

INQUIRER & CHRONICLE.



BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, Oct. 9 1857.

"Fearless and Free."

DAVID OVER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"The Union of Lakes—the Union of Lands, The Union of States none can sever; The Union of hearts, and the Union of hands, And the flag of our Union forever!"

UNION STATE TICKETS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

DAVID WILMOT,

of Bradford County.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

of Philadelphia.

SUPREME JUDGE:

JAMES VEECH,

of Fayette County.

JOSEPH J. LEWIS,

of Chester County.

boy did not know what it contained. These are the plain facts. Let our Union friends beware of this charge, which has been gotten out at this late day. Mr. Alsip voted AGAINST Buchanan last fall, and every one in Bedford knows this fact. Further, he has never denied it!

The State Ticket.

We again urge upon our friends the importance of voting the Union State Ticket. Let every man who desires the defeat of the present corrupt bogus-democracy, vote for David Wilmot, William Millward, James Veech and Joseph J. Lewis. By voting for the straight ticket, we are at best, giving a vote to place in power, the present corrupt party that has saddled our Commonwealth with a debt of over \$40,000,000! Mr. Wilmot, in favor of all the principles which Americans hold most dear, which he has proved in his letter to the Altona committee, and in his speeches before the people. The platform on which he was nominated, contains good sound American doctrine, and for the life of us we are at a loss to comprehend why Americans should throw away their votes on a third candidate, when he has no chance of an election, and when every such vote counts one in favor of a man who has made an immense fortune, whilst he was Canal Commissioner, plundering the Commonwealth.—Should Paeker be elected, he will use all his influence in getting the Public Works back again, and of preventing the sale of the balance. The whole plundering crew will come into power with him, and the State Debt, a portion of which Gov. Pollock has been paying off, will go on increasing as it has under his Locofoco predecessors, and as it did to so great an extent whilst Paeker was a Canal Commissioner. Mr. Wilmot's chances for an election are now considered fading, and we call on all good and true men, no matter what their party predilections may be, to give him a cordial and hearty support. Americans, by voting for Hazard, defeat Wilmot, and elect Paeker, you are committing political suicide. Do you expect that Paeker will favor your principles? Not in the least. He and his party have been the most bitter enemies, and to no continue to be, of our cherished principles. Wilmot favors Americanism. Then, why try to crush him by chance of an election? Friends, if you love your principles, support Wilmot, and all will be well!

LCOFOCO ROBERTS!

The Locofocos, we understand, have put in circulation all kinds of infamous and base falsehoods in relation to JOHN ALSIP, Esq., our candidate for Prothonotary. Fear, ing his popularity, they have resorted to this mean to defeat him and elect Maj. Tate of Bedford County are determined to elect their favorite candidate, without respect to party. Of the truth of this fact they need give themselves no trouble. One of the charges circulated pretty generally in the North-eastern part of the County, is that JOHN ALSIP is in the habit of using intoxicating liquor to excess, and that upon one occasion he was so drunk, that he had to be put to bed in Mr. Haver's Hotel! This is a base falsehood! Not one of Mr. Haver's family know anything of the occurrence, and had it taken place, they would certainly have known the fact. Persons who support Maj. Tate ought to be the last ones to circulate a vile lie like this on Mr. Alsip. Another roverbark is to the effect that Mr. Alsip tells Democrats that "he is a Democrat, and that he supported Mr. Buchanan last fall, and that the man who did not vote for Jax. Buchanan was not a true man to his country!" That he may have said that "he is a Democrat," it matters not; for we all, Americans and Republicans, contend that we are the only true Democrats, as we support the real old-fashioned pure American Democratic principles, whilst the present bogus Democracy have deserted all the old time-honored landmarks. That Mr. Alsip should have said that "he supported Mr. Buchanan last fall," and that "the man who did not vote for Mr. Buchanan, was not a true friend to his country" is false! The charge is gotten up at this late day, to defeat him.

Paying off the State Debt.

From the Proclamation of the Governor which we publish on the outside of this week's paper, it will be seen that Gov. Pollock has paid off since he has assumed the gubernatorial office, \$1,042,857 64! This Proclamation was published according to law, on the 12th of September, and is signed by A. G. Curtin, Sec'y of the Commonwealth, Jacob Fry, Jr. Auditor General, and H. S. Magraw, State Treasurer. Both Mr. Fry and Magraw are Locofocos, and they would not state under oath, that this amount was paid by Gov. Pollock, unless it were really so. The people of Pennsylvania can now see who are their true friends, and which party uses its best exertions in relieving them from this heavy debt that was incurred by the Locofocos. The whole debt on the 1st of December, 1856, was \$40,117,835 25! This debt was incurred by the Locofocos. No opposition Governor ever increased it one dollar! On the contrary they have all paid a portion of the Debt under their Locofoco predecessors off. Gov. Ritten paid off \$100,000! Gov. Johnson paid off \$500,000! Gov. Pollock has paid as we have stated above, and which is shown by the Proclamation in to-days paper, \$1,042,857 64! He has also paid by the sale of the Main Line, which was constantly, and is still yet opposed, by the Locofocos, \$7,500,000! That party will do all in their power to set the sale aside should Paeker, be elected, and they will also go on increasing our burdens, as they have always done before.

MINERAL BANK.

The Mineral Bank of Cumberland, Md., has failed. There are thousands of dollars of it in circulation in Bedford County. Let every one who holds a five dollar bill on that or any other broken bank, remember that these things have occurred under Locofoco rule! That the Locofoco party promised if Buchanan were elected, that we would have better times!

Rally! Rally! Rally!

To the Polls! To the Polls!

Tuesday next is a day big with importance to our glorious old Commonwealth. Let every American and Republican voter, then, turn-out and vote for the whole State and County ticket. The Locofocos have plunged our State into a Debt of over \$40,000,000! Paeker will continue, should he be elected, the Locofoco policy which pursued whilst Canal Commissioner. Wilmot will continue the policy of Gov. Pollock in paying off the State Debt. Our friends will thus see the importance of the present election. Besides, all the important County officers are to be chosen next Tuesday, and it is an additional matter of importance that there should be a large turn-out. To Locofoco policy do we owe the present HARD TIMES, and every one who is in favor of bringing about a more favorable State of affairs, will go and vote our ticket.

We deem it unnecessary to say more here than what we have stated on our great principles throughout the campaign. Every voter knows and feels their importance, and let every one of such, act on next Tuesday, as though the whole fate of the election depended on his individual vote. Then RALLY! RALLY! from mountain and valley, from store-room and workshop, from farm-house, and your mines, to the support of our glorious principles!

Beware!

We have been seeing a couple of tickets printed at the Gazette office, purporting to be Union tickets, with the exception of a name or two of Locofoco candidates thereon, that have been given to some of our voters. We warn our friends of these tickets! They have the names of James Veech and Joseph J. Lewis, our candidates for Supreme Judges, after the name of William Millward, our candidate for Canal Commissioner, and before that of William H. Koontz, our candidate for Senator. The Supreme Judges on every ticket of this kind, that is voted, will be lost! The law requires that the signature of paper. Our friends will see the importance of examining these tickets, if they have any. The Supreme Judges are among the most important on the ticket, and to vote these split tickets, in this way, may cause their defeat. Examine carefully your tickets!

Hard Times!

The times were never known to be as hard as they are now. Business firms are breaking up by the thousands in the principal cities of the country, and banks are breaking everywhere. These matters are now being felt, very seriously, in our country. Everybody is complaining of hard times. What has caused this state of affairs? The Locofocos repealed the Tariff of 1842, and had it not been for the discovery of gold in California, this crash would have come seven or eight years ago. Our farmers, manufacturers, mechanics and laboring men are not protected. The English and French under-sell us in our own markets. We buy millions of dollars worth more than we sell, and the gold of California goes to pay the difference. Even that will not now hold out, and the crash has come, as it was predicted by the Whigs when the Tariff of 1842 was repealed.—By referring to the letter of Mr. Wilmot to Mr. Brown, which we publish in another column, it will be seen that Mr. Wilmot is warmly in favor of a Tariff for the protection of Pennsylvania interests. Al! then, in favor of a Protective Tariff, and better times, will vote for Wilmot.

THE COUNTY TICKET.

Is composed of some of the best men in the County. Let every friend of the cause turn-out on Tuesday next, and give it a "long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether."

The EXTRA SESSION.—We have not heard, up to the time of going to press of anything that the Legislature has done.—The majority are Locofocos.

Don't trade off your votes, union men.

GENERAL KOONTZ.

The General has been before the people this campaign a considerable time—even before his nomination by the Conference at Bedford. At first the Democrat declared that it would sooner "see him elected than any other" of our party. A few weeks ago it contained a pitiful and imploring article to the effect that no Democrat should vote for him. In all this time the opposition could say nothing against—could do nothing to stay the tide in his favor in our County. But seeing that something had to be attempted, they examined his life, which has been so open, pure, chivalrous and op-

Americans and Republicans,

Go to the polls on next Tuesday, and VOTE EARLY! SEE THAT NO ILLEGAL VOTES ARE POLLED. STAY AT THE POLLS ALL DAY! HAVE YOUR WAGONS OUT, to bring to the election, the aged, the infirm, the careless. GUARD WELL THE BALLOT BOX! and have EVERY VOTER OUT.

A GLORIOUS VICTORY AWAITS YOU.

Thomas Imler.

We hope our friends will see the propriety of giving Mr. Imler a strong vote for Poor Director. The majority of the present Board are Union men, and they have since they are in power almost got that Institution out of a heavy debt that was contracted by the Locofocos. One year more and it will be out of debt if we continue the present party in power. Mr. Imler is in favor of continuing the reforms going on there, and the tax-payers will see that it is to their interest to give him a heavy vote.

In justice to G. L. I. Painter, Esq., editor of the Muney Luminary, who was charged by Butcher Swoope, with receiving \$350 00 for supporting Fremont at the last election, we publish his affidavit. It is but justice to Mr. Painter, to say that he was a straight Fillmore man throughout the whole of the last campaign and even opposed the union ticket. But Butcher Swoope is a scoundrel and makes this charge now, because the Luminary sees the only chance to defeat Locofocism, is to support Wilmot. We would copy the whole of Mr. Painter's scorching article had we room: Locoming County, ss:

Before me, the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace, and for the said county of Locoming, personally appeared G. L. I. Painter, Editor, Proprietor and Publisher of the Muney Luminary who being duly sworn according to law, upon his solemn oath declares and says: That the statement which appeared in the Philadelphia "Daily News" of the 21st ult., under the signature of H. Butcher Swoope, charging that this deponent did receive the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars, from the Republican party to support John C. Fremont for the Presidency, at the last Presidential Election, is untrue and without any foundation in fact: That this deponent never did at any time receive the sum above stated, nor any other sum, for the purpose of supporting Fremont for any amount whatever, from the Republican party, nor from any man or men, or solid party, or of any other party, for the advocacy and support of John C. Fremont or any other candidate at said Presidential Election: That this deponent was not, at any time before nor since said election paid, offered, or promised, by any party, or man or men, any sum or sums of money or other consideration, for such advocacy or support, nor for the purpose of any candidate nor before the people for election to any office: And further this deponent never heard or knew of any intimation by the Republican party, or any man or men of said party, to pay, offer or promise him any sum or sums of money, or other consideration, for any of the purposes aforesaid. And further he says not.

G. L. I. PAINTER. Sworn and subscribed before me this 28th day of September, A. D. 1857.

JACOB POTT, J. P.

EVANS and NICODEMUS.

Let every Democratic voter remember that in voting for Cadwalader Evans, he is voting to keep in the office of Commissioner's Clerk, Henry Nicodemus, one of the first Know Nothings in the County, and a man who traveled over the County inciting Know Nothing Councils. Evans says he will keep Nicodemus as Clerk, if he is elected.

Mode of Voting.

The tickets will be voted this fall on three strips of paper. The one for Governor, Canal Commissioner, Senator, Assembly, Prothonotary, Sheriff, and other County Offices on one piece of paper, the Supreme Judges on another piece of paper; and the Amendments to the Constitution on another.

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right, that finding not a single political or personal fact that could be brought against him, they, under the color of a correspondence, got up the false and ridiculous charge, that many years ago, he read Tom Paine's Age of Reason—discussed it—and therefore is an infidel.

The correspondent, "Luther," asks of the pious Democrat, are you not, and have you not been for some years back, aware that this young man, Mr. KOONTZ, in matters of religion, is a believer in the writings of Tom Paine, reading Paine's work called the Age of Reason? To this interrogatory the Democrat says, "We are not personally aware of the infidel belief of this gentleman, but that others are." This charge, coming through the Democrat's mouth, and will not—serious though it might be, if true—change a vote—but as our silence shall not be construed as endorsing Luther, which even Mr. Mitchell personally did not dare to do—we say Mr. Koontz is not now, never was, and has never been suspected or reputed for being an infidel, or a believer in the writings of Tom Paine.

Mr. KOONTZ is well known here, has passed his days among us—from childhood to manhood—before the eyes of old and young. He is of a nature at once frank social and honest—and if he seriously believed what "Luther" says he does—all his companions and friends would have known it. But up to this time, no such thing was ever heard of. On the contrary, Mr. KOONTZ is much attached to the tenets of one of our churches—goes to service frequently, both in his own church and others—has liberally subscribed to the new house of worship erected by the congregation to which he and his family hold. We are informed by one of the members, a "Democrat," that he has a pew engaged as soon as they shall be finally let.

Mr. KOONTZ is a student and a scholar, a man who will think and examine for himself, and he may have done what thousands of the more intelligent Christians have done before and since—read Paine's works—he may have discussed the matter with his friends for what we know. But that he is known here in this community—or even was a believer in the writings of Tom Paine—is false, and the Democrat knew it. It is strange this charge was never made before. Mr. KOONTZ, "for some years back," was elected to an important County office, without a candidate or a single vote against him. And strange too that it should be made just as he has left home for a canvass in Bedford County. But he will meet the people as he has done often before.

The beauty of the article is that, the slavery one at that, who defends slavery by the Bible—and after telling and teaching Protestants how to vote at the next election—in derision of the whole thing, the Jesuit signs himself "Luther."

LETTER FROM JUDGE WILMOT.

The following letter is from the Hon. David Wilmot to David S. Brown, Esq., the head of one of the most extensive manufacturing establishments in the country.—No one can read it without the conviction, of the patriotism and sincerity of its author. Everywhere its sentiments will be echoed by the thousands of true American working-men who have been thrown out of employment by the measures of the last Congress which reduced the duty on Pennsylvania iron from thirty to twenty-four per cent., and on other goods in proportion. Let us rally then on Wilmot and Protection, American Labor, and once more the loom and the forge will resume their activity, and the joyous anthems of industry again pervade every district in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 28, 1857.

David S. Brown—Dear Sir:—I am deeply pained by the news that reaches me from your city. This sudden financial revolution threatens to carry down hundreds of your worthy and enterprising merchants and business men, bringing distress to their houses of comfort and affluence, and what by many is felt as a great calamity, commercial dishonor and loss of credit. Its most disastrous and painful effects however, will fall upon the thousands of honest and industrious working men unexpectedly thrown out of employment and deprived of the means of support for their families. It is truly a calamity calculated to excite the sympathy of the most selfish and insensible. I do not profess to be able to fathom all the causes, proximate and remote, of a disaster such as is now upon us. Doubtless excessive importations, over-trading, extravagant habits of living, and fluctuation in the currency, have had much to do with it. You will recollect that on our visit to the Gloucester Mills, we had some conversation upon the subject of the tariff policy of the country in connection with its influence upon American enterprise and labor. The events of the last few days have given to that subject an interest that it did not then seem to possess. That the tariff policy of the government has much to do with the reversions that periodically convulse the country, is doubtless true, intimately connected as that policy must ever be with all our financial and industrial interest. The very considerable reduction made in the tariff at the last session of Congress, must have had a disastrous influence in bringing upon us the present state of things, as it stimulated greatly importations, causing heavier drafts upon the country for its precious metals.

It is a great misfortune that our tariff policy cannot be wholly removed from the party conflicts of the country and placed upon a permanent and reasonable basis. Aside from partisan prejudice there is not, I imagine, a very wide difference of opinion upon this subject among intelligent and reflecting men. The policy of imposing prohibitory duties, of actually destroying the revenue upon a large share of the articles of commerce, for the purpose of protection, would hardly find an advocate at this day. Fair incidental protection, without a gross violation of the revenue principle, is all that is asked or required for our manufacturing interests, and this should be cheerfully and promptly extended. No one contemplates the policy of free trade and a resort to direct taxation as a means of raising revenue to meet the ordinary expenses of the government—certain it is that I never contemplated such a policy. I have always looked to our policy as settled in this respect—that the ordinary revenue is to be provided by duties upon foreign importations, and I have ever favored the policy of such discrimination as would afford adequate and ample protection to American interests and American labor. We have an immense revenue to raise.—Already the expenditures of our government reach the enormous sum of about sixty millions of dollars, and it is rapidly increasing under the profigate and demoralizing expenditures of Democratic administrations.—In raising this vast sum there is ample room, by judicious and proper discriminations, to afford to our great industrial interest ample protection, and to American labor a just and adequate reward. I have never intentionally violated this sound American policy, and would cheerfully unite to-day, with the reasonable and judicious men of the country, in placing our tariff policy on a basis that would secure to American enterprise and labor a fair and just measure of protection. The great struggle in which we are now engaged, and in which my feelings are so deeply embarked, is a struggle to maintain the dignity and rights of free labor, against the degrading competition of the labor of the slave; and I am equally in favor of protecting our American labor against a ruinous competition with the cheap labor of the old world.

I confidently trust that you will weather this storm, and that years of prosperity will attend you in the noble enterprise you have thus so successfully sustained. Very respectfully, your obedient servant and friend, D. WILMOT.

A Democratic Bolter—His Reasons.

We find the following card in the last Bellefonte Democrat. The writer—Wain Forney, Esq.—is a brother of John W. Forney, who was formerly connected with the Pennsylvania, and a few years ago established the Democratic Watchman at Bellefonte. He doesn't like the present leaders of the Sham Democracy, and he tells them so. He also presents the contrast between the opposing candidates for Governor in a strong light, and gives Mr. Paeker his own reasons for his own preference. As Mr. Forney's card, and land it to your democratic neighbor.—The italics at the close are ours. "The editor of the Centre Democrat must again oblige a plain locofoco editor with space to give his valid reasons for refusing to acknowledge the present organized Democratic party as a continuation of that great organization, in whose teachings and truths I was educated, according to its strictest rules, from my boyhood. Four years ago, notwithstanding the party was in a minority, it presented a bolder and purer front than it does in the present campaign. In a minority, the Democratic party has always preserved its integrity best, but the history of the past shows, that as soon as success crowns the efforts of men who are honest in their struggles for what they deem just principles, hordes of adventurers flock to one standard, and the very objects for which honest men contended and succeeded, are at once destroyed by a will clamor for attention and distinction by these new recruits. How is it now in Pennsylvania, and to be local in my question, how is it in Centre county? I am not the only Democrat who has valid reasons for opposing Pennsylvania bogus Democracy, and while I express that opposition frankly, and humbly, to through the medium of the press, thousands will do so through the silent channels of the mighty ballot box, and the result will be an overwhelming defeat to those who wish again to plunge their hands into the treasury. I oppose the present leaders of Democracy because I consider them dangerous men, whenever placed in positions of trust—and while I have nothing as hard to utter against the private character of William F. Paeker as has been placed by his "near and dear relations," I would consider his election as the inauguration of a band of men far worse than those who pillaged the State when the misguided Ritten placed himself in the hands of Chandler and Burrows. Indeed it could not be otherwise, because both Chandler and Burrows, the leading spirits of Ritten, are now the Leucaster and the Philadelphia supporters of Paeker. There is more truth in this than your readers will at first be willing to admit, but if it is not true, there is time for its contradiction before the election. "In the history of all the public men of Pennsylvania, no finer contrast can be exhibited than that presented between David Wilmot and William F. Paeker. The former I know personally fifteen years since, as a bold and frank man—as the champion of freedom in the midst of the most bitter opposition—as the political orator who was never defeated—as a man who presents an unblemished record—and as a man who would scorn to insult a foe or desert a friend. The contrast is presented in Paeker's own record, and in the fact that he never held a position directly from the people or by appointment, upon the expiration of

MARRIED.

On the 1st inst., by Henry Lokes, Esq., Mr. Abner W. Shaw, of St. Clair tp., to Miss Rachel Sparks, of Hopewell tp. On the 4th inst., by the same, Mr. Daniel Christianman, of St. Clair tp., to Miss Hannah Zitz, of Union tp. On the 12th ult., by P. F. Schuman, Esq., Mr. Franklin Lewis to Miss Phebe Ellen daughter of Mr. Abraham W. Shroyer, all of Bedford county. On the 20th ult., near Piramontville, by the Rev. N. E. Gills, Mr. Tobias Feather, to Miss Catherine Wilson, both of Bedford County. On the 16th ult., by H. Nicodemus, Esq., Mr. John DeGibart, of Bedford Borough, to Miss Hannah Davis, of Cumberland Valley Tp. At Charlesville, Pa., on the 13th ult., by the Rev. C. E. Hoffman, Mr. Josiah Nye, to Miss Julia Diehl, of the above place.

A Great Arrival of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The undersigned has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and is now exhibiting at

ATTENTION RIFLEMEN!

You are hereby ordered to parade at your usual place of training, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of October, at 8 o'clock, A. M., in full winter uniform, with plug nose and pom-pom, and 12 rounds of cartridge, for TWO DAYS' PARADE. It is earnestly requested that each member will appear on parade with his arms, buttons and accoutrements clean and in good order. Other companies are expected to be with us on the occasion, and a full turn out is desired. By order of the Captain, W. M. RITCHIE, O. S. Oct. 2, 1857.

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Celebrated Female Pills. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is an infallible cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on. TO MARRIED LADIES It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity. Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits. CAUTION These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain Iron, Colicium, antimony, or anything harmful to the constitution. Full directions accompany each package. Sole Agents for the United States and Canada J. B. MOSES, (late I. C. Bulfinch & Co.) Rochester, N. Y. N. B.—\$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail. For sale by Dr. B. P. Barry, Oct. 9, 1857.

which it did not require a committee to inquire into some dereliction of duty while in office. For these reasons, and they are only a moiety of what could be adduced, I am opposed to Paeker and the present Democratic party. WAIN FORNEY. Bellefonte, Sept. 22, 1857.

HERMAN'S TINKWARE can't be beat. His shop is a few doors West of the old Globe Hotel. He is an old and good mechanic, and makes all his work himself, and sells cheaper than anybody else. All who want tinkare will save money by calling on him. He follows no other business and pays all his attention to making and selling good, substantial, and cheap work. May 22, 1857.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair.—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance.—It causes Gentleman's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed. FETTRIDGE & CO., Proprietors of the "WOODLAND CREAM" of a Thousand Flavors. For sale by all Druggists. 127 Prince.

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You are hereby ordered to parade at your usual place of training, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of October, at 8 o'clock, A. M., in full winter uniform, with plug nose and pom-pom, and 12 rounds of cartridge, for TWO DAYS' PARADE. It is earnestly requested that each member will appear on parade with his arms, buttons and accoutrements clean and in good order. Other companies are expected to be with us on the occasion, and a full turn out is desired. By order of the Captain, W. M. RITCHIE, O. S. Oct. 2, 1857.

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Celebrated Female Pills. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is an infallible cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on. TO MARRIED LADIES It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity. Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits. CAUTION These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain Iron, Colicium, antimony, or anything harmful to the constitution. Full directions accompany each package. Sole Agents for the United States and Canada J. B. MOSES, (late I. C. Bulfinch & Co.) Rochester, N. Y. N. B.—\$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail. For sale by Dr. B. P. Barry, Oct. 9, 1857.