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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Sick Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache, they are worth trying.

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SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE


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THE GREAT COUGH CURE

This GREAT COUGH CURE, this successful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by druggists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other Cure can stand successfully. If you have a COUGH, BRONCHITIS, or KA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hopeless, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Price, 50c, and \$1.00. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your lungs are sore or back lame, use SHILOH'S POROUS PLASTERS. Price, 25c.

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LATEST PATENT. BEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from over-exhaustion of brain, nervous system, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, sleeplessness, headache, dizziness, vertigo, neuralgia, sciatica, backache, rheumatism, kidney trouble, constipation, hemorrhoids, piles, and all other ailments of the nervous system. It gives a current that is instantly felt by the nerves and causes a new vitality to be imparted to the system. Thousands have been cured by its use. It is the only electric belt that has been used by the medical profession for over 25 years. It is the only electric belt that has been used by the medical profession for over 25 years. It is the only electric belt that has been used by the medical profession for over 25 years.

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., NEW YORK
No. 870 Broadway, New York

ANOTHER INDUSTRY FOR PENNSYLVANIA

The McKinley Tariff Opens Many New Factories in Philadelphia.

Thousands of American Workingmen and Women Are Given Employment.

The Chenille Manufacturing Trade of Europe Transferred to This Country, and the Keystone State Takes Most Advantage, While All Have Better and Cheaper Goods.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5. This great manufacturing center is teeming with object lessons in the practical operation and substantial benefits of the McKinley tariff. There is no more striking exhibit than the rapid development of the chenille industry. Since the enactment of the McKinley law the fostering of this particular field of manufacturing has kept millions of dollars from the pockets of foreign producers, given steady and lucrative employment to thousands of Americans, men and women, and resulted in a great reduction in the price to consumers of the goods manufactured.

Pennsylvania interests have reaped the most benefit from the innovation. Cotton chenille is the most popular fabric now used for decorative purposes in almost every American household. The process of weaving has attained to such perfection that the tapestries of the Gobelins and other kinds may be easily reproduced. But unlike these medieval tapestries, which have been made almost priceless by age, the chenille fabrics can be sold at very low prices. They are made entirely from cotton, but when completed they have a soft and silky finish, which, in a measure, disguises the true texture of the goods. Chenille is at present used for curtains and table covers. Innumerable designs are made every year.

Originally a Foreign Industry. The making of chenille curtains and table covers is an outgrowth of the chenille shawl industry, which flourished in Germany, France and Austria for over a century. Besides the factories in Chemnitz, Elberfeld and Vienna, there were a number in and around Glasgow. For a number of years chenille cord was also made and used for dress trimmings. The curtains and table cover branches did not get their first start until about 1875, but the demand for fabrics of these kinds rapidly grew. The manufacture of these goods, however, was confined for six or seven years to the other side of the Atlantic, although the market for them was in this country. The foreign manufacturers found no sale for them in Europe.

About ten years ago one or two American manufacturers started in to compete for the home market. Under a duty of 40 per cent. they made some headway, but it was only in the lower and cheaper grades that they succeeded. In 1890 the foreign manufacturers still maintained a monopoly of the higher grades of chenille curtains and table covers. The American manufacturers could not compete on account of the low wages paid by foreign rivals. In Vienna, where nearly all the table covers were made, the wages were very small. The importations in 1890 of curtains and table covers amounted to more than a million dollars.

Magic Effect of the Tariff. Since the passage of the McKinley bill there has been a virtual abandonment of importations of these goods. The manufacture of them has been entirely absorbed by American companies, who employ between five and six thousand operatives. The factories have increased from comparatively few to about fifteen. The wages are double those paid in Scotland, and treble those that are paid in Germany and Austria. The amount of money earned depends entirely upon the skill of the workmen. They are paid by the piece and earn everywhere from \$15 to \$25 a week. This class embraces both men and women. In other departments the women and girls earn from \$4 to \$10 a week. This industry is almost entirely confined here to the city of Philadelphia, although a new factory has recently started in Westchester county, New York.

The popularity of these goods has increased the demand. There are more goods sold now in one week than there were two years ago in six months. The factories are running on full time. It is estimated that the volume of trade in this industry, which has been practically snatched from foreign manufacturers, will reach \$5,000,000 this year.

Duty Increased and Price Reduced. The duty, increased from 40 to 60 per cent., was an inducement for other American manufacturers to start in the business, and the price, instead of increasing with the duty, have actually fallen 40 per cent., or nearly one-half what they were before the McKinley bill went into effect. It is almost a truism to say that the taxpayer's burden has been increased in regard to the buying of these popular articles, they must be possessed of wonderful reasoning powers. It does not require a massive intellect to grasp the facts, and to draw the inference that the McKinley bill has given to this country an entire industry. Before that bill was passed at least one-half of the curtains and all of the table covers made from chenille cotton were imported. The popularity of the goods has increased the demand nearly five times. This demand may not be directly due to the McKinley bill, but the production would have been shared by foreign manufacturers, who depended entirely on the American trade, if the duties had not been raised. That bill has kept in this country probably \$5,000,000, and has given employment to three or four thousand operatives, in addition to those already employed here. It has lowered the price of the goods, and has given to American manufacturers full control of the home market.

Personalism as Against Party. Clevelandism stands as the cardinal doctrine of personalism as against party, and that is both dangerous and repulsive in a republic. A staunch Democrat, who voted for Mr. Cleveland in 1894 and in 1898, now says: "I shall not vote for him this year. I will not vote for the same man for the presidency three times in succession on any plea whatsoever or under any circumstances whatsoever." This is a good rule for every man who loves his country and desires to keep it free to adopt.

LADY COURIERS.

A New Employment for Members of the Gossamer Sex.

In the numerous agencies for providing "our girls" with employment, writes Mrs. Crawford in London Truth, one outlet which might be greatly developed has been overlooked. The lady courier is not yet to the front. But she is likely to be so. I traveled a short time ago with one. She informed me that she spends as much time in steamers and railways as the queen's messenger or the indefatigable mother of the prince of Bulgaria. As her life is a wearing one she stipulates for handsome fees. They are often given ungrudgingly to her, and she is boarded and lodged as though she were a duchess when traveling with rich and delicate ladies. The lady courier is expected to be well posted up as the man courier. The one I had the pleasure of talking with is sometimes employed to escort young ladies from one end of Europe to the other, and is sufficiently well born and educated to go with them, if need be, into society. She made a number of sea voyages as an assistant stewardess to make herself proof against seasickness, with which she is no longer troubled. One of her troubles is being expected, when she travels with dull persons of her own sex, to amuse them. As they only care for gossip, and like to be ill treated, she backbites to their hearts' content. But to guard against the danger of mischief making she invents her characters. They do quite as well as if they were real. When she deals in eulogium she no longer draws on her imagination. A son-in-law of this useful person is a colonel. The halcyon days of this lady courier were when South American republics were being boomed on the stock exchanges and the money flowed in a steady stream to Buenos Ayres. The ladies who came thence to see life in Europe were indolent, spent freely the capital which their husbands found means of getting for the asking. They never quarreled with her for high charges, but she had to spare them every kind of trouble, and even that of choosing their confessors in cities where they were strangers. The lady courier I speak of is negotiating the purchase of a villa on Lake Como. She hopes soon to be rich enough to retire to live there.

INTERESTING OPERATIONS.

Facts of Surgery That Amount Almost to Miracles.

Of the many results of the rapid strides which science has made is the remarkable skill which medical men have brought to bear upon difficult and dangerous surgical operations. It was not many years ago when it was thought improper to attempt operations upon the human body, but the steady onward march of human progress has given surgeons such a knowledge of the human anatomy that they are now enabled to perform feats which formerly would have been credited to witchcraft and the black art, says the New York Herald.

At the annual meeting of the Welsh branch of the British Medical association Dr. Dumar Harrison gave an account of an operation he had performed upon a boy, which he claimed to be unique.

The boy had the misfortune to cut his wrist with plate-glass, which caused him to lose all sense of feeling in the hand and was followed by complete paralysis. The lad's wrist was laid open and it was found that a portion of the nerve about two inches in length was entirely destroyed. A young cat was obtained and chloroformed and immediately after death the surgeon cut a nerve out of the hind leg. The nerve was then wrapped in a cloth soaked in warm carbolic lotion and afterward connected with what remained of the boy's nerve. The result was most gratifying. Sensation returned and the boy was cured.

An equally interesting and successful operation was performed upon a boy who had swallowed a fish-hook. He tried to release it by pulling upon the line, but it had become firmly attached in the lower and back part of the throat. A medical man was called in and he procured a pistol bullet and bored a hole through it. It was then allowed to slide down over the line to the hook. The weight of the bullet dislodged the hook, which, sticking in the lead and being protected by it, was safely removed.

Half an Acre of Bloom.

It must take nearly half an acre of glass to cover the flowers of the white house conservatory. It keeps two men busy all the time to take care of it, and the finest of all kinds of flowers, from orchids to roses, are in bloom there. There are broad India rubber plants which are worth from fifty to one hundred dollars apiece, and there are some flowers which are absolutely worth their weight in gold. On the night of a white house dinner or reception the whole mansion is decorated with flowers, and at one state dinner not long ago there was a floral piece on the table which used eight thousand flowers in its making. At a dinner to the supreme court two thousand flowers were used to make a temple of justice, and at the last diplomatic reception the mantels of the parlors were banked up with flowers, and at another time they were covered with immense double tulips, rising out of banks of green.

The Vegetarian Fad.

The latest London fad is the vegetarian dinner, where people eat all sorts of imitations of fish, flesh and fowl, with nothing genuine about them. The Britons have suddenly taken to the notion that they eat too much meat, and propose to try something different. When it is remembered that the menu of Nebuchadnezzar was the best quality of meadow grass for seven years, it will be conceded that with some little variety a vegetarian cannot only live like a king, but a good deal better. Should the present habit of vegetarianism become settled over there it will have a tendency to make a better market for high-grade baled hay, for the use of the stall-fed nobility of the mother country.

AND NOW FOR THE HOMESTRETCH.

Republicans Prepare for a Grand Spurt to the Finish.

ANXIOUS TO BREAK THE RECORD. To Exert Every Energy to Roll Up an Immense Majority.

Pennsylvania Can Give Harrison a Bigger Vote Than Even Blaine Got Eight Years Ago, and the Party Organization Has Started Out to See That It Shall be Done.

PHILADELPHIA, October 19. "And now for the homestretch" is the rallying cry of Republicans throughout the Keystone state, who start in this week for a grand, united and determined effort to have Harrison's majority next month exceed his former handsome showing in this state and to even surpass the glorious eighty thousand majority given to Blaine in '84.

Why not make it a hundred thousand? This has been an unusually apathetic campaign. Democratic leaders have been boasting that there will be a big falling off in the vote in the state, and that the Republican majority will be cut down proportionately. The managers of the Republican canvass, however, do not propose to permit anything of that sort.

A call to arms. There have been many conferences with State Chairman Reeder during the last four days, and he has impressed upon active men in the organization the importance of arousing party enthusiasm without delay. Republicans everywhere, he argues, must be made to realize that they should get down to work at once to make a proper showing on election day.

Ex-Secretary Blaine has set an example to all his friends in his native state, upon whom he can always rely. They should join with him in giving enthusiastic support to General Harrison. The result in this state next month will be taken as a test of their loyalty to the Republican party, its principles and all its candidates.

Pennsylvania Republicans will not fall behind while a great national campaign is weighing.

From assurances received at the state headquarters this will be the initial week of spirited and aggressive canvassing in the interest of Harrison and the whole Republican ticket.

Reeder Captures Some Big Guns.

General Reeder determined to do his share toward stimulating the organization to renewed energies. For the fifth time he went over to New York in quest of speakers of national reputation from other states. He met with the same reply. Pennsylvania was safely Republican and the national committee could not spare outside speakers from doubtful states. Personal appeals and persistence finally accomplished what was sorely expected.

Sherman, Reed and Fassett.

Senator John Sherman, of Ohio; ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, and ex-Senator J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, consented to come into Pennsylvania to give personal speeches, as their dates were fixed a long time ahead by the national committee. Assignments had to be made to suit their convenience.

The northern and northwestern counties were fortunate in being nearest to points outside the state to which they were previously assigned to address meetings, and therefore captured these star speakers. Owing to their engagements it will be impossible to make any further assignments for them in this state.

Defuting the Issues.

Sherman has already spoken in this city. McKinley addressed an immense gathering here, and had also big meetings at Somerset and Washington, Pa.

The Union League and Manufacturer's club series of meetings at the Academy of Music attracted the party organizations cannot afford to have a slip up in this last act of the very complicated scheme of preparing and distributing the tickets.

Formerly the political managers would have had their tickets freely scattered all over the state long before this. Then there was no danger of any precinct or township not being freely supplied with ballots. Some voting places are more than a full day's riding over rough country away from the county seat. In such localities the party managers are warned to see to it that the county commissioners make early and ample arrangements to have the tickets at the most remote polling booths in full time.

Voting Schools Busy.

Following the advice of Chairman Reeder Republicans throughout the state have established schools of instruction in the new ballot law.

The official pamphlet of instructions issued from the Republican state committee headquarters is used as a text book, and voters are generally becoming familiar with the new system of voting. Sample booths have been erected and mock elections are being held. The clubs identified with the Republican State League are giving special attention to this detail work, in accordance with the action taken at the Williamsport convention.

Danger in Cutting the Ticket.

Citizens are beginning to realize that the matter of marking and casting the ballot is the simplest feature of the new system. It is only complicated and there is danger only of invalidating the ballot when either Republican or Democrat attempts to cut his ticket. Experience has demonstrated at mock elections that when a Republican tries to vote a cut ticket, or "scratch" any

one of his party candidates, nine chances out of ten he destroys his ballot. Put a cross mark to the right of the word Republican wherever it appears on the ballot and you will vote the straight Republican ticket. This is a safe rule for every Republican to follow.

To vote the full Republican ticket place a cross mark in the square to the right of the word Republican, thus:

REPUBLICAN X

Wherever the word Republican appears on the official ballot.

AS DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

Grover, "The Reformer," Figures as a Political Manipulator.

The Good and Pure Prophet "Placating" the Tammany Braves with Promises of Official Patronage.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19. Democratic organs of the Cleveland worshiping variety have had much to say about President Harrison's management of his own campaign. Unquestionably Mr. Harrison is an able and shrewd manager, because he is a man of intelligence, experience and ready adaptation.

But who shall say that Cleveland is not blossoming as a political manipulator? We find him at Gray Gables soliciting votes by letter. We find him exultantly daily with the bosses of his party. He has made three visits to New York city for purely political purposes. He helped to organize the Madison Square bench show, with which the campaign opened—this spectacular performance in which he appeared as a sort of prize animal with bovine attributes.

Although he helped William H. Grass organize the anti-Hill bolt of last May, he is now shrewdly endeavoring to undo the effect of that work. He has consulted and labored with the leaders of Tammany Hall. He has helped to stifle the organization that notoriously corrupt organization. He has forced his special organs to enter into an armistice with Tammany. He has pledged prospective patronage to Croker and Murphy in exchange for their votes.

As a Ward Politician.

In short, if he ever had any superior integrity or independence of character as a public man he has sacrificed it all in his vain effort to get back to the White House. No ward politician has ever gone farther to placate the abhorrent and dangerous elements of his party than Grover Cleveland.

He has rolled in the dust in front of people who today must feel their natural contempt greatly intensified, and has even humiliated himself by trying to repudiate his party platform for the sake of votes.

Mr. Cleveland had a fine training as a political manipulator and vote solicitor when a resident of Buffalo, and despite his exalted mugwump affection he is not above playing a part of a common politician when he needs votes. But when he gets into office the practical "boys" say that he has no use for them. They have had some experience with him, too.

LOW WAGES IN ENGLAND.

Protection Prosperity in This Country Causing Considerable Commercial Depression in Great Britain.

LONDON, Oct. 19. Taking the returns of the whole of the trades unions reporting during September 5 per cent. of the number of workmen are shown to be out of employment. The reports embrace 1,250,000 union workmen. Not less than from 20 to 25 per cent. of the workmen will soon be idle.

On the Clyde, in Belfast, and other places the wages of engineers and iron founders and all shipbuilders will be reduced 10 per cent. this month.

Among the Welsh tin plate makers 5,000 men are idle and generally proceeds on day contracts only. Several of the largest works in Swansea partially stopped operations Monday last, and a number of others have given their men notice of a suspension.

In the iron and steel trades in the north of England a fall of 2s. 3d. per ton in the price of bars and plates and a growing scarcity of orders have compelled a reduction in wages of 13 1/2 per cent.

The Scotch mineral oil companies have given their men notice of a reduction of 10 per cent. In the cotton trade the Federation of Master Spinners has decided on a 6 per cent. reduction of wages.

Regarding agriculture, farmers have reduced wages six pence per day, men now getting 12s. weekly instead of 15s.

A TWICE TOLD TALE.

Cleveland Will Hear the Second Edition Next Month.

President Cleveland and his cabinet received the returns in 1888 in one of the offices of the White House. Bad news came from New York city. Cleveland frowned. "It's all right," remarked Vilas, "you will carry Wisconsin sure." In comes a dispatch reading, "Harrison is gaining in Brooklyn." "Never mind, Mr. President," said Don Dickinson, "Michigan will give you 10,000 majority."

Another dispatch was received. It read, "Albany, N. Y., Cleveland losing ground here." "You are doing splendidly in Illinois," exclaimed Norman Coleman, cheerily. "A fourth dispatch was received, saying, 'Republican gains in Buffalo.' Before any one could speak the president struck his desk with a fist and gravely asked: "Will anybody tell me I am running well in Alaska?"

On the night of the election next month this story will equally apply, and Cleveland can vary his question of despair by asking: "Can anyone tell me I am running well in Yucatan?"

"Give Us a Change."

For twelve long years the Democratic party has been voting for Cleveland for president. Even the dullest fool, to have it served every day, dalls finally on the appetite, and the stomach craves for a change. That is one of the reasons for Cleveland's unpopularity in his own party. It is tired of him. It has had him every day for breakfast, for dinner and for supper, for twelve long and weary years. As Sam Tilden cried in 1876: "Give us a change. For God's sake, give us a change."



DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE.

HEART DISEASE!

STATISTICS show that one in four has a weak or diseased heart. This condition is a source of death, oppression, suffering, fainting and hunger pangs, pain in the side, the smothering, swollen ankles, dropsical limbs, death, for which DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE is a marvelous remedy. I have been troubled with heart disease for years, my left pulse was very weak, could as times scarcely feel it, the smallest exertion would bring me down, my nerves and heart were a pair of ragged old shoes, and I was in the last stage of heart failure. DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE is the only medicine that has proved of any benefit to me. It cured me—L. M. Dyer, Cleveland, Md. See Edition of "The Heart Disease" for full particulars and Turpin Liver, 60 Dimes 25 cents. Free book on Heart Disease, with wonderful cures. Free at all druggists or address DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

FREE EYE EXAMINATION.

STANDARD OPTIC

OUR EYE SPECIALIST Will be in SHENANDOAH, Wednesday, Oct. 26, At the FERGUSON HOUSE, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Persons who have had their eyes examined and found defective should not neglect to have them examined by this specialist. He will give a complete examination and advise every case of disease, and will guarantee to be satisfactory.

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Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc. Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP.
Specially Adapted for Use in Hard Waters.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa which is absolutely pure and contains three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTIBLE.

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PRETTY PAPERS, 5c Roll
Handsome 4 to 6c, at Factory.
4 to 12 inch Borders, 5c, Yard.
4 to 15 inch Borders, 6c, 2 to 3 Yds.
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