

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED. H. C. ROYER, Editor and Publisher. W. M. J. WATKINS, Local Editor.

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT

The EVENING HERALD has a larger circulation in Shenandoah than any other paper published. Books open to all.

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Republican State Ticket. JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT, JUDGE JOHN DEAN. CONGRESSMEN-AT-LARGE, MAJ. ALEXANDER McDOWELL, GENERAL WILLIAM LILLY.

County Ticket. CONGRESS, HON. CHARLES N. BEUMEL. JUDGE, RICHARD H. KOCH. DISTRICT ATTORNEY, J. HARRY JAMES. CLERK, DR. L. A. FLEXER. DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, JAMES B. LESSIG.

A BILLION DOLLAR COUNTRY.

Senator Gorman has again announced in unmistakable tones that this is and must be a Billion Dollar Congress.

Certainly. This is a Billion Dollar Country.

The Democrats are fond of prating about Jeffersonian principles of economy. Jefferson governed on \$3,000,000 a year exclusive of interest on the public debt.

Small this country go back to the condition it was in in 1807? Certainly not.

A billion dollars is a large sum and it means unexampled prosperity. Our exports for the last twelve months were one billion dollars.

Can we not afford to spend on ourselves \$500,000,000 in one year when the nations of the world pays us twice as much?

There is no inherent objection to a Billion Dollar Congress. If the money is wisely expended we shall be all the better for it.

Soon we shall be a Two Billion Dollar Country. Then there will be croakers who will talk of the economical expenditures of 1892.

The wise business man keeps all his capital employed that he safely can. So with the nation. The more we spend wisely the more the nation will develop.

This is a Billion Dollar Country, and our Democratic friends had better follow Senator Gorman's advice.

For our national prosperity let us be thankful.—Inquirer.

NEW YORK is the worst governed and politically the most corrupt city in the world. It is controlled by Tammany. Dick Croker is chief of Tammany. And yet the immaculate Richard has the gall to write for publication this:

"Reason, intelligence, education and freedom all concur in carrying out the destiny of a Democratic form of government, administered in constitutional and legal form in a republic."

CONGRESSMAN BAILEY, of Texas, wants a provision in the House Rules by which the salaries of Congressmen for such days as they are absent for other cause than sickness, shall be withheld. But the people of the country need not flatter themselves that any such measure of genuine economy and reform as that will be passed by the party of pretended retrenchment and reform.

THE trend of taste on the part of statesmen in Washington in the last few weeks indicates that presidential candidates must guard against their rivals running in races as a counter attraction in the very crisis of a convention. Apparently a horse race would empty a convention hall of delegates. No charge to Hill and Gorman for the suggestion.

Guaranteed Cure. We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at C. H. Hagenbuch's drug store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

A WONDERFUL CASE.

THE HUSBAND APPEARS BEFORE A NOTARY AND

Makes an Affidavit—A Most Graphic Story Told by a Well-known Lady Which is Confirmed by Her Husband.

Much has been written of cases where people have been brought to life after having been to all appearances dead. Many more instances have occurred where persons have been at death's door, given up to die by those around them, but who by timely aid have been restored to life, health and loving friends. The majority of such cases have occurred in remote places and so have attracted but little attention save in the immediate locality.

A remarkable case of that kind has been brought to light here in New York—that of Mrs. M. A. Brensing now living at No. 137 West 127th Street, the facts of which have hitherto been known only to a small circle of friends and the physician who attended her.

I called at the above number to obtain a full statement of the circumstances and was courteously received by Mr. Brensing. I explained to him the nature of my mission and was introduced to his wife.

Mrs. Brensing is the mother of twelve children, all of whom are living. She is a blue-looking, healthy woman of about 40 years of age, and certainly her appearance did not indicate that she had had such a wonderful experience.

"The circumstance you mention," she said, "occurred a few years ago. I was suddenly seized with an illness for which I could not account for up to that time—I had never had any indications of disease in any way. It was accompanied with the most unusual symptoms. My body was in constant pain, and very sensitive, so that I could not bear the contact of any but the lightest garment. I can scarcely tell of the agony I suffered during that time. The physicians who had been in attendance pronounced it to be acute Bright's disease, and after a time informed me that I could not possibly live. At that time it seemed to me that death would be a welcome relief from my sufferings.

"In a few days they told me that I was slowly dying and my friends were called in to bid me farewell, each one thinking that it was for the last time. I was prepared to go, yet the desire to live—for and with my family—was strong within me. When a dear friend called to see me and told me of a remedy which she thought might have helped me had I but used it in time, I saw in her words a ray of hope.

"I was then almost in the embrace of death, in fact, I was dying, yet my husband sent for some of the medicine and gave me a small quantity at once. After taking a second dose a peaceful, restful feeling seemed to steal over me, and for the first time in several days I slept.

"The change in my condition, for I was improving, perplexed the doctors, for they did not know then of the medicine which had been given me. From that time my recovery was assured, and I grew gradually better until my health was fully restored.

"I thank God," continued Mrs. Brensing, fervently "that my life was spared, and through the agency of Warner's Safe Cure. It cured me, and I know that it will cure others. I feel it to be my duty to tell the whole world about it, for it may save other lives."

"The statement of my wife," said Mr. Brensing, "is the exact truth, and I am ready to swear to it."

I accompanied him to the office of a notary, where he made the following affidavit:

George P. H. McVay, Notary Public, No. 238 West 125th Street, New York, State of New York, City and County of New York.—George L. Brensing, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the husband of Mrs. M. A. Brensing, whose statement is attached hereto, and that said statement is true as therein set forth. (Signed) GEORGE L. BRENSING.

Sworn to before me this 15th day of February, 1892. (Signed) G. P. H. McVay, Notary Public, New York County. (Seal)

Does any man or woman who reads the above doubt its absolute truth in every respect? Can the earnest gratitude which both husband and wife felt for the wonderful restoration to health be doubted for one moment? There are thousands of other ladies and men who need assistance as this lady did. The above is published in the hope that it may be the means of showing them the way.

TWO GOOD WOMEN. The Charitable and Benevolent Work They Are Doing in Europe.

Not far from the renowned St. Lazare, near Paris, a woman's prison, lives Mme. Dumas, who, continuing the work of Elizabeth Fry, has spent most of her life among women prisoners, has won them back from the downward path to a better life and even then continued to act as their guardian angel. As a witness of how well she persevered in her task in the fact that in her eighty-second year she learned Spanish to enable her to make herself understood among Andalusian prisoners.

In a different but equally bad part of Paris is a woman who is like a flintstone in whose heart a ruby is set. Nobody knows her in Paris. Yet perhaps from no place in the world are so many silent blessings sent forth as from this good Samaritan's walls. No sorrowful and heavy-laden person is refused entrance to her home. Even the girl who is seemingly lost is not shut out from help. The peculiar thing in the ministry of Mme. Appia is that she collected no money for her work in the well-to-do circles.—Julius Post, in Chautauquan.

A PLOT TO KILL THE SULTAN.

Russian Pan-Slavists the Instigators—Alarm at Constantinople.

VIENNA, May 20.—Dispatches from Bucharest say that the investigation of the Rusebuk bomb affair has taken a sensational turn. The fourteen dynamite bombs were not intended for use against the Bulgarian Government, but against the Sultan, it is said. This revelation was made to the Turkish police by an Armenian arrested for complicity, and is supported by letters produced by him from the Armenian revolutionary committees in Persia. These letters also show that the Russian Pan-Slavist party is the instigator of the affair.

This discovery has created a panic among the officials in Constantinople, as, in view of the recent importation of thirty-five bombs into the city at the instigation of a Russian society in Odessa, it is thought to prove conclusively the existence of a Russian plot to get rid of the Sultan. A commission of inquiry has sat at the Yildiz Kiosk, and the guards around the imperial apartments have been doubled.

Several servants have been dismissed and their places have been taken by detectives. All strangers entering the city are carefully examined and their trunks and satchels are completely overhauled. Orders for similar precautions have been given to all frontier guards, as the Pan-Slavist conspiracy is said to have agents throughout European Turkey, who are involved in plots similar to that at Rusebuk.

House searches are being conducted nightly in Constantinople and numerous arrests are being made, although the secrecy observed by all officials renders it impossible to learn the exact number. All meetings are infested with spies and most social functions have been suspended, as the smallest gatherings are regarded with suspicion.

MAY RECONCILE THE FACTIONS.

Part of the Trouble in the Irish Nationalist Party Amicably Settled.

DUBLIN, May 20.—The trouble in the Irish Nationalist party over the purchase of the "National Press" by the directors of the "Freeman's Journal" has been settled at a meeting of the parties to the squabble. Despatches had been received from America intimating that the discord exhibited during the past few days among the Nationalists was causing great harm and diminishing the confidence of the friends of Ireland, and earnestly urging a settlement of the affair.

At a meeting of the directors and shareholders Mr. Gray moved that Mr. John Dillon be appointed chairman of the "Freeman's" Joint Stock Company.

Mr. Healy, to the surprise of those not in the secret of the peace or armistice, seconded the motion, which was carried almost unanimously. This result is considered a surrender on the part of Healy, who had expected, with the influence of Archbishop Walsh sustaining him, to be able to stamp out all opposition. In this he was defeated by the resolute course of Mr. John Dillon, and the opinion is generally expressed that Mr. Dillon's course may smooth the way to a reconciliation of the factions.

WORK OF THE NORTHEASTER.

Great Damage at Asbury Park—A Schooner's Crew Saved.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 20.—The terrific northeast storm that has been raging along this section of the coast has caused great damage in many parts of the beach and Sandy Hook. At Squan Beach a two-masted schooner came ashore opposite the Beach House late in the afternoon.

Some of the crew, discovering that the vessel was going to pieces, jumped overboard and swam ashore. The high sea and tempestuous waves drove the vessel on the inner bar, where she lies in helpless slings and is fast breaking up. Between Seabright and Shark River considerable damage to the shore front is reported. At the foot of Chelsea avenue, Long Branch, the bluff has been further cut into, making the passage of a single vehicle on Ocean avenue extremely dangerous. The southern part of the bluff, which has recently been bulkheaded, successfully resisted the onslaught of the heavy sea.

THOS. J. JAMES, Pres. of Town Council. JAMES SMITH, Chief Burgess.

ATTEST: T. J. COAKLEY, Secretary of Town Council.

A Daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Damrosch. WASHINGTON, May 20.—James G. Blaine has been notified that he was again a grandpa. He immediately telegraphed his congratulations. The news came from the home of Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mr. Blaine's daughter, in New York, where a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Damrosch yesterday afternoon. Dr. Frederick S. Dennis of 543 Madison avenue, the family physician, was in attendance. Mr. Damrosch is out of town with his orchestra, but is expected to return soon. Mrs. and young Miss Damrosch were both doing well this morning.

The Pope Arouses French Royalists. PARIS, May 20.—It is reported that the Comte de Paris will shortly issue a manifesto in reply to the Pope's utterances in favor of the Republic. The Royalists are greatly alarmed by the effect of the papal attitude on their agitation, and are seeking for some means to neutralize it. They have threatened to reduce the Peter's Pence contributions to the support the Holy See, and thus to retaliate on Pope Leo through the Vatican treasury, and they also propose, as far as possible, to induce the clergy to ignore the papal instructions.

Terrible Hurricane in Mauritius. LONDON, May 20.—Advice received from Mauritius state that a hurricane unprecedented in its violence passed over that island on April 29, causing enormous damage to shipping. A majority of the vessels at the island were blown ashore. The western half of Port Louis, the capital, was devastated.

Signed the Granite Cutters' Bill. BARRÉ, Vt., May 20.—M. Comes of East Barre, Coburn & Jones, and George Warley, have signed the granite cutters' revised bill to May 1, 1892, and will renew work. The majority dealers and cutters are opposed to leaving the matter to arbitration, and do not think it could be settled in that way.

Philadelphia Strikers Return. PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The cutters engaged on the new Reading Terminal Depot, who struck Tuesday with the intention of remaining out until the trouble in New England is adjusted, have returned to work.



DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVE. There is nothing like the RESTORATIVE NERVE discovered by the great specialist, DR. MILES, to cure all nervous diseases, as Headache, the Ears, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Neuritis, St. Vitus Dance, Fits and Hysteria. Many physicians use it in their practice, and say the results are wonderful. We have hundreds of testimonials like those from Dr. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N. Y. "Every bottle sold brings words of praise." J. G. Wolf, Hillsdale, Mich. "The best seller we ever had." Woodworth & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind. "I have never known anything so good as this." H. P. Wray & Co., Concord, N. H. Trial bottles and book of testimonials free at drug stores. DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind. TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE OF A SPECIAL ELECTION.

In the Borough of Shenandoah. For authority from the citizens thereof to increase the bonded indebtedness to procure a supply of water for domestic and other purposes, by the authorities.

Notice is hereby given that a regular meeting of the Town Council of the Borough of Shenandoah, held on Thursday, May 14, 1892, the following ordinance was adopted:

An ordinance to provide for a supply of water for the use of the inhabitants of the Borough of Shenandoah and for the erection and maintenance of works, machinery, engines and all other necessary apparatus for working, raising, conveying and introducing into the Borough of Shenandoah an abundant supply of pure water for domestic use of the inhabitants and to protect property in said Borough from destruction in case of fire and fixing a time for the holding of a public election in said Borough for authority from the citizens thereof to increase the bonded indebtedness for the purpose aforesaid.

It is ordained by the Town Council of the Borough of Shenandoah, and it is hereby ordered by the authority of the same.

Sec. 1. That the Borough of Shenandoah shall provide a supply of pure water for the inhabitants of said Borough and erect and maintain all the works, machinery, engines, and other necessary apparatus for the making, raising, conveying and introducing into the said Borough an abundant supply of pure water for the purpose of furnishing and distributing to the inhabitants of the said Borough a sufficient supply thereof for domestic use and to protect the property therein from destruction by fire, and the said Borough of Shenandoah is hereby authorized to acquire streams of water and adjacent lands and rights of way to carry out the intent of this ordinance.

Sec. 2. That Tuesday, June 14th, 1892, be fixed as a day for holding a special election in the said Borough for the qualified electors thereof for authority to increase the debt of the Borough for the purpose of providing a supply of water for the use of the inhabitants of said Borough of Shenandoah, and the protection of property in said Borough from destruction in case of fire, and said special election shall be held at the regular polling places and by the election officers in said Borough of Shenandoah in manner provided by law.

THOS. J. JAMES, Pres. of Town Council. JAMES SMITH, Chief Burgess.

ATTEST: T. J. COAKLEY, Secretary of Town Council.

A resolution relating to the same subject was adopted at the same meeting, and also at a meeting of said Council held on Thursday, April 21, 1892.

In accordance with the resolutions and ordinance above set forth, notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of said Borough that a special election for the purpose aforesaid will be held on Tuesday, June 14th, 1892, at the places and by the officers provided by law for the holding of municipal election in said Borough.

The following statement is hereby made as required by law.

1st. The last assessed valuation in the Borough of Shenandoah is two million, ninety-three thousand, six hundred and ninety-one dollars, (\$2,933,691).

2nd. The amount of the existing debt is \$40,879.87.

3d. Monies to the treasury, all outstanding solvent debts and all revenues applicable within one year to the payment of the same, is \$37,425.53.

4th. The amount of the proposed increase is \$50,000.

5th. The percentage of the proposed increase is 14 1/2 per cent.

6th. The purpose of the proposed increase is, as set forth in the foregoing ordinance, viz., to provide for the erection of public water works at the expense of the borough.

A Joint Committee of citizens and Council have investigated the sources of a better and cheaper water supply, and the probable expense to be incurred in procuring the same, and have reported as the result of their investigations: Water pure and abundant, can be obtained at an estimated cost of \$50,000. This amount added to present indebtedness of the borough would only make 4 1/2 per cent. on the last assessed valuation in said borough.

By authority of the Town Council. THOS. J. JAMES, Pres. of Town Council. T. J. COAKLEY, Sec'y of Town Council. JAMES SMITH, Chief Burgess.

May 17, 1892.

VIGOR OF MEN. EASILY, QUICKLY, PERMANENTLY RESTORED. Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the ailments that attend on a disordered system, are cured by the use of Dr. Miles' Medical Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

READING E. R. SYSTEM

Lehigh Valley Division. ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS. MAY 15, 1892.

Passenger trains leave Shenandoah for Penn Haven Junction, Mauch Chunk, Lehighton, Slatington, White Hall, Catawissa, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Philadelphia, Hackett, Westbury, Quakertown, Delaware and Mahanoy City at 5:57, 7:40, 9:08 a. m., 12:52, 3:10, 5:30 p. m.

For New York, 5:57, 9:08 a. m., 12:52, 3:10, 5:30 p. m. For Hazleton, Wilkes-Barre, White Haven, Pittston, Laceyville, Towanda, Sayre, Waverly, Elmira, Rochester, Niagara Falls and the West, 10:41 a. m., 12:10 p. m., 2:30 p. m., 5:00 p. m.

For Scranton, 5:57, 9:08, 10:41 a. m., 12:52, 3:10, 5:30 p. m. For Hazlebrook, Jeddo, Drifton and Freehold, 5:57, 9:08, 10:41 a. m., 12:52, 3:10, 5:30 p. m.

Trains leave for Shenandoah at 10:15, 11:45 a. m., 12:30, 3:00, 5:30 p. m.

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First National Bank,

THEATRE BUILDING, SHENANDOAH, PENNA.

Capital, \$100,000.00

A. W. Leisenring, Pres., P. J. Ferguson, V. Pres., J. R. Leisenring, Cashier, S. W. Yost, Ass't Cashier.

Open Daily From 9 to 3.

3 PER CENT. INTEREST!

Paid on Savings Deposits.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCUYLKILL DIVISION.

NOVEMBER 15, 1891.

Trains will leave Shenandoah after the above date for Wigan's, Gilberton, Frackville, New Castle, St. Clair, Pottsville, Hamburg, Reading, Pottsville, Phoenixville, Norristown and Philadelphia (Broad street station) at 9:00 and 11:45 a. m. and 4:15 p. m., on week days. For Pottsville and intermediate stations 9:10 a. m.

SUNDAYS.

For Wigan's, Gilberton, Frackville, New Castle, St. Clair, Pottsville, at 6:00, 9:00 a. m. and 3:10 p. m. For Hamburg, Reading, Pottsville, Phoenixville, Norristown, Philadelphia at 9:00, 9:40 a. m., 3:10 p. m.

Trains leave for Shenandoah at 10:15, 11:45 a. m. and 4:30, 7:15 and 9:45 p. m. Sundays at 10:30 a. m. and 4:15 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia (Broad street station) for Pottsville and Shenandoah at 8:30, 9:40, 11:45 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. On Sundays leave at 9:00 a. m. For New York at 11:30, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m. and 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 p. m. Limited express, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 p. m. For Freehold only 5:00 p. m. week days. For Baltimore only 2:00, 4:00, 5:00 and 11:30 p. m. Sundays only 9:00, 11:00, 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 p. m.

Trains will leave Shenandoah for Williamsport, Elmira, Corning, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls at 5:10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. week days. For Elmira at 5:30 p. m. week days. For York and intermediate points at 6:10 a. m. daily. For Lock Haven at 9:10 and 9:50 a. m. daily, 1:50, and 5:30 p. m. week days. For Scranton at 5:10 a. m., 11:30 a. m. and 4:10 p. m. every day. Sundays only. For Kane at 9:10 a. m., 1:30 p. m. week days.

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