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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute. substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY NEW YORK, N.Y.

AN ORDINANCE!

An ordinance to provide for a supply of water for the use of the inhabitants of the Bor ough of Shenandoah, and for the erection and maintenance of works, machinery, en gines and all other necessary apparatus for working, raising, conveying and introducing into the Borough of Shenandoah an abund ant supply of pure water for domestic use of the inhabitants and to protect property in said borough from destruction in case of fire and fixing a time for the holding of a public election in said borough for authority from the citizens thereof to increase the bonded indebtedness for the purpose afore

Be it ordained by the Town Council of the brough of Shenandoah, and it is hereby or dained by the authority of the same.

SEC. 1. That the Borough of Shenandoah shall provide a supply of pure water for the inhabitants of said borough and erect and main tain all the works, machinery, engines and other secessary apparatus for the making, raising conveying and introducing into the said borous an abundant supply of pure water, for the put so of furnishing and distributing to the habitants of the said borough a sufficient sur ply thereof for domestic use and to protect the property therein from destruction by tire, and the said Borough of Shenandoah is hereby au thorized to acquire streams of water and adjacent lands and rights of way to carry out the intent of this ordinance.

SEC. 2, That Tuesday, June 14th, 1892, be fixed as a day for holding a special election in the said Borough by the qualified electors thereof for authority to increase the debt of the Borough for the purpose of providing a supply o water for the use of the inhabitants of said Borough of Shenandouh and the protection of property in said borough from destruction ase of fire, and said special election shall be held at the regular poling places and by the election officers in said Borough of Shenandoul in manner provided by law.

THOMAS J. JAMES. Prest. Town Council. JAMES SMITH. Chief Burgess.

Attest -T. J. COARLEY. Secretary Town Council

FREE EXAMINATIONS - FI W HI --OISTAN, OISTAN NEAR

Our EVE SPECIALIST Will be in SHENANDOAH.

Cupyvight, 1990.

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22nd, AT THE FERGUSON HOUSE,

From 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Persons who have headache or whose eyes are causing discomfort should call upon our specialist, and they will receive intelligent and skill-ful attention. NO CHARGE to examine your eyes. Every pair of glasses ordered is guaranteed to be satisfactory. QUEEN & CO.,

Oculists and Opticions.

1010 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

We, the undersigned, were entirely cured of rupture by Dr. J. B. Mayer, Sil Arch Sil., Philadelphia, Pa., B. Jones Philips, Kennet Bquare, Pa.; T. A. Kreitz, Slatington, Pa.; E. M. Small, Mount Alto, Pa.; Rev. S. H. Shermer, Sunbury, Pa.; D. J. Dellett. 24 B. 12th. St., Reading, Pa.; Wm. Dix, 1829 Montrone St., Philadelphia; H. L. Rowe, 309 Elm St., Reading, Pa.; George and Ph. Burkart, 409 Locust St., Reading, Pa. Send for circular.



MERAE & TIARE LITTO Act on a new principle— regulate the liver, stomach and bowels Chrough the nerves. Dn. hitzas Priza speedily care billoneness, torpid liver and constipa-tion. Smallest, midest, ancest EO dones, 25 cts. Samules free at dragists.

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BASEBALL RESULTS.

New York Wins One and the Phillies Drog Two Games to Cleveland.

AT NEW YORK-SECOND GAME. New York 0 0 4 6 1 0 0 0 4 8 Cincinnati 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1-2 Batteries - King and Boyle; Chamberlain and Murphy.

The first game between the New York and Cincinnati teams was called in the fourth in-ning on account of rain, the score being 2 to 2. AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0-Cleveland 0 0 3 1 0 2 0 0 2-Batteries Exper and Clements: Cuppy and AN EXCITING EVENING SESSION.

SECOND GAME.

Batteries-Keefe and Clements; Young and

AT BALTIMORE-FIRST GAME.

Batteries-Cobb and Gunson; Dwyer and Buckley.

The second game between the Baltimore and St. Louis teams was called in the first inning on account of rain, the score being 1 to 5 in favor of St. Louis.

AT WASHINGTON.

Washington......0 2 2 0 0 1 0 1 0 - 6 Louisville1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 Batteries - Knell and Milligan; Jones and Grimm.

POSTPONED GAMES.

Games scheduled at Brooklyn and Boston were postponed on account of rain.

Standing of the Clubs To-Day.

Eastern League.

At Albany-Albany, 4; Bothester, 7, At Syracuse. Syracuse, 6; Elmira, 4. At Providence.-Providence, 2; Athletic, L.





which is absolutely pure and soluble. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and Easily MIGHESTER.

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Mierwards.

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FRESH BEER, PORTER, ALE.

Finest brands of cigars always on hand.

The First Test Vote Gives Them a Decided Victory.

STRUGGLE FOR SUPREMACY TO BE FOUGHT TO-DAY.

A Vote Ferced on the Contested Alabama Cases With the Besult That the Harrison Men Won by a Vote of 463 to 423-Full Text of the Platform as Adopted-The Morning Session Was Brief, as the Credentials Committee Were Not Ready to Report-More Talk of McKinley as a Compromise Candidate.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.-The morning session of the Republican National Convention yesterday did nothing. The Committee on Credentials were not able to report, and adjournment was had until evening.

The Harrison men made bold imme distely after the adjournment of the morning session to call a caucus of the delegates favorable to the renomination of the President.

They had counted noses, and now they proposed to get together and stand up so that all could count each other. It appears that 463 delegates responded to the call, more than half the Convention.

A roll call by States showed pledged delegates for Harrison aggregating 511. The result was very satisfactory to the Harrison men, who ever afterward expressed the utmost confidence in their ability to win the fight.

The anti-Harrison leaders professed to

discredit the accuracy of the caucus fig-ures. They say that many Blaine men at-

tended the meeting. Nevertheless the caucus made a big Harrison boom.

In the meantime it had leaked out that the leaders of the anti-Harrison forces, at a conference which lasted well nigh until daylight, had practically de-cided to throw Mr. Blaine overboard and to try to stampeds the convention.

to try to stampede the convention.

At the evening session a hot fight and much bad blood were developed over the Committee on Credentials. The Issue was made on the contested delegation from Alabama, the Harrison forces uniting in favor of the majority report and the anti-Harrison men against it. It was the first test vote of the convention, and the excitement ran very high as the roll of States was called. as the roll of States was called. The vote resulted in a decided victory for the Harrison men, 468 to 423.

THE THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS. Chairman McKinley came to his seat on the platform a few minutes before II o'clock, to the clapping of perhaps a hundred hands, and there was no demonstration at the entrance of any other

of the leaders.

Even the spectacular Ingalls came down to his seat accompanied only by the clamor of his famous red necktle.

There was the usual collection of notables just behind the Chairman's platform. Senator Carey and Senator McMillan sat side by side under the gallery. Assistant Postmaster General



PRESIDENT BARRISON.

Rathbone was in his accustomed place and Chairman Harry Bingham of Pennsylvania sat in the Clerk's seat.

A photographer had set up a big camera ready to take snap shots at the Convention in session. At 11:22 Chairman McKinley with a number of sounding blows of the new

gavel endeavored to call the Convention to order, but it was some minutes be-fore the buzz of the conversation ceased and the delegates took their seats and gave their attention to business. Rev. Mr. Brush, D.D., Chancellor of the University of South Dakota, de-

livered the opening prayer.
"After the conclusion of the prayer the Chair said the regular order was the

the Chair said the regular order was the report on credentials."

Mr. Coggawell was recognized and said: "The Committee on Credentials is still in session. It has been diligently at work and has achieved reasonable progress, It hopes to be able to report in full to-night at 8 o'clock and asks further time. further time

Gen. Sewell, of New Jersey, was im mediately on his feet. Since no business. could be done until the committee was ready to report he moved that the Convention take a recess until 8 o'clock.

Mr. Cullom had tried to interrupt

Gen. Sewell, but the Chairman stopped him. Then Mr. Cullom asked that pending the motion the Convention receive a resolution from him on the World's Fair.

Mr. Cullom sent up to the desk a resolution which was ordered read. It was

as follows: Resolved, That the World's Fair Columbian Exposition to be inaugurated in the city of Chicago in 1893 is rightfully considered by all classes of our citizens, regardless of their political affiliations, as a great National undertaking, and that in recognition of its character Congress ought to promptly provide by appropri-ate legislation such reasonable and needed therefor as will enable the gov-ernment to discharge its express and implied obligations incident thereto and as will insure the attainment of such results and legislating the progress.

results as will befit the dignity, progress, culture and development of the nation.

After reading the resolution was referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Mr. Robert, of Illinois, presented a resolution (also referred) providing that Grand Army men be admitted to standing room, and that if any seats were vacant thirty minutes after the Convention of the Nation under the banners in march of the Nation under the banners in-

HARRISONIANS REJOICE allowed to occupy them. The resolution was received with appliance.

The Chairman then announced that the question was on the motion to take

recess.

There were cries of no from all over the hall, coupled with shouts for Ingalis, but in the confusion the Chairman put the motion and declared it car-

A New York delegate called for a division. It was evident as the ayes stood up that the metion was carried. The clerk, however, made the count

religiously.

When the noes arose the opponents of the recess waved their arms to call their friends to their feet, but the at-

EVENING SESSION.

tempt was useless.

The Chairman annunced the vote as 407 to 260, and at 11:46 declared that the Convention take a recess until 8:30.

The delegates gathered slowly for the The Gelegates gathered slowly for the evening session and it was \$530 when Clerk Johnson took the platform and said in a hearse voice: "Announcement." The calling of some telegrams followed. Two minutes later Chairman McKinley brought down his gavel. Chauncey M. Depew was on his feet instantly to announce the \$3d birthday of Col. Dick Theorems of Indians. Mr. Col. Dick Thompson of Indiana. Mr. Thompson was called to the platform and made a happy speech, ending with an eulogy of the McKinley bill.

The chairman said that if there was

The chairman said that if there was no objection he would recognize the chairman of the Committee on Rules to present a new resolution. Chairman Bingham came forward and read a resolution providing that the Grand Army veterans should be admitted to the hall and vacant seats. It was adopted, unanimously.

and vacant seats. It was adopted, unanimously.

Mr. Carter of Pennsylvania arose and sent to the desk a communication from Titusville, which by unanimous consent was read. It stated: "Our citizens carnesely request us to have you to notify the people of the country through public announcement in your convention of the terribis loss of life and suffering from flood and fire at Oil City and Titusville. The accounts of the convention have so engrossed public attention that there is danger that the convention have so engrossed public attention that there is danger that the full extent of the calamity will not be appreciated unless public attention is directed to it in some significant way." The letter was received without action. Then the chairman announced the regular order of business to be the report from the Committee on Credentials. Chairman Conversed to the test of the chairman conversed to the control of the c

tials. Chairman Coggswell took the platform and stated that he was not prepared with a written report, but if



SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN.

the convention wished he would make a He understood that the minority was ready to report.

Mr. Wallace of New York said he had
a partial report from the minority which

a partial report from the minority which he sent to the clerk's desk.

Mr. Coggswell presented the majority report of the Credentials Committee and moved that it be adopted. A heated dis-

cussion followed. Tilly of Missouri moved to substitute

minority report in the Alabama contest for delegate-at-large.

Massey of Delaware followed in behalf

of the majority report.

A bitter feeling soon developed on the floor. Wolcott of Colorado scored the office holders roundly, and told them to get back to their duties in Washington. Clayton of Arkansas attacked Welcott and told him there were Senators who should go back. Welcott retorted that he was here representing a Repub-

Hean State. Chauncey M. Depew then spoke in favor of the adoption of the majority re-port. Warner Miller followed him in favor of the minerity. He asked for a vote on the Alabama contest separate

from the report as a whole.

A vote for substitution of the minority report for majority report in the Alabama case was decided ou, and a roll call ordered.

The roll call was finally dispensed with and a division ordered. The division on standing vote showed a close contest with indications in favor of

minority report. The roll call was then Alabama voted 17 for minority report and 5 against it.
Mr. Depew challenged the vote of Ala-

bama for reasons that the votes were on seats of members from that State now

voting. Chairman McKinley decided that altting delegates had right to vote until they were unseated.
Mr. Hiscock said that in contesting

election cases the person interested has never been allowed to vote. The Chairman asked for precedents as

to whether a sitting member had ever exercised the right to vota. Senator Spooner argued that no man should be a judge in his own case. The sitting delegates in Alabama whose cases were being voted on with-

drew their votes, making the vote 13 in favor of minority report to 5 against. The motion to substitute the minority report was defeated by a vote of 463 to 423. This was a victory for the Harri-

son men, and the announcement caused great cheering. The roll of States was demanded on the adoption of the majority report on Alabama case. The vote resulted 476 ayes, 365 mays.

Ex-Governor Foraker then asked unan imous consent of the convention to read the platform. This was granted, and the platform was read as follows:

THE PLATFORM.

The representatives of the Republicans of the United States, assembled in General Con-vention on the shares of the Massesppi Biver, the evertasting bond of an indestructible re-

scribed with the principles of our platform of 1888, vindicated by victory at the polls and prosperity in our fields, workshops and mines and make the following declaration of prin-ciples.

we reaffirm the American doctrine of Protection. We call attention to its growth
abroad. We maintain that the prosperous condition of our country is largely
due to the wise revenue legislation of the
Republican Congress. We believe that all articles which cannot be produced in the United
States, except iuxiries, should be admitted
free of duty, and that on all imports coming
into competition with the products of American labor there should be duties levied equal
to the difference between wages abroad and at
home. We assert that the prices of manufactured articles of general consumption have
been reduced under the operations of the tariff
act of 1890. We denoused the efforts of the
Domocratic majority of the House to destroy
our tariff laws by precement, as manifested by
their attacks on wood, lead and lead ore, and
we sak the people for their judgment thereon.
We point to the success of the Republican
policy of reciprocity, under which export
trade has vastly increased and new and enlarged markets have been opened for the products of our farms and workshops. We remind the people of the bitter opposition of the
Democratic party to this practical business
measure, and claim that, executed by a Bepublican administration, our present laws will
eventually give us control of the trade of the
world.

The American people from tradition and inorples;
We reaffirm the American doctrine of Pro

The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bi-metallism, and the Republican party diamands the use of both polamid aliver as standard money, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by contemplation, as will secure the maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and delic paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal. The interests of the producers of the country, its farmers and its workingmen, demand that every dollar, paper or coin, issued by the Government shall be as good as any other. We commond the wise and patriotic steps already taken by our government to secure such an international conference to adopt such measures as will insure a parity of value be-The American people, from tradition and in-

JAMES G. BLAINE.

tween gold and eliver for use as mone throughout the world, We demand that every citizen of the Unite States shall be allowed to cast one free and ur States shall be allowed to cost one free and unrestricted ballot is all-public elections and that
such lauliot shall be counted and returned as
cast; that such laws shall be enacted and enforced as will secure to every efficen, be be
rich or poor, naive or foreign born, white or
black, this severeign right, guaranteed by the
Constitution, the free and house popular
ballot; the just and equal representation of all
the people as well as the just and equal protection under the laws as the foundation of our
Republican institutions, and the party will
never relax its efforts until the integrity of the
ballot and the purity of elections shall be fulls.

ballot and the purity of elections shall be fully guaranteed and protected in every State.

We denounce the continued inhuman outrages perpetrated on American citizens for political reasons in certain States of the Union.

We favor the extension of our foreign con We favor the extension of our foreign commerce; the restoration of our mercantile marine by home-hall ships and the construction of a navy for the protection of our National interests and the henor of our flag; the maintenance of the most friendly relations with none, and the protection of flaging alliances with none, and the protection of flaging to our fishermen. We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe doctrine, and believe in the achievement of the manifest destiny of the Republic in its broadest sense. We favor the enactment of more stringent laws and regulations for the restriction of criminals, sauper and contract inmigration.

We favor efficient legislation by Congruss to protect the life and limbs of employee of the radiroad companies engaged in carrying inter-

railroad companies engaged in carrying inter-State commerce, and recommend legislation by the respective States that will protect em-ployes engaged in inter-State commerce and in

mining and manufacturing.

The Republican party has always been the champion of the oppressed, and recognizes the dignity of manhood, irrespective of faith, color dignity of manhood, irrespective of faith, color or instionality. It sympathizes with the cause of home rule in Ireland, and protests against the persecution of the Jews in Russia. The ultimate reliance of free popular government ultimate reliance of the people and the main

is the intelligence of the people and the main-tenance of freedom among men.

We declare anow our devotion to liberty of thought and conscience, of speech and press, and approve all agencies and instrumentalities which contribute to the education of the chridren of the land, but while insisting upon the fullest measure of religious liberty, we are opposed to any union of Church and State,

possed to any union of Chirch and State,
We realfirm our opposition, declared it the
Republican platform of 1888, to all combinations of capital organized to contral arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens.
We heartily endorse the action taken on this issue, and ask for such further legislation as

may be required to remody any defects in ex-isting laws, and to reader their enforcement more complete and effective.

We approve the policy of extending to towns and rural communities the advantages of the and rural communities the advantages of the free deliver; service now enjoyed by the large cities of the country, and reaffirm the declara-tion contained in the Republican platform of 1888 piedging the reduction of letter postage to one cent at the carliest possible moment. We commend the spirit and evidence of reform in the Civil Service, and the wise and con-misterst enforcement by the Republican party

of the laws relating to the same.

The construction of the Nicaragua Canal is of the highest importance to the American people, both as a measure of national defense

people, both as a measure of national defense and to build up and maintain American commerce, and it should be controlled by the United States Government.

We favor the admission of the remaining Territories at the surfiest possible moment, having due regard to the interests of the people of the Territories and of the United States. All the Federal office holders appointed in the territories should be selected from the residents thereof, and the right of soif government should be accorded as far as possible.

We favor the cession, subject to the home

We favor the cession, subject to the home-stead laws, of the arid public lands to the States and Territories in which they lie under such Congressional restrictions as to disposition, reclamation and occupancy by settlers as will secure the maximum benefits to the people.

The World's Columbian Exposition is a great National undortaking, and Congress should promptly enact such reasonable legislation is aid thereof as will insure a discharge of the expense and obligations incident thereto, and the attainment of results commensurate with the dignity and progress of the Nation. We averathize with all wise and legitlinate

the dignity and progress of the Nation.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimats efforts to lessen and provent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

Ever mindful of the services and sacrifices of the men who saved the life of the Nation, we pledge anew to the veterun soldiers of the his public a watchful care and recognition of their just claims upon a grateful people.

We commend the able, patriotic and thoroughly American administration of President Harrison. Under it the country has enjoyed romarkable prosperity and the dignity and honor of the Nation at home and abroach have been faithfully maintained, and we offer

the record of pledges kept as a guarantee of faithful performance in the future. The convention at 1:26 this morning adjourned to 11 a. m. to-day.

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four bottles of SSS after havin much other tree SSS attendent, and reduced to qui of health, as it was thought she could no

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ared my little boy of hereditary reofula, which appeared all ever is face. For a year I had given his recovery, when finally I wa

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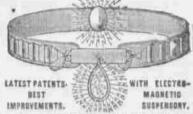
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