

THE NEW LICENSE BILL.

The following bill has passed through all the necessary stages of legislation, received the sanction of the Governor of this State, and is now a law:

An Act to regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be unlawful to keep and maintain any house, room or place where vicious, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof, are sold or drunk, except as hereinafter provided.

Section 2. That no license hereafter issued to any vendors of vicious, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixtures thereof, either with or without other goods, wares and merchandise, shall authorize the sale of said liquors or any admixtures thereof in less quantities than one gallon, except as hereinafter provided; nor shall any license for the said sales in any quantity be granted to the keeper of any beer house, theatre or other places of amusement.

Section 3. That breweries and distilleries in all parts of the State shall be returned, assessed and licensed agreeably to the provisions of the act of tenth of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, entitled An Act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth; and the owner, proprietor, or lessee of any and each of the said breweries and distilleries shall be assessed and required to pay annually, before obtaining a license, double the rate of taxes assessed agreeably to said act: Provided, That this shall not in any case be less than fifty dollars, nor shall such licenses authorize sales by them of less than five gallons, except malt and brewed liquors, which may be bottled and delivered in quantities not less than one dozen bottles.

Section 4. That the provisions of this act shall not apply to importers selling imported wines, brandy, liquors, or ardent spirits in the original base, corked package, or vessel, as imported, and said importers shall be returned, assessed and licensed, as provided by act to provide revenue to meet the demands on the Treasury, and for other purposes, passed the fourth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, upon the payment of double the additional rate or tax in the tenth section of said act mentioned.

Section 5. That the provisions of this act shall not extend to druggists and apothecaries, who shall sell unadmixed alcohol or compound or any admixtures of wine, also, lob, spirituous or brewed liquors, in the preparation of medicines, or upon the written prescription of a regular practicing physician: Provided, That no druggist or apothecary shall sell or keep for sale, under any name or pretence, any preparation or admixture as aforesaid, that may be used as a beverage; and any violation of this section shall be punished in the manner prescribed in the twenty eighth section of this act.

Section 6. That licenses to vendors of vicious, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors as aforesaid, either with or without other goods, wares and merchandise, in quantities not less than one gallon to keepers of hotels, inns and taverns, selling in quantities less than a gallon, and to the keepers of eating houses for the sale of malt and brewed liquors and domestic wine, shall only be granted to citizens of the United States, of temperate habits and good moral character, and not until the requirements as hereinafter provided, shall have been complied with.

Section 7. That licenses for sales of liquors as herein provided, shall be granted by the Court of Quarter Sessions of the proper county, except Philadelphia and Allegheny, at their first or second session in each year, and shall fix by rule or standing order a time at which application for said licenses shall be heard, at which time all persons applying or making objections to applications for licenses may be heard by evidence, petition, remonstrance or counsel: Provided, That for the present year licenses as aforesaid may be granted at the third or any earlier session of said courts.

Section 8. That every person intending to apply for license in any city or county of this Commonwealth, from and after the passage of this act, shall file with the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, of the proper county, his, her or their petition at least three weeks before presenting the same in Court or to the Board of Licenses, as the case may be, and shall at the same time pay said clerk twenty-five cents for publishing notice thereof, and said clerk shall cause to be published three times in two of the newspapers of the proper city or county a list containing the names of all such applicants, their respective residences and kinds of license. If not more than one newspaper be published in any city or county, then said publication in it shall be sufficient, but if no newspaper be printed in any city or county, then the publication shall be by printed handbills in such manner as the Court may prescribe, and whether by handbills or advertisement the first publication shall be at least 10 secular days before the time fixed by the courts aforesaid, and in the case of hotels, inns, or taverns and eating houses, the petition shall embrace a certificate signed by at least

twenty reputable citizens of the ward, borough or township in which such hotel, inn or tavern is proposed to be kept, or if any borough or township, by six such citizens availing forth that the same is necessary to accommodate the public, and entertain strangers or travelers, and that such person is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room as hereinafter prescribed, and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers: Provided, That if there shall not be sufficient time between the passage of this act and the next session of the said court thereafter in any county to file petition, and make publication as aforesaid, the said court shall order a special or adjourned session at an early day at which licenses may be granted.

Section 10. That before any license for the sale of liquors under the provisions of this act shall be granted, such person applying for the same, shall give a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with two sufficient sureties, in the sum of one thousand dollars, where the license shall be above the seventh class, and in five hundred dollars for all in and below that class, conditional for the faithful observance of all the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the business of the principle obligor, and a warrant of attorney to confess judgment which bond and warrant shall be approved by the said court and be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Quarter Session of the proper county and whenever a judgment for any forfeiture or fine has been recovered or conviction had for any violation of the provisions of this act, or of any other law for the observance of which said bond shall be conditioned, it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county, to enter up judgment and institute suit thereon, and there upon the same proceedings shall be had, and with the like effect, and with the same costs as now provided by law in the case of forfeited bonds and recognizances in the several counties of this Commonwealth. The bond to be given by the keepers of eating houses as aforesaid, shall in all cases be in the sum of five hundred dollars.

Section 11. That it shall not be lawful for the clerk of said court to issue any license as aforesaid until the applicant shall have filed the certificate of the city or county treasurer that the license fee has been paid.

Section 12. That the vendors of vicious, malt or distilled liquors, either with or without other goods, wares or commodities, except as hereinafter provided, shall be classified and rated as prescribed in an act to provide revenue to meet the demands on the Treasury and for other purposes, passed the fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and shall pay double the additional rate or tax in the tenth section of said act mentioned.

Section 13. That all hotels, inns and taverns shall be classified and rated according to the estimated yearly rental of the house and property intended to be occupied for said purpose at follows, to wit: All cases where the valuation of the yearly rental of the house and property shall be ten thousand dollars or more, shall constitute the first class, and pay one thousand dollars; where the valuation of the yearly rental shall be eight thousand dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars, the second class and shall pay eight hundred dollars; where the valuation of the rental shall be six thousand dollars and not more than eight thousand dollars, the third class, and shall pay six hundred dollars; where the valuation of the rental shall be four thousand dollars and not more than six thousand dollars, the fourth class, and shall pay four hundred dollars; where the valuation of rental shall be two thousand dollars, and not more than four thousand dollars, the fifth class and shall pay three hundred dollars; where the valuation of rental shall be one thousand dollars and not more than two thousand dollars, the sixth class, and shall pay one hundred and fifty dollars; where the valuation shall be five hundred dollars and not more than one thousand dollars the seventh class, and shall pay one hundred dollars; where the valuation of the rental shall be three hundred dollars and not more than five hundred dollars, the eighth class, and shall pay fifty dollars, and where the valuation of the rental shall be under three hundred dollars, the ninth class, and shall pay twenty five dollars. Provided, That in the cities of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh no licenses granted under the twelfth and thirteenth sections of this act shall be for a less sum than seventy-five dollars, nor in other cities, towns or boroughs containing over two hundred taxables, less than fifty dollars.

Section 14. That no license shall be granted for the keeping of eating houses, except where they may be necessary for the accommodation of the public and travelers and shall only authorize the sale of domestic wines, malt and brewed liquors, and all persons so licensed shall be classified and rated according to the provisions of the twenty-second and twenty-third sections of an act, to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth, approved the tenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and shall pay double the rates required to be paid by said act: Provided, That no such license shall be granted in the cities

of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh for a less sum than fifty dollars; nor in other parts of the State for a less sum than twenty dollars.

Section 15. That all persons applying for license and classified under the thirteenth section of this act, shall be assessed and returned as provided in the sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections of an act relating to inns, taverns and retailers of vicious and spirituous liquors, passed the twentieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and those classified under the twelfth and fourteenth sections of this act shall be assessed and returned by the persons and in the manner provided by law in the several counties of this State for the appraisal of mercantile taxes: Provided, That in the city of Philadelphia and county of Allegheny said assessments and returns shall be made by the board of licenses, as hereinafter prescribed: And provided, That where an applicant has not and cannot in due course of law procure his assessment rating and classification, before his application for license during the present year, the proper court may, on inquiry, fix the amount of his license, except in the city of Philadelphia and the county of Allegheny.

Section 16. That for the purpose of granting licenses to parties enumerated under the sixth section of this act, in the city and county of Allegheny, the Judge of the District Court in and for the said county respectively shall, immediately after the passage of this act, appoint three temperate and reputable persons, citizens of said counties, and in no manner interested in or connected with the liquor business, who shall constitute a Board of Licenses for their respective counties, and the persons so appointed shall meet at the District Court room on the Monday next following their appointment, and shall make oath or affirmation, before one of the Judges of said Courts to discharge their duties faithfully and impartially, and shall then and there in the presence of said judge divide themselves into three classes by agreement or lot with a term of one, two and three years respectively from the first Monday of February last and annually thereafter in the month of January the said courts shall respectively appoint one person of like qualifications to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of any term of service as the same shall occur, and to serve for a period of three years, and any vacancy in said board from death, resignation, or otherwise, shall be supplied by said courts respectively for the unexpired term thereof.

Section 17. That immediately after being qualified, as aforesaid, and annually thereafter before the first day of April the said board shall give due notice, by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in their respective counties, of the time and place of their meeting, when and where, and from time to time, as may be necessary, the said board shall proceed to apportion among the wards of said city of Philadelphia, and wards, townships, and boroughs within the county of Allegheny, the hotels, inns, and taverns and eating houses to which said city and county may be entitled under the provisions of this act, and against said application and to grant licenses for which purpose they shall inquire into the moral character and sobriety of the applicant, and ascertain the locality, commodiousness, and extent of the houses and property proposed to be occupied for the purpose mentioned in the petition, and whether the said license shall be required for the accommodation of the public, and the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the said counties shall produce before said respective board of licenses the applications filed in their offices with proof of publication of notice as aforesaid, and shall, as a majority of the said board shall determine, mark on said applications 'granted' or 'refused,' and the said board shall at the same time decide upon the sufficiency of the sureties in the applicant's bond, upon justification or proof, for which purpose and in the discharge of their other duties the said board shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations with the effect, as if taken in a judicial proceeding in Court.

Section 18. That whenever any license as aforesaid shall be granted by said board, they shall agreeably to the provisions of the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections of this act, and according to the classifications therein contained, estimate and ascertain the annual sales of said vendors and of said keepers of eating houses, and the yearly rental or valuation of the house and property occupied, or intended to be occupied as a hotel, inn or tavern, and shall decide upon the rated price to be paid for said licenses for one year according to said classification. The petitions and bonds in all cases where the application may be granted by said board, shall be returned to the said clerk of the court, and licenses therefor be issued by him at any time after five days from the date of said return, unless an appeal be taken, as hereinafter provided, from the decision of said board, upon any apportionment, classification, or petition as aforesaid, in which case at such time, and in such manner as may be fixed by rule of Court, the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall forthwith proceed to consider and determine upon said appeals, and in the event of any apportionment or classification being set aside the said board shall proceed to correct the same according to the order of the said

Court, and if an appeal from any license shall be sustained, they shall return from the applications already made such as may be most meritorious, subject, however, to appeal in like manner, and so from time to time as may be necessary.

Section 19. That appeals from any apportionment, classification, or grant of license by said board, may be taken to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the proper county. Provided, That the exceptions thereto shall be in writing and sustained by oath or affirmation, and shall be filed in said clerk's office within five days after the return, but no appeal shall be taken to any apportionment as aforesaid, unless the exceptions thereto shall be signed by at least twelve citizens of the ward or township, or borough affected thereby. And if exceptions to the granting of any license as aforesaid shall be sustained by said court, the decision of said court, the decision of said court shall state upon which of said exceptions the license may be refused, and shall be endorsed upon the petition and returned by the clerk of said court to the board of licenses.

Section 20. That after the lapse of five days, as aforesaid, or as said appeals shall be determined by the court, the said clerk shall make out and issue to the proper persons said licenses, which shall run for one year from the first day of May, but no license shall be issued unless the applicant shall have paid the following fees, to wit: To the clerk of said court, for publication of notice and petitions, and for all other services, one dollar; and for all the services of the board of licenses one dollar, which latter amount shall be accounted for, and paid over weekly, to the respective treasurers of said city or county, to defray the necessary expenses incurred by said board for advertising, stationery and otherwise. Each member of said board of licenses shall receive five dollars for each day necessarily occupied by him in the discharge of his duties. Provided, That it shall not exceed, in any one year, the sum of five hundred dollars, and shall be paid upon warrants on the State Treasurer, drawn by the Auditor General, in favor of the parties entitled to the same.

Section 21. That if any person shall give, bestow, or promise any money, reward, office or anything of value to any member of said board of licenses for the purpose of inducing his action in granting any such license, or if any member of said board shall accept the same for his vote or influence therein, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and suffer imprisonment not less than one month nor more than three months.

Section 22. That every person licensed to sell spirituous, vicious, malt or brewed liquors under this act, shall frame his license under a glass, and place the same so that it may at all times be conspicuous in his chief place of making sales, and no such license shall authorize sales by any person who shall neglect this requirement.

Section 23. That the Commissioners of the several counties and Board of Licenses shall furnish a certified list of all persons so appraised, with the classification as made out and finally determined upon, to the treasurers of their respective counties, or of the city of Philadelphia, as the case may be, who shall, within twenty days thereafter, transmit to the Auditor General a copy of such list, and shall receive and collect the sums to be paid for said licenses in the manner directed by law, with any fees payable thereon.

Section 24. That it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to charge the said city or county treasurers, as the case may be, with the amount payable by the several persons in said lists, from the payment of any part of which amount said Treasurers shall only be exonerated by producing satisfactory evidence to the Department that the party or parties so returned failed to obtain a license as aforesaid.

Section 25. That it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to return to the legislature annually, in the month of January, a statement, arranged in a tabular form, of the number and classification and license rates of all importers, brewers and distillers, keepers of hotels, inns or taverns, eating houses, and vendors of vicious, spirituous and malt or brewed liquors, either with or without other goods, wares, or merchandise, designating each county separately.

Section 26. That where any license may be granted as aforesaid under the classifications of the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections of this act, it shall not be transferable, nor shall it confer the right to sell liquors as aforesaid in any other house, building or place than the one mentioned and described in the license, nor shall the bar or any apartment so called or used be underlet, but if the party so licensed shall die, remove or cease to keep said hotel, inn, tavern, eating house or store, the said court or board of licenses may grant a license for the remainder of the year, at any term of the court, to his or her successor, who shall comply with the law in other respects except so far as relates to publishing of notice.

Section 27. That the number of licenses so granted to keepers of hotels, inns or taverns, in the aggregate, shall not exceed in the cities one to every hundred taxables, nor in the several counties of the State one

to every hundred and fifty taxables, the number of said taxables to be taken from the returns of the preceding year, and it shall be the duties of the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, (the city of Philadelphia and county of Allegheny excepted, where the board of licenses shall perform such duties) immediately after the passage of this act to apportion the aggregate number of hotels, inns or taverns so to be licensed under the provisions hereof, among the cities, boroughs, towns and townships of their respective counties, which apportionment shall be made with reference to the convenience of the public, and the accommodation of strangers, travelers and sojourners; and the said court may from time to time, as occasion may arise, alter, enlarge and change such apportionment. Provided, That the number of licenses to keepers of eating houses shall not exceed, in any city or county, one fourth of the number of licenses for hotels, inns and taverns to which the said city or county may be entitled.

Section 28. That any sale made of vicious, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixtures thereof, contrary to the provisions of this law, shall be taken to be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction of the offence in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of any city or county, the person so offending shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars with the costs of prosecution, and to stand committed until the sentence of the court is complied with, not exceeding thirty days, and upon a second or any subsequent conviction on the party so offending shall in addition to the payment of a fine as aforesaid, undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not less than one month nor more than three months, and if licensed shall forfeit said license and be incapacitated from receiving any license as aforesaid, for the period of five years thereafter; and any keeper of any drug or apothecary store, confectionary, or mineral, or other fountain, who shall sell any spirituous, vicious, malt or brewed liquors, mixed or pure, to be used as a beverage, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to conviction and punishment as aforesaid.

Section 29. That any person who shall be found intoxicated in any street, highway, public house, or public place, shall be fined in view of, or upon proof made before any Mayor, Alderman, or Justice of the Peace, not exceeding five dollars, to be levied with proper costs, upon the goods and chattels of the defendant.

Section 30. That any person who shall sell spirituous or other intoxicating liquors, as aforesaid, to any person who shall drink the same on the premises where sold, and become thereby intoxicated, shall, besides his liability to damages under any existing law, be fined five dollars for every such offence, to be recovered in debt before any alderman or justice of the peace, by any wife, husband, parent, child, relative or guardian of the person so injured, and levied upon the goods and chattels of the defendant without exemption. Provided, That suits shall not be instituted after twenty days from the commission of the offence in this and the preceding section.

Section 31. That it shall be the duty of the court mayor alderman or justice of the peace before whom any fine or penalty shall be recovered, to award to the informer or prosecutor, or both, a reasonable share thereof for time and trouble, but not in any case exceeding one third, and the residue as well as the proceeds of all forfeited bonds as aforesaid, shall be paid to the directors of the Public Schools of the proper district, except in the city of Philadelphia, where they shall be paid to the city treasurer to be applied for school purposes; and nothing herein contained shall prevent any such informer or prosecutor from becoming a witness in any such case.

Section 32. That no person pursuing exclusively the business of bottler of cider, port, ale, porter or beer, and not at the same time following or engaging in any way in the business of keeping any hotel, inn or tavern, restaurant, oyster house or cellar or place of entertainment, amusement or refreshment shall be required to take out a license under the provisions of this law. Provided, That such persons shall not sell or deliver said cider, port, ale, porter or beer, in less quantities than a dozen bottles at one time, nor permit any of said liquors to be drunk upon the premises occupied in said business and any violation of this section shall be punishable as in manner provided in the twenty-eighth section of this act. And provided further— That producers and manufacturers of domestic wines and cider may sell and deliver the same by any measures not less than five gallons, and in any quantity not less than one dozen bottles without license therefor.

Section 33. That the constables of the respective wards and townships shall make return of retailers of liquors as now provided by law, and in addition thereto it shall be the duty of every constable at each term of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties to make return on oath or affirmation, whether within his knowledge, there is any place within his bailiwick kept and maintained in violation of this act, and it shall be the duty of the judges of all said courts to see that this return is faithfully made, and if any person shall make known in writing, with his or her name subscribed thereto, to such constable the name or names

of any one who shall have violated this act with the names of the witnesses who can prove the fact, it shall be his duty to make return thereon on oath or affirmation to the Court, and upon his refusal to do so he shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and upon indictment and conviction shall pay a fine of five dollars and be subject to imprisonment at the discretion of the Court of not less than ten nor more than thirty days.

Section 34. That if any person engaged in the sale or manufacture of intoxicating liquors as aforesaid, shall employ or permit an incompetent person in any way to assist in such manufacture or sale, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and any person so offending shall be liable to conviction and punishment as provided in the twenty-eighth section of this act.

Section 35. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to impair or alter the provisions of an act approved the twenty-sixth of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled 'An Act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday,' nor of the act of the eighth of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, entitled 'An Act to protect certain domestics and private rights, and prevent abuses in the use and sale of intoxicating drinks,' and the same are hereby declared to be in full force and effect. Provided, however, That the act entitled 'An Act to restrain the sale of intoxicating liquors,' approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and all other laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed. Provided also, That any license heretofore granted shall not be hereby invalidated.

PUBLIC SALE OF 1700 ACRES OF Valuable Broad Top Coal and IRON ORE LAND, AND ONE HUNDRED TOWN LOTS IN THE TOWN OF COALMONT.

A PUBLIC ACTION WILL be held at Coalmont, Huntingdon Co. Pa., on the Huntingdon and Broad-Top Railroad, on

WEDNESDAY 15TH DAY OF APRIL, next, when and where the following Lands will be sold:

LANDS IN TOD TP., HUNTINGDON CO. One hundred choice building Lots in the town of Coalmont, each 120 feet.

A valuable tract of Coal Land, situated on the Forks of Sharp's Run, adjoining Coalmont, containing about 350 acres, more or less. It is composed of five surveys, part of Benjamin Fox, Nathan Loxton, J. S. Steyer, Evans & Hamilton, Evans, Hamilton and Anderson. It has five coal openings. It is the first coal land reached by the railroad, and is only 27 miles from the Pennsylvania Rail Road at Huntingdon.

A tract of Coal Land situated on Trough Creek and Sharp's Run, near Broad Top city, adjoining lands of Jesse Cook, John McCauley, and Broadtop Improvement Company, known as the "Roads Tract," containing about 100 acres, more or less.

A tract of Coal Land, situated on Trough Creek, adjoining lands of Broadtop Improvement Company, J. L. Anderson, Hunt's heirs, and others, known as the "Shoemaker Tract," containing 47 acres, with allowance.

This tract can be mined 50 the eastern slope of Broadtop.

LANDS IN BROADTOP TP., BEDFORD CO. A tract of Coal and Ore Land, situated on 6 mile Run, near railroad, adjoining lands of Curtis's heirs, J. L. Anderson, Thomas J. Harton, and Septimus Foster, known as the "Indian Run Tract," containing about 17 acres, more or less.

A tract of Coal and Iron Ore Land, surveyed by E. Foster and W. P. Scheel, situated on Sandy Run, about three miles from Hopewell, adjoining lands of John N. Lewis, heirs, Richard D. Wood, and John Devereux, containing 290 acres with allowance.

A small tract of Coal Land, near the above tract, adjoining lands of Samuel Pleasant and Jacob Smith, containing about 15 acres.

LANDS IN WELLS TP., FULTON CO. A tract of Coal and Ore Land, in name of William Gray, on Rays Hill, adjoining lands of the Broadtop Improvement Company, and James Patton, containing 55 acres.

A tract of Ore and Timber Land, in the name of Abraham Wright, adjoining the above tract, partly on Rays Hill, and partly in Ground Hog Valley, about 5 miles from Hopewell, containing 242 acres.

All the above tracts of Coal and Ore Land are supposed to contain the famous "Cork Vein."

They will be sold according to net measurement. For more particular information apply to Levi Evans, Esq., Coalmont, Wm. Foster, Broadtop, and Thomas W. Horton, Esq., Hopewell.

The subscriber will be at Coalmont for two days previous to the day of sale, and will exhibit a connected draft of the whole Broadtop coal field, and separate drafts of the tracts offered for sale.

All tracts and lots remaining unsold (if any) on the day of sale, will be offered at private sale on the day following.

Terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale.

The passenger train leaves Huntingdon for Coalmont daily, at 8 a. m. & 2 p. m.—returning at 12 m. and 4 p. m.

WM. F. SCHEEL, Office, C. V. M. P. Co., Feb. 28, 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of the Company have this day levied an assessment of 5 per cent. on all premium notes belonging to the Company and in force on the sixth day of February, 1856, except on original applications approved from Nov. 29, 1854 till the said sixth day of February, on which there is assessed 3 per cent. And on all premium notes expiring between said dates, and not renewed, 3 per cent. The members of this Company are hereby required to pay their several amounts so assessed to the Treasurer or authorized receiver of this Board within thirty days of the publication of this notice.

Attorney—JOHN T. GREEN. March 28, 1856.—31.

Clothing and Dry Goods Store.

THE subscribers are just receiving a new and handsome and cheap assortment of **DIY MADE CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS**, their store in the East Corner of Bedford Street, consisting in part of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Suits, Stockings, Handkerchiefs, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and all other articles usually kept in Ready Made Clothing Stores.

Also a good assortment of **DRY GOODS**, consisting of Calico, Muscades, Laines, Shawls, Alpaca, Franks, Carpet, Socks, &c. &c. all of which they will sell as cheap as any other store in Bedford, for Cash or Country Produce.

They request all their friends in town and country to call on them, and see and examine their stock for themselves, as they consider it a pleasure to show their goods, and better persons wish to purchase, &c.

S. V. NABORN & CO. Bedford, April 29, 1856.

Executory Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, under the will of John Smith, late of Bedford Township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present the same properly authenticated for settlement.

PETER SMITH, of Union Tp., JOHN AKE, of St. Clair Tp., March 21, 1856. Executors.

Notice to Trespassers!

HEREBY warn any persons from hunting, fishing or otherwise trespassing on my premises, as I am determined to enforce the law against all without respect to persons, so offending.

The subscriber has a special grant for his dam. HIRAM F. ROHM, Colerain Tp., Feb. 29, 1856.—c.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

It is absolutely necessary that the county of Bedford should have money. She owes the late Treasurer \$1450 87. The Commissioners are determined that they will not increase the taxes as long as they can avoid it; they are equally determined that the Collectors shall pay up. Writs of execution will be issued at once against all delinquent collectors of 1854 and previous years, for balances remaining after the 15th of March next, and on the collectors of 1855 just as soon as their 15 months have expired. By order of the commissioners, D. OVER, Treasurer. Feb. 29, 1856.

NEED MONEY.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between J. W. Foster and J. W. Wilson, in the firm of J. W. Foster & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled up by Wm. Weiser, who is authorized to collect all accounts, &c., and pay the debts of the firm.

WM. WEISER, JOHN FOSTER, Dec. 14, 1855.—541

SETTLE UP.

THE subscriber, having disposed of his Store in Bedford, is desirous of clearing up his books. All persons indebted to him are requested to settle up immediately. His books will be in the hands of Mr. J. M. Schenck, till the first of July next.

He is thankful to his friends for the very generous support they have afforded him since his commencement in this place and cordially recommends Mr. J. M. Schenck, as being a man of good business habits, of strict integrity and integrity, and who will not fail to give general satisfaction to all customers and the public.

ELIAS W. FISHER, March 14, 1856.—31.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

Collectors of the Poor Taxes are notified that Executory writs will be issued at once against all delinquent collectors of '54 and previous years, for balances remaining after the 15th of March next, and on the collectors of 1855 just as soon as their 15 months have expired. By order of the Directors, GEO. W. BLYMIRE, Treasurer. Feb. 29, 1856.

LOOK UP AND SAVE COSTS.

THE Books and Notes of Peter Radelshagen, are set in my hands for collection. Persons indebted to him are notified to settle up their costs will be added to them.

SAMUEL RADEBAUGH, March 14, 1856.—47.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Daniel W. Blackburn, late of St. Clair Township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are noted to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against it are requested to make known the same without delay to the subscriber living at Pleasantville in St. Clair Township.

SAMUEL BLACKBURN, Feb. 29, 1856.—47.

PUBLIC SALE.

OF a School House in Napier Township near Andrew Hornes and others. To be sold at Public Sale or outcry on Saturday the 22d day of March next, the third of the proceeds of the money in hand at the conclusion of the Sale, one third in six months, and the remaining one third in one year.

By order of the School Directors, J. W. HULL, C. WHETSTONE, WM. ROCK, HENRY ALBAUGH, P. KINSEY, J. R. MOWAT, March 7, 1856.

IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS!

WOODWARD'S Improved Smit and Seren- ing Machines, Mill Saws, Bolting Cloths and Brass Taps, the most improved plan of MBI Saws, Corn and Cob Grinders, Flour Briddles for Mill Spindles, Portable Mills, warranted to grind ten bushels per hour, Mills and Mill Burrs made to order. Also, Stover's Patent Corn Mills and Grain Drives, a valuable invention. The above articles are kept constantly on hand, and can be obtained at any time from S. D. BROAD, at Schellburg, Bedford County, who is also agent for Bedford, Somerset, and adjoining counties. Mill work done at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. February 18, 1856.

McCORMICK'S Reaper and Mower for sale by S. D. BROAD at Schellburg, Pa., agent for Blair and Bedford counties. February 15, 1856.

Administrators Notice. LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, living in South Woodberry Township, on the Estate of Henry Dietrich, late of said Township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement. DAVID C. LONG, Adm'r. March 28.