last evening.

From the testimony taken before the commission appointed by the court to inquire into the sanity of Rose Kinney an order was granted to convey her to the State Asylum at Harrisburg. Sheriff Woll accompanied her.

Dr. J. D. Donaghue is visiting his son, Dr. Jas. Donaghue, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

A jolly party of married ladies, of Second street, enjoyed the good sleighing yesterday.

A large sleighing party of Heckerville young folks dined at the American House.

Misses Maggie and Katie McGinty, Ella Moore, Lizzie Haley, Mary Whittaker and Katie Clarke, all of Mahanoy City, called on friends in town today.

Miss Minnie Knapp, of Yatesville, is the guest of Ellie Grady, of Parker street.

Ed Delowrey, of Mahanoy City, became the happy papa of a baby boy yesterday.

One of the Shamokin sports, who became noisy, due probably to too much fire, was relieved of his six-shooter, which he flourished in a very careless manner after the Prince McCarthy farce Tuesday evening.

Frank Smith, representing the firm of Smith & Sons, Barber Supply company, called on popular and good-natured "Billy" McIntyre yesterday afternoon.

John Briggs and John Scott spent yesterday in town.

Dr. J. C. Biddle, of the Miners' Hospital, and family took advantage of the good sleighing and visited town today.

Arthur Goyne and Ed. Pedlow, of Ashland, spent last evening with Mine Foreman Thomas Pedlow.

MAHANOY PLANE.

A home talent company produced "The Persecuted Dutchman" in the hall last evening to a large and well-pleased audience. The characters were all well represented. *Teddy, the slow man*, was ably characterized by George Bevan. *The Honorable Augustus Cleverstarch* was well suited to Joseph N. Lytle. *Joe, a Dude*, by Ephraim Lytle, was a great hit. The original *John Schmidt* was well portrayed by John Schmidt. *Cousin Soberly* by Thomas Bevans, the *Landlord* by Mrs. Luke Phillips, and the *Lady's Maid* by Cora Neister, were rendered in professional style. Martha Middleton as *Cousin Arabella* brought down the house when she commanded the soldier to "shoot him through the gizzard."

Borough Council met last night and settled up with the Treasurer and Tax Collector.

Bear Ridge collieries employes were paid yesterday.

A. J. Farrell, the P. & R. Railroad runner, took a trip as far as Alaska yesterday.

Monday will be free lunch day in Gilberton borough. The Council will organize on that day, at 10 o'clock, and all the henchmen are invited.

James Houghton, the United States Mail Messenger, looks a dandy in his new uniform.

Philip Heggerty and M. D. Mumley will cross bats for Borough Treasurer.

Superintendent E. C. Ash, of the Electric road, was in town today.

C. H. Anderson, the HERALD reporter, was in town yesterday.

William J. Smith left for Philadelphia for a few days' visit to his family.

After a lingering illness, Miss Ida Francis, of town, departed this life at 5 o'clock this morning. She was about 10 years of age. Her parents have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

Mr. Reinhold Very Low.

Special to the HERALD.

MAHANOY CITY, Mar. 1.—The report that Milton C. Reinhold died this afternoon is not correct. He is in a very critical condition and his death is momentarily expected.

Notice.

Any subscriber who fails to receive the EVENING HERALD is respectfully requested to notify the main office, on East Coal street, or the branch office, Reese's auction rooms, on West Centre street. People who wish to become subscribers and have not been called upon by the solicitors will please leave their names at either of the places above mentioned. Owing to a change in the carrier system of the EVENING HERALD it has become necessary to make a new canvass of all the routes. In doing this the canvassers sometimes miss some of the old subscribers. The publisher will feel grateful to any who will render assistance in remedying any such discrepancies.

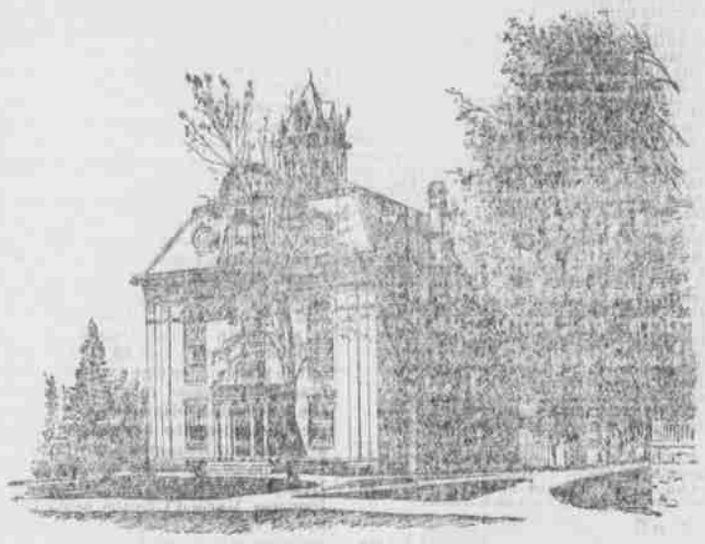
Have you tried McElhenny's fried oysters? 9-12-tf

VERMONT'S PRIDE.

The Remedy That Makes People Well--Paine's Celery Compound.

Among Burlington institutions none of the College buildings compare in interest with the Medical School. It is the first building shown to strangers.

The building where so many fruitful investigations have been carried on and so much hard work accomplished is a matter of pride with every true graduate of Vermont University.



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT.

To the credit of American scientists it is said that the first fruitful investigations of the influence of the nerves upon the proper nutrition of the body were made by Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., while active professor in the Dartmouth Medical School and lecturer in Vermont University Medical Department.

These researches have since been carried on in Europe; but the result by far the most valuable from all these labors is Prof. Phelps' discovery of the prescription that has come to be known as Paine's celery compound.

Now and then a discovery like this one is so greatly in advance of its day that it startles the whole body of conservative physicians. No great remedy ever caused as much talk and inquiry as Paine's celery compound. Scientific men in this country and in Europe have analyzed and discussed it, and the medical world has agreed in recommending it as a truly remarkable remedy for disorders originating in impure blood and impoverished nerve tissue.

Paine's celery compound is pronounced by physicians of all schools to be the most decided step in the knowledge of diseases of the kidneys, liver and stomach.

Refreshing sleep comes from Paine's celery compound. Persistent headaches go. Chronic constipation no longer troubles one, and the terrible heart throbbings from which so many tired women suffer leave them in peace.

Because of this wonderful discovery of Paine's celery compound, thousands of homes have been made brighter and hosts of sick men and women led from despondency to health and activity.

Sunlight has not cast more brightness into thousands of homes throughout the country than has this greatest remedy of the nineteenth century. Nervous women suffering from pain and depression find relief after a few days use of this wonderful remedy.

The thousands of testimonials from men and women all through the country tell the story most convincingly of the value of Paine's celery compound as a sure relief in the worst forms of nervous weakness.

Paine's celery compound will build up the body in strength and healthy tissue. It robs old age of its sleeplessness, depression and feebleness.

Permanent cures in difficult and obstinate cases of Bright's disease are told by men and women of the highest standing in their communities.

No medicine is so universally used in the homes founded for the aged, the feeble, the weak and suffering. A list of the public institutions alone where this great compound is daily used would extend to great length. A sound body and a sound mind are sure to follow the persistent taking of Paine's celery compound. Try it and be convinced as thousands of others are, that it is the greatest remedy in the world.

Bear in Mind

John A. Reilly's is the place to get the purest wines and liquors, best beer and ales and finest brands of cigars. 10-18-tf

It Suits the People

as what druggists say, because they are tired of the many bitter cough remedies. Pan-Tina is the most pleasant tasting medicine, quickly cures Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung disorders, 25 cents. Pan-Tina is sold at P. P. D. Kirlin's drug store.

A new laundry will be opened by Sing Lee on Monday, February 28th, at No. 14 West Centre street, Shenandoah. 2-19-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

FERGUSON'S THEATRE.

P. J. FERGUSON, MANAGER.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1894.

The eminent and sweet-singing Irish Comedian,

Carroll... Johnson

And his Excellent Company, in the greatest of all American Irish Comedy Dramas, entitled

'The Irish Statesman,'

Or, From Cabin to Congress.

Prices, 25, 50 and 75 Cents.

Reserved seats at Kirlin's drug store.

Real Estate Exchange,

Robbins' Building, Room No. 4.

Properties and Business Places

Of all kinds bought and sold.
Bonds and Stocks Bought and Sold.

Railway and Steamship Tickets.

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

In first-class companies. General Commission business.

John F. Finney.

Piatt's Popular Saloon

(Formerly Joe Wyatt's)

19 and 21 West Oak Street

SHENANDOAH, PA.

Bar stocked with the best beer, porter, ales, whiskies, brandies, wines, etc. Finest cigars. Swing bar attached. Cordial invitation to all.

WARREN J. PORTZ,

Piano Tuner.

Pianos and organs repaired. Orders left at 21 North Main street, Shenandoah, will receive prompt attention.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED, LADIES to do writing at home. Will pay from $15 to $25 per week. Send self-addressed stamp envelope for reply to MARIE FONTAINE, General Manager, 334 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. 3-1-3t

SALESMEN WANTED.—Free prepaid outfit. One of our agents has earned over $30,000 in five years. P. O. Box 1371, New York. 26-2t

WANTED.—An experienced clerk in a general grocery store. Steady employment. Address, "The City Grocery, Hazleton, Pa." 2t

FOR RENT.—Store room, dwelling and stable No. 110 North Main street. Inquire of Wm. H. Shoemaker, J. P. 2-26-1w

$75.00 A WEEK paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

FOR SALE Cheap.—A good tent, suitable for fishing parties. Apply at Reese's Auction and Commission House, West Centre street. tf

WANTED.—House with six or seven rooms, buyer waiting. A good saloon or restaurant. Several lots for building purposes, buyers waiting. If you have a business place for sale I will find you a purchaser. JOHN F. FINNEY, Real Estate Exchange, Room 4, Robbins' Building, Shenandoah, Pa. 2-13-tf

HOUSE AND LOTS FOR SALE.—Eight lots, 3½ story house with 2½ story kitchen, large shed, two good wells and stream of water running through the property; nice bearing fruit trees; lots in good state of cultivation; known formerly as Park Hotel. Suitable for any kind of business. For further particulars write or call on

MRS. L. E. FISHER,
1-26-3m Brandonville, Sch. Co., Pa.

AUDITORS' NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Schuylkill county, in the matter of the estate of Mary Joyce, deceased. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the said Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of M. M. Burke, Administrator of the said estate, will meet all parties interested therein, on Saturday, the third day of March, 1894, 9 a. m., at his office, rooms Nos. 1 and 2, second floor, Beddall building, on the northwest corner of Main and Centre streets, Shenandoah, Pa., when and where all claims must be presented before the Auditor, or else be forever debarred from coming in upon said funds.

JOHN H. COYLE, Auditor.
Shenandoah, Pa., Feb. 12, 1894. 2-12-3t-caw

POTTSVILLE, PA., 1894.
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE COUNTY OF SCHUYLKILL.

NOTICE.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, the Controller of Schuylkill County, until 2 p. m., Thursday, March 1st, 1894, for the whole or any part of the new 4 per cent. 5-20 registered County Bonds, to be issued to the amount of $147,000. Interest to commence April 1st, 1894, when said bonds will be issued. All bids at not less than par. The Controller reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the County Commissioners.

H. H. SEVERN,
2-8-cod-tf Controller.