

### THE BRAYTON SCANDAL.

The Future of Mrs. Astor's Son-in-Law and Wife Now the Talk of Society.

New York, March 29.—Every one has ceased to speculate as to whether there will be hostilities between Drayton and Borrowe. The idea that there will be a duel or slaughter of any kind between the two men has been everywhere abandoned. Drayton has posted his playcards declaring that Borrowe is a "cur and coward" in the club of the cities of the continents, and the latter has not attempted to disprove the statement. In fact, the general feeling toward Borrowe is best demonstrated by the fact that he is not discussed in this matter at all by the gossippers now. Their opinion of him is shown by the fact that he is absolutely ignored.

The gossippers have turned their attention directly toward the Draytons and the future relations of the daughter and son-in-law of Mrs. William Astor. The latest twist has been given to the scandal by a statement of Edward Fox cabled from London. This is what he is declared to have said:

"Gen. Williams, who came over here on business for the Equitable Life Assurance Company, but who was engaged as Borrowe's counsel while in London, saw the written contract which Mrs. Drayton gave her husband, agreeing to pay him \$5,000 annually and to set aside a sum for the children's and household expenses out of her income of \$40,000 a year. What more could be desired in proof of what has been asserted by Drayton?"

The gossips have it now that Mr. Drayton's refusal to discuss the affair in any way and his daily consultation with his friends and legal advisers means that he is making preparations to proceed against Mrs. Drayton for a divorce. It is urged that this is the only proceeding that Mr. Drayton can now take, and in consonance with dignity and honor he must take it. In fact, society people are already asking each other: "When Drayton gets his divorce will Mrs. Drayton marry the man who caused the scandal?"

### WILL HANDLE FLAX AND JUTE.

Coleman Drayton to Embark in a New Commercial Enterprise.

Tuxedo, N. J., March 29.—Mr. J. Coleman Drayton, one of the principals of the prospective Drayton-Borrowe deal, is one of the incorporators of a new commercial enterprise that filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. The concern is to be known as the Dunbarton Flax Spinning Company, which is to handle flax, hemp, jute and yarn, as raw material and manufactured. The business will be done at Greenwich, Washington county, and the capital stock is to be \$100,000, but the business is begun with only one-tenth of that amount.

J. Coleman Drayton is the only New Jersey incorporator, and his residence is given as Barnardville, Somerset county. He has only one share, and John L. McNash, an attorney, signs the articles of incorporation for him. The other incorporators are Hugh Dunbar McMaster and George Bingley Luke of Clifton, County Down, Ireland; James W. Wallace and Robert J. Wart.

### PAT ROONEY DEAD.

End of One of the Most Popular and Best of Comedians.

New York, March 29.—"Pat" Rooney, the celebrated Irish dialect comedian, died in his apartments in this city yesterday afternoon.

He had been in ill-health for several years, but his malady developed no serious phase until lately.

He had just returned from Wilmington, Del., when the fatal attack seized him. He seemed to realize the danger of his condition, and at his own request was brought to New York.

"Pat" Rooney was perhaps one of the best comedians in America. Of late years, in fact, almost from the time he developed into a star, he has had a company on the road and always seemed to meet with prosperity. He leaves a widow and several children.

### Dismissed the Complaint.

ALBANY, March 29.—The State Railroad Commission has dismissed the complaint of E. V. Parker, of Elmira, against the New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company. The complaint alleges that merchants of Rochester engaged in the business of selling groceries are permitted to ship goods to points on the Erie Road as fourth-class without regard to their weight or bulk, thus constituting a discrimination in classification against New York merchants dealing in the same line of goods and selling at the same points.

### Shot His Wife.

BROOKLYN, March 29.—Robert Cullen of this city shot his wife, wounding her, in all probability, fatally. He was escorting her home from the establishment where she was employed when he suddenly turned and fired five shots at her in rapid succession. Cullen was arrested, while his wife was removed to the hospital. Some seemingly ungrounded jealousy appears to have been the cause of the shooting.

### The Hargreaves Jewels Sold at Auction.

LONDON, March 29.—The diamond earrings and pearl pendants which were stolen by Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne from her friend and relative, Mrs. Hargreaves, have been sold at auction. A large and fashionable crowd attended, rather more out of curiosity than as bidders. The earrings brought 650 pounds, and the pendants 410 pounds.

### A Suspend Work.

To March 29.—Work has been suspended at the Kishpaugh iron mine in the Warren county. The suspension is the result of a strike of the iron miners. This has always been considered a prospect of several hundred miners are thrown out of work and many of them are moving away.

### Anita's Father May Relent.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—George and Anita Baldwin are expected to return to this city. It is rumored that Lucky Baldwin has forgiven the runaway pair and that George is soon to be put in charge of the Baldwin Hotel.

### No Party or Claque.

DUBLIN, March 29.—The first issue of the "Amalgamated Freeman's Journal and National Press" was published yesterday. In an editorial it says: "Henceforth we will serve no party or clique."

### BETTER THAN BANKS.

THE LEADING AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL DECLARES

Another Dividend—An Unusual Opportunity for Wide-awake Investors to Secure Shares in a Company Whose Stability and Earning Power Are Unequaled.

H. H. Warner & Co., Limited, having declared an interim dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred and 5 per cent. on the common stock, dividend checks will be mailed to the American shareholders on April 5 by the Central Trust Company, of 54 Wall street.

In November last this Company declared a dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred and 10 per cent. on the common stock. The end of their fiscal year will be July 31. In order to secure for our readers some idea of the amount of dividend that will then be declared, our reporter called upon Mr. Warner, at 50 Broadway, as also to ascertain anything further in regard to the recent report that H. H. Warner & Co. were about to double their common stock. In reply to the scribe's questions, Mr. Warner said:

"The dividend which the company has just declared is merely an interim one. Such a dividend is liable to be declared at any time. The Company has a very large reserve, and I suppose the Board of Directors are desirous of getting rid of some of the Company's accumulations. They, therefore, declared this dividend regardless of the one to be declared at the expiration of our fiscal year."

"Well, Mr. Warner, what do you estimate will be the amount of dividend the Company will pay at the close of the present fiscal year?"

"I cannot give any exact figures, but, as near as I can approximate, the Company will have about \$4,000 to distribute at the end of this fiscal year, in addition to the amount that will have been previously distributed in the course of the year, and I have every reason to believe that the next dividend will be at the rate of, at least 30 per cent. on the common shares. In fact, after paying the regular dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred stock, I believe that the company will be able to pay, if they chose, at the rate of 40 per cent. on the common stock; but the Company may conclude that it is wise to pay out, say, at the rate of 30 per cent. dividend on the common stock and use a large amount of their surplus to cancel the remaining debenture bonds, which now amount to less than \$425,000, over \$300,000 of these debentures having been cancelled last year, besides paying 17 1/2 per cent. on the common stock. You will see by these figures that the Company will make even a better showing this year than ever before."

"So, Mr. Warner, the prediction that was made by you a few days ago to the effect that you believed the Company would shortly double its common shares is likely to come true sooner than you anticipated?"

"No, I cannot say that. I do believe, though, that the capital stock of the common shares will be doubled during the next fiscal year, commencing August 1. I cannot well see what is to become of our surplus, unless we pay extraordinarily large dividends—which I do not think wise—or double the common stock of the company. You see, our business is growing better continually, and our common shares only amount to \$1,700,000. There is a bright possibility of being able to make half as much as that in the future from the Baking Powder alone, which we are now putting upon the market in addition to our present business, which would permit our paying over 50 per cent. dividends on the common stock. These facts, figured in connection with the regular profit which has for years been derived from Warner's Safe Cure and Warner's Cough Cure almost warrant the belief that we will earn a net profit of over \$1,000,000 per year. If so this vast amount would all go to the common shareholders, after paying the comparatively small dividend of 8 per cent. on the preferred stock and the interest on the remaining debentures I not cancelled. With the business continually improving and its record since being capitalized into a company, of a net profit from Warner's safe Remedies, alone, of over a million dollars in two years, my prophecy becomes almost a reality."

"Are you still selling your shares, Mr. Warner?"

"I shall a few more shares to our patrons, at the rate of \$75 a piece for the common and \$50 a piece for the preferred, the par value of the shares being \$10, or about \$60 each."

"Are you willing to continue to sell your shares at this price, the purchasers to have the dividend which has just been declared of 5 per cent. on the common and 4 per cent. on the preferred?"

"Yes, I shall sell a few more shares up to the time the dividend is actually paid, at the prices I have just given you, the purchasers to have the dividend. After the dividend shall have been paid I do not expect to sell many more shares, but if I am satisfied I can benefit the business by using this means of advertising it, I shall sell a few, but at an advanced price."

"Is there anything further you wish to say about the business?"

"No; there is nothing further to say, and, in fact, I do not care to say anything. I am willing that the business should speak for itself. I claim that it has a dividend-paying record for the past twelve years that very few, if any, business can excel. When the revenue is to result from Warner's Safe Baking Powder is added to that already derived from Warner's Safe Cure and Warner's Cough Cure, I do not see what there is to prevent it from being one of the largest dividend payers of any legitimate business in this or any other country."

### THE ELECTRIC DEATH.

Cotto's Execution Demonstrates that One Shock Will Not Always Kill.

SINO SING, March 29.—That one contact of electricity, unless continued in an unbroken current for a length of time, which would make it impossible to avoid burning and blistering of the flesh, will not always kill a human being was very fully illustrated at the execution of Cotto yesterday.

The official time shows that it required about three minutes to kill Cotto. After each application Cotto showed signs of apparent life, moving his hands and opening his eyes. There was no movement of the chest, however, as there has been in other cases. At first sign of life the current was turned on again. After the fourth shock there was no sign of life and the doctors declared life extinct.

There was no burning, but steam arose and there was scalding of parts where the electrodes were applied. When the current was first turned on Cotto's face flushed purple and froth came from his lips. When it was turned off Cotto slowly opened his eyes and looked at Father Milo with what seemed a reproachful expression. He seemed protesting mutely against the treatment he was receiving. His hands moved and there was no doubt in the minds of the witnesses that he was not only alive but conscious. After the second shock Cotto's body settled down in the chair, limp and at first apparently lifeless. The doctors stepped forward to listen to the heart and to feel the pulse, but before they reached the body the fingers moved and the current was once again applied and for the third time the rigidity of muscles and the straining at the straps was repeated. When the current was turned off this time Dr. Irving applied the stethoscope to the heart and Dr. Abbott, who had been keeping the official time, felt the pulse. They shook their heads and stepped back. The fingers began to move again. There were plenty of evidences that Cotto was still alive.

For the fourth time the Warden gave the signal and for the fourth time the current was turned on. It was not turned off until the face of the man had turned a purplish black and the exposed part of the right leg was of the same color. This time the current completed its work, for when it was turned off the physicians found no signs of life.

Dr. Irving in answer to a question of a press representative as to the indications of life after the third shock, said: "Yes, there were faint indications of life when I listened at the man's heart and felt of his pulse."

Dr. Irving called attention to the fact that in this case there was no burning; the steam which arose was caused, he said, by the rapid evaporation of the water at the electrodes and there was a slight scalding of the parts owing to the drying up of the blood vessels, but there was no carbonization. It was simply a scalding of the skin adjacent to the electrodes.

### HEIRS AT VARIANCE.

Peculiar Contest Over a Bridgeport Manufacturer's Will.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 29.—A peculiar contest has arisen over the will of the late P. N. Fairchild, the wealthy paper manufacturer. The estate amounts to nearly \$250,000. His wife, to whom he willed the bulk of his property, died four days previous to him, while he was in a state of unconsciousness from which he never recovered.

His brother and two unmarried sisters now claim the estate as next of kin, and have applied for the appointment of an administrator. The heirs of Mrs. Fairchild, however, claim an interest in the inheritance, and another contest in the Superior Court is probable.

### Talmage Denies a Rumor.

New York, March 29.—The Rev. Dr. Talmage denies the truth of the report to the effect that he had been requested to Europe to succeed the late Dr. Spurgeon. He stated that while he intended making a trip to Europe shortly it was only to accompany an excursion party from his church, and that the contract recently entered into by him with the "Christian Herald," of which he is now the editor, precluded the possibility of his leaving the country for the remainder of this century.

### Two Men Killed by a Train.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 29.—J. Galvin and E. Welsh were killed by a New York & Massachusetts car at the junction of that road and the Hudson River Railroad here last evening. They were struck by a freight car and both were instantly killed. They lived in Poughkeepsie, and were loitering about the junction when the accident occurred.

### Judge Francis M. Finch's Wife Dead.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 29.—Mrs. Finch, the wife of Judge Francis M. Finch, of the Court of Appeals, is dead at her residence here of heart disease. She leaves beside her husband two daughters and a son. Her maiden name was Elizabeth A. Brooke. Her marriage to Judge Finch took place at Colchester, Conn.

### Gov. McKinley's Cousin Drowned.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., March 29.—Wm. McKinley, a prominent resident of Warsaw, got drunk over his defeat for prosecutor in the convention, and wandered, it is supposed, to the river and was drowned. He was at one time a preacher, but of late has been in the real estate business. He is a cousin of Governor McKinley, of Ohio.

### First Woman U. S. Supreme Court Lawyer.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Mrs. Myra Bradwell of Chicago, the fifth woman admitted to practice before the U. S. Supreme Court, took the oath in that body shortly before noon. Her admission was moved by Attorney-General Miller. Mrs. Bradwell is editor of the Chicago "Legal News."

### A Call for Dr. Sidney Sherwood.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Dr. Sidney Sherwood, instructor in finance in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy, University of Pennsylvania, has been called to the chair of political economy at Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore, made vacant by the resignation of Prof. Richard T. Ely.

### Burned Beyond Recognition.

BURGESSVILLE, Pa., March 29.—When Dal Garrison returned home from work he found his wife with head and shoulders lying in the fireplace with a fire burning. The woman was subject to fits and fell into the fire while suffering from a fit. She was burned beyond recognition.

### FROM THE SANCTUM.

Pennsylvania Editors Speak on the Senatorship.

PRaise FOR COLONEL M. S. QUAY.

National Chairman Clarkson's Eulogy Strikes a Responsive Chord, and the Junior Senator's Work for the Tariff Bill is Warmly Commended.

Pennsylvania's Republican editors have generally shown warm sympathy with and high admiration for Senator Quay. He has the hearty indorsement of many of the most influential Republican papers in the state, in his candidacy for re-election. When Chairman Clarkson, of the Republican National Committee, authorized the publication of his splendid eulogy of Colonel Quay, and gave him credit for making possible, the election of General Harrison as president, they concurred in his commendation of "the greatest of political generals." They have also been giving full credit to the junior Senator for his services at Washington, and particularly for his work in securing the passage of the McKinley bill.

Here are a few quotations from Pennsylvania newspapers:

Clarkson Sounds the Keynote. General Clarkson's tribute to his late colleague on the national committee is a remarkably strong document. He was intimately associated with Senator Quay in the great fight of 1888, and no one can speak with better authority than he. What he says of the genius of leadership manifested by chairman Quay in that memorable battle of political giants, is indisputably true, and Democrats themselves admit it. That the Democrats should hold unrelenting grudge against Senator Quay for wresting the presidency from them is natural, but General Clarkson naturally speaks with feeling when he comments on the failure of Republicans to sustain their political partisan rancor. His recounting of the matchless leadership of Senator Quay in 1888, and the necessity of having the aid of his organizing ability in the great struggle against the free trade Democracy in the presidential contest of 1892, sounds the keynote of the senatorial campaign as it will be conducted in behalf of the Beaver statesman.

American Sympathy for Fair Play is Strong. At the close of the last presidential campaign the country rang with cheers for the matchless leader whose skill and constancy, at great personal sacrifice, had so grandly won the victory. Republicans everywhere, as with one voice, applauded his noble work, and it is most gratifying to his friends that his successor, General Clarkson, has at this time recalled these facts in his splendid eulogy of the junior senator of Pennsylvania, since not a few Republicans have been deceived by the misrepresentations and slanders of malignant foes within and without the party. The political opponents who sought during all their active public life to smirch and dishonor Lincoln, Grant and Garfield could not have been expected to spare the man who braved and baffled the Tammany tiger in its own den in '88, but Senator Quay has the constant best treatment that has been received at the hands of some of the men who were quick to appropriate to themselves the results of his labors. The American sympathy for fair play is strong enough among the Republicans of Pennsylvania, we feel confident, to insist that justice be done to Senator Quay, and he and his friends ask for nothing more.

That Fair Count Demands a Fair Campaign. No sooner was it known that Harrison was elected, than the free trade and Democratic papers, consumed with anger, commenced to attack Quay in a manner which was calculated to injure the purpose of driving him out of public life and into retirement. With Quay at the helm, these papers despair of making any headway against the Republican party. They freely concede that it was Quay and protection that defeated Cleveland, and not Harrison, and in the battle to come they fear a repetition of this same kind of generalship, "the greatest ever known in American politics," to use Chairman Clarkson's language.

The result of Colonel Quay's leadership was a fair count in New York city, the home of political corruption and trickery. Four years before the count was not fair, and it is well known now, Blaine was counted out by false registration. Mr. Quay determined that Harrison should not be beaten by such disreputable tactics. He gave four months of his time to the preparation of his plans for a fair ballot, and how well he succeeded his party need not be told again. But he injured his health in the prosecution of his work, and he has not recovered it yet. He says of Jones not mind the attacks of his political enemies, but the blows of his own party men he feels most keenly.

Senator Quay Don't Talk Much, but His Work Always Tells. General Clarkson's estimate of Senator Quay's services to the Republican party and his country is the same as that of everybody who watched the work of the last presidential campaign and the work in the senate on the tariff and other measures, but it deserves to be put on record, as it now is, by the greatest authority in the country—the author being at the head of his party, and having been closely associated with the hero in his most important work. Senator Quay don't talk much, but what he says is to the purpose, and his work always tells.—Johnstown Tribune.

### The Mosquito and the Elephant.

"The most laughable thing of this century," says the editor of the Malvern Item, "is to see a handful of disgruntled politicians going through the state of Pennsylvania for the purpose of making every legislative candidate promise, in the event of his election, that he will oppose the re-election of Quay to the United States Senate. It reminds us slightly of a lot of Jersey mosquitoes attacking an elephant."

### LESSONS BY CORRESPONDENCE

IN THE COMPLETE THEORY OF

## COAL MINING

INCLUDING

ARITHMETIC, ALGEBRAIC SIGNS, MINE VENTILATION, MECHANICS, ETC.

STUDENTS QUALIFIED TO PASS STATE EXAMINATIONS. THE PUPILS STUDY AT HOME. LOSE NO TIME FROM WORK. NO TEXT-BOOKS NEEDED.

TUITION CHARGES WITHIN THE MEANS OF ALL.

For Pamphlet containing full information, address,

THE COLLIERY ENGINEER SCHOOL OF MINES, Scranton, Pa.

60c Sample copies of "THE COLLIERY ENGINEER," (by reading which hundreds of miners have qualified themselves to become Superintendents and Foremen), and catalogue of Mining Books sent free of charge.

### First National Bank,

THEATRE BUILDING.

## SHENANDOAH, PENNA.

Capital, \$100,000.00

A. W. Lisenring, Pres.,

P. J. Ferguson, V. Pres.,

J. R. Lisenring, Cashier,

S. W. Yost, Ass't Cashier.

Open Daily From 9 to 3.

### 3 PER CENT. INTEREST!

Paid on Savings Deposits.

### PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Trains leave Shenandoah for Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Baltimore, Pa., on Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

Trains leave Shenandoah for Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Baltimore, Pa., on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

Trains leave Shenandoah for Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Baltimore, Pa., on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

### DO YOU WANT RELIEF?

KROU'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Will promptly relieve the most distressing case of Acute or Chronic Rheumatism or Gout. By strictly observing the directions, it will cure you permanently.

It contains the scientific preparations that feed the country, this medicine is a specific for the various forms of Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuritis, Sciatica, etc. It will make a satisfactory impression on the system, and its prompt results have been proved. The scientific preparation that feeds the country, this medicine is a specific for the various forms of Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuritis, Sciatica, etc. It will make a satisfactory impression on the system, and its prompt results have been proved.

Prepared by J. E. WOOD, J. R. WOOD, J. E. WOOD, J. R. WOOD, J. E. WOOD, J. R. WOOD.

### Shenandoah Business College

A Large Attendance Daily.

Room for a Few More.

Take advantage of the present chance to secure a

### GOOD BUSINESS EDUCATION!

For terms, etc., call at the College or address,

W. J. SULLY,

Shenandoah, Pa.

### CHAS. YAROWSKY'S,

23 West Centre Street,

Best red flannel undershirts, 65c; best gray undershirts, 50c; best cotton overshirts, 75c; best cloth overshirts, 75c; best muslin shirts, 40c; men's best woolen socks, per pair, 15c; half doz. pairs, 5c; handkerchiefs, 25c; fine suspenders, per pair, 15c; overalls, 10c; men's, 15c; ladies' fine merino undersuits, each, 10c; ladies' all-wool jackets, 75c; ladies' best black stockings, 3 pair for 50c; children's white undersuits, 4c; 4 pairs children's best black stockings, 5c; boys' knee pants, only 25c; best linen table cloths, 50c up; finest towels, 55c per yard; best bedspreads, only 81 each.

## MEN WANTED

To test a Positive Case for the effects of our plan for curing Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuritis, Sciatica, etc. We guarantee to cure you or your money back. Write for particulars to CHAS. YAROWSKY, 23 West Centre Street, New York.