

KIDNAPERS REMOVED TO PENNSYLVANIA

James H. Boyle and Companion Waive Extradition.

CROWD HOOTED AND JEERED

Will Use Blackmail Indictment if Parties Are Not Convicted for Sharon Offense.

Cleveland.—With hoots and jeers ringing in their ears, James H. Boyle and his wife, arrested here as the kidnapers of little Willie Whittle, of Sharon, Pa., were escorted by police to an Erie train, just before it left for Mercer, Pa.

This practically closes the case, so far as Cleveland is concerned, as further action will be taken by the Pennsylvania authorities. However, the Cleveland police have a club over the heads of the Boyles in a joint indictment returned, charging James H. Boyle and Helene Boyle, alias Faulkner, with blackmail. This charge is based on the payment of \$10,000 ransom by J. P. Whittle for the recovery of his son, Willie. This indictment will be used by the local officials in the event that the case in Pennsylvania fails of conviction.

Sheriff William Chass, of Mercer county, Pa., and Chief of Police Crane, of Sharon, arrived and immediately began proceedings for the return of the prisoners. The Cuyahoga county officials waived their rights to the Boyles and the latter informed Chief Kohler that they would not fight extradition to the Keystone State.

Instead of taking the prisoners to Mercer, Pa., they were lodged in the Allegheny county jail until the Mercer county authorities shall want them.

CLAIMS \$15,000 REWARD

Man Who Tipped Police Off to Kidnapers After Pennsylvania's Offer.

Cleveland.—Patrick O'Reilly, proprietor of the Ontario street saloon in which James H. Boyle and his woman companion concealed themselves after their arrest, has offered a \$15,000 reward for information which led to their capture, prepared affidavits claiming the \$15,000 reward offered by the State of Pennsylvania. The affidavits will be sent to Harrisburg.

It was O'Reilly who drew from Boyle and the woman arrested later with the plumber, the story of their desire to get out of Cleveland without being seen by police. O'Reilly, who had known Boyle for six years, was surprised to note Boyle's ready spending of money and drew him into telling much that roused O'Reilly's suspicions. The saloonkeeper informed Police Captain Shattuck, who with Detective Wood, made the arrests in O'Reilly's saloon.

The police have given O'Reilly credit for the capture. He it was who made possible identification of the prisoner who was identified speedily by Willie Whittle as "Jonesy" the kidnaper.

WHITLA GETS BACK RANSOM

Money Paid for the Release of Little Son Now Safe in Sharon Bank.

Sharon, Pa.—Guarded by several private detectives in plain clothes, James P. Whittle, father of the abducted lad for whose ransom \$10,000 was paid, returned home March 25, bringing with him the money which was recovered when James Boyle and his wife were arrested in Cleveland. The package of bills, still marked as they were said to have been when paid to the abductors by Mr. Whittle, were taken to the safety deposit department of the Sharon Savings and Trust Company which kept its doors open until Mr. Whittle reached here about 9 o'clock at night. The money was carefully placed in a safety deposit box to remain till it may be needed as evidence in the kidnaping trial.

MAY BE CHICAGO WOMAN

Relative Identifies Mrs. Boyle in Cleveland.

Cleveland, O.—That the woman identified by Willie Whittle as one of his kidnapers is Anna McDermott, of Chicago, was decreed by a man who says he is her uncle, a wealthy real estate owner of this city. This man saw the mysterious prisoner known as the wife of James H. Boyle of Sharon, whom Willie declared carried him away from the Sharon school house. He visited the police station and unknown to the woman watched her and heard her voice. "She is the daughter of my half sister," he told the police.

WAGES CUT TO 1905 BASIS

Bethlehem, Pa.—The companies operating the iron furnace in the Lehigh valley have decided to reduce wages of furnace men 10 per cent. This reduction will apply to 3,000 or 4,000 workers. The date of the reduction will probably vary with the different companies. The proposed reduction will put wages back to the level of 1905.

TWIN CITIES TO WED

Minnesota Lower House Passes Bill for Consolidation.

St. Paul, Minn.—Representatives Kneeland, as joint authors, presented a bill in the house of representatives to consolidate St. Paul and Minneapolis. The bill provides for appointment of a joint committee to draw up a bill to be presented to the 1911 legislature. The bill was passed under a suspension of the rules.

BATTLE WITH INDIANS

Three Bite the Dust and Die, While Two Survivors of the Posse Are Saved by Flight.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—In a pitched battle at Hickory Ground between a posse of five officers and twenty Creek Indians of the Snake clan, Officers Edward Baum of Checotah, Herman Odum of Checotah and Frank Swift of Muskogee, were killed. Frank Jones and William Carr, other members of the posse, escaped with injury and fled to the settlement, where the news of the battle was telephoned to Sheriff Odum.

Governor Haskell has called out the State troops. The men had been sent to serve a warrant on the Indian chief, charging him with inciting the Indians and negroes to insurrection. This was done in the hope that the arrest would prevent any hostile action on the part of the Indians.

When the men approached the chief's cabin about 6 o'clock, twenty guns were leveled at them and two officers fell dead when the first volley was fired. The others retreated. Swift was wounded in the second volley. Deputy Sheriff Carr and Frank Jones escaped but went to Pierce, a station a mile from Hickory Ground, and telephoned Checotah. Deputy Sheriff Ransome and Patty of McIntosh county, recruited a posse and with twenty-one deputies started toward Hickory Ground. Fifty men have joined the posse at Muskogee. Men are coming from all parts of the surrounding counties. Further fighting occurred later and it is reported that three other deputies were killed. Their names have not been learned.

It is said that Crier Crazy Snake has called on his men to arm themselves and fight. There are more than two hundred Indians besides negroes in the Hickory Ground settlement. The place is one of the wildest in Oklahoma.

Five companies of State militia, under command of Colonel Roy Hoffman, marched against the redskins. Crazy Snake is personally leading the band, which is entrenched in the Hickory hills, seven miles from Henryetta.

COAL OPERATORS DISAGREE

Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania Owners Battle Over Shipping Rates.

Cleveland.—Coal operators of Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania failed to agree on a schedule for the equalization of shipping rates to lake ports for the three States in a meeting here.

Ohio and Pennsylvania operators held out for an advance in the differential. West Virginia operators opposed the plan. Accusations that many West Virginia mines were operated by railroads and that independent mine owners had secret shipping agreements were made.

But one more attempt will be made by the operators to agree on the rates. A meeting will be held in New York. If an agreement is not reached then, the matter will be put into the hands of the interstate commerce commission for adjustment.

WAR CLOUDS DISPELLED

Servian Press Says Action Will Be Everlasting Disgrace to Nation.

Vienna.—A complete agreement has been reached by the powers with regard to the steps to be taken at Belgrade on the basis of the proposals made by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, to Baron von Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, for the settlement of the difficulty between Austria and Servia.

Belgrade.—The Servian newspapers acknowledge that Servia has failed in the negotiations against the action of Austria-Hungary, and accuse M. Iswolsky, the Russian foreign minister, of treachery. They declare that the action of Russia in acknowledging the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria is only a misfortune for Servia, but an everlasting disgrace for mighty Russia.

VATICAN GALLERY OPENED

Rome.—The pope inaugurated a new vatican picture gallery on the ground floor of the palace, near the Belvedere court yard. The gallery comprises six halls, in which are gathered the vatican's collection from the thirteenth century, increased by additions from the Lateran palace. The cost of carrying out the work was more than \$60,000. His holiness was in good spirits and looked well.

SUMMARY PUNISHMENT

Puebla, Mex.—According to advices received here from the town of Jehuizingo, this State, the recent municipal riots there resulted in nine persons being killed and 30 wounded. Immediately following the authorities caused the arrest of 11 of the chief participants and executed them without trial. Many other citizens were banished from the town.

MARINES RESTORED

Washington.—The last remaining vestige of the Roosevelt order taking marines off the battleships and cruisers of the United States navy was swept away when President Taft issued an order he issued restoring the marines to exactly the same duties that they performed prior to their being order ashore.

SALVATION ARMY FOR RUSSIA

St. Petersburg.—General William Booth commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, is at present in St. Petersburg and is negotiating with the government for permission to establish a branch of the Salvation Army in Russia. He is being strongly opposed by the holy synod.

SHOT WITHOUT PROVOCATION

Without the slightest warning, Walter Smith, a tin worker, was perhaps fatally shot by a foreigner at Follansbee, W. V.

ABDUCTORS IDENTIFIED BY WILLIE WHITLA

Recognizes His Captors at Once and Greets Them.

TAKEN BEFORE THE GRAND JURY

Charge of Blackmail Based Upon Receiving \$10,000 for the Ransom of Stolen Boy.

Cleveland, O.—Willie Whittle identified the man and woman held on suspicion by the Cleveland police as the persons who kidnaped him from the school at Sharon, Pa., and held him for the \$10,000 ransom, which was paid by his father, Attorney J. P. Whittle.

Willie said the man, who gave the name of James H. Boyle, was the one who took him from school and carried him through a tortuous route to Cleveland, then to Ashtabula, then back to this city and placed him in the house in the East End, where he was held until the money was paid. Willie also declared that the woman was the one who cared for him at the house where he was retained, and who acted the part of a nurse. Boyle said the woman was his wife. "She declared, soon after her arrest, that her identification would cause a sensation in Sharon. When the identification was completed, Mr. Whittle would say nothing regarding the woman. He said he knew Boyle slightly.

Grand Jury Hears Story. Immediately after Willie Whittle had seen the man and woman at the Central police station, they were taken to the county court house and there appeared before the grand jury. They were examined for the purpose of aiding the jury in its attempt to find an indictment against the two prisoners. The charge, under the laws of Ohio, against the man and woman, if an indictment is found will be blackmail. This is based upon the payment of the \$10,000 ransom by Mr. Whittle.

As Boyle and his wife are held by the police on suspicion only, an indictment will afford a means of placing them under arrest formally. Then they can be held indefinitely.

Immediately after leaving the grand jury room, Mr. and Mrs. Whittle, Willie and the janitor of the Sharon school which Willie attended, left for Sharon.

As the prisoners had not waived extradition they were held here for two or three days until the necessary papers for their removal to Sharon can be arranged between the governors of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

ARCHITECT TO BE TRIED

Judge Severs Huston's Case from That of Sanderson et al.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The case of Contractor John H. Sanderson, ex-Auditor General W. P. Snyder and ex-Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings Shumaker were severed by Judge Kunkle from that of Architect Joseph M. Huston in the Capitol contract conspiracy case and continued indefinitely.

Huston is to stand trial alone, but because of the severance and consequent necessity for rearrangement of his defense the Court granted a postponement of his trial from April 5 to April 13.

The severance was granted to Sanderson because it was shown that he cannot stand the strain of a trial without fatal result, and to the others because of the condition of Shumaker's health and the disadvantage to which they would be put by Sanderson being cut off from them.

FOUR KILLED, FIVE HURT

Workmen Meet Death in Ruins of Chicago Butterine Plant.

Chicago.—Four men were killed, five were seriously injured and a dozen others narrowly escaped injury here when a part of a 35-foot brick wall, left standing after a fire a month ago, which destroyed the butterine plant of Swift & Co., crashed down upon them without warning.

The men were working in the ruins of the Darling & Co. fertilizing plant, which was partly destroyed by fire January 6. They were laying foundations for a new building a few feet from the wall of the butterine plant when the wall fell, burying the victims in tons of brick. It is thought that the wind blew the wall over.

ADMIRAL BERESFORD RETIRES

London.—Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, commander of the channel fleet, hauled down his flag at Portsmouth March 24, thus bringing to an end 50 years of active service. He was given a rousing sendoff by some 10,000 enthusiastic friends and admirers, who had gathered around the dock yard gates. The admiral is now a free lance, and it is expected that he will take an active part in the agitation for a big navy.

WABASH ORDERS CARS

The Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Railway placed an order with the Standard Steel Car Company for 500 steel freight two-hopper cars, the approximate cost of which will be about \$500,000. The contract calls for early delivery.

BONDI'S RAID PULLMAN

Denver, Col.—Two highwaymen entered a sleeping car in the Denver & Rio Grande yards at West Denver, held up six of the seven passengers, the conductor and porter, and got away with about four hundred dollars in cash. The only woman passenger, Mrs. N. R. Hussey of Booth Bay Harbor, Me., was not molested. The robbers then marched the passengers, conductor and porter into a compartment at one end of the car, closed the door and escaped.

BROWNSVILLE COURT IS NAMED

Washington, D. C.—Secretary of War Dickinson announced the retired army officers' court of inquiry to investigate the discharge of the battalion of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, colored, at Brownsville, in 1905, as provided by the Foraker resolution. The officers follow. Lieutenant General S. B. M. Young, Major General J. P. Saeger, Brigadier General Theodore Schwam, Brigadier General Butler D. Price and Brigadier General John M. Wilson.

HAVOC WROUGHT BY STORM

Heavy Damage Is Done in Denver. Twelve Persons Killed and Many Hurt.

Denver, Col.—Eight inches of wet clinging snow, following several hours of steady rain, did damage in Denver estimated at from \$200,000 to \$300,000, and cut off wire communication with the outside world for many hours. Every wire of the Western Union and the Postal Telegraph Companies and every toll line of the telephone company was carried down by the heavy snow, along with hundreds of poles. The city's fire alarm system was almost destroyed. 6,000 telephone wires in Denver were rendered useless and hundreds of trees in the parks and along the boulevards were damaged.

Dallas, Tex.—Twelve persons were killed and a score injured by a tornado that swept over the northwestern part of Wise county. Several small towns were visited by the storm, but none was destroyed, although each suffered serious damage.

Starting at Crafton, in the north-eastern part of the county, the storm passed to the north of Decatur, the county seat, and struck several small settlements, of which Slidell is the center.

MINERS APPEAL TO TAFT

Executive Board Instructed to Conduct Negotiations Looking to Peace.

Scranton, Pa.—A resolution to ask President Taft to appoint a commission to arbitrate differences was adopted by the miners' convention and referred to the executive boards to put it into effect at their discretion.

Reaffirming the demands already presented to the operators, the miners voted to remain at work after April 1 until the district executive boards of the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania continue their efforts to get an agreement satisfactory to the men. The miners were instructed by the convention to continue at work until such time as they are otherwise notified by the official representatives of the three anthracite districts, and the executive boards were instructed to negotiate an agreement upon such basis as the boards in their judgment believe the conditions warrant.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR 22

Russian Military Tribunal Passes on Political Prisoners.

St. Petersburg.—Twenty-two death sentences passed upon political prisoners were confirmed by the supreme military court. Fifteen of these were convicted of an attempt to escape from the Irkutsk prison when a prison guard was killed.

At the first trial the court martial acquitted eight of 19, but the supreme court set aside the verdict. One of the number, a woman, escaped. The other prisoners, whose sentences were confirmed were convicted of being implicated in a shooting affray at Irbit, in which a policeman was killed.

COKE SITUATION BETTER

Several Hundred Addition Ovens Are Placed in Operation.

Connellsville, Pa.—There was a slight improvement in conditions in the Connellsville and lower Connellsville coke regions last week, several hundred additional ovens being placed in operation. The total production for both regions, however, fell off 1,500 tons, while aggregate shipments increased 20 cars. Less stock was piled up at the independent market ovens than for several weeks, and hence there was no increase in the visible supply of coke at such plants. About 1,000 cars of unconsigned coke are still on tracks.

CANADA WILL HELP

Will Build British Dreadnought, but Control Warship.

Ottawa, Ont.—The Canadian Government will offer naval assistance to Great Britain. The sentiment among the Canadian Ministers is that the Dominion should build a dreadnought, or possibly two of them, and control their movement, probably using them in the training of a naval militia.

Should war break out these vessels would be placed at the disposal of the British naval authorities.

TO OPEN COAL ROAD

New York.—It was announced here that the official opening of the Virginia railway, H. H. Rogers' new coal road, will take place on April 3, when the first trainload of coal to be brought from Deepwater, W. Va., will arrive at the terminal at Sewalls Point, near Norfolk. Mr. Rogers will take a party of friends to Norfolk to witness the opening. The road is 443 miles in length and has cost approximately \$40,000,000.

KIDNAPING PICTURES UNDER BAN

Detroit, Mich.—All moving picture shows in this city and the theaters which show motion pictures were notified by the police that they would not be permitted to show any scenes hereafter of the kidnaping of children. The order is an outgrowth of the stealing of Willie Whittle and the publicity which it has given.

THREE INDIANA COUNTIES DRY

Indianapolis.—Montgomery, Green and Benton counties voted dry in county option elections. This makes 57 of the 92 counties of Indiana dry, 35 by county option elections and 22 by remonstrances.

\$500,000 FOR SUMMER HOME

Washington.—A bill was introduced by Representative Taylor, of Colorado, appropriating \$500,000 for the construction of a summer home for the President at Glenwood Springs, in that State.

SUSPECTED KIDNAPERS CAUGHT IN CLEVELAND

Officers Arrest Mau and Woman With Money in Their Possession.

\$9,790 FOUND ON WOMAN

Shots by Officer Bring Man to Standstill When He Started to Run.

Cleveland, O.—In the arrest here of a man and woman having \$9,790 in their possession, the police believe they have captured the kidnapers of Willie Whittle. In fact, the woman in the case, who is somewhat befuddled, admitted that she had been responsible for the kidnaping. When placed in custody at the Central police station she said to Captain Norman Shattuck:

"I am the one who planned the whole thing. There will be trouble for me and h— in Sharon."

Beneath the woman's skirt was found \$9,790. All of it but \$40 was bound in packages with the original slips, placed on the money when Whittle took it from the bank, still around it.

Captain Shattuck and Detective Frank Wood made the arrest in the East End of the city. When near the police station the man broke away from Detective Wood and ran toward an alley. The policeman fired two shots from his revolver into the air and the man stopped. The woman made no attempt to escape.

The woman appears to be well educated and is refined in manner. She says she spent 15 years of her life in a convent in Pennsylvania, but denies that she has ever been in trouble before. Both the man and woman deny that they know the name of the other. They admit they are not man and wife. According to the police, they were intoxicated when placed in custody. Due to their condition, they were not questioned closely by the police and were locked in separate cells. Both will be arraigned in police court on the charge of abduction, according to Detective Wood.

THREATENS TAFT'S LIFE

"Polish Voter" Says He'll Kill Cannon and Whitlock Also.

Toledo.—A writer signing himself "Polish Voter" has written a letter to Speaker Cannon threatening the lives of President Taft, Speaker Cannon and Mayor Brand Whitlock of Toledo.

The letter was sent to Mayor Whitlock by Speaker Cannon. The writer complains about the hard times, declares that his relatives in Russia have killed three bad men, and announces that he will kill Taft, Cannon and Whitlock. He makes Cannon an unusually generous proposition in giving him a year in which to reform before death.

NEGRO GIVEN MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR SHOOTING WIFE

Pittsburg.—Twenty years in the penitentiary, the maximum sentence, was imposed on Robert Smith of Elizabeth, by Judge Francis J. O'Connor when a jury found the prisoner guilty of murder in the second degree. This was Smith's second trial. He was convicted of murder in the first degree on a charge of shooting his wife on the streets of Elizabeth July 5.

PROTEST AGAINST FREE ORE

Iron Men Meet and Resolve to Memorialize Congress on the Subject.

Youngstown, O.—Independent pig iron manufacturers who met in Cleveland adopted a formal protest against the free admission of iron ore and reduction of iron and steel scrap duty from \$4 to 50 cents. A memorial to this effect is now being prepared to send to congress.

Practically all independent blast furnacemen west of the Allegheny mountains are behind the movement.

REWARD FOR KIDNAPERS

Harrisburg, Pa.—Governor Stuart issued a proclamation offering a reward of \$15,000 for the arrest and conviction of the Whittle kidnapers. The proclamation says:

"By virtue of the authority contained in a concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, approved the 22d day of March, A. D. 1909, and in pursuance thereof, I, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby offer a reward of \$15,000 for the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who abducted William Whittle of the county of Mercer, State of Pennsylvania."

WILL FIGHT REDUCTION

Chicago.—At a meeting of lumbermen it was decided to send a committee of 10 to Washington to fight the Payne bill, which contemplates a revision of the lumber duties. Delegates from other States will join the Chicagoans in Washington. The lumbermen declare that the Payne bill discriminates against the West, North and South, in favor of the East.

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OKLAHOMA FIGHTS TRUSTS

Co-Operative Association Will Build Packing Houses and Handle Grains.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—Asserting that the time has come for the people of Oklahoma to fight to rid themselves of the so-called trusts, which they assert control the output of grain and cattle of Oklahoma and make practically their own price, an expert co-operative company, known as the Grain and Stock Growers' Association, has been organized by a branch of the Farmers' union in Oklahoma. The headquarters for the new association will be at Enid and J. Y. Callahan, formerly Oklahoma's territorial delegate to congress, has been elected to head the organization. The new enterprise will have the direct backing of the Farmers' union.

In opposition to the packers, the association will, it is stated, erect a packing plant. To finance the plant the association will accumulate a fund of about \$500,000. Shares in it will be sold at \$1 each and no person may own more than one share.

In the handling of Oklahoma grain the association proposes to build a co-operative elevator at every grain shipping station in the state and to sell its grain for export.

MORE GRAFT INDICTMENTS

Six Men Held on Testimony Produced Before Grand Jury.

Pittsburg.—Four indictments against six persons, one of them a prominent banker, and two of them councilmen whose names have not been heretofore mentioned in the published graft testimony, were returned by the grand jury, which has been conducting the investigation.

The men indicted are: Frank A. Griffin, vice president and director of the Columbia National bank, charged with perjury.

Dr. William H. Weber, select councilman.

Dallas C. Gyers, manufacturer.

John F. Klein, common councilman. The three last named are charged jointly with conspiracy to bribe councilmen to vacate South Seventh street.

Charles Stewart, select councilman, charged with having solicited a bribe of \$2,500 from the German National bank.

Henry L. Bolger, saloon keeper, charged with aiding and abetting the solicitation of a bribe.

GETS ALMOST TO POLE

Lieutenant Shackelford and Party Return After Near-Successful Trip.

London.—Lieutenant E. H. Shackleton, of the British navy, commander of the Antarctic expedition which returned on the barkentine Nimrod to Invercargill, New Zealand, although he did not achieve his object, succeeded in getting within 111 miles of the pole.

The Nimrod expedition left England in July, 1907, and after reaching the ice fields and making the most elaborate preparations, the main expedition started on the sledge journey, which occupied 126 days and traveled 1,708 miles southward. The explorers reached latitude 88.23 and longitude 162 East, which was estimated at 111 miles from the pole.

ROOSEVELT STARTS JOURNEY

Great Throng Bids a Noisy Farewell to Former President and His Son.

New York.—Waving farewell with his black slouch hat, his smiling face beaming in the morning sun as he stood on the captain's bridge of the steamship Hamburg, ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, now America's most distinguished private citizen, sailed away on the 23d for his long-planned African "safari." He left his native shores amid the cheers of thousands of persons that swarmed the Hamburg-American line pier, the whistles of countless river craft and the thunderous reverberations of the ex-president's salute of 13 guns from Forts Hamilton and Wadsworth.

WOOL MARKET

Boston.—In the absence of heavy domestic stocks, local wool transactions are confined to the foreign product, while in both lines the demand exceeds the supply. Dealers are eagerly awaiting the arrival of the new clip and advices from the West show an advance to 23 cents for Montana and Dakota wool on the sheep's back. Very little of the old stock is available and transactions are confined to small lots. There is a steady demand for pulled wool at firmer prices for all grades. The leading domestic quotations range as follows: Domestic wools: Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: SX, 34@35c; X, 32@33c. No. 1 washed, 35@36c; No. 2, washed, 33@34c.

PIG IRON BY ELECTRICITY

Ottawa, Ont.—The first electric furnace in the world for the production of pig iron on a commercial scale has been installed at Ludvika, Norway. Dr. Haanel, director of mines, was informed of this. The installation will include two high pressure furnaces, 2,500-horsepower each, and two steel furnaces, 600-horsepower each, and all the furnaces will be supplied with two phase current.

KEROSENE WAS FIRST USED FOR LIGHTING PURPOSES IN 1826

Shortest Bill Presented.

Washington.—Representative Coudrey, of Missouri, has just introduced what is probably the shortest bill so far presented during the present session of congress, yet if enacted into law, it would probably attract more attention than the Sherman anti-trust law. After the enactment clause the entire bill is as follows: "That from and after the passage of this act all corporations shall pay a license tax of 1-10 of one per cent on their capital."

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