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is never entertained by the children for a medicine that tastes bad. This explains the popularity among little ones of

Scott's Emulsion, a preparation of cod-liver oil almost as palatable as milk. Many mothers have grateful knowledge of its benefits to weak, sickly children.

Prepared by Scott & Borne, N. Y. All druggists.

CHRISTIAN SCHMIDT
No. 204 West Coal Street,
SHENANDOAH, PENNA.

AGENT FOR
Lauer's
CELEBRATED LAGER
AND PILSNER BEERS.

Porter, Ale and
Fine Old Stock Ale.

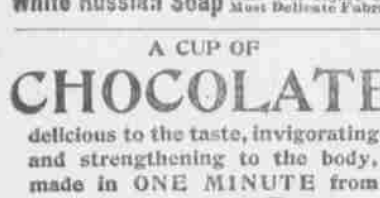
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Printing ink stains are removed and jammed fingers healed by the use of

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP
because of its high percentage of tar
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.
JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.
White Russian Soap. Does Not Lather like White Russian Soap.

A CUP OF
CHOCOLATE
delicious to the taste, invigorating and strengthening to the body, made in ONE MINUTE from



Only 20 cts. for a full pound package. Free sample on application to manufacturers.

HASH BROWN CHOCOLATE
IF YOU WANT A GOOD CHOCOLATE, get this. It is made of the finest cocoa beans and is the most delicious and healthful of all chocolates. It is made in one minute from a cup of water.

Only 20 cts. for a full pound package. Free sample on application to manufacturers.

H. H. SEYDOR, F. F. MERRILL, W. H. WATSON



Entirely **VEGETABLE** AND A SURE **CURE** FOR **COSTIVENESS**
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases.
Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Public Notice!

Notice: Heretofore persons destroying the seal of the State of Pennsylvania were liable to a fine of \$100.00. The assembly has approved a bill that it is doubtful whether he will leave Kissinger alive. No confirmation of such a report is obtainable in Berlin.

Private Bismarck's Condition.

BREITENBURG, Oct. 4.—A Berlin newspaper says Prince Bismarck is reported to be so ill that it is doubtful whether he will leave Kissinger alive. No confirmation of such a report is obtainable in Berlin.

Widow's Marvellous Mile.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 4.—W. W. Widole took the world's record for a mile flying start at Hampton Park yesterday making it in 1:38 1-3.

BATTILING WITH MOORS

They Make an Assault on the Spanish Fortress at Melilla.

CIVILIANS AID THE MILITARY.

All Are Finally Driven to the Citadel Where They Make a Gallant Defense Against Overwhelming Odds, the Moors Fighting with Heroic Bravery.

MADRID, Oct. 4.—The Spanish authorities recently decided to add to the strength of the fortification of Melilla, on the north coast of Morocco. The work was begun and pushed forward rapidly.

This increased the Moors, and on Monday morning a force of more than 6,000 natives attacked the Spanish garrison—400 men. The Spanish troops had no food, but this was a matter of small consequence to them, as they knew that death or slavery awaited them should they be captured. They fought desperately.

The white residents of the town organized a force and took part in the defense. They were greatly outnumbered by the Moors, however, and were finally compelled to retire into the fortress, located on the outskirts of the town, where they are still besieged.

During the battle eighteen of the Spaniards were killed and thirty-five wounded, including three officers.

The Spanish garrison at one time directed their fire upon a mosque, and almost completely destroyed it. Other buildings in the range of their fire were also destroyed.

Northern Morocco has been greatly excited by the news of the attack, and the fanaticism of the inhabitants is being aroused by Mohammedan demands for revenge upon the "infidels" for destroying the mosque.

The Spanish officers and troops displayed the greatest bravery. The town, which is one of the Spanish penal settlements, is commanded by a citadel, which is built on a rock. After the Spanish troops and their civilian allies were forced by overwhelming numbers to retreat into the citadel, the Moors attempted to take the place by assault. They swarmed up the roadway and tried in every way to scale the walls.

The beleaguered men poured volley after volley at them, but as the Moors did not fight in any regular order, the fire was not as destructive as it would otherwise have been. Several sorties were made upon the Moors, but each time the defenders were driven back.

A small body of the Spanish cavalry that was well drilled and well handled proved of the utmost service. Toward the end of the day the Moors abandoned their guerrilla mode of warfare and formed themselves into ranks. Then, shouting their battle cries, they advanced upon the citadel. When they were within a short distance of the wall the heavy machine guns were opened and cut galloped the cavalrymen. They dashed into the ranks of the advancing Moors, their keen edged sabres swinging right and left among the enemy, who broke ranks and retreated as hastily as possible.

The Moors were ridden down and trampled upon by the iron shod hoofs of the horses, and a number of them met their death in this manner. The cavalry made several charges, always with the same result. The Moors would retreat until the charge was abandoned, when they would again assume the aggressive.

The Moors displayed an absolute disregard for danger that compelled the admiration of the men fighting against them. As the news of the battle rapidly spread by runners reached the villages back from the coast the male inhabitants sprang to arms and hastened to the aid of the beleaguered garrison.

The fury of the Moors was added to when the Spanish artillery men wrecked the mosque, which was sacred in the eyes of the natives.

The citadel is well supplied with provisions and water, and can be taken only by assault. Meantime the Spanish government is hurrying forward reinforcements.

The Moors requested a truce yesterday. The request was granted and both sides buried their dead. The Moors have agreed for peace. The Spanish government has been cowed completely by Spain's preparation for war. It has promised to make any reparations and has assured Spain of its most earnest efforts to repress the savagery of the hostile tribes. Most of the tribes are reported to have promised to abstain from all further hostilities against the Melilla garrison, but there is little confidence that they will keep their word.

Union Pacific Railroaders Consolidate.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 4.—The federation of the five roads in the Union Pacific service was perfected at a meeting held in this city. The orders embraced in this federation are the conductors, telegraph men, trainmen, firemen and switchmen. This federation composes all orders except the engineers, and comprises 6,000 employees of the Union Pacific. The new organization notified Mr. Richardson that they would not accept his reduction in wages, and offered no substitute.

Accident to Senator Stockbridge.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Last night United States senator F. B. Stockbridge, of Michigan, in attempting to board a north bound grip car on Walnut avenue, was struck by a south bound grip, thrown to the ground and dragged a distance of twenty feet over the rails and rough stones. The senator was picked up unconscious and removed to his hotel. The full extent of his injuries could not be learned.

Commander Booth in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.—Ballington Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in America, with Mrs. Booth and Captain Halpin, commander of the Pennsylvania and West Virginia division, arrived from New York yesterday, and were given an enthusiastic reception. There was a banquet at the barracks, a parade, and an evening service at the Y. M. C. A. hall, which was crowded to overflowing.

Killed by an Electric Shock.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—William Mullany, 25 years old, an oiler in the Manhattan Electric Light works, was instantly killed while at work in the dynamo room by an electrical shock from one of the dynamos which he was oiling at the time.

HIS LIFE THE FORFEIT.

The Murderous Barcelona Anarchist Sentenced to Death.

BARCELONA, Sept. 1.—The anarchist Pallas, who threw two bombs at Captain General Martinez de Campos last Saturday, was court-martialed yesterday. He was brought into court with his hands tied behind his back, but the president of the court ordered that the ropes be cut, and gave him a seat near the president's table. Pallas was apparently nervous from the excitement of the trial.

After the reading of the charge Pallas declared loudly that he would commit the same crime a hundred times over if he had the opportunity. He had had no accomplices and was alone in his responsibility for the deed. He was sorry that he had not killed Campos, whom he had hated ever since the captain general defeated the Republicans in 1874. Pallas would not make any further statement.

He requested that the president be excused the president to retire to his room, and the court adjourned until the following day. Pallas was brought back to hear the prosecutor's address. When the prosecutor demanded, "In the name of outraged society and for the sake of civilization, Pallas is sentenced to death to be executed by hanging." "Agreed. There are thousands to continue the work."

His counsel appealed for clemency on the ground that the prisoner's mind had been deranged by denational literature and evil companionship. Pallas shook his head decidedly to deny this imputation upon his sanity. The court adjourned immediately after Pallas' counsel finished his address to consider the sentence. The decision was announced this forenoon, Pallas being sentenced to be executed.

Thieves' Personal Property Disposed Of.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—The household effects of a bank receiver and the same possessions of an embezzling bank employee were disposed of at public sale yesterday. The former sale was at the late home in this city of Charles W. Marsh, the embezzling president of the Keystone National bank, whose household effects were prominently in the downfall of City Treasurer John H. Haddock, and the latter was the continuance of the disposition of the property of Henry S. Cochran, at Darby. The household effects of art, rare bric-a-brac and luxuriant furniture in Marsh's former dwelling brought only fair prices, but Mrs. Marsh kept the sale in progress until the painful realization was had literally stripped. Cochran's late mansion was also here, but what the sale of the gold bullion embezzler's effects will realize is not yet known. The real estate which Cochran also turned over to the government has not yet been sold.

AD About a Telegram.

Bingo—Have you a telegram come for me?
Mrs. Bingo—Have you been expecting one?

Bingo—Oh, no, of course not. (Sarcastically.) You don't suppose I would ask you that question if I expected one, do you?

Mrs. Bingo—Why should I? You might as well tell me, if you have, if I should say that a telegram has come for you?

Bingo—Ah! I know it. I've been expecting that telegram all the afternoon. (Impatiently.) Where is it?

Mrs. Bingo—It'll get it. But, dear, I thought it better to open it. You didn't mind, did you, dear?

Bingo—Certainly not. It's only a matter of business. From Jack Easton, ain't it?

Mrs. Bingo—Yes, dear.

Bingo—Important meeting tonight. Says I must be there, doesn't he?

Mrs. Bingo—Yes, dear.

Bingo—(Grabbing his hands)—I knew it. Well, I'll have to rush right off after dinner. Sorry for you, my dear, but you know business must be attended to.

Mrs. Bingo—Oh, that's all right, darling. But don't you want to see the message?

Bingo—Why should I? You opened it. Read it like the good wife that you are, and I guess that I can trust you. Jack wants me (delightfully), that's all, and I must go.

Mrs. Bingo—But there was one thing more he said, my pet.

Bingo—(Emphatically)—Oh, there was? Well, what?

Mrs. Bingo—(All smiles)—He says he's got front row seats.—Tom Masson in Harper's Bazar.

Argentine Perfectly Quiet.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Dr. Zolotas, Argentine minister to the United States, has received a message from the Argentine minister of foreign affairs, confirming the report that the entire country is perfectly quiet.

Crucified in Her Cradle.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 4.—Frank Pallack's 14-month-old daughter was burned to death yesterday, the cradle in which she was sleeping being set on fire by her little sister.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION!

Too High Pressure.
In these days of keen competition in every line when the business man is compelled to bend his intellect and every energy to the success of his business; the clerk, book-keeper, professional man and laborer, to drive themselves at a terrific rate, there can be but one result—an explosion, which if not resulting in immediate death, leaves them with shattered brains and bodies. The strain is too great. Something must and does give way. This is equally true of the mind and the body. The more you are hurried, the more you are worried, and the results are the same as with their stronger companions.

This condition is growing worse every day. The rapidity of its increase is avoid to contemplate. Our homes, hospitals, and public places are full of these unfortunate victims and are being crowded still further. There is but one solution of the matter. Recognize the importance of the situation at once, and take the necessary measures to overcome it. If you have failing memory, listlessness, dizziness, nervous or sick headache, biliousness, irritability, melancholy, sleeplessness, fainting, nervous dyspepsia, epilepsy, etc., know that any one of them is but a symptom of the calamity that may befall you and even though you have used so-called remedies and treated with reputable physicians with little or no benefit, give Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine a trial. It is the only remedy that may be depended upon for nervous disorders.

Two years ago I used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine with marked benefit, and later treated my son, who had been sick with catarrh of the bladder five years in the hands of our best physicians, to try it together with Dr. Miles' Nervine and I'll tell you. He was so wonderfully benefited that he is attending to business again. My wife also used Nervine with most excellent results. All of us together have not used more than a few bottles of Nervine. Several of our friends have used it, and are greatly improved.—Louis Gibbs, Fisher & Gibbs Flour Co., Canton, Ohio.

HUNDREDS WERE LOST.

The Terrible Work of the Great Southern Cyclone.

APPALLING LIST OF FATALITIES.

Reports So Far Received Indicate a Loss of Two Hundred and Fifty Lives, and Many More Are Believed to Have Been Lost—The Property Loss Incalculable.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.—The great storm has passed, although the wires are still down bits of intelligence continue to come from various parts which impart the information that the loss of life to any nothing of the destruction of property, is tremendous. From Bayou Cook, the great dryer field, which leads to the Gulf, it is reported that the settlements of the fishermen have been completely demolished and that the loss of life has reached the appalling figure of 200. It will be some days before the full extent of the damage wrought will be known, but it is feared that the great tidal waves will cause to insignificant the number of deaths reported from the storm which recently devastated the Atlantic coast.

A lone and ragged fisherman who had been a member of the fishing colony of Bayou Cook, where all the oysters bearing that name were raised, reports that of the 200 people who composed the colony but thirty had succeeded in escaping the fury of the elements. The water rose with startling rapidity, and before the unfortunate had time to grasp some floating objects, had them to grasp some floating objects, they were overwhelmed with the swirling flood and found their fate in watery graves. He had clung to a tree throughout the night. He described the visitation as in the nature of a tidal wave, which swept everything before it.

A row boat trip of the marshes made by a reporter reveals a tale of desolation and death that will almost equal those sent out a month ago from Savannah and the sea islands. At every point touched houses were completely gone, while the upper eastern shore was swept as if by a cyclone. From Bayou as far east as reports could be had the houses report only death and destruction. For miles inland the trees are laid low, and much loss of life is reported all along the shore. Whole families have been swept away, and the actual loss of life will probably never be known.

Captain John Poteyev's steam tug Pearl Smith landed at the west end with some sixteen prominent citizens of New Orleans, who had been belated by the fierce storm of Sunday night, and who were delighted to again set foot on dry land after having passed many hours of terror on the banks of the lake, near English look-out. Each of the party had a thrilling experience to relate and each had spent many hours in houses that were buffeted by wind and waves. The party left the city on Saturday night. They were bound for Lookout on a fishing and hunting excursion, expecting to return to the city on Sunday night or Monday morning. They were unable to return until yesterday. Meantime they had two nights of very rough experience, the fishing huts belonging to the clubs of which they were members being surrounded by an endless lake, and in constant danger of being dashed to pieces.

The fishing huts rocked all night. Fortunately, however, most of them stood the fierce onslaught of the elements, losing a single keel and a weatherboard there.

When the storm finally subsided the party made their way to the tug, which had withdrawn to the gulf, and hastened to the city. On the way over the tug passed a schooner bottom up in the lake. There was not a living thing to be seen about the wreck, and Captain Poteyev was unable to ascertain the name of the craft. The tug also passed two schooners, both of which were capsized. It is impossible to say whether or not there had been any loss of life on the wreck, but it is not improbable that there was.

Point a la Roche, forty-five miles below the city, on Grand Island, suffered the most from the fury of the elements. When the tornado struck the little settlement on the river it had attained a velocity of nearly 100 miles an hour. Roofs, shingles and fences were hurled everywhere in the air, and not a structure in the village came out unscathed. When the storm abated a special train was sent from this city, which picked up the survivors along the line and brought them to New Orleans.

Ex-Governor Warmouth and Mr. James S. Wilkinson, a prominent lawyer of the city were among those who returned, and from their reports, the little town is entirely obliterated from the face of the earth. Two cars which were standing on a side track were lifted in the air and carried quite a distance from the line. Two deaths are reported, the victims being a Mrs. Lafrance and a colored woman, name unknown, both of whom were killed by flying wires. The former has played headlong havoc with the crops. Point a la Roche is in the heart of the orange grower's section of the state and trees were nearly all in bearing. Hothouses, near Point a la Roche, and Prospect also suffered greatly. At present several lives were lost.

The damage done in the city and in the harbor will run considerably over a hundred thousand dollars. The orange crop of Pointe a la Roche is ruined to the extent of \$20,000 to \$30,000. The loss to this crop alone will be \$25,000.

Pensacola, Fla., Oct. 4.—The most destructive storm that Pensacola has experienced in twenty years began at 6 o'clock Monday morning and raged with increased fury until a late hour in the evening. The nearest approach to this gale was the storm of 1867. Rain fell in torrents, and was swept in blinding showers through the streets. No loss of life has been reported, but upon every street uprooted trees, broken fences and needless buildings testify to the storm's force. Two warehouses were torn from their foundations and blown into the bay, while several vessels were wrecked on the beach. All telegraphic communication was cut off until late night.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 4.—The damage done by the storm will reach up into the millions. In the gardeners' district across the river dwell twenty-three families, the homes of whom could be seen from any eminence in the city. Only one of these homes can now be seen standing, and as no news has yet been received, it is believed many of the inhabitants have been lost. Three or four hundred head of cattle have perished. The home of Stephen Walker was swept away and his entire family, comprising of himself, his wife, Christiana, and his three, Miss Cora Wheeler, were drowned. As Grand Bay four churches were destroyed, while at Scranton five churches suffered a like fate. Houses have been scattered, crops ruined and desolation appears on every hand.

Dr. THEEL'S ARCHS.

Eighteen Physicians Fail.

The only SURE ROACH DESTROYER is MAURER'S EXTERMINATOR.

MAURER'S INSECT POWDER.

MAURER'S EXTERMINATOR.

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THE KIND THAT CURES

A MARVEL IN COCOES!

FOR 15 YEARS, CURED BY 3 BOTTLES!

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

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